Session: Java 8 Features

- 1. Write the following a functional interface and implement it using lambda:
- (1)First number is greater than second number or not Parameter (int ,int)
 Return boolean

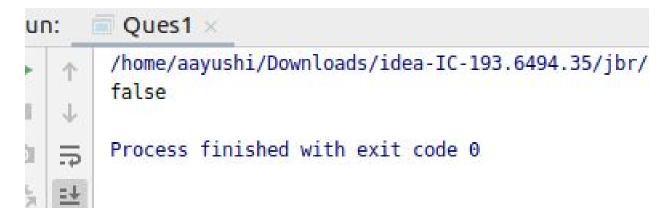
CODE

```
package aayushi;
interface Ques1Interface{
   public boolean greater(int a,int b);
}

public class Ques1 {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      Ques1Interface obj = (a,b) -> {
       return (a>b) ? true:false;
      };

      System.out.println(obj.greater(2,3));
   }
}
```

OUTPUT



(2) Increment the number by 1 and return incremented value Parameter (int) Return int

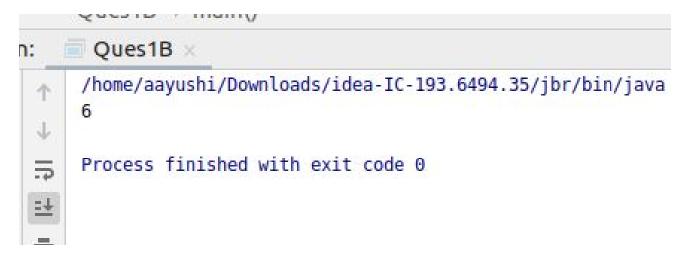
CODE

package aayushi;

```
interface Ques1BInterface{
   public int increment(int a);
}

public class Ques1B {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      Ques1BInterface obj = (a)-> {
        return ++a;
      };

      System.out.println(obj.increment(5));
   }
}
```



(3) Concatination of 2 string Parameter (String, String) Return (String)

```
package aayushi;
interface Ques1CInterface{
   public String concat(String x,String y);
}

public class Ques1C {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      Ques1CInterface obj = (x,y) -> {
      return x+y;
   }
}
```

```
};
System.out.println(obj.concat("aayushi","thani"));
}
```



(4) Convert a string to uppercase and return . Return (String)

Parameter (String)

```
package aayushi;
interface Ques1DInterface{
   public String uppercase(String str);
}

public class Ques1D {
   public static void main(String[] args) {

        Ques1DInterface obj = (str) -> {
            return str.toUpperCase();
        };

        System.out.println(obj.uppercase("aayushi"));
    }
}
```



2. Create a functional interface whose method takes 2 integers and return one integer.

```
package aayushi;

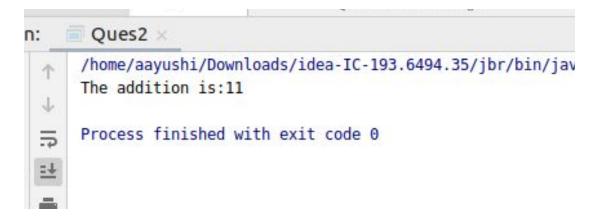
@FunctionalInterface
interface Ques2Interface{
  public int add(int x, int y);
}

public class Ques2 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {

    Ques2Interface obj = (x,y) -> {
      return x+y;
    };

    System.out.println("The addition is:"+ obj.add(5,6));
  }

  OUTPUT
```



3. Using (instance) Method reference create and apply add and subtract method and using (Static) Method reference create and apply multiplication method for the functional interface created.

```
package aayushi;
interface Ques3Interface{
  public void something(int x , int y);
}
public class Ques3 {
  public static void multiply(int x, int y)
    System.out.println("The multiplication is:" + (x*y));
 }
  public void addsub(int x, int y)
    System.out.println("Addition is:"+(x+y));
    System.out.println("Subtraction is :"+ (x-y));
 }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Ques3Interface operate1 = Ques3::multiply; //(Static) Method reference
    operate1.something(5,6);
    Ques3 methodReference = new Ques3(); // (instance) Method reference
    Ques3Interface operate2 = methodReference::addsub;
    operate2.something(10,6);
```

```
}
}
```



4. Create an Employee Class with instance variables (String) name, (Integer)age, (String)city and get the instance of the Class using constructor reference.

```
package aayushi;
interface ConstInterface{
 Employee ConstMethod(String name,Integer age, String city);
}
class Employee{
 String name;
 Integer age;
 String city;
 Employee(String name, Integer age, String city)
 {
    this.name = name;
    this.age = age;
    this.city= city;
 }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return "Employee{" +
         "name="" + name + '\" +
```

```
/home/aayushi/Downloads/idea-IC-193.6494.35/jbr/bin/java -jave Employee{name='aayushi', age=24, city='Delhi'}

Process finished with exit code 0
```

