

Lesson 2: Named Entity Recognition (NER) and POS Tagging

Named Entity Recognition (NER) and Part-of-Speech (POS) Tagging are essential NLP techniques for understanding the structure and semantics of language.

1. What is NER?

NER involves identifying named entities in text and categorizing them into predefined classes such as:

- Person (e.g., "Albert Einstein")
 - Organization (e.g., "Google")
 - Location (e.g., "Paris")
 - Date, Time, Monetary values, and more
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2. What is POS Tagging?

- POS tagging assigns parts of speech (e.g., noun, verb, adjective) to each word in a sentence. This helps understand grammar and meaning.
 - Example: Sentence: "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog." POS Tags: Det, Adj, Adj, Noun, Verb, Prep, Det, Adj, Noun
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3. Why are these important?

- Enable information extraction and knowledge graph building
 - Improve text summarization and machine translation
 - Crucial for syntactic and semantic analysis
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4. Hand-on with spaCy

- `import spacy`
 - `nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")`
 - `doc = nlp("Apple is looking at buying U.K. startup for $1 billion")`
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 - `# Named Entities`
 - `for ent in doc.ents:`
 - `print(ent.text, ent.label_)`
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 - `# POS Tags`
 - `for token in doc:`
 - `print(token.text, token.pos_, token.tag_)`
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5. Use case in real life

- **Finance:** Extracting company names and financial terms from reports
 - **Healthcare:** Identifying patient data, diseases, and medications
 - **Legal:** Tagging contracts and legal clauses
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6. Improving Accuracy

- Use domain-specific models
 - Fine-tune pre-trained models
 - Combine with rule-based systems for precision
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7. Summary

- NER extracts meaningful entities from text
- POS tagging identifies grammatical roles
- Both are foundational to deeper NLP tasks