

## Exercise 2: E-commerce Platform Search Function

Code:

### Product.java

```
public class Product {
    private int productId;
    private String productName;
    private String category;

    public Product(int productId, String productName, String category) {
        this.productId = productId;
        this.productName = productName;
        this.category = category;
    }

    public int getProductId() {
        return productId;
    }

    public String getProductName() {
        return productName;
    }

    public String getCategory() {
        return category;
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "[" + productId + "] " + productName + " (" + category + ")";
    }
}
```

### SearchTest.java:

```
public class SearchTest {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Product[] products = {
            new Product(101, "Shoes", "Footwear"),
            new Product(102, "T-shirt", "Clothing"),
            new Product(103, "Laptop", "Electronics"),
            new Product(104, "Mobile", "Electronics"),
            new Product(105, "Socks", "Footwear")
        };

        String searchTarget = "Laptop";
        System.out.println("Linear Search:");
        Product result1 = SearchUtility.linearSearch(products, searchTarget);
    }
}
```

```

        System.out.println(result1 != null ? result1 : "Product not found.");

        System.out.println("Binary Search:");
        Product result2 = SearchUtility.binarySearch(products, searchTarget);
        System.out.println(result2 != null ? result2 : "Product not found.");

    }

}

```

### SearchUtility.java

```

import java.util.*;

public class SearchUtility {
    public static Product linearSearch(Product[] products, String name) {
        for (Product product : products) {
            if (product.getProductName().equalsIgnoreCase(name)) {
                return product;
            }
        }
        return null;
    }

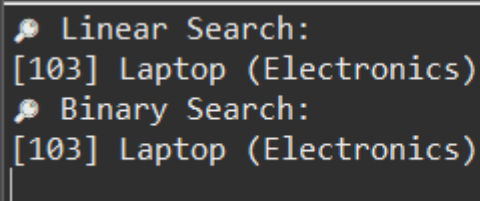
    public static Product binarySearch(Product[] products, String name) {
        Arrays.sort(products, Comparator.comparing(Product::getProductName));
        int low = 0, high = products.length - 1;

        while (low <= high) {
            int mid = (low + high) / 2;
            int comparison = name.compareToIgnoreCase(products[mid].getProductName());

            if (comparison == 0) {
                return products[mid];
            } else if (comparison < 0) {
                high = mid - 1;
            } else {
                low = mid + 1;
            }
        }
        return null;
    }
}

```

### OUTPUT:



```

🐞 Linear Search:
[103] Laptop (Electronics)
🐞 Binary Search:
[103] Laptop (Electronics)
|

```

## Exercise 7: Financial Forecasting

Code:

### FinancialForecaster.java

```
public class FinancialForecaster {
    public static double forecastRecursive(double presentValue, double growthRate, int years) {
        if (years == 0) return presentValue;
        return (1 + growthRate) * forecastRecursive(presentValue, growthRate, years - 1);
    }

    // Optimized version using memoization
    public static double forecastMemo(double presentValue, double growthRate, int years, Double[]
memo) {
        if (years == 0) return presentValue;
        if (memo[years] != null) return memo[years];

        memo[years] = (1 + growthRate) * forecastMemo(presentValue, growthRate, years - 1, memo);
        return memo[years];
    }
}
```

### ForecastTest.java

```
public class ForecastTest {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        double presentValue = 10000.0;
        double growthRate = 0.05;
        int years = 5;

        double forecast = FinancialForecaster.forecastRecursive(presentValue, growthRate, years);
        System.out.println("Recursive Forecast after " + years + " years: ₹" + forecast);

        Double[] memo = new Double[years + 1];
        double forecastMemoized = FinancialForecaster.forecastMemo(presentValue, growthRate, years,
memo);
        System.out.println("Optimized Forecast with Memoization: ₹" + forecastMemoized);

    }
}
```

**OUTPUT:**

```
<terminated> ForecastTest [Java Application] C:\Users\Del\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.op
Recursive Forecast after 5 years: ₹12762.815625000001
Optimized Forecast with Memoization: ₹12762.815625000001
```

## Exercise 1: Implementing the Singleton Pattern

Code:

