

## Lend a Hand : Step 3 – Deploy and Run

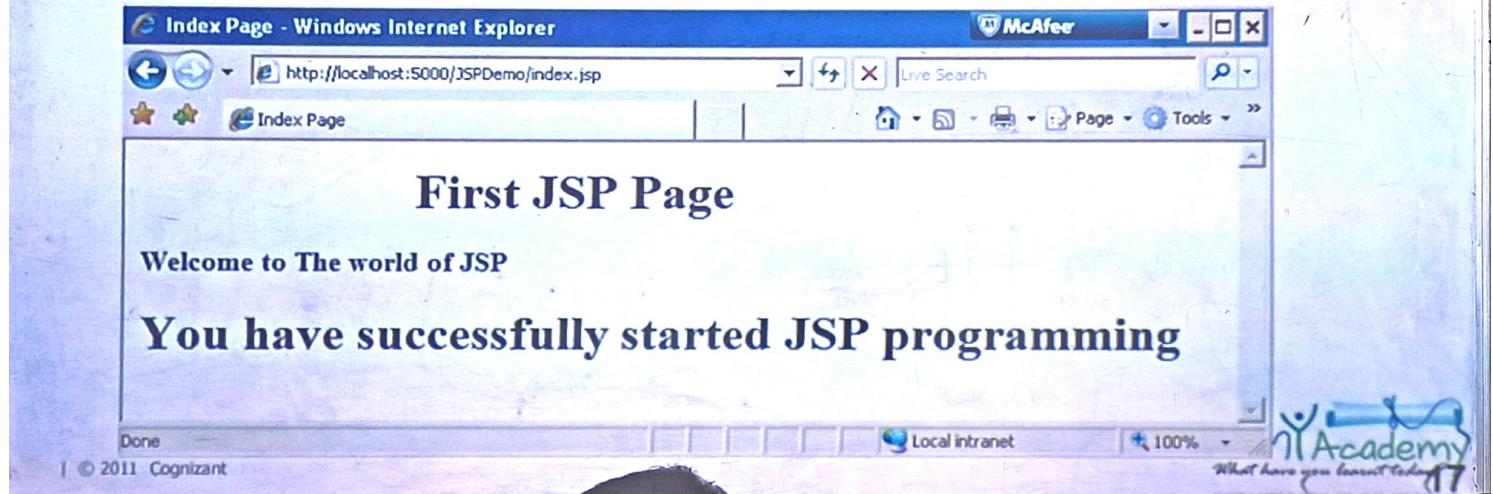
Right click the application and run it using the option

Run As → Run on Server

Call index.jsp from the browser

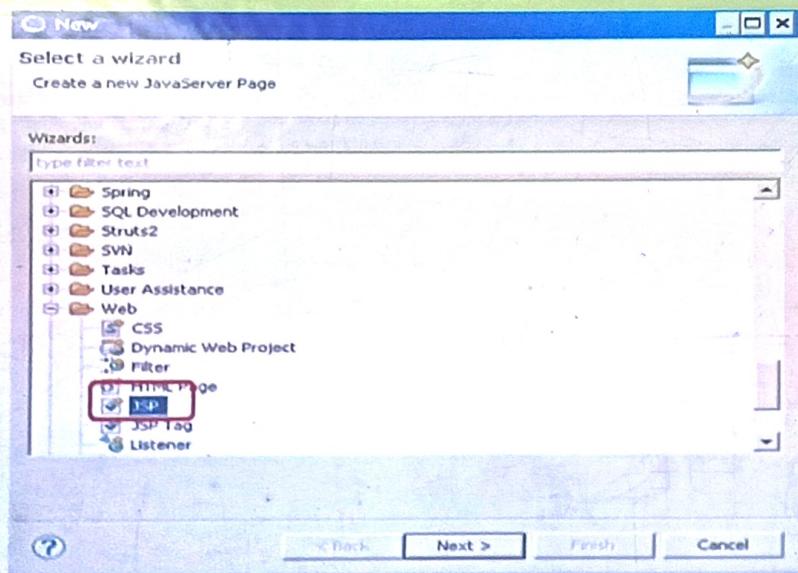
<http://localhost:5000/JSPDemo/index.jsp>

**NOTE:** Ensure the port number and context are correct.



## Lend a Hand : Step 2 : Create index.jsp

Right click webcontent → Click new → Click other → Click web  
Select JSP.



