

# basic-pass-at-k

2022-08-06

## Basic Pass at K Calculation

Goal of this R file is to read in the data from `all-pass-at-1-eval-run.csv` and plot it according to language and to sublanguage. Exact plot types are not at all final, but the idea is to do a first pass at reading in the data.

```
all_pass_at_1_eval_run <- read_csv("~/polyglot-codegen-evaluation/model_results/all-pass-at-1-eval-run.csv",
  col_names = FALSE, col_types = cols(X6 = col_integer(),
    X7 = col_integer(), X8 = col_integer()))
pass_at_1 <- tibble::as_tibble(all_pass_at_1_eval_run)
pass_at_1 <- dplyr::rename(pass_at_1, PL = X1, MODEL=X2, TEMP=X3, DOCS=X4, TERMS=X5,
  MIN_COMPLETE=X6, K=X7, MIN_PROBLEM=X8, RES=X9)

all_pass_at_10_eval_run <- read_csv("~/polyglot-codegen-evaluation/model_results/all-pass-at-10-eval-run.csv",
  col_names = FALSE, col_types = cols(X6 = col_integer(),
    X7 = col_integer(), X8 = col_integer()))
pass_at_10 <- tibble::as_tibble(all_pass_at_10_eval_run)
pass_at_10 <- dplyr::rename(pass_at_10, PL = X1, MODEL=X2, TEMP=X3, DOCS=X4, TERMS=X5,
  MIN_COMPLETE=X6, K=X7, MIN_PROBLEM=X8, RES10=X9)

pass_results<- tibble::add_column(pass_at_1, pass_at_10$RES10)

pass_results<- dplyr::rename(pass_results, RES10 = `pass_at_10$RES10`)

#remove unneeded columns
pass_results %>% dplyr::select(-c(MIN_COMPLETE, MIN_PROBLEM, K))

## # A tibble: 88 x 7
##   PL    MODEL    TEMP DOCS    TERMS    RES    RES10
##   <chr> <chr>    <dbl> <chr>    <chr>    <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 py    davinci  0.2 transform transform 0.469 0.671
## 2 py    davinci  0.2 keep    keep    0.445 0.646
## 3 py    davinci  0.2 remove  keep    0.502 0.704
## 4 py    davinci  0.2 transform keep    0.467 0.662
## 5 py    incoder  0.2 transform transform 0.045 0.0985
## 6 py    incoder  0.2 keep    keep    0.131 0.215
## 7 py    incoder  0.2 remove  keep    0.180 0.280
## 8 py    incoder  0.2 transform keep    0.156 0.250
## 9 ts    davinci  0.2 transform transform 0.441 0.635
## 10 ts   davinci  0.2 keep    keep    0.435 0.631
## # ... with 78 more rows
## # i Use `print(n = ...)` to see more rows

#make a davinci only data set
davinci_only <- dplyr::filter(pass_results, pass_results$MODEL == 'davinci')
```

