

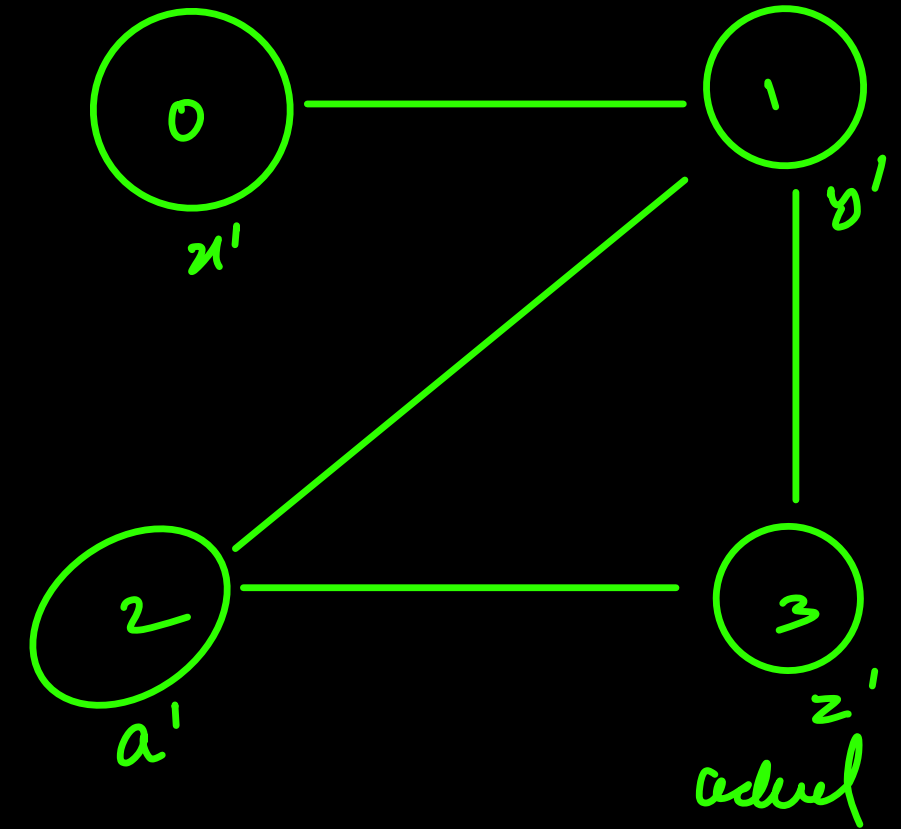
```

class Solution {
public:
    vector<Node*> nodeRegister;

    void dfs(Node* actual, Node* clone) {
        for(auto neighbor : actual->neighbors) {
            if(not nodeRegister[neighbor->val]) {
                // create the neighbor for the first time
                Node* newNode = new Node(neighbor->val);
                nodeRegister[newNode->val] = newNode;
                clone->neighbors.push_back(newNode);
                dfs(neighbor, newNode);
            } else {
                clone->neighbors.push_back(nodeRegister[neighbor->val]);
            }
        }
    }

    Node* cloneGraph(Node* node) {
        if(node == NULL) return NULL;
        Node* clone = new Node(node->val);
        nodeRegister.resize(110, NULL); // this array contains ref to the created nodes
        nodeRegister[clone->val] = clone;
        dfs(node, clone);
        return clone;
    }
};

