## string in python

```
# different formatting in python
name, age = 'abbas', 23
print("I'm %s, and I am %d years old," %
  (name ,age))
print("I'm {}, and I am {} years
  old,".format(name, age))
print(f"I'm {name}, and I am {age} years
  old,")
# output: I'm abbas, and I am 23 years
  old

I'm abbas, and I am 23 years old,
I'm abbas, and I am 23 years old,
I'm abbas, and I am 23 years old,
```

## formatting numbers

```
# number signs
print(f"{10:+} and {-10:+}")  # +10 and
-10
print(f"{10:-} and {-10:-}")  # 10 and
-10 ;default

+10 and -10
10 and -10

# seperators
print(f"{2024:,}")  # 2,024
print(f"{1403:_}")  # 1_403
```

```
2,024
1 403
# percentages, and floating number
print(f"{1/6:.2%} or {.25:.1%}") #
16.67% or 25.0%
print(f"{64:.1f}, {129.5:.2f}") # 64.5,
129.50
16.67% or 25.0%
64.0, 129.50
# padding for numbers
floating = -48.25
print(f"{floating:0=8}") # -00048.25
print(f"{floating:0<8}") # -48.25000</pre>
-0048.25
-48.2500
# binary, octal, decimal, and hexadecimal
numbers
number = 31
print(f"{number:b}")
                                          #
11111
print(f"{number:o}")
                                          #
37
print(f"{number:d}")
                                          #
31 :default
print(f"{number:x} or {number:X}")
                                          #
1f or 1F
print(f"{number:#o}")
                                          #
0037
print(f"{number:#x} or {number:#X}")
                                          #
0x1f or 0X1F
```

```
11111
37
31
1f or 1F
0o37
0x1f or 0X1F

formatted string

# padding for strings
text = 'Python is fum'
print(f"{text:>18}") # ` Python is fum'
print(f"{text:<18}") # `Python is fum

print(f"{text:^18}") # `Python is fum

print(f"{text:^18}") # `Python is fum

print(f"{text:?<15}") # `Python is fum??</pre>
```

```
Python is fum
Python is fum
Python is fum
Python is fum??
```

~Python is fum~

fum~`

string conversion in formatting

print(f"{text:~^15}") # `~Python is

```
# conversions

print(f"{(بان ' Python'!s}") # زبان Python

print(f"{(بان ' Python'!r}") # زبان ' Python'
```

```
print(f"{'بان'!a}") # '\u0632\
u0628\u0627\u0646 Python'
# `str` is for user, `repr` is for
developer, and `ascii` is based on
encoding.

'python
'بان Python'
'\u0632\u0628\u0627\u0646 Python'
```