AtlasMap Developer Guide

The AtlasMap Team

Version 1.35-SNAPSHOT, 2018-05-02

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Chapter 1. Introduction

This document provides some information for the developers who is willing to contribute to AtlasMap code.

Chapter 2. Quickstart

2.1. Running Data Mapper UI within Syndesis

The easiest way to install and run Data Mapper UI is to install and run Syndesis. Simply follow the Syndesis Developer Handbook to install, and run Syndesis UI. You will find the Data Mapper UI under the integrations panel after selecting or adding an integration with a data mapping step involved in the integration.

2.2. Running AtlasMap standalone

Here is the shortest path to run standalone AtlasMap.

1. Build AtlasMap runtime

```
$ cd ${ATLASMAP}/runtime
$ ../mvnw clean install
```

2. Run AtlasMap Design Service

```
$ cd ${ATLASMAP}/runtime/runtime
$ ../../mvnw -Pitests spring-boot:run
```

- 3. Install Yarn
- 4. In another console, install Data Mapper UI's dependencies

```
$ cd ${ATLASMAP}/ui
$ yarn install
```

5. Start Data Mapper UI

```
$ yarn start
```

The **yarn start** command will attempt to automatically open your browser window, but if it doesn't, open it directy with this URL: http://localhost:3000.

2.3. Running AtlasMap full build

· Building everything for standalone usage

```
$ ./build.sh --skip-image-builds
```

To see all the available options:

```
$ ./build.sh --help
```

· Resume from module

To resume from a particular module:

```
$ ./build.sh --skip-image-builds --resume-from ui
```

• Using the image streams (in case you want to build a docker image for design runtime)

To build everything using image streams (instead of directly talking to docker):

```
$ ./build.sh --with-image-streams
```

Note that this assumes that you are using a template flavor that also supports image streams.

2.4. Tips for UI developer

2.4.1. Developing Within Syndesis UI

Data Mapper UI is referenced by Syndesis as a dependency. When Syndesis UI's dependencies are installed during **yarn install** step, Data Mapper UI will be cloned from the NPM package repository into **\${SYNDESIS}/ui/node_modules/@atlasmap/atlasmap.data.mapper** directory.

You can point your local Syndesis UI's Data Mapper UI reference to your working copy of the Data Mapper by yarn link. You'll do something like this:

```
$ cd ${ATLASMAP}/ui
$ yarn build
$ cd dist
$ yarn link
$ cd ${SYNDESIS}/ui
$ yarn link @atlasmap/atlasmap.data.mapper
```

Note that running yarn install in the Syndesis UI directory will remove and redownload the \${SYNDESIS}/ui/node_modules/@atlasmap/atlasmap.data.mapper directory, so you'd want to avoid doing it while you have yarn link. Instead you'd change \${ATLASMAP}/ui/src and run yarn build to make a change in AtlasMap UI and consume it within Syndesis UI.

2.4.2. Debug Configuration

The Data Mapper UI features several developer-friendly debug configuration options. These configuration fields are specified on the ConfigModel class.

Service Endpoint Configuration

- baseJavaInspectionServiceUrl URL for the Java Inspection Service provided by the AtlasMap Services.
- 2. **baseXMLInspectionServiceUrl** URL for the XML Inspection Service provided by the AtlasMap Services.
- 3. **baseJSONInspectionServiceUrl** URL for the JSON Inspection Service provided by the AtlasMap Services.
- 4. **baseMappingServiceUrl** URL for the Mapping Service provided by the AtlasMap Services.

Mock Source/Target Document Configuration

These flags control the UI automatically adding the specified mock documents to the system when the UI initializes.

- 1. addMockJavaSingleSource Add single Java source document.
- 2. addMockJavaSources Add multiple Java source documents.
- 3. addMockXMLInstanceSources Add multiple XML instance-based source documents.
- 4. addMockXMLSchemaSources Add multiple XML schema-based source documents.
- 5. addMockJSONSources Add multiple JSON source documents.
- 6. addMockJavaTarget Add a Java target document.
- 7. addMockXMLInstanceTarget Add a XML instance target document.
- 8. addMockXMLSchemaTarget Add a XML schema target document.
- 9. addMockJSONTarget Add a JSON target document.