```

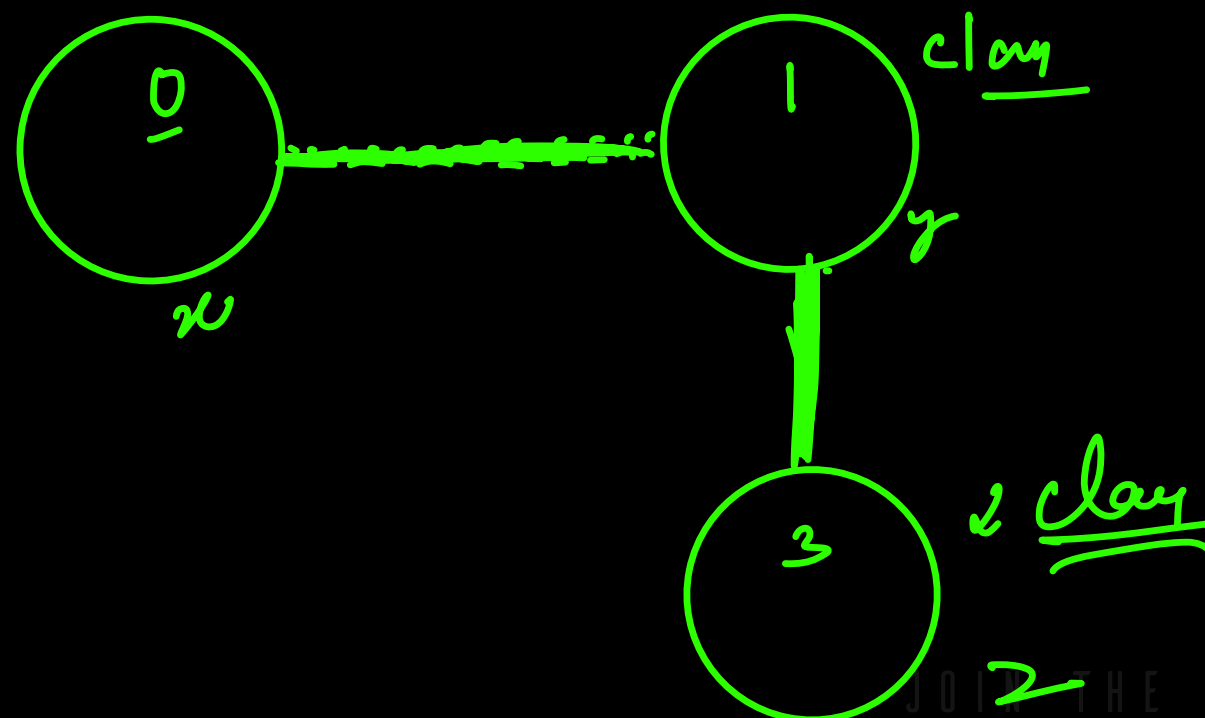


[x , y , null , z]

