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# AI1103-Assignment 2

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# Python codes:

https://github.com/Aayush-2492/Assignment-2/tree/main/code

### Latex codes:

https://github.com/Aayush-2492/Assignment-2

## Question 29

A discrete random variable X takes values from 1 to 5 with probabilities as shown in the table. A student calculates the mean of X as 3.5 and her teacher calculates the variance of X as 1.5. Which of the following statements is true?

k	1	2	3	4	5
P(X=k)	1	2	1	2	1
	9	9	$\frac{1}{3}$	9	9

- A) Both the student and the teacher are right
- B) Both the student and the teacher are wrong
- C) The student is wrong but the teacher is right
- D) The student is right but the teacher is wrong

#### Solution

Let *n* represent the length of the interval.

$$P_n(x=k) = \frac{1}{3(2n-1)} - \frac{\left|\frac{k}{n} - 3\right|}{9n(2n-1)}$$
 (0.0.1)

 $\forall k \in [0, 6n]$  and n = odd and positive number

For the given question, n = 1. Verify with the values in the table.

Note that 
$$\sum_{k=0}^{6n} P_n(x=k) = 1$$

Let  $x_k$  represent the values in sample space  $\forall k \in [0, 6n]$  and  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ 

$$x_k = k \tag{0.0.2}$$

Mean = 
$$E(X) = \sum_{k=0}^{6n} x_k P_n(x=k)$$
 (0.0.3)

Substituting values from 0.0.1 and 0.0.2, we get,

$$E(X) = \sum_{k=0}^{6n} k \left( \frac{1}{3(2n-1)} - \frac{\left| \frac{k}{n} - 3 \right|}{9n(2n-1)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3(2n-1)} \sum_{k=0}^{6n} k - \frac{1}{9n^2(2n-1)} \sum_{k=0}^{6n} k \left| k - 3n \right|$$

$$(0.0.5)$$

$$1 \qquad \left( 6n(6n+1) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3(2n-1)} \left( \frac{6n(6n+1)}{2} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{9n^2(2n-1)} \left( \sum_{k=0}^{3n} k(3n-k) + \sum_{k=3n+1}^{6n} k(k-3n) \right)$$
(0.0.6)

$$=\frac{6n^2-2n-1}{(2n-1)}\tag{0.0.7}$$

Substituting n=1, we get,

$$E(X) = 3 (0.0.8)$$

$$\neq 3.5$$
 (0.0.9)

### Therefore, the student is wrong.

We know that

$$E(g(X)) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} g(x_k) P_k$$
 (0.0.10)

For  $g(X) = X^2$ ,

$$E(X^2) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} (x_k)^2 P_k$$
 (0.0.11)

Substituting values from 0.0.1 and 0.0.2, we get,

$$E(X^{2}) = \sum_{k=0}^{6n} k^{2} \left( \frac{1}{3(2n-1)} - \frac{\left| \frac{k}{n} - 3 \right|}{9n(2n-1)} \right) (0.0.12)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3(2n-1)} \sum_{k=0}^{6n} k^{2} - \frac{1}{9n^{2}(2n-1)} \sum_{k=0}^{6n} k^{2} |k - 3n| \right) (0.0.13)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3(2n-1)} \left( \frac{6n(6n+1)(12n+1)}{6} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{9n^{2}(2n-1)} \left( \frac{9n^{2}(3n+1)(9n+1)}{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{144n^{3} - 45n^{2} - 34n - 3}{6(2n-1)} (0.0.15)$$

Substituting n=1, we get,

$$E(X^2) = 10.333 (0.0.16)$$

Now, for variance,

$$Variance = E(X^2) - E(X)^2$$
 (0.0.17)

Substituting mean and value from equation 0.0.16 in equation 0.0.17, we get,

$$Variance = 10.333 - 3^2$$
 (0.0.18)  
= 10.333 - 9 (0.0.19)  
= 1.333 (0.0.20)  
(0.0.21)

Therefore, the teacher is wrong.

# Option (B) is correct