The code that initializes these mock documents is in the InitializationService. That service calls various static methods in the DocumentManagementService to create example XML instance, XML schema, and JSON documents. Mock Java documents referenced are from the AtlasMap Services' Atlas Java Test Model Maven Module.

Additional Debug Configuration

- 1. **discardNonMockSources** Automatically discard all user-specified (or Syndesis UI-specified) source/target documents before initializing. This is helpful if you're trying to test with mock documents alone.
- 2. **addMockJSONMappings** This flag bootstraps the UI's mappings from the provided JSON mapping definition. Useful for repeatedly debugging a particular scenario.
- 3. **debugClassPathServiceCalls** Log details about JSON request/responses to/from the class path resolution service.
- 4. **debugDocumentServiceCalls** Log details about JSON request/responses to/from the Java/XML/JSON inspection services.
- 5. **debugMappingServiceCalls** Log details about JSON request/responses to/from the mapping service.

- 6. **debugValidationServiceCalls** Log details about JSON request/responses to/from the mapping validation service.
- 7. **debugFieldActionServiceCalls** Log details about JSON request/responses to/from the mapping field action configuration service.
- 8. **debugDocumentParsing** Log details about parsing JSON responses from the inspection services.

Data Mapper Debug Configuration within the Syndesis UI is defined within your **\${SYNDESIS}/ui/src/config.json** file's data mapper section:

```
{
 "apiEndpoint": "https://syndesis-staging.b6ff.rh-idev.openshiftapps.com/api/v1",
 "title": "Syndesis",
  "datamapper": {
    "baseJavaInspectionServiceUrl": "http://localhost:8585/v2/atlas/java/",
    "baseXMLInspectionServiceUrl": "http://localhost:8585/v2/atlas/xml/",
    "baseJSONInspectionServiceUrl": "http://localhost:8585/v2/atlas/json/",
    "baseMappingServiceUrl": "http://localhost:8585/v2/atlas/",
    "discardNonMockSources": true,
    "addMockJSONMappings": false,
    "addMockJavaSingleSource": true,
    "addMockJavaSources": false,
    "addMockXMLInstanceSources": true,
    "addMockXMLSchemaSources": true,
    "addMockJSONSources": true,
    "addMockJavaTarget": false,
    "addMockXMLInstanceTarget": false,
    "addMockXMLSchemaTarget": false,
    "addMockJSONTarget": true,
    "debugDocumentServiceCalls": true,
    "debugMappingServiceCalls": true,
    "debugClassPathServiceCalls": false,
    "debugValidationServiceCalls": false,
    "debugFieldActionServiceCalls": false,
    "debugDocumentParsing": false
 },
 "oauth": {
    "clientId": "syndesis-ui",
    "scopes": ["openid"],
    "oidc": true,
    "hybrid": true,
    "issuer": "https://syndesis-staging.b6ff.rh-
idev.openshiftapps.com/auth/realms/syndesis",
    "auto-link-github": true
 }
}
```

If you're running the Data Mapper UI locally outside of the Syndesis UI, the debug configuration is

specified within the DataMapperAppExampleHostComponent.

Chapter 3. Internal Design

AtlasMap consists of following 3 parts:

- 1. Data Mapper UI
- 2. Design Time Service
- 3. Runtime Engine

Data Mapper UI is an Angular based web browser application. Design Time Service is a set of REST API which provide background services to be used by the Data Mapper UI behind the scene. Data Mapper UI eventually produces data mapping definition file in XML or JSON format. Then Runtime Engine consumes that mapping definition as well as actual data payload and perform mapping.

When data formats are provided into Data Mapper UI, it requests an inspection to Design Time Service and receives a unified metadata, called Document. For example, if the data format is provided as a JSON schema, Data Mapper UI makes a JSON schema inspection request and receive a Document object. While JSON schema is a JSON specific schema to represent message payload, Document object is an AtlasMap internal, but data format agnostic metadata so that the Data Mapper UI can consume and provide an unified mapping experience.

AtlasMap Document object defines a tree of fields. Defining a set of field-to-field mapping is all about the mappings in AtlasMap.