0 1 2 3

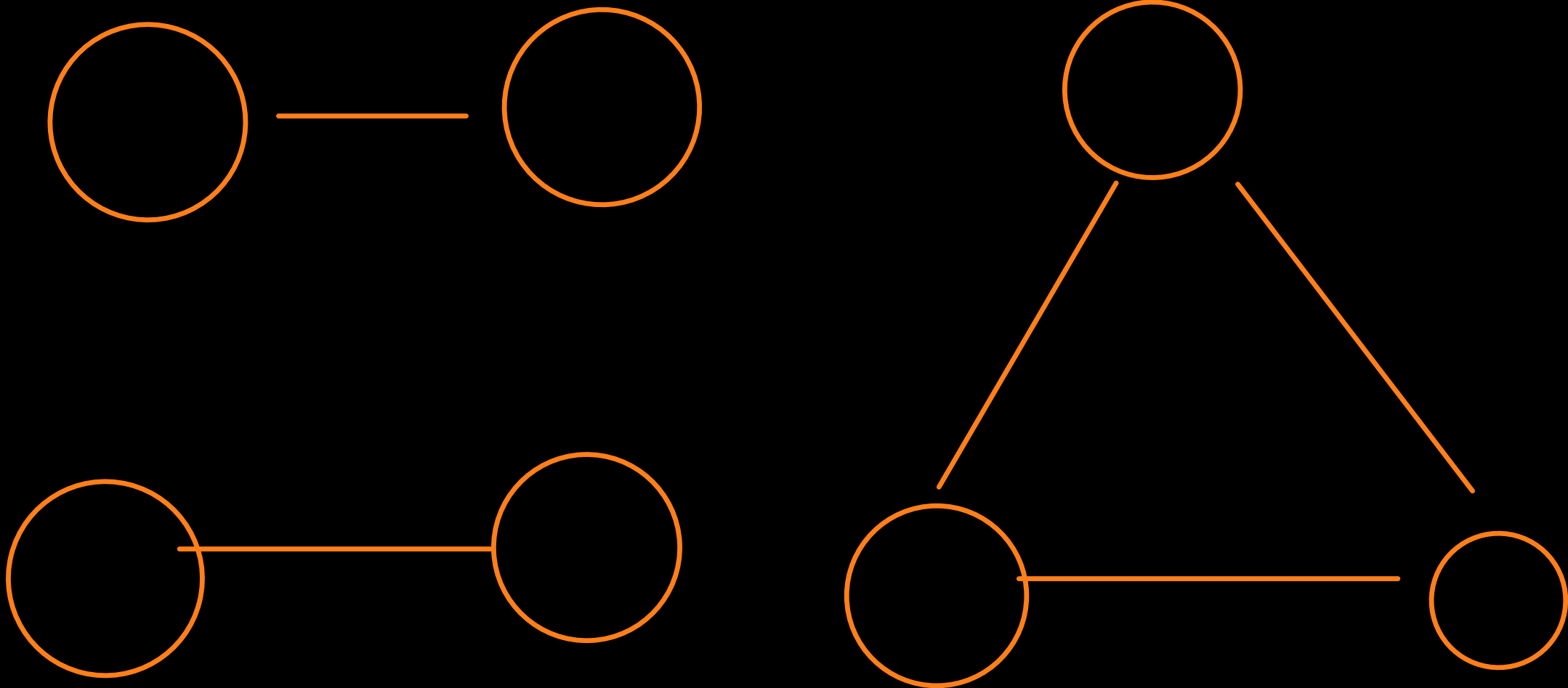
↑

dfs