# Lend a Hand : Code Of index.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1"
    pageEncoding="ISO-8859-1"%>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//IUC//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd">
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1">
<title>JspDemo</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Jsp Demo Application</h1>
<%out.print("Welcome to JSP")%>
<h2>You have successfully started learning one of the powerful web
technology in java - JSP</h2>
</body>
</html>
```

Add the highlighted code in the JSP file created.

# How to use Expressions ?

// scriptlets

Expressions are Embedded in <%= and %> delimiters

**Syntax:** <%= expression 1 %>

**Example:** To print the date dynamically for each client request.

<HTML>

<BODY> Hello! The time is now <%= new java.util.Date() %>

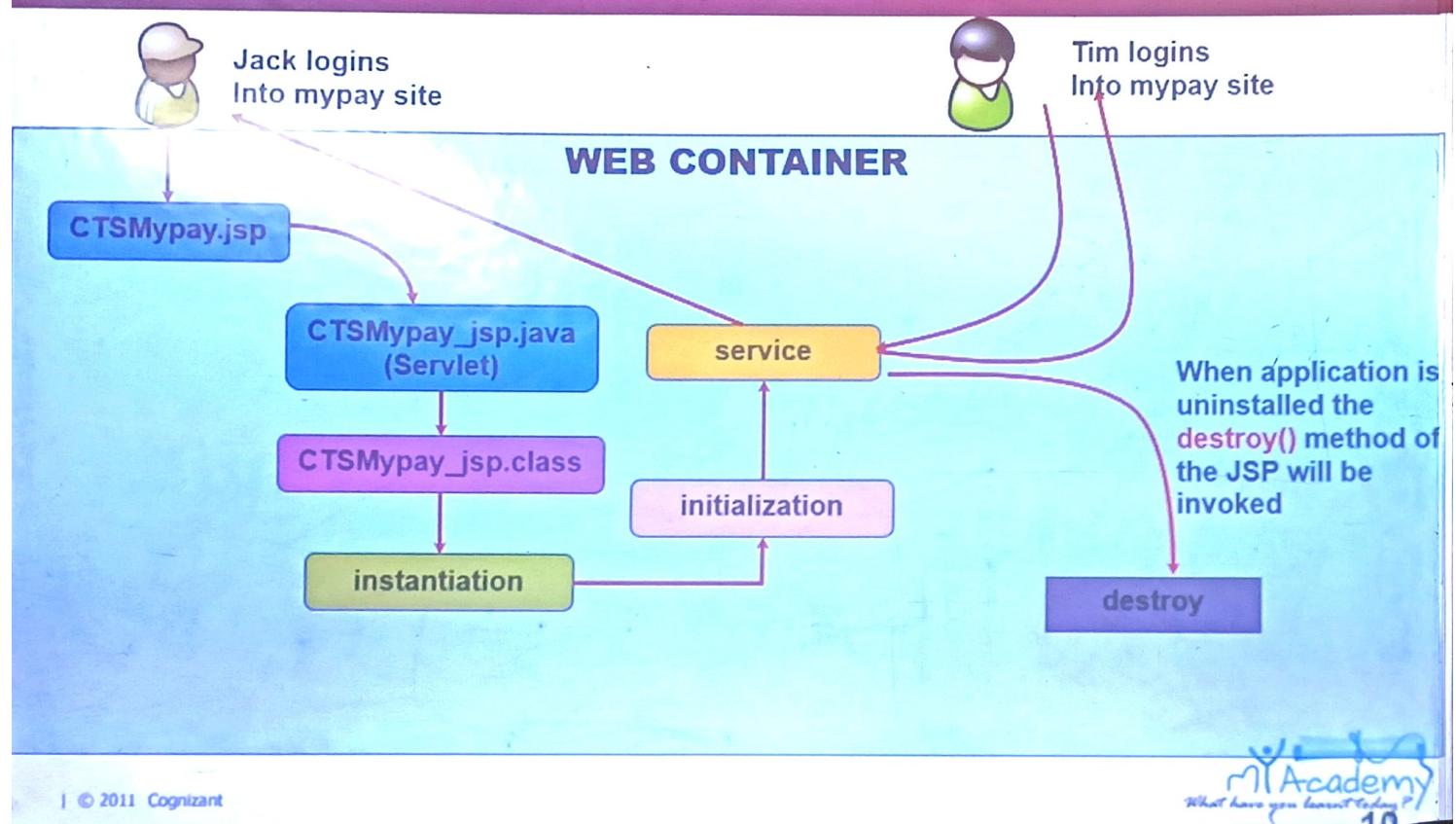
</BODY>

</HTML>

The date expression will be evaluated and the current date  
will be printed in the HTML rendered.