Another thing to know for AtlasMap internal is the module. Module in AtlasMap is a facility to plugin an individual data format support like Java, JSON and XML. Each module implements roughly following 2 parts:

- Inspection Design Time Service to convert the format specific metadata into AtlasMap Document object
- Runtime SPI to achieve actual mappings
 - AtlasModule: Several methods to be invoked during processing mappings
 - AtlasFieldReader: Read a field value from source payload
 - AtlasFieldWriter: Write a field value into target payload



There is also an overview document for the Data Mapper step in Syndesis, which might help if you look into AtlasMap within Syndesis context. https://github.com/syndesisio/syndesis/blob/master/app/server/docs/design/datamapper.md

3.1. UI

Data Mapper UI is a web based user interface to define a data mapping, built with Angular.

• https://github.com/atlasmap/atlasmap/blob/master/ui/

3.1.1. BOOTSTRAPPING

Bootstrapping the Data Mapper UI requires a bit of configuration. An example bootstrapping component is provided within the project:

https://github.com/atlasmap/atlasmap/blob/master/ui/src/app/lib/atlasmap-data-mapper/components/data-mapper-example-host.component.ts

3.1.2. MODEL

All application data and configuration is stored in a centralized ConfigModel object.

The ConfigModel contains:

- initialization data such as service URLs and source/target document information
- references to our angular2 services that manage retrieving and saving our documents and mapping data
- document / mapping model objects

There are two document models contained within the ConfigModel object, both of type DocumentDefinition. A DocumentDefinition contains information about a source or target document such as the document's name, and fields for that document. Fields are represented by our Field model.

A single MappingDefinition model in the ConfigModel object stores information about field mappings and related lookup tables. Individual mappings are represented in instances of MappingModel, and lookup tables are represented by the LookupTable model.

3.1.3. SERVICE

When the Data Mapper UI Bootstraps, a series of service calls are made to the mapping service (MappingManagementService) and document service (DocumentManagementService).

The document service is used to fetch our source/target document information (name of doc, fields). After these are parsed from the service, they are stored in the ConfigModel's inputDoc and outputDoc DocumentDefinition models.

The mapping service is used to fetch our mappings for the fields mapped from the source to the target document. These mappings (and related lookup tables) are parsed by the management service and stored in the ConfigModel's mappings MappingDefinition model.

3.2. Design Time Service

Design Time Service is a set of REST API which provide background services to be used by the Data Mapper UI behind the scene. There are 4 types of Design Time Service:

3.2.1. Core Service

• Code Location: https://github.com/atlasmap/atlasmap/blob/master/runtime/service

• API Reference: Core Service

3.2.2. Java Service

• Code Location: https://github.com/atlasmap/atlasmap/blob/master/runtime/modules/java/service

• API Reference: Java Service

3.2.3. JSON Service

• Code Location: https://github.com/atlasmap/atlasmap/blob/master/runtime/modules/json/service

• API Reference: JSON Service

3.2.4. XML Service

• Code Location: https://github.com/atlasmap/atlasmap/blob/master/runtime/modules/xml/service

• API Reference: XML Service

3.3. Runtime Engine

AtlasMap runtime engine consumes mapping definition file created via Data Mapper UI as well as actual data payload and perform mapping.

• https://github.com/atlasmap/atlasmap/blob/master/runtime/



TODO

Chapter 4. camel-atlasmap component

camel-atlasmap is an Apache Camel Component for AtlasMap. This component executes AtlasMap mapping as a part of Camel route processing.

Example usage:

Chapter 5. Reference

5.1. Design Time Service API

5.2. Transformation (FieldAction)

Transformation is a function you can apply on a field value as a part of mapping. There are a variety of transformations you can apply in the middle of processing mappings. This is called FieldAction internally.

Field Action	Input Type	Output Type	Parameter(s) (*=required)	Description
AbsoluteValue	Number	Number	n/a	Return the absolute value of a number.
Add	Collection/Arr ay/Map	Number	n/a	Add the numbers in a collection, array, or map's values.
AddDays	Date	Date	days	Add days to a date. The default days is 0.
AddSeconds	Date	Date	seconds	Add seconds to a date. The default seconds is 0.
Append	String	String	string	Append a string to the end of a string. The default is to append nothing.
Average	Collection/Arr ay/Map	Number	n/a	Return the average of the numbers in a collection, array, or map's values.