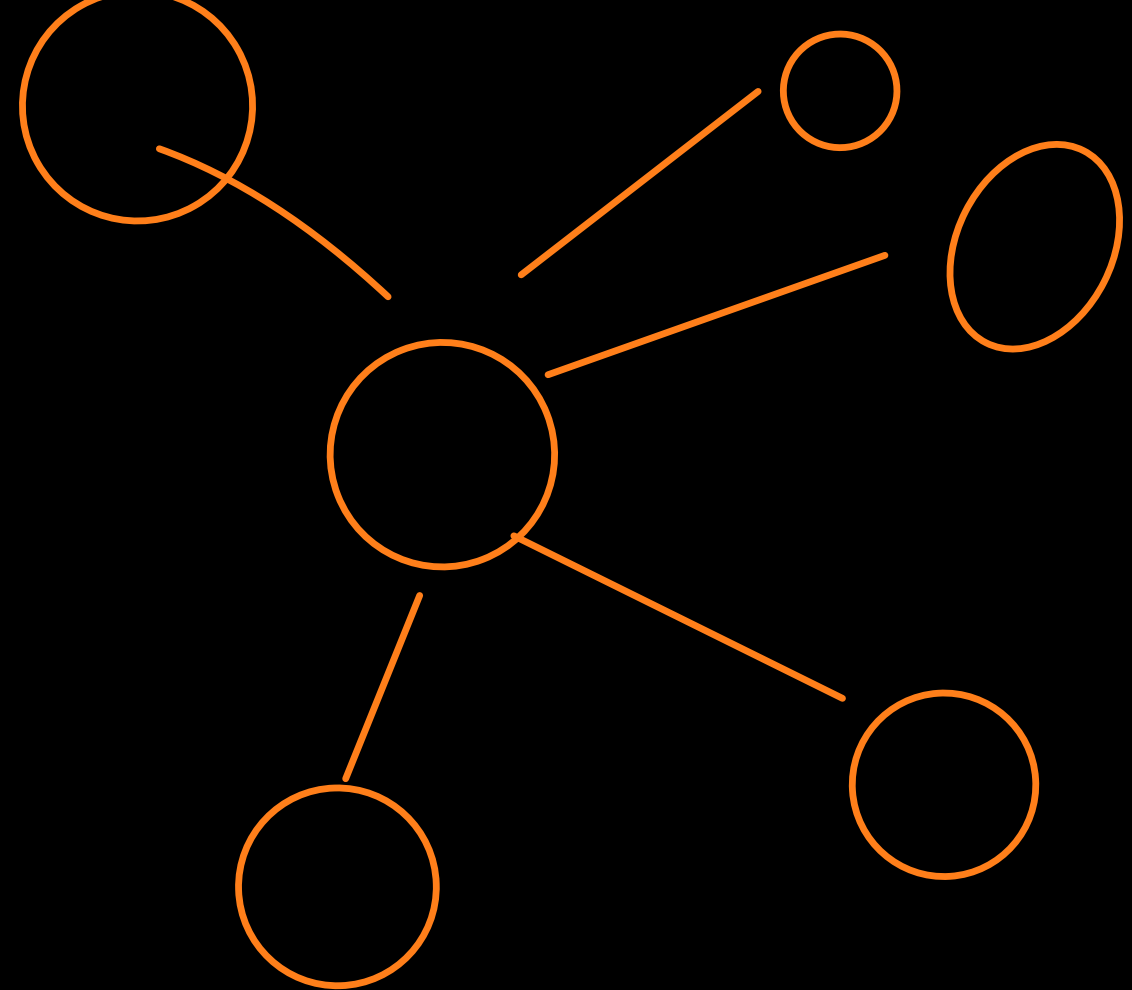
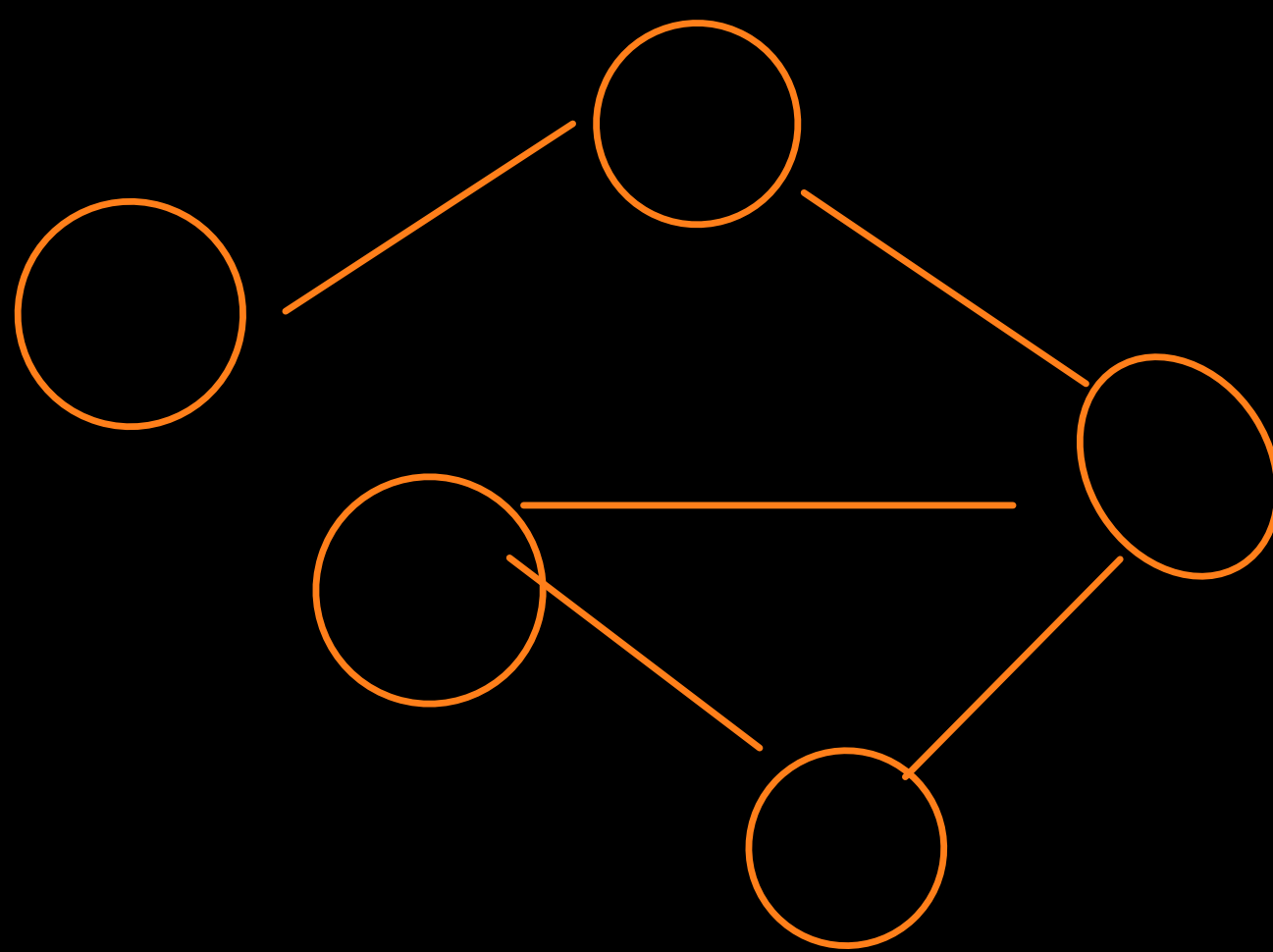