# JSP Life Cycle with a demo





## Lend a Hand : Step 1 : Create a Dynamic Web Project

Open SDE and Create a Dynamic WebProject named "JSPDemo"

# Expression Element

// scriptlets

- Used to write dynamic content back to the client browser.
- Used in place of **out.print()** method.
- Only expressions are supported inside the tag. Declarations of methods and variables is **not** possible inside this tag.
- During translation the return type of expression goes as argument into **out.print()** method.
- Expression should **not** be ended with a semicolon (;) since semicolon are automatically added during translation.

## Jsp Life Cycle methods



The following methods will be generated by the web container when translating the JSP to the Servlet Java file.

- **jsplInit()** - The web container calls the jsplInit() to initialize the servlet instance generated. It is invoked before servicing the client request and invoke only once for a servlet instance.
- **\_jspService()** - The container calls the jspService() for each user request, passing it the request and the response objects.
- **jspDestroy()** - The container calls this when it decides take the instance out of service. It is the last method called in the servlet instance.

# JSP Life Cycle Phases

## Translation & Compilation

The JSP will be translated into Servlet Java file and compiled to servlet class by the web container.

## Instantiation

The web container creates an instance of the servlet class.

## Initialization

The web container instantiates the servlet and makes it ready for servicing the request.

## Service

This is the phase during which the jsp services the user requests

## Destroy

JSP is destroyed by the web container when the application is uninstalled.

# How to Declare?

// scriptlets

Methods or variables are declared using <%! and %> delimiters

**Syntax:** <%! variable= 0; %>

**Example:** This declares a variable count as int and set value 10.

<%! int count= 10; %>

# Sample JSP page

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1"
pageEncoding="ISO-8859-1"%>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd">
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1">
<title>Index</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>This is a JSP page</h1>
<%
    int i = 5;
    int j = 20;
    int sum = i + j;
    out.print("sum =" + sum);
%>
<h1>You have seen some java code above</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

Java code embedded inside HTML tags using <% %> tags. This is the basic structure of JSP



# Declarations Element

// scriptlets

- Declarations are used to declare, define methods & instance variables.
- Declaration tag does not produce any output that is sent to client.
- The methods and classes declared will be translated as class level variables and methods during translation.



## Scriptlet Element

- Used to embed java code in JSP pages.
- Contents of JSP scriptlet goes into `_jspService()` method during the translation phase.
- Code should comply with syntactical and semantic construct of java.
- Embedded between `<% and %>` delimiters.



# How to Create a Scriptlet

// scriptlets

**Scriptlets** are embedded between <% and %> delimiters

**Syntax:** <% Java code goes in here%>

**Example:** To print a variable value,

```
<%
    String username = "visualbuilder" ;
    out.println ( username ) ;
%>
```

JSPElements [Read Only] - PowerPoint

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Scripting Elements

Scripting element are used to embed java code in JSP files.

There are three types of scripting elements,

```
graph TD; A[Scripting Element] --> B[Scriptlets]; A --> C[Declaration]; A --> D[Expression]
```

Click to add notes

Page 6 of 20 English (India) Accessibility: Investigate Notes Comments 12:19 ENG IN 19:20 27%

# What happened to the Index JSP?

The service, init and  
destroy methods  
generated by the web  
container.

The Index.jsp translated to  
Java code.