Field Action	Input Type	Output Type	Parameter(s) (*=required)	Description
Camelize	String	String	n/a	Convert a phrase to a camelized string by: Removing whitespaceMa king the first word lowercaseCapi talizing the first letter of each subsequent word
Capitalize	String	String	n/a	Capitalize the first character of a string.
Ceiling	Number	Number	n/a	Return the whole number ceiling of a number.
Concatenate	Collection/Arr ay/Map	String	delimiter	Concatenate a collection, array, or map's values, separating each entry by the delimiter if supplied.
Contains	Any	Boolean	value	Return true if a field contains the supplied value.
ConvertAreaUnit	Number	Number	fromUnit *toUnit *	Convert a number representing an area to another unit. The fromUnit and toUnit parameters can be one of the following: Square FootSquare MeterSquare Mile

Field Action	Input Type	Output Type	Parameter(s) (*=required)	Description
ConvertDistanceU nit	Number	Number	fromUnit *toUnit *	Convert a number representing a distance to another unit. The fromUnit and toUnit parameters can be one of the following: FootInchMeter MileYard
ConvertMassUnit	Number	Number	fromUnit *toUnit *	Convert a number representing a mass to another unit. The fromUnit and toUnit parameters can be one of the following: KilogramPoun d
ConvertVolumeU	Number	Number	fromUnit *toUnit *	Convert a number representing a volume to another unit. The fromUnit and toUnit parameters can be one of the following: Cubic footCubic meterGallonLi ter
CurrentDate	n/a	Date	n/a	Return the current date.
CurrentDateTime	n/a	Date	n/a	Return the current date/time.
CurrentTime	n/a	Date	n/a	Return the current time.

Field Action	Input Type	Output Type	Parameter(s) (*=required)	Description
DayOfWeek	Date	Number	n/a	Return the day of the week for a date, from 1 (Monday) to 7 (Sunday).
DayOfYear	Date	Number	n/a	Return the day of the year for a date, from 1 to 365 (or 366 in a leap year).
Divide	Collection/Arr ay/Map	Number	n/a	Divide each entry in a collection, array, or map's values by its subsequent entry (A "normal" division would only involve 2 entries).
EndsWith	String	Boolean	string	Return true if a string ends with the supplied string (including case).
Equals	Any	Boolean	value	Return true if a field is equal to the supplied value (including case).
FileExtension	String	String	n/a	Retrieve the extension, without the dot ('.'), of a string representing a file name.
Floor	Number	Number	n/a	Return the whole number floor of a number.

Field Action	Input Type	Output Type	Parameter(s) (*=required)	Description
Format	Any	String	template *	Return a string that is the result of substituting a field's value within a template containing placeholders like %s, %d, etc., similar to mechanisms available in programming languages like Java and C.
GenerateUUID	n/a	String	n/a	Create a string representing a random UUID.
IndexOf	String	Number	string	Return the first index, starting at 0, of the supplied string within a string, or -1 if not found.
IsNull	Any	Boolean	n/a	Return true if a field is null.
LastIndexOf	String	Number	string	Return the last index, starting at 0, of the supplied string within a string, or -1 if not found.
Length	Any	Number	n/a	Return the length of the field, or -1 if null. For collections, arrays, and maps, this means the number of entries.

Field Action	Input Type	Output Type	Parameter(s) (*=required)	Description
Lowercase	String	String	n/a	Convert a string to lowercase.
Maximum	Collection/Arr ay/Map	Number	n/a	Return the maximum number from the numbers in a collection, array, or map's values.
Minimum	Collection/Arr ay/Map	Number	n/a	Return the minimum number from the numbers in a collection, array, or map's values.
Multiply	Collection/Arr ay/Map	Number	n/a	Multiply the numbers in a collection, array, or map's values.
Normalize	String	String	n/a	Replace consecutive whitespace characters with a single space and trim leading and trailing whitespace from a string.
PadStringLeft	String	String	padCharacter *padCount *	Insert the supplied character to the beginning of a string the supplied count times.
PadStringRight	String	String	padCharacter *padCount *	Insert the supplied character to the end of a string the supplied count times.

Field Action	Input Type	Output Type	Parameter(s) (*=required)	Description
Prepend	String	String	string	Prepend a string to the beginning of a string. The default is to prepend nothing.
ReplaceAll	String	String	match *newString	Replace all occurrences of the supplied matching string in a string with the supplied newString. The default newString is an empty string.
ReplaceFirst	String	String	match *newString	Replace this first occurrence of the supplied matching string in a string with the supplied newString. The default newString is an empty string.
Round	Number	Number	n/a	Return the rounded whole number of a number.
SeparateByDash	String	String	n/a	Replace all occurrences of whitespace, colons (:), underscores (_), plus (+), or equals (=) with a dash (-) in a string.

