Comprehensive Audit Report: TetuPawnShop.sol

Contract Name: TetuPawnShop.sol
Repository: Tetu Contracts
Audit Date:21 April 2025
Auditor: Aayush Jha (aayushjhaaudits)

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1. Executive Summary

This audit examines the redeem() function in TetuPawnShop.sol, identifying a critical vulnerability due to improper state management. The issue allows potential collateral manipulation, fund loss, and reentrancy-like exploits despite the nonReentrant modifier.

Key Findings

Severity	Issue	Status
Critical	Improper state change in redeem() before transfers	Fix Required
Medium	Lack of explicit checks on transfer amounts	Recommended
Low	Event logging could be more detailed	Optional

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2. Scope of Audit

Focus Areas

- redeem() function logic
- State transition risks
- Reentrancy & front-running vulnerabilities
- Collateral handling security

Exclusions

- Other functions in TetuPawnShop.sol
- External dependencies (e.g., IERC20, nonReentrant)

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3. Detailed Findings

3.1 Critical: Premature State Change in redeem()

Description

The _endPosition() function is called before token transfers, violating Checks-Effects-Interactions (CEI) pattern.

Vulnerable Code

solidity
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```
function redeem(uint id) external nonReentrant override {
    // ... checks ...
    _endPosition(pos);  // ❌ State changed before transfers
    uint toSend = _toRedeem(id);
    IERC20(...).safeTransferFrom(...);
    _transferCollateral(...);
    _returnDeposit(id);
}
```

Impact

- Repeated redemptions (if combined with other exploits)
- Collateral theft if state is manipulated mid-execution
- Broken atomicity (partial execution risks)

Proof of Concept (PoC)

An attacker could:

1. Call redeem() in a malicious contract.
2. Exploit the state change before transfers complete.
3. Front-run or re-trigger the function (if nonReentrant is bypassed).

Recommended Fix

solidity

```
function redeem(uint id) external nonReentrant override {
    // ... checks ...
    uint toSend = _toRedeem(id);
    IERC20(...).safeTransferFrom(...);  // ✅ Interactions first
    _transferCollateral(...);
```

```
    _returnDeposit(id);
    _endPosition(pos);  // ✅ State change last
}
```

3.2 Medium: Missing Validation on toSend

Issue

No explicit check ensures toSend > 0, risking gas waste or unintended behavior.

Fix

solidity

```
require(toSend > 0, "TPS: Zero redemption amount");
```

3.3 Low: Insufficient Event Data

Issue

The PositionRedeemed event lacks critical details (e.g., toSend amount).

Improvement

solidity

```
emit PositionRedeemed(_msgSender(), id, toSend);
```

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4. Risk Assessment

Issue	Likelihood	Impact	Severity
Premature _endPosition()	Medium	High	Critical
Missing toSend check	Low	Medium	Medium
Incomplete event logging	Low	Low	Low

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5. Recommendations

Critical Fixes

✅ Move _endPosition() after transfers to follow CEI pattern.

Enhancements

- 🔹 Add require(toSend > 0) to prevent zero-value redemptions.
- 🔹 Enrich event logs with redemption amounts.

Future Considerations

- 🔸 Fuzz testing for edge cases in redemption logic.
- 🔸 Static analysis to detect similar CEI violations.

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6. Conclusion

The redeem() function contains a critical vulnerability due to improper state management.
Immediate fixes are required to prevent fund loss and collateral manipulation.
Audit Status: Completed
Final Severity Rating: Critical
Recommended Action: Patch before next deployment

Appendices

A. Test Cases

- Verify redeem() fails if _endPosition() is called early.
- Ensure toSend > 0 check rejects invalid redemptions.

B. References

- Consensys CEI Pattern
- SWC-107 Reentrancy

Signed,
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Date:21 April 2025