# LAB - Process Operations

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## fork()

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main()
     // make two process which run same
     // program after this instruction
      pid_t p = fork();
      if(p<0)
      perror("fork fail");
      exit(1);
      printf("Hello world!, process_id(pid) = %d \n",getpid());
      return 0;
```

# exec()

```
// EX1.c
                                                      //EX2.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
                                                      #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
                                                      #include <unistd.h>
                                                      #include <stdlib.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
                                                      int main(int argc, char *argv[])
     printf("PID of ex1.c = %d\n",
getpid());
                                                           printf("We are in ex2.c\n");
     char *args[] = {"Hello", "Neso",
                                                           printf("PID of ex2.c = %d\n",
"Academy", NULL);
                                                      getpid());
     execv("./ex2", args);
                                                           return 0;
     printf("Back to ex1.c");
     return 0;
```

## Wait ()

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main() {
        pid_t pid;
        pid = fork();
        if (pid == 0) { // Child process
        printf("Child process with PID: %d\n", getpid());
        exit(0); // Terminate child
        } else if (pid > 0) { // Parent process
        wait(NULL); // Wait for child to finish
        printf("Parent process with PID: %d, child exited with PID: %d\n", getpid(), pid);
        } else {
        perror("fork failed");
        exit(1);
        return 0;
```

# SOME MORE EXAMPLES

IN

fork()

#### Find the o/p!

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main()
{
   if (fork() || fork())
      fork();
   printf("1 ");
   return 0;
}
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
   #include <unistd.h>
 3
   int main()
 5 * {
        if (fork() && fork())
            fork();
 8
        printf("1 ");
 9
        return 0;
10 }
11
```

### Find the o/p!!

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
  int i:
 for (i=0;i<3;i++)
    fork();
   // getppid(): gets the parent process-id
   // getpid(): get child process-id
    printf("[%d] [%d] i=%d\n", getppid(), getpid(), i);
  printf("[%d] [%d] hi\n", getppid(), getpid());
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main()
    fork();
    fork();
    fork();
     printf("hello\n");
    return 0;
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main()
     fork();
     fork() && fork() || fork();
     fork();
     printf("forked\n");
     return 0;
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
void forkexample()
       pid_t p;
       p = fork();
       if(p<0)
       perror("fork fail");
       exit(1);
       // child process because return value zero
       else if (p == 0)
       printf("Hello from Child!\n");
      // parent process because return value non-zero.
       else
       printf("Hello from Parent!\n");
int main()
       forkexample();
      return 0;
```