Documentation: Pratilipi Recommendation System

Overview

The Pratilipi Recommendation System is designed to predict the stories a user is likely to read in the future. The project leverages historical reading behavior and metadata to provide personalized recommendations. This system is structured into three main phases:

- 1. Data Analysis
- 2. Train-Test Split and Model Selection
- 3. Building Recommendations

Phase 1: Data Analysis

Objectives

- 1. Understand the structure and content of the datasets.
- 2. Validate the presence of necessary columns.
- 3. Merge datasets to create a unified dataset for further processing.

Steps

1. Loading Datasets:

- The user_interaction.csv file contains user interaction data, including the percentage of a story read (read_percent).
- The metadata.csv file contains metadata such as story categories (category name) and reading time.
- Both datasets are loaded using Pandas.

2. Column Validation:

- Ensures that required columns are present in both datasets.
- o user interaction.csv must include:
 - user_id: Unique identifier for users.
 - pratilipi id: Unique identifier for stories.
 - read percent: Percentage of a story read by the user.
 - updated_at: Timestamp of the interaction.

- o metadata.csv must include:
 - author_id: Unique identifier for the author.
 - pratilipi id: Unique identifier for stories.
 - category_name: Genre or type of the story.
 - reading time: Estimated reading time.
 - updated_at and published_at: Timestamps for story updates and publishing.

3. Merging Data:

 The datasets are merged on the pratilipi_id column to enrich the user interaction data with metadata, creating a comprehensive dataset for analysis.

4. Insights from Data:

 Initial exploration includes checking the distribution of categories and user interactions to identify patterns that can inform model building.

Phase 2: Train-Test Split and Model Selection

Objectives

- 1. Prepare data for machine learning.
- 2. Split data into training and testing sets.
- 3. Select and train an appropriate machine learning model.

Steps

1. Preprocessing:

- User IDs and story IDs are encoded as integers to serve as features for machine learning.
- The target variable is read_percent, representing the percentage of a story read by a user.

2. Train-Test Split:

 The dataset is split into 75% training data and 25% testing data using train test split from scikit-learn.

3. Chosen Model: Linear Regression:

o Why Linear Regression?

- Computationally efficient and interpretable.
- Suitable for predicting continuous target variables such as read percent.
- Requires minimal computational resources compared to models like Random Forest or Neural Networks.
- Avoids overfitting for linear relationships between features and the target variable.

o Training Process:

 Linear Regression is trained on the user_id and pratilipi_id features to predict the read percent.

4. Model Evaluation:

- The model is evaluated using Root Mean Square Error (RMSE) to measure prediction accuracy.
- Example: An RMSE of ~21 indicates the average prediction error in percentage points.

Phase 3: Building Recommendations

Objectives

- 1. Provide personalized recommendations for existing users.
- 2. Handle first-time user scenarios with generic recommendations.

Steps

1. Recommendations for Existing Users:

- o For each user in the test set:
 - Predict read_percent for unseen stories.
 - Rank the stories by predicted read percent.
 - Retrieve the top N stories along with their categories.

- o Example Output:
- o Top 5 Recommendations for Users with Categories:
- User 148640: [(235324, 'Romance'), (234110, 'Comedy'), (229172, 'Drama')]

User 20029: [(12107, 'Thriller'), (9556, 'Mystery')]

2. Recommendations for First-Time Users:

- o Users are prompted to enter their preferred category (e.g., Romance, Comedy).
- o If no stories match the selected category, random recommendations are provided.
- o Example Output:
- First-time User Recommendation
- o Enter your preferred category (e.g., Romance, Comedy, etc.): Romance
- Recommended Stories:
- Story ID: 1377786216968011, Category: Romance

Conclusion

This system efficiently combines user interaction data and metadata to deliver personalized story recommendations. The use of Linear Regression ensures a balance between performance and interpretability, making the system suitable for moderately sized datasets. The addition of first-time user handling enhances the system's usability, making it versatile and user-friendly.