

# Day 28 MySQL DATE data type





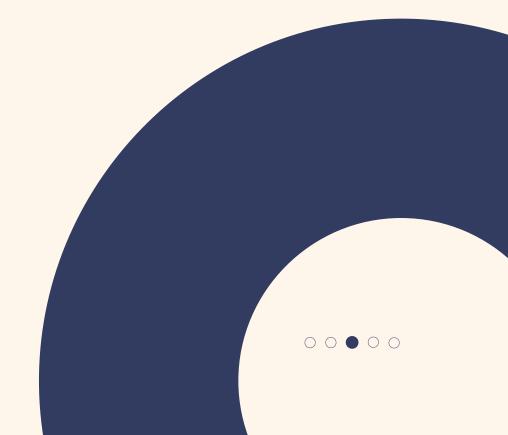
# What is the DATE data type?

- MySQL DATE is one of the five temporal data types used for managing date values.
- MySQL uses yyyy-mm-dd format for storing a date value.
- This format is fixed and it is not possible to change it.



# **Key Points:**

- MySQL uses 3 bytes to store a DATE value.
- The DATE values range from 1000-01-01 to 9999-12-31.
- If you want to store a date value that is out of this range, you need to use a non-temporal data type like integer.





## Use case example:

First, let's **create a table** named **people** with birth date column with **DATE** data type:

```
OCREATE TABLE people (
    id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    first_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    last_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    birth_date DATE NOT NULL
);
```

Aditya Shenoy

#### Next, **insert a row** into the **people** table:

```
INSERT INTO people(first_name,last_name,birth_date)
VALUES('John','Doe','1990-09-01');
```

### Then, query the data from the people table:

```
first_name,
last_name,
birth_date

FROM
people;
```

#### Output:

	first_name	last_name	birth_date
<b></b>	John	Doe	1990-09-01