Connected Component

→ It is a subset of the given graph that has vertices between which there is always a path.

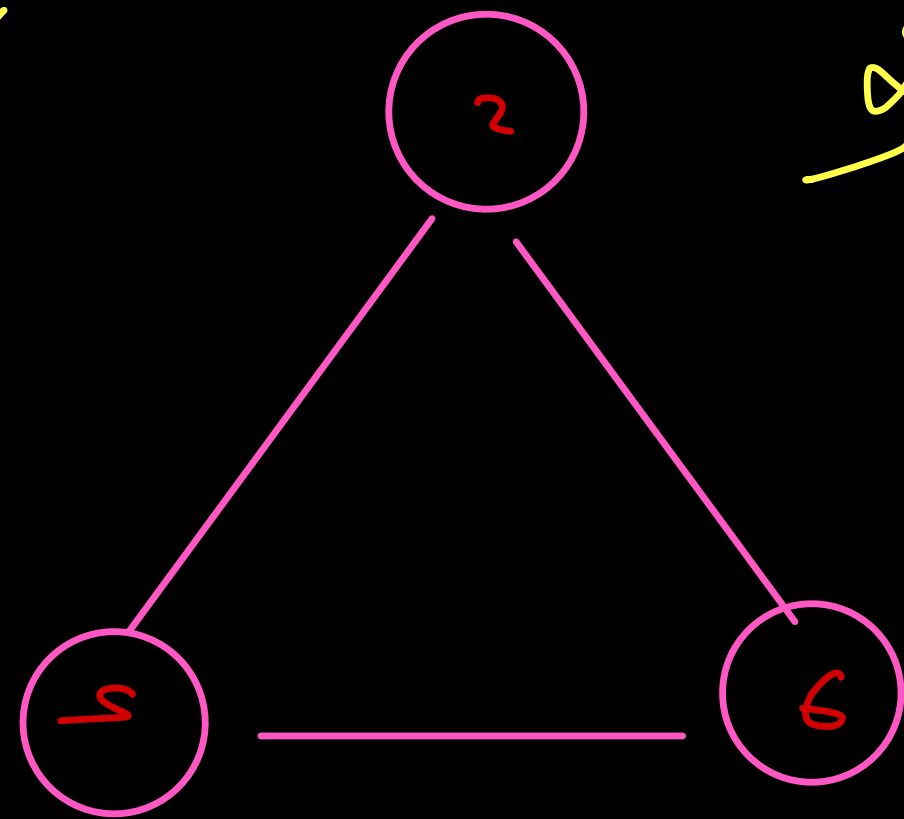
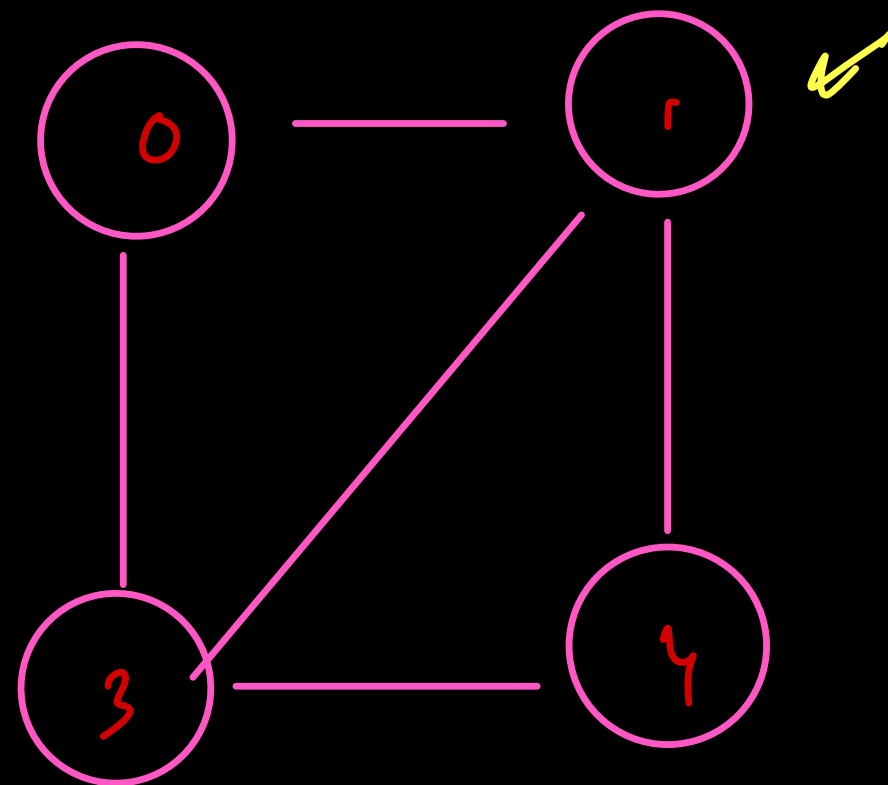


