Algorithm for Line Drawing (all cases)

Step 1:

```
Input the starting and ending points: x0, y0 (starting point) x1, y1 (ending point)
```

Step 2:

Calculate the absolute differences:

```
\Delta x = |x1 - x0|\Delta y = |y1 - y0|
```

Step 3:

Determine the step directions:

```
sx = 1 \text{ if } x1 > x0 \text{ else -1}

sy = 1 \text{ if } y1 > y0 \text{ else -1}
```

Step 4:

Initialize the starting point and lists to store the points:

```
xes = [x0], yes = [y0]
```

Step 5:

```
Check if \Delta x > \Delta y (line is more horizontal):

Calculate the initial decision parameter:

p = 2\Delta y - \Delta x

Iterate through the x-coordinates until x0 = x1:

Increment x0 by sx: x0 = x0 + sx

If p >= 0:

Increment y0 by y0: y0 = y0 + sy

Update y0: y0:
```

Step 6:

```
Else (line is more vertical):

Calculate the initial decision parameter:

p = 2\Delta x - \Delta y

Iterate through the y-coordinates until y0 = y1:

Increment y0 by sy: y0 = y0 + sy

If p >= 0:

Increment x0 by sx: x0 = x0 + sx
```

```
Update p: p = p + 2(\Delta x - \Delta y)
Else:
Update p: p = p + 2\Delta x
Append the new x0, y0 to xes, yes
```

Step 7:

Plot the points:

Use a graphing library (e.g., Matplotlib) to plot the line with the coordinates stored in xes and yes.

Step 8:

Stop when x0 = x1 or y0 = y1.