```
public final class index_jsp extends org.apache.jasper.runtime.HttpJspBase
    implements org.apache.jasper.runtime.JspSourceDependent {
    public Object getDependants() {
        return _jspx_dependants;
    }
    public void init() {
        _jspx_context = _jspxFactory.getJspApplicationContext(getServletConfig()).getServlet()
            .getServlet();
        _jspx_out = _jspx_context.getOut();
        _jspx_page_context = _jspx_out.getJspContext();
        _jspx_FACTORY = _jspx_context.getExpressionFactory();
        _jspx_PAGE_CONTEXT = _jspx_context;
        _jspx_SERVICE = _jspx_FACTORY.getJspApplicationContent(getServletConfig()).getServic
    }
    public void jspDestroy() {
    }
    public void jspService(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws java.io.IOException, ServletException {
        try {
            response.setContentType("text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1");
            pageContext = _jspxFactory.getPageContext(this, request, response,
                null, true, 8192, true);
            _jspx_page_context = pageContext;
            out = pageContext.getOut();
            _jspx_out = pageContext;
            out.write("\r\n");
            out.write("<head>\r\n");
            out.write("<meta http-equiv=\"Content-Type\" content=\"text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1\">\r\n");
            out.write("<title>Index Page</title>\r\n");
            out.write("</head>\r\n");
            out.write("<body>\r\n");
            out.write("<h1 style=\"margin-left: 25%;>First JSP Page</h1>\r\n");
            out.write("<h3>\r\n");
            out.print("Welcome to the world of JSP");
            out.write("\r\n");
            out.write("</h3>\r\n");
            out.write("<h3>You have successfully started JSP programming</h3>\r\n");
            out.write("</body>\r\n");
            out.write("</html>");
        } catch (Throwable t) {
            if (!(t instanceof skipPageException)) {
                out.println(t);
                if (out != null && out.getBufferSize() != 0)
                    try { out.clearBuffer(); } catch (java.io.IOException e) {}
                if (_jspx_page_context != null) _jspx_page_context.handlePageException(t);
            }
        }
    }
    finally {
        _jspxFactory.releasePageContent(_jspx_page_context);
    }
}
```

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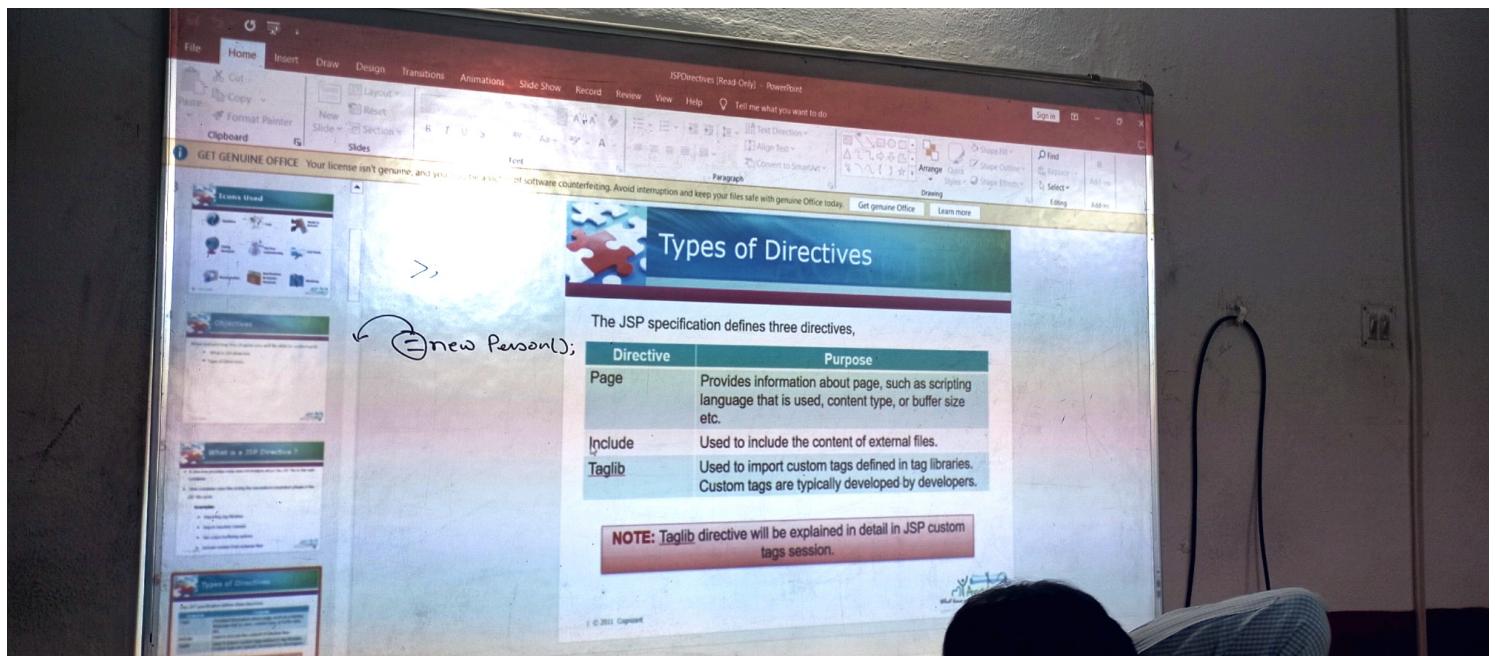