vertices present in 2 diff C.C. do not have a path

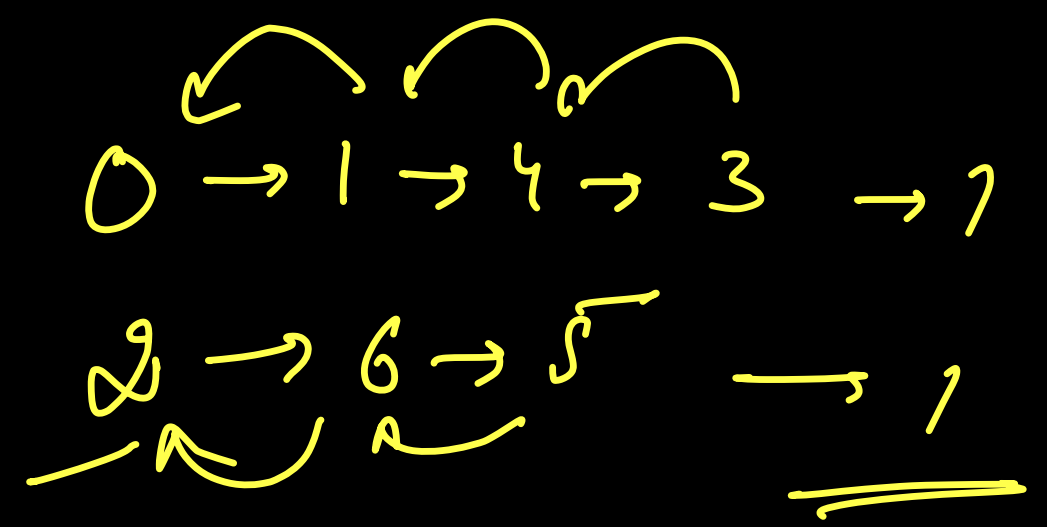


→ dfs / bfs →

No. of times dfs/bfs is called is the CC.