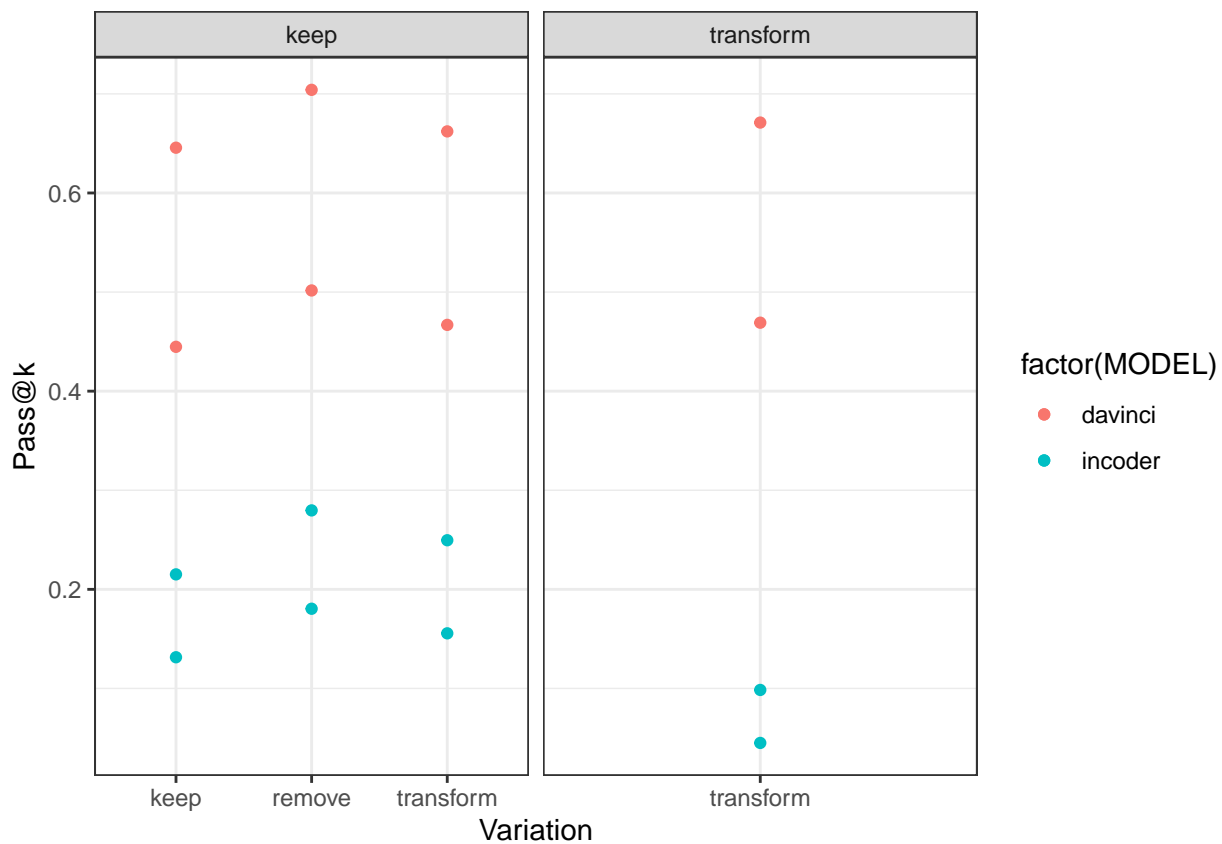
As a first pass, let's just plot all of the versions of the Python runs, which are arguably relatively simple to

handle

```
python_only <- dplyr::filter(pass_results, (pass_results$PL == "py"))
print(python_only)
```

