# **Lab Exercise 6- Create POD in Kubernetes**

## **Objective:**

- Understand the basic structure and syntax of a Kubernetes Pod definition file (YAML).
- Learn to create, inspect, and delete a Pod in a Kubernetes cluster.

## **Prerequisites**

- Kubernetes Cluster: You need a running Kubernetes cluster. You can set up a local cluster using tools like Minikube or kind, or use a cloud-based Kubernetes service.
- kubectl: Install and configure kubectl to interact with your Kubernetes cluster.
- Basic Knowledge of YAML: Familiarity with YAML format will be helpful as Kubernetes resource definitions are written in YAML.

# **Step-by-Step Guide**

### Step 1: Create a YAML File for the Pod

We'll create a Pod configuration file named **pod-example.yaml** 

```
apiVersion: v1  # The version of the Kubernetes API to use for this object.

kind: Pod  # The type of Kubernetes object. Here it's a Pod.

metadata:  # Metadata about the Pod, such as its name and labels.

name: my-pod  # The name of the Pod. Must be unique within a namespace.

labels:  # Labels are key-value pairs to categorize and organize Pods.
```

app: my-app # Label to categorize this Pod as part of 'my-app'.

spec: # The specification for the Pod, detailing its containers and other settings.

containers: # List of containers that will run in this Pod.

- name: my-container # The name of the container. Must be unique within the Pod.

image: nginx:latest # The Docker image to use for this container. Here, it's the latest version of Nginx.

```
atrayee@LAPTOP-33DJGK42:~$ nano pod-example.yaml
atrayee@LAPTOP-33DJGK42:~$ kubectl apply -f pod-example.yaml
pod/my-pod created
```

### **Explanation of the YAML File**

- apiVersion: Specifies the version of the Kubernetes API to use. For Pods, it's typically v1.
- kind: The type of object being created. Here it's a Pod.
- metadata: Provides metadata about the object, including name and labels. The name must be unique within the namespace, and labels help in identifying and organizing Pods.
- spec: Contains the specifications of the Pod, including:
  - containers: Lists all containers that will run inside the Pod. Each container needs:
    - name: A unique name within the Pod.
    - image: The Docker image to use for the container.
    - ports: The ports that this container exposes.
    - env: Environment variables passed to the container.

# Step 2: Apply the YAML File to Create the Pod

Use the kubectl apply command to create the Pod based on the YAML configuration file.

```
kubectl apply -f pod-example.yaml
```

This command tells Kubernetes to create a Pod as specified in the pod-example.yaml file.

```
atrayee@LAPTOP-33DJGK42:~$ nano pod-example.yaml
atrayee@LAPTOP-33DJGK42:~$ kubectl apply -f pod-example.yaml
pod/my-pod created
```

## Step 3: Verify the Pod Creation

To check the status of the Pod and ensure it's running, use:

```
kubectl get pods
```

This command lists all the Pods in the current namespace, showing their status, restart count, and other details.

You can get detailed information about the Pod using:

```
SDJGK42:~$ RUDECTL get pods
STATUS RESTARTS
NAME
           READY
                                                              AGE
my-pod 0/1 ContainerCreating 0 6s
atrayee@LAPTOP-33DJGK42: $ kubectl describe pod my-pod
my-pod
                       my-pod
default
Name:
Namespace: default
Priority: 0
Service Account: default
                       minikube/192.168.49.2
Start Time:
Labels:
                       Fri, 08 Nov 2024 01:04:40 +0530
                       app=my-app
<none>
Annotations:
                       Pending
Status:
IP:
IPs:
                       <none>
Containers:
my-container:
Container ID:
     Image:
                          nginx:latest
     Image ID:
     Port:
Host Port:
                          <none>
     State:
                          Waiting
       Reason:
                          ContainerCreating
     Ready:
                          False
     Restart Count:
     Environment:
                          <none>
     Mounts:
        /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from kube-api-access-8mgw5 (ro)
```

```
IPs:
                      <none>
Containers:
my-container:
Container ID:
     Image:
                        nginx:latest
     Image ID:
    Port:
Host Port:
                        <none>
                        <none>
Waiting
ContainerCreating
    State:
      Reason:
     Ready:
                         False
     Restart Count:
     Environment:
                        <none>
     Mounts:
       /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from kube-api-access-8mgw5 (ro)
Conditions:
                                     Status
  Type PodReadyToStartContainers
                                     False
   Initialízed
                                     True
  Ready
ContainersReady
PodScheduled
                                     False
                                     False
                                     True
Volumes:
  kube-api-access-8mgw5:
    Type:
TokenExpirationSeconds:
                                   Projected (a volume that contains injected data from multiple sources)
                                   3607
    ConfigMapName:
ConfigMapOptional:
DownwardAPI:
                                   kube-root-ca.crt
                                    <nil>
                                   true
QoS Class:
                                   BestEffort
Node-Selectors:
                                    <none>
                                   node.kubernetes.io/not-ready:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s node.kubernetes.io/unreachable:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s
Tolerations:
Events:
  Type
            Reason
                          Age
                                 From
                                                        Message
                          13s
                                 default-scheduler
                                                        Successfully assigned default/my-pod to minikube
  Normal
            Scheduled
            Pulling
                          13s
                                 kubelet
                                                        Pulling image "nginx:latest"
```