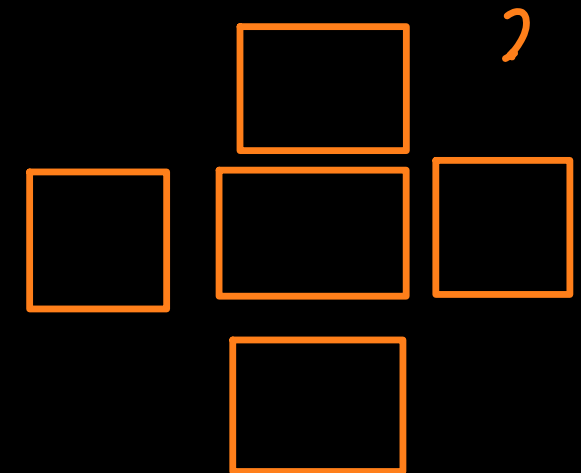
2, 5, 6



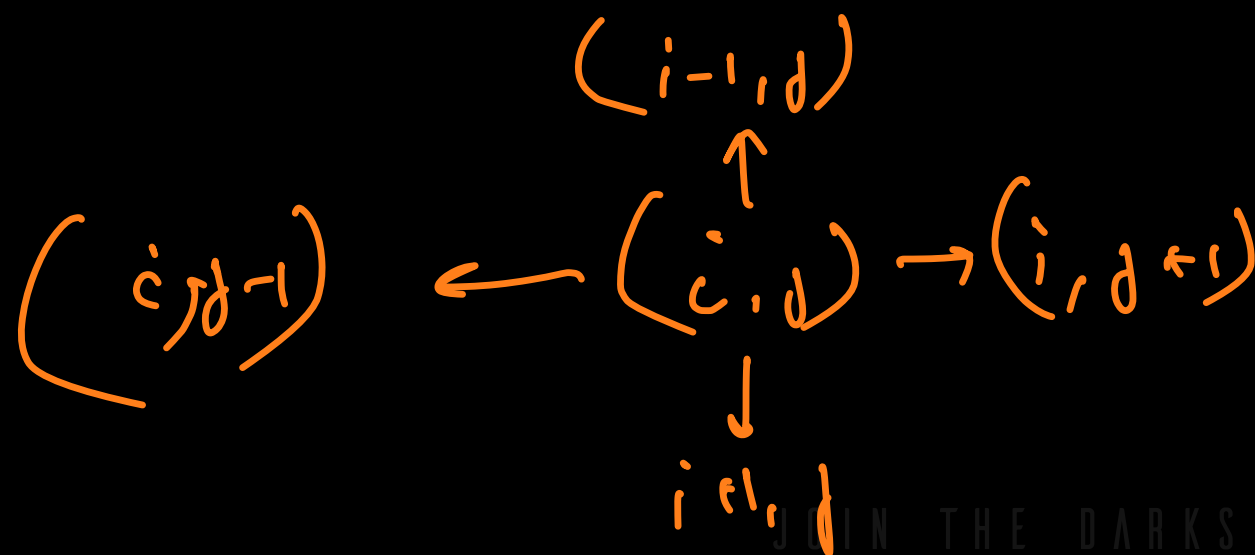
Qn leetcode 1034 grid[i][j] represent color of the cell

row col color = 4

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	1	3	3	3	2	2
1	1	1	1	3	2	1
2	1	1	1	4 2	1	1
3	1	3	4 2	7 4	2 4	1
4	1	3	4 2	4	2 4	1
5	1	3	4 2	4 2	3	3



row = 3
col = 3



color
[[4, 3], [3, 3]]

	0	1
0	3 ^{//}	3
1	3	2

$$r01 \text{ or } = 3$$

2X	2X	2X
2X	1 ^{//}	2X
2X	2X	2X

1	2	1
1	2	2
2	2	1

JOIN THE DARKSIDE

	0	1	2	3	4	5	
0	1	2 1	1	2 1	1	2	①
1	2	2 1	2 1	2 1	1	2	
2	1	2 1	2 1	2 1	1	2	