Homework 4: Diffusion of Tetracycline

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```
1. ckm_nodes <- read.csv("ckm_nodes.csv")
  ckm_network <- read.table(("ckm_network.dat"))
  anum <- which(!is.na(ckm_nodes$adoption_date))
  ckm_nodes <- ckm_nodes[anum, ]
  ckm_network <- ckm_network[anum, anum]
  rm(anum)</pre>
```

2. 6 columns contain 6 variables, and 2125 rows contains 125 doctors, each of whom is separated into 17 rows containing 17 months.

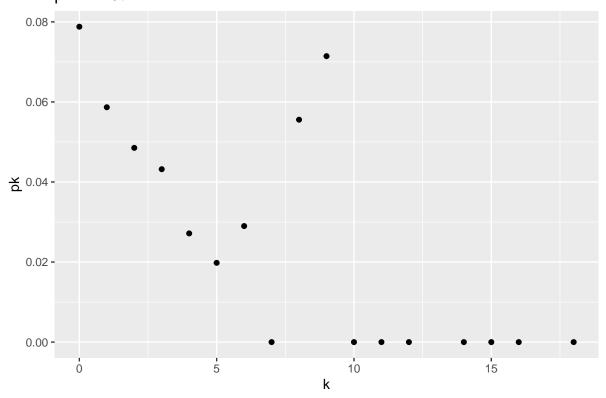
```
n <- max(ckm_nodes %>% filter(!is.infinite(adoption_date)) %>% dplyr::select(adoption_date))
ckm_new <- data.frame(doctor_num = rep(1:nrow(ckm_nodes),n),</pre>
                      date = rep(1:n,each = nrow(ckm_nodes))) %>%
 mutate(began_that_month = (ckm_nodes[doctor_num,"adoption_date"]==date),
         before_that_month = (ckm_nodes[doctor_num, "adoption_date"] < date))</pre>
before <- ckm_new %>% dplyr::select(doctor_num,date,before_that_month) %>%
  spread(date, before_that_month) %>%
  dplyr::select(-doctor_num)
began <- ckm_new %% dplyr::select(doctor_num,date,began_that_month) %%
  spread(date,began_that_month) %>%
  dplyr::select(-doctor num) %>% apply(1,cumsum) %>% t()
temp <- t(as.matrix(before)) %*% as.matrix(ckm_network) %>% t() %>%
  as.data.frame() %>% gather()
ckm_new[,"contrast_before"] <- temp$value</pre>
temp <- t(as.matrix(began)) %*% as.matrix(ckm_network) %>% t() %>%
  as.data.frame() %>% gather()
ckm_new[,"contrast_that_monthnearlier"] <- temp$value</pre>
rm(n,temp,before,began)
```

3. a. Because the maximum number of contrasts of one doctor is only 20, which means that no one have more than 20 contrasts. We can estimate p_k and q_k when k = 0, 1, ..., 20, 21 values at most.

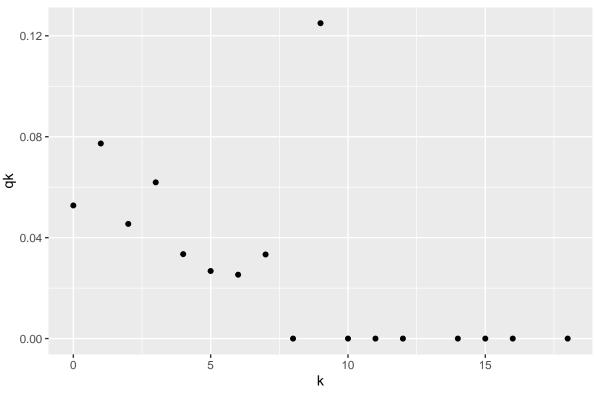
```
max(colSums(ckm_network))
```

```
}
rm(tempa,tempb)
pk %>% data.frame() %>% mutate(k = 0:20) %>% filter(!is.na(.)) %>%
ggplot() + geom_point(aes(x=k,y=.)) + labs(x="k",y="pk",title = "pk-k Plot")
```

pk-k Plot







```
4.
   a.
  est_a <- function(ab,k) ab[1] + ab[2] * k</pre>
  lse_a <- function(ab){</pre>
    sum(na.omit((est_a(ab,c(0:20)) - pk)^2))
  para_a \leftarrow nlm(lse_a, c(-1,1))
  para_a <- para_a$estimate</pre>
  para_a
  ## [1] 0.056944934 -0.003801307
    b.
  est_b <- function(ab,k) exp(ab[1] + ab[2] * k)/(1+exp(ab[1] + ab[2] * k))
  lse_b <- function(ab){</pre>
    sum(na.omit((est_b(ab,c(0:20)) - pk)^2))
  para_b \leftarrow nlm(lse_b,c(1,1))
  para_b <- para_b$estimate</pre>
  para_b
  ## [1] -2.5650797 -0.1705084
  pk %>% data.frame() %>% mutate(k = 0:20) %>% filter(!is.na(.)) %>%
    ggplot() + geom_point(aes(x=k,y=.)) + labs(x="k",y="pk",title = "pk-k Plot With 2 Estimate Curves
    geom_line(aes(x=k,y=est_a(para_a,k)),color = "#F8766D") +
```

geom_line(aes(x=k,y=est_b(para_b,k)),color="#00BFC4")