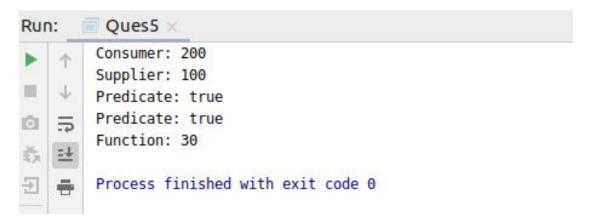
- 5. Implement following functional interfaces from java.util.function using lambdas:
 - o (1) Consumer
 - o (2) Supplier
 - o (3) Predicate
 - o (4) Function

```
package aayushi;
import java.util.function.BiFunction;
import java.util.function.Consumer;
import java.util.function.Predicate;
import java.util.function.Supplier;

public class Ques5 {
   public static void main(String[] args) {

   //CONSUMER FUNCTIONAL INTERFACE
   Consumer<Integer> consumer = (e1) -> {
        System.out.println("Consumer: " + e1);
   }
}
```

```
};
    consumer.accept(200);
    //SUPPLIER FUNCTIONAL INTERFACE
    Supplier<Integer> supplier = () -> {
       System.out.print("Supplier: ");
      return 100;
    };
    System.out.println(supplier.get());
    //PREDICATE FUNCTIONAL INTERFACE
    Predicate < Integer > predicate = (e) -> e%2==0; //even --returns boolean value
    System.out.println("Predicate: "+predicate.test(4));
    Predicate<String> predicate1 = (e) -> e.startsWith("no"); //checks whether the string starts
with no.
    System.out.println("Predicate: "+predicate1.test("nope"));
    //FUNCTION FUNCTIONAL INTERFACE
    BiFunction<Integer,Long,Integer> bifun=(e, e1)-> e+ Integer.parseInt(e1.toString());
    System.out.println("Function: "+bifun.apply(10,20L)); //add
 }
}
```



6. Create and access default and static method of an interface.

CODE

package aayushi;

```
interface Ques6interface{
  default void display(){
    System.out.println("Interface Default Display Method");
  }
  static void show(){
    System.out.println("Interface Static Show Method");
  }
}

public class Ques6 implements Ques6interface{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Ques6interface.show();
    Ques6 obj = new Ques6();
    obj.display();
  }
}
```

```
/home/aayushi/Downloads/idea-IC-193.6494.35/jbr/bin/java -javaag
Interface Static Show Method
Interface Default Display Method

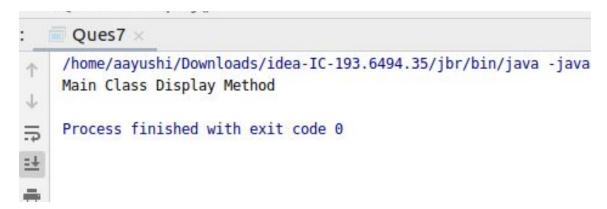
Process finished with exit code 0
```

7. Override the default method of the interface.

```
package aayushi;
interface NewDefaultInterface
{
    default void display(){
        System.out.println("Interface Default Method");
    }
}
public class Ques7 implements NewDefaultInterface{
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Ques7 obj = new Ques7();
    obj.display();
}

@Override
public void display() {
    System.out.println("Main Class Display Method");
}
```

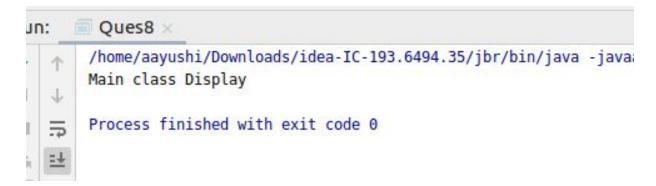


8. Implement multiple inheritance with default method inside interface.

```
interface Defaultinterface{
    default void display(){
        System.out.println("Default Interface 1");
    }
}
interface Defaultinterface1{
    default void display(){
        System.out.println("Default Interface 2");
    }
}
public class Ques8 implements Defaultinterface,Defaultinterface1{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
Ques8 obj = new Ques8();
  obj.display();
}

@Override
  public void display() {
    System.out.println("Main class Display");
}
```



9. Collect all the even numbers from an integer list.

```
Cues9 ×

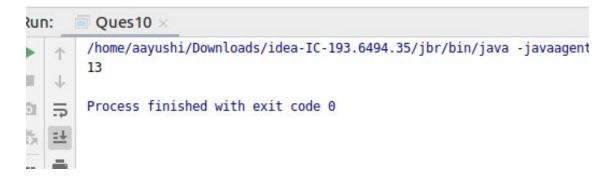
/home/aayushi/Downloads/idea-IC-193.6494.35/jbr/bin/java -javaage
[2, 4, 6]

Process finished with exit code 0
```

10. Sum all the numbers greater than 5 in the integer list.

CODE

OUTPUT



11. Find average of the number inside integer list after doubling it.

CODE

n: Ques11 × /home/aayushi/Downloads/idea-IC-193.6494.35/jbr/bin/java 7.0 Process finished with exit code 0

12. Find the first even number in the integer list which is greater than 3.

```
CODE
package aayushi;
import java.util.Arrays;

//Find the first even number in the integer list which is greater than 3.
public class Ques12 {

public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println(
    Arrays.asList(1,2,3,4,5,6)
```

```
.stream()
.filter(e->e%2==0)
.filter(e->e>3)
.findFirst().orElse(-1)
);
}
```

<u>OUTPUT</u>

