1. False
2. Content box sizing is the standard method of the box model in which content width and padding are separate values with the sum of the 2 values being the length of the borderbox. Border-box sizing is a variation of the box model where the sum of the content and the padding is calculated as “width” with the padding having no effect on the length of the border-box.
3. Border-box sizing allows for more readable code and less pixel counting. The width listed is the width of the border and space manipulation can be the exclusive function of padding.
4. Static
5. Relative positioning may be useful when margin and padding are not allowing proper alignment of elements on page.
6. Fixed positioning is the position of the element relative to the viewport. A fixed positioned element doesn’t change position even when you scroll in your window.
7. Absolute positioning is positioning relative to the parent element on page. An example would be a text element within a larger <div> element such as a header or navigation bar
8. Auto
9. Max-width is cool cause it allows for some control in your design. If you have an object that would look really odd if it got too wide, you can fix its permanent width at a certain point without affecting the scalability at smaller sizes.
10. Max-width is more powerful because it applies a higher level of specificity to the element.