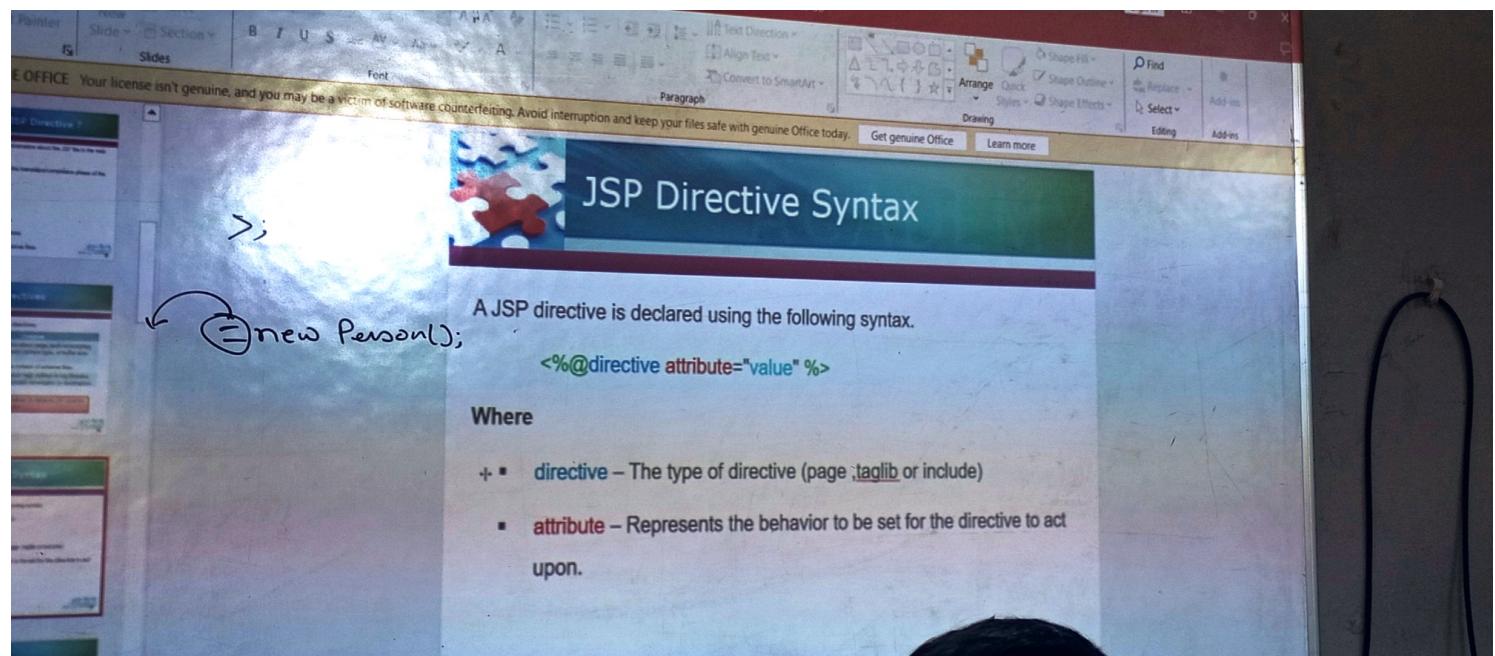
# What happened to the Index JSP?

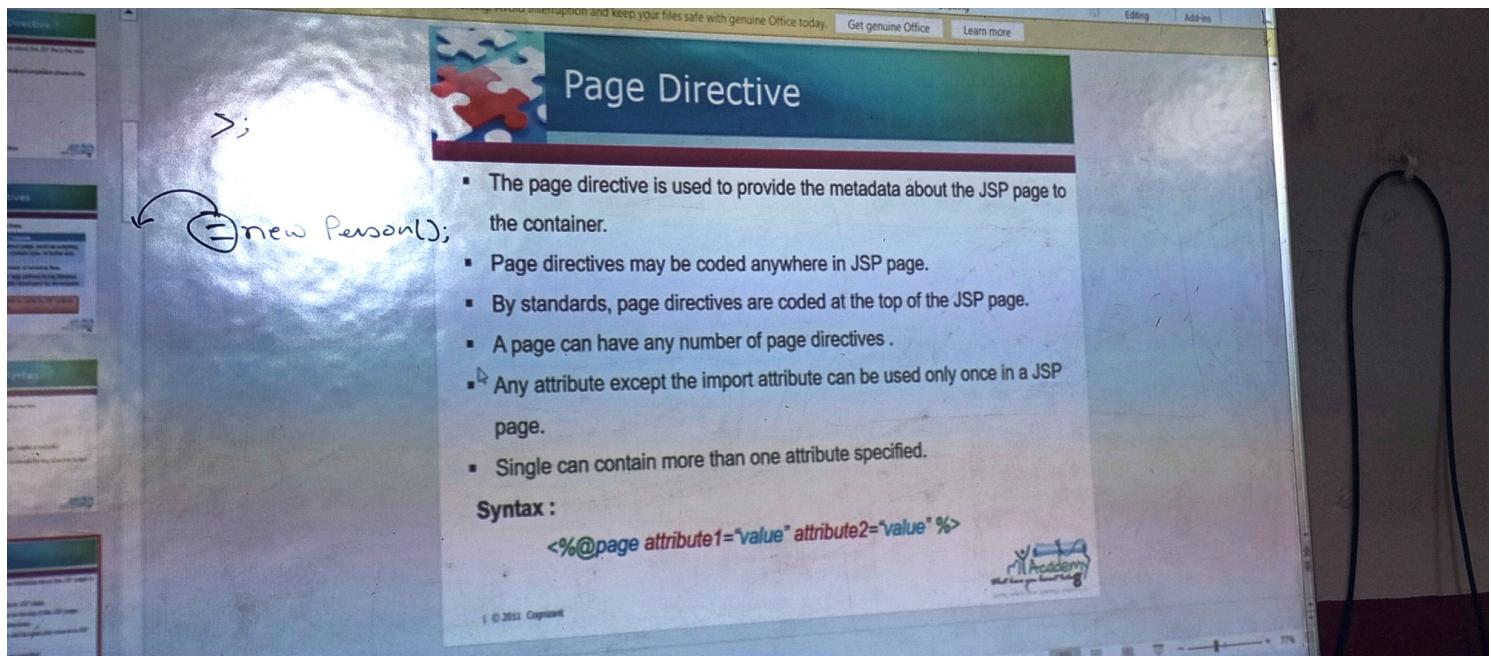
```
public final class index_jsp extends org.apache.jasper.runtime.HttpJspBase
    implements org.apache.jasper.runtime.JspSourceDependent {
    public Object getDependants() {
        return _jspx_dependants;
    }
    public void _jspInit() {
        _el_expressionfactory = _jspxFactory.getJspApplicationContext(getServletConfig()).getExpressionFactory();
    }
    public void _jspDestroy() {
    }
    public void _jspService(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws java.io.IOException, ServletException {
        try {
            response.setContentType("text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1");
            pageContext = _jspxFactory.getPageContext(this, request, response,
                null, true, 8192, true);
            _jspx_page_context = pageContext;
            out = pageContext.getOut();
            _jspx_out = out;
            out.write("<html>\r\n");
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            out.write("</body>\r\n");
            out.write("</html>");
        } catch (Throwable t) {
            if (!t instanceof SkipPageException) {
                out = _jspx_out;
                if (out != null && out.getBufferSize() != 0)
                    try { out.clearBuffer(); } catch (java.io.IOException e) {}
                if (_jspx_page_context != null) _jspx_page_context.handlePageException(t);
            }
        }
    finally {
        _jspxFactory.releasePageContext(_jspx_page_context);
    }
}
```

The service, init and  
destroy methods  
generated by the web  
container.

The Index.jsp translated to  
Java code.