Field Action	Input Type	Output Type	Parameter(s) (*=required)	Description
SeparateByUnder score	String	String	n/a	Replace all occurrences of whitespace, colon (:), dash (-), plus (+), or equals (=) with an underscores (_) in a string.
StartsWith	String	Boolean	string	Return true if a string starts with the supplied string (including case).
Substring	String	String	startIndex *endIndex	Retrieve the segment of a string from the supplied inclusive startIndex to the supplied exclusive endIndex. Both indexes start at zero. The default endIndex is the length of the string.

Field Action	Input Type	Output Type	Parameter(s) (*=required)	Description
SubstringAfter	String	String	startIndex *endIndexmatc h *	Retrieve the segment of a string after the supplied match string from the supplied inclusive startIndex to the supplied exclusive endIndex. Both indexes start at zero. The default endIndex is the length of the string after the supplied match string.
SubstringBefore	String	String	startIndex *endIndexmatc h *	Retrieve the segment of a string before the supplied match string from the supplied inclusive startIndex to the supplied exclusive endIndex. Both indexes start at zero. The default endIndex is the length of the string before the supplied match string.

Field Action	Input Type	Output Type	Parameter(s) (*=required)	Description
Subtract	Collection/Arr ay/Map	Number	n/a	Subtract each entry in a collection, array, or map's values from its previous entry (A "normal" subtraction would only involve 2 entries).
Trim	String	String	n/a	Trim leading and trailing whitespace from a string.
TrimLeft	String	String	n/a	Trim leading whitespace from a string.
TrimRight	String	String	n/a	Trim trailing whitespace from a string.
Uppercase	String	String	n/a	Convert a string to uppercase.

5.3. Terminology

AtlasMap terminology

Term	Definition	Example
AtlasMapping	The top-level mapping file containing the mapping instructions to execute at runtime	atlasmapping.xml, atlasmapping.json
Audit	An Audit is informational tracing data captured runtime execution in order to provide user feedback	Useful during testing cycles, or when user does not have direct access to the runtime logs
Collection	A data type used in conversion that repeats 0 or more times	Used to process Arrays and Lists
Data Source	The definition of an input or output data format within an AtlasMapping file	atlas:java, atlas:json, atlas:xml, etc
Field	The base type used to describe a data value used in a Mapping	JavaField, JsonField, XmlField, etc

Term	Definition	Example
Field Action	A function to perform on a given value of an input or output field	CurrentDate, Trim, SubString, etc
Field Type	Normalized convention to describe the type of data expected within the value of a field	String, Integer, Long, Number, Date Time, etc
Lookup Table	A cross reference table used at runtime to define a data conversion that varies based on the value of the input field	Used for mapping enumerations
Mapping	A grouping of input Field(s), output Field(s) and optionally Field Action(s) that defines the conversion to be performed at runtime within an AtlasMapping file	JavaField → JsonField, XmlField → JsonField + Uppercase, etc
Mapping Type	The specific type of conversion that should be performed at runtime	Map, Combine, Separate, Collection or Lookup
Validation	A Validation is a syntax check of a provide mapping file to ensure execution may proceeed	Useful during testing cycles, and at runtime to avoid complicated and misleading exception stack traces

AtlasMap Data Format terminology

Term	Definition	Example
Boxed Primitive	A type of primitive that have a 'null' value	Integer, Long, Boolean, etc
(Unboxed) Primitive	A type of primitive that cannot be 'null' and generally has a default initialized value	int, long, boolean, etc
Rooted	JSON documents that have a parent node identifying to contents of the JSON document	{ "Contact": { "firstName": "Yu", "lastName": "Darvish" } }
Unrooted	JSON documents that do not have a parent node identifying the contents of the JSON document	{ "firstName": "Yu", "lastName": "Darvish" }
Qualified	Xml elements and/or attributes that contain the namespace prefix	<ns1:contact <br="" ns1:firstname="Yu">ns1:lastName="Darvish" /></ns1:contact>
Unqualified	Xml elements and/or attributes that do not contain the namespace prefix	<contact <br="" firstname="Yu">lastName="Darvish" /></contact>