```
MariaDB [lab]> create table employees (id int primary key, name varchar(50), dept_id int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.008 sec)
```

#### Figure 1 create employee table

MariaDB [lab]> create table department (did int primary key, dname varchar(50)) Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.043 sec)

### Figure 2 create department table

```
MariaDB [lab]> insert into department values (10, "IT"), (20, "HR"), (30, "INFRA");
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.040 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## Figure 3 insert values into department table

```
MariaDB [lab]> insert into employees values (101, 'Anurag', 10), (102, 'Pranaya', 20), (103, 'Hina', 30);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.040 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

### Figure 4 insert values into employees table

```
MariaDB [lab]> alter table employees add foreign key (dept_id) references department(
did) on delete no action on update no action;
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.076 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

### Figure 5 add foreign key with no action rule

# Figure 6 we couldn't update the data

Figure 7 we couldn't delete the data

```
MariaDB [lab]> drop table employees;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.043 sec)

MariaDB [lab]> create table employees (id int primary key, name varchar(50), dept_id int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.046 sec)

MariaDB [lab]> insert into employees values (101, 'Anurag', 10), (102, 'Pranaya', 20), (103, 'Hina', 30);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.002 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [lab]> alter table employees add foreign key (dept_id) references department(did) on delete cascade on update cascade;
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.077 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Figure 8 drop employee table, re-create it, and add foreign key with cascade rule

```
MariaDB [lab]> update department set did = 100 where did = 10;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.003 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
MariaDB [lab]> select * from department
| did | dname |
+----+
  20 | HR
 30 | INFRA
| 100 | IT
+----+
3 rows in set (0.000 sec)
MariaDB [lab]> select * from employees;
+----+
| id | name | dept id |
| 101 | Anurag | 100 |
| 102 | Pranaya | 20 |
| 103 | Hina | 30 |
<del>+----+----+----+</del>
```

Figure 9 updating department table also updates employee table

Figure 10 deleting an item from department also deletes from employee table

```
MariaDB [lab]> drop table employees;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.031 sec)

MariaDB [lab]>
MariaDB [lab]> create table employees (id int primary key, name varchar(50), dept_id int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.005 sec)

MariaDB [lab]> insert into employees values (101, 'Anurag', 10), (102, 'Pranaya', 20), (103, 'Hina', 30);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.040 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [lab]> alter table employees add foreign key (dept_id) references department(did) on delete set null on update set null;
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.076 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Figure 11 adding foreign key with set null type

```
MariaDB [lab]> update department set did = 100 where did = 10;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.040 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
MariaDB [lab]> select * from department;
+----+
| did | dname |
+----+
  20 | HR
  30 | INFRA
| 100 | IT
+----
3 rows in set (0.000 sec)
MariaDB [lab]> select * from employees;
+----+
| id | name | dept_id |
+----+
| 101 | Anurag | NULL |
| 102 | Pranaya | 20 |
| 103 | Hina | 30
                  30 I
+----+
3 rows in set (0.000 sec)
```

Figure 12 updating a record in department table sets null in the foreign key field in employee table

Figure 13 deleting a record in department table sets null in the foreign key field in employee table