## Attributes for Page Directive

Attribute	Purpose
<u>buffer</u>	Specifies a buffering model for the output stream. Same as the servlet buffer. <code>&lt;%@ page buffer="none 8kb sizekb" %&gt;</code>
<u>autoFlush</u>	Controls the behavior of the servlet output buffer. <code>&lt;%@ page autoFlush="True False" %&gt;</code>
<u>contentType</u>	Defines the character encoding scheme. <code>&lt;%@ page contentType="text/html;charset=ISO-8859-1" %&gt;</code>
<u>errorPage</u>	The <u>errorPage</u> directive takes a valid relative URL to a JSP file to which the control is redirected in case of any exceptions.. <code>&lt;%@ page errorPage="relativeURL" %&gt;</code>
<u>isErrorPage</u>	Works in tandem with the page <u>errorPage</u> directive and specifies that this JSP is an error page. <code>&lt;%@ page isErrorPage="true false" %&gt;</code>

## Attributes for Page Directive

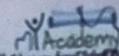
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## Attributes for Page Directive

Attribute	Purpose
extends	Specifies a super class that the generated servlet must extend <code>&lt;%@page extends="myServletClass"%&gt;</code>
import	Specifies a list of packages or classes to be imported for JSP to use similar to java import.. <code>&lt;%@page import="java.util.Date, java.io.FileReader"%&gt;</code>
info	More than one package can be imported either by using separate page directive or using comma separated list in a single directive. Defines a string that can be accessed with the <code>servlet's getServletInfo()</code> method. <code>&lt;%@ page info="information" %&gt;</code>
isThreadSafe	Defines the threading model for the generated Servlet. <code>&lt;%@ page isThreadSafe="True False" %&gt;</code>

## Attributes for Page Directive

Attribute	Purpose
<code>extends</code>	Specifies a super class that the generated servlet must extend <code>&lt;%@page extends="myServletClass"%&gt;</code>
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<code>info</code>	More than one package can be imported either by using separate page directive or using comma separated list in a single directive. Defines a string that can be accessed with the <code>getServletInfo()</code> method. <code>&lt;%@ page info="information" %&gt;</code>
<code>isThreadSafe</code>	Defines the threading model for the generated Servlet. <code>&lt;%@ page isThreadSafe="True False" %&gt;</code>

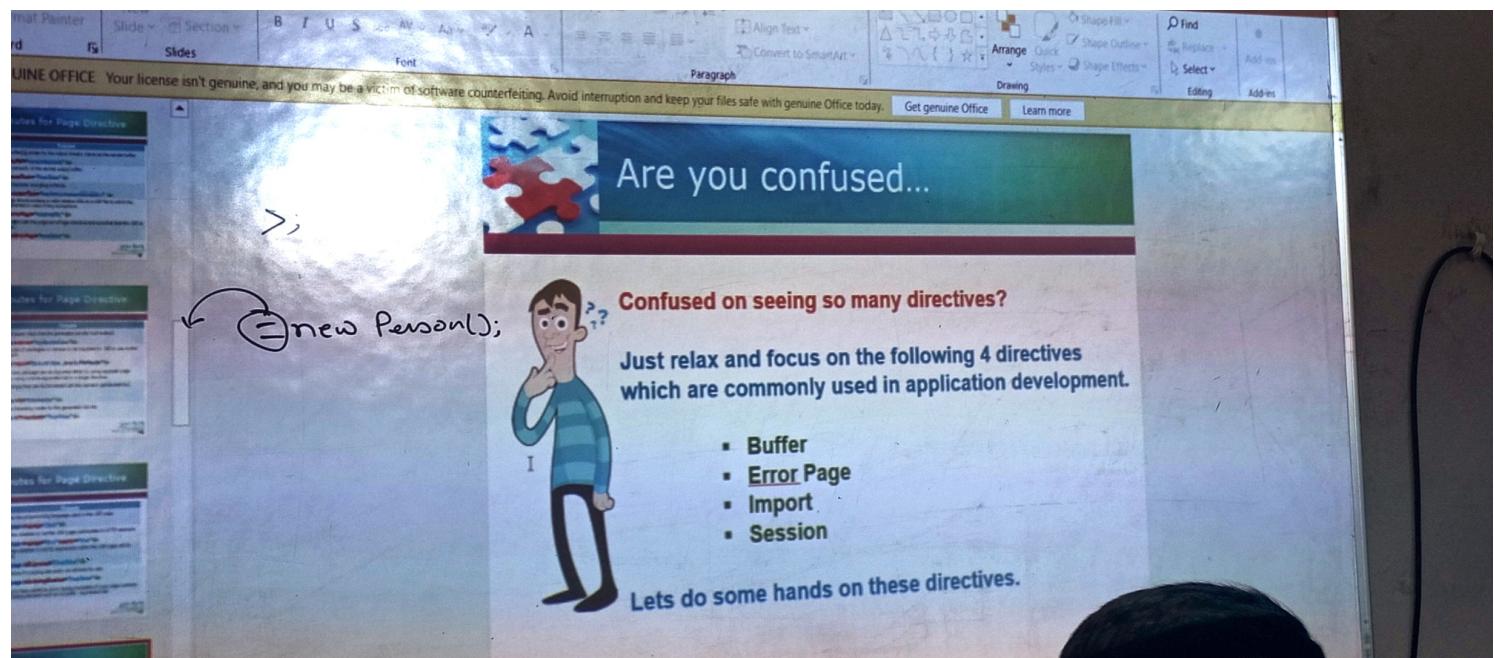


>

`=new Person();`

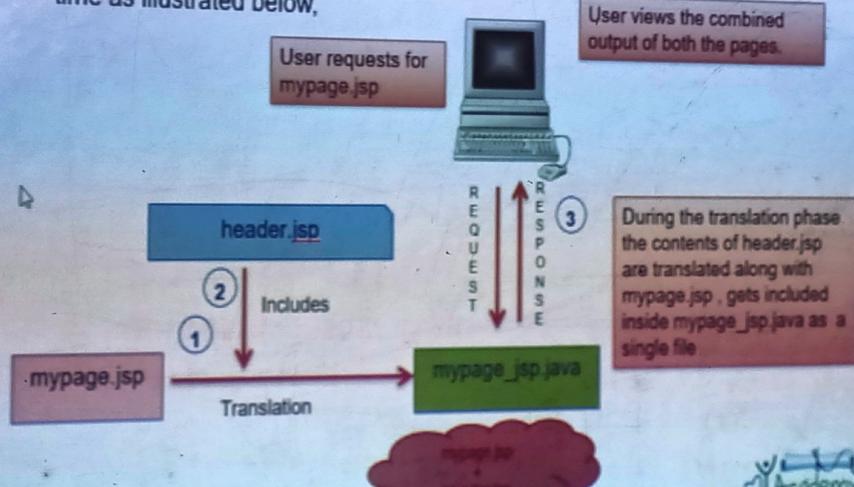