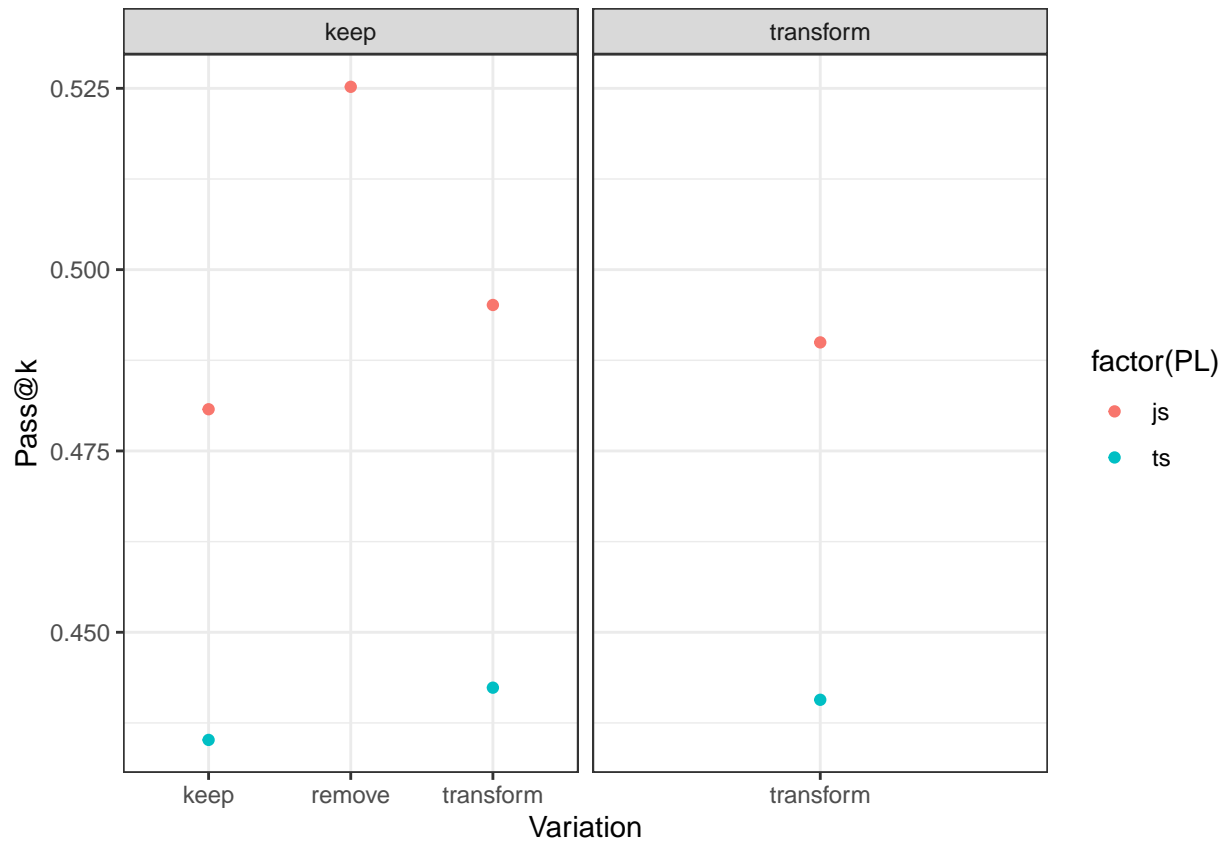
```
## # A tibble: 8 x 10
##   PL   MODEL  TEMP DOCS    TERMS  MIN_COMPL~1  K MIN_P~2  RES  RES10
##   <chr> <chr>   <dbl> <chr>   <chr>      <int> <int>   <int> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 py   davinci  0.2 transform transform    20    1    158 0.469 0.671
## 2 py   davinci  0.2 keep    keep      200    1    153 0.445 0.646
## 3 py   davinci  0.2 remove  keep      200    1    120 0.502 0.704
## 4 py   davinci  0.2 transform keep      20    1    161 0.467 0.662
## 5 py   incoder  0.2 transform transform    20    1    40 0.045 0.0985
## 6 py   incoder  0.2 keep    keep      200    1    156 0.131 0.215
## 7 py   incoder  0.2 remove  keep      200    1    120 0.180 0.280
## 8 py   incoder  0.2 transform keep      20    1    161 0.156 0.250
## # ... with abbreviated variable names 1: MIN_COMPLETE, 2: MIN_PROBLEM
```

```
ggplot(python_only, aes(x=DOCS, y=RES, col=factor(MODEL))) + geom_point() + geom_point(data=python_only,
```



Plot only JavaScript versus TypeScript on Davinci:

```
js_v_ts <- dplyr::filter(davinci_only, (davinci_only$PL == "js" | davinci_only$PL == "ts"))
ggplot(js_v_ts, aes(x=DOCS, y=RES, col=factor(PL))) +
  ylab("Pass at K Rate") + xlab("Variation") +
  geom_point() +
  facet_grid(~ TERMS, scales = 'free') + theme_bw() + ylab("Pass@k") + xlab("Variation")
```



Plot all languages on Davinci 0.2:

```
ggplot(davinci_only, aes(x=DOCS, y=RES, col=factor(PL))) +
  ylab("Pass at K Rate") + xlab("Variation") +
  geom_point() +
  facet_grid(~ TERMS, scales = 'free') + theme_bw() + ylab("Pass@k") + xlab("Variation")
```