### SingletonPattern.java

```
public class SingletonPattern {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Logger logger1 = Logger.getInstance();  
        logger1.display("Message from logger1");  
  
        Logger logger2 = Logger.getInstance();  
        logger2.display("Message from logger2");  
  
        if (logger1 == logger2) {  
            System.out.println("Same Logger instance used (Singleton verified).");  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("Different Logger instances (Singleton failed).");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### Logger.java

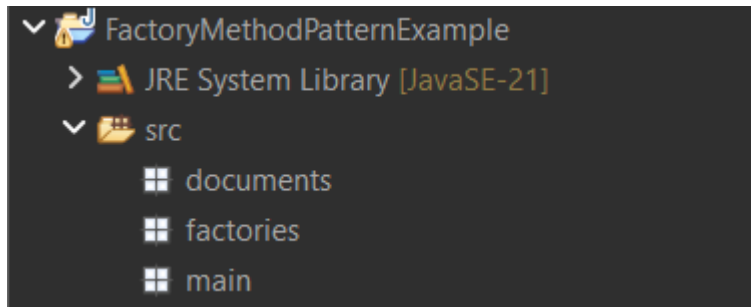
```
public class Logger {  
    private static Logger logger=null;  
    private Logger() {  
  
    }  
    public static Logger getInstance() {  
        if(logger==null) {  
            logger=new Logger();  
        }  
        return logger;  
    }  
    public void display(String str) {  
        System.out.println(str);  
    }  
}
```

**OUTPUT:**

```
Message from logger1  
Message from logger2  
Same Logger instance used (Singleton verified).
```

## Exercise 2: Implementing the Factory Method Pattern

File Structure:



Code:

### Documents Package:

#### Document.java

```
package documents;

public interface Document {
    public void open();
}
```

#### ExcelDocument.java

```
package documents;

public class ExcelDocument implements Document {
    @Override
    public void open() {
        System.out.println("Opening Excel document.");
    }
}
```

#### PdfDocument.java

```
package documents;

public class PdfDocument implements Document{
    @Override
    public void open() {
        System.out.println("Opening PDF document.");
    }
}
```

#### WordDocument.java

```
package documents;

public class WordDocument implements Document{
```

```

@Override
public void open() {
    System.out.println("Opening Word document.");
}
}

```

## **Factories Package:**

### **DocumentFactory.java**

```

package factories;

import documents.Document;

public abstract class DocumentFactory {
    public abstract Document createDocument();
}

```

### **PdfDocumentFactory.java**

```

package factories;

import documents.Document;
import documents.PdfDocument;

public class PdfDocumentFactory extends DocumentFactory {
    @Override
    public Document createDocument() {
        return new PdfDocument();
    }
}

```

### **ExcelDocumentFactory.java**

```

package factories;

import documents.Document;
import documents.ExcelDocument;

public class ExcelDocumentFactory extends DocumentFactory {
    @Override
    public Document createDocument() {
        return new ExcelDocument();
    }
}

```

### **WordDocumentFactory.java**

```

package factories;

import documents.Document;

```

```

import documents.WordDocument;

public class WordDocumentFactory extends DocumentFactory{
    @Override
    public Document createDocument() {
        return new WordDocument();
    }
}

```

### Main Package:

#### FactoryMethodTest.java

```

package main;

import documents.Document;
import factories.DocumentFactory;
import factories.ExcelDocumentFactory;
import factories.PdfDocumentFactory;
import factories.WordDocumentFactory;

public class FactoryMethodTest {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        DocumentFactory wordFactory = new WordDocumentFactory();
        Document word = wordFactory.createDocument();
        word.open();

        DocumentFactory pdfFactory = new PdfDocumentFactory();
        Document pdf = pdfFactory.createDocument();
        pdf.open();

        DocumentFactory excelFactory = new ExcelDocumentFactory();
        Document excel = excelFactory.createDocument();
        excel.open();
    }
}

```

### OUTPUT:

```

<terminated> FactoryMethodTest [Java Application] C:\Users\Dell\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.open
Opening Word document.
Opening PDF document.
Opening Excel document.

```