The screenshot shows a Microsoft Office slide with a title 'Attributes for Page Directive'. The slide contains a table with five rows, each detailing an attribute and its purpose, along with corresponding JSP code examples.

Attribute	Purpose
language	Defines the programming language used in the JSP page. <code>&lt;%@page language="java" %&gt;</code>
session	Specifies whether or not the JSP page participates in HTTP sessions <code>&lt;%@page language="java" session="true" %&gt;</code>
<u>isELIgnored</u>	Specifies whether or not EL expression within the JSP page will be ignored. <code>&lt;%@ page isELIgnored="True False" %&gt;</code>
isScriptingEnabled	Determines if scripting elements are allowed for use. <code>&lt;%@ page isScriptingEnabled="True False" %&gt;</code> Setting to false will throw error during translation if your page contains any scripting element such as <u>scriptlets</u> , expression etc



`new Person();`

This directive inserts a HTML file or a JSP file into another JSP file at translation time as illustrated below,



## More on include Directive

- The include process is static, it means that the text of the included file is added to the JSP file. (Similar to copy pasting the contents).
- The included file can be a JSP file, HTML file, or text file.
- If the included page is a JSP page it will be translated along with the main JSP page.

### Note :

Be careful that the included file **should not** contain `<html>`, `</html>`,  
`<body>`, or `</body>` tags.  
Because the entire content of the included file is added to the main JSP file,  
these tags would conflict with the same tags in the main JSP file, causing  
an error.



## Lend a Hand : Develop Welcome Page

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1"
pageEncoding="ISO-8859-1"%>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd">
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1">
<title>Welcome</title>
<style type="text/css">
body,html {
    height: 100%;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<div id="header" style="background-color: blue; height: 20%;>
<%@include file="header.html"%> ←
</div>
<div id="content" style="background-color: gray; height: 70%; text-align: center;">
<br/>
<form method="post" action="greetings.jsp">
Enter Your Name <input type="text" name="name" />
<input type="submit" value="Enter" name="enter" />
</form>
</div>
<div style="height: 8%; bottom: 0; position: relative;"><%@include
file="footer.html"%></div> ←
</body>
</html>
```

Includes header.html

Includes footer.html