#### kubectl describe pod my-pod

```
-33DJGK42:~$ kubectl describe pod my-pod
                   my-pod
default
Name:
Namespace:
Priority:
                   0
Service Account:
                   default
                   minikube/192.168.49.2
Node:
                   Fri, 08 Nov 2024 01:04:40 +0530
Start Time:
Labels:
                   app=my-app
Annotations:
                   <none>
                   Pending
Status:
IP:
IPs:
                   <none>
Containers:
  my-container:
    Container ID:
                     nginx:latest
    Image:
    Image ID:
    Port:
                     <none>
    Host Port:
                     <none>
    State:
                     Waiting
      Reason:
                     ContainerCreating
    Ready:
                     False
    Restart Count:
    Environment:
                     <none>
    Mounts:
      /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from kube-api-access-8mgw5 (ro)
Conditions:
  Type
PodReadyToStartContainers
                                Status
                                False
  Initialízed
                                True
  Ready
ContainersReady
                                False
                                False
  PodScheduled
                                True
```

This command provides detailed information about the Pod, including its events, container specifications, and resource usage.

### Step 4: Interact with the Pod

You can interact with the running Pod in various ways, such as accessing the logs or executing commands inside the container.

### View Logs: To view the logs of the container in the Pod:

```
kubectl logs my-pod
```

```
atrayee@LAPTOP-33DJGK42: $ kubectl logs my-pod /docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration /docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/ /docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Getting the checksum of /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf 10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Enabled listen on IPv6 in /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf /docker-entrypoint.sh: Sourcing /docker-entrypoint.d/15-local-resolvers.envsh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst-on-templates.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-worker-processes.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Configuration complete; ready for start up
2024/11/07 19:34:55 [notice] 1#1: using the "epoll" event method
2024/11/07 19:34:55 [notice] 1#1: nginx/1.27.2
2024/11/07 19:34:55 [notice] 1#1: built by gcc 12.2.0 (Debian 12.2.0-14)
2024/11/07 19:34:55 [notice] 1#1: OS: Linux 5.15.153.1-microsoft-standard-WSL2
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                                         1#1: getrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE): 1048576:1048576
                             [notice]
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker processes
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 30
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 31
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 32
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 34
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 35
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 37
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 38
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 40
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 41
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 42
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                                                   process 43
                                         1#1: start worker
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 44
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 45
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 47
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                                         1#1: start worker process 48
                             [notice]
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 50
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 51
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker process 52
2024/11/07 19:34:55
                             [notice]
                                         1#1: start worker
```

### **Execute a Command: To run a command inside the container:**

```
kubectl exec -it my-pod -- /bin/bash
```

The -it flag opens an interactive terminal session inside the container, allowing you to run commands.

```
atrayee@LAPTOP-33DJGK42:~$ kubectl exec -it my-pod -- /bin/bash
root@my-pod:/# exit
exit
```

### **Step 5: Delete the Pod**

To clean up and remove the Pod when you're done, use the following command:

```
kubectl delete pod my-pod
```

This command deletes the specified Pod from the cluster.

```
atrayee@LAPTOP-33DJGK42:~$ kubectl delete pod my-pod pod "my-pod" deleted atrayee@LAPTOP-33DJGK42:~$
```