## Embedded OS Implementation, Fall 2022

Project #1 (due November 2nd, 2022 (Wednesday) at 12:00)

## [ PART I ] Task Control Block Linked List

#### Objective:

Following the previous homework (HW1), please add some code to the  $\mu$ C/OS-II scheduler <u>in</u> <u>the kernel level</u> to observe the operations of the task control block (TCB) and TCB linked list.

- \* The TCB address is dynamic.
- The output results are shown below:

```
G:\其他電腦\我的筆記型電腦\碩士\嵌入式\PA1\M11107318_RTOS_F
             created, Thread ID
                                          5Ъ6520
Task[63] created, TCB Address
       -After TCB[63] being linked--
Previous TCB point to address
                                          5ъ6520
            TCB point to address
            TCB point to address
The file 'TaskSet.txt' was opened
Task[ 1] created, TCB Address - 5b
-----After TCB[ 1] being linked--
                                          5ъ6578
Previous TCB point to address
                                                0
                                          5b6578
5b6520
Current
            TCB point to address
            TCB point to address
Task[ 2] created, TCB Address 5b
-----After TCB[ 2] being linked--
Previous TCB point to address
Current TCB point to address 5b
                                          5b65d0
                                          5b65d0
            TCB point to address
                                          5Ъ6578
Next
                    :TCB linked list:
Task
          Prev TCB addr
                               TCB_addr
                                                    TCB addr
                                              {\tt Next}
                     540
```

A report that describes your implementation (please attach the screenshot of the code and **MARK** the modified part):

在 Task 建置時,需要初始化 TCB,因此在 <os\_core.c> 中的 OS\_TCBInit 函式內,初始 化後並 link 完的地方做 TCB 資訊的打印,%x 用來打印 16 進制的地址輸出,且輸出中的 ABCDEFG為小寫。(其中要注意指標變數 \* 以及 -> 等的符號使用,否則會產生打印錯誤的狀況 發生):

為了確認 Linked task 的數量,因此在<os\_core.c> 程式最上面宣告了靜態變數 TaskNum去計算總共建置了多少 Task:

最後在<os\_core.c>的 OSStar t函式中,開始執行 Task 前 (OSStartHighRdy),做 TCB linked list 的打印,而為了避免影響到原本的變數值,因此另外宣告了 OS\_TCB \*save 去做儲

## [ PART II ] RM Scheduler Implementation

#### Objective:

To implement the Rate Monotonic (RM) scheduler for periodic tasks and observe the scheduling behaviors.

#### **Problem Definition:**

Implement the following three task sets of periodic tasks. Add necessary code to the  $\mu C/OS$ -II scheduler in the kernel level to observe how the task suffers from the scheduler. We give the files for the parameter of the task.

```
Periodic Task Set = \{\tau_{ID} (ID, arrival time, execution time, period)\}

Example Task Set 1 = \{\tau_1 (1, 1, 2, 4), \tau_2 (2, 0, 4, 10)\}

Example Task Set 2 = \{\tau_1 (1, 3, 4, 14), \tau_2 (2, 0, 2, 8), \tau_3 (3, 0, 4, 10), \tau_4(4, 24, 2, 12)\}

Example Task Set 3 = \{\tau_1 (1, 2, 2, 10), \tau_2 (2, 1, 1, 5), \tau_3 (3, 0, 8, 15)\}

* The priority of the task is set according to the RM scheduling rules.
```

## The output results of Task Set 1:

Tick	Event Preemption	CurrentTask ID task( 2)( 0)	NextTask ID task( 1)( 0)	ResponseTime	#of ContextSwitch	PreemptionTime	OSTimeDly
3 5	Completion Preemption	task( 2)( 0) task( 1)( 0) task( 2)( 0)	task( 1)( 0) task( 2)( 0) task( 1)( 1)	2	2	0	2
7 8	Completion Completion Completion	task( 2)( 0) task( 1)( 1) task( 2)( 0)	task( 1)( 1) task( 2)( 0) task(63)	2 8	2 5	0 4	2 2
) 9 11	Preemption Completion	task(63) task(1)(2)	task( 1)( 2) task( 2)( 1)	2	2	0	2
13 15	Preemption Completion	task( 2)( 1) task( 1)( 3)	task( 1)( 3) task( 2)( 1)	2	2		
17	Completion Completion	task( 2)( 1) task( 1)( 4)	task( 1)( 4) task(63)	$\frac{\bar{7}}{2}$	4 2	0 3 0	2 3 2
19 20 21 23 25 27 28 29	Preemption Preemption	task(63) task( 2)( 2)	task( 2)( 2) task( 1)( 5)				
23 25	Completion Preemption	task( 1)( 5) task( 2)( 2)	task( 2)( 2) task( 1)( 6)	2	2	0	2
27 28	Completion Completion Preemption	task( 1)( 6) task( 2)( 2) task(63)	task( 2)( 2) task(63) task( 1)( 7)	2 8	2 6	0 4	2 2
2.9	ricemption	(00)	task( 1)( 7)				
$\frac{1}{3}$	Preemption Completion	task( 2)( 0) task( 1)( 0)	task( 1)( 0 task( 2)( 0		2	0	2
5 7	Preemption Completion	task( 2)( 0) task( 1)( 1)	task( 1)( 1 task( 2)( 0	)	2 5	0	2 2
8 9	Completion Preemption	task(2)(0) task(63)	task(63) task(1)(2	2)		4	
11 13 15	Completion Preemption Completion	task( 1)( 2) task( 2)( 1) task( 1)( 3)	task( 2)( 1 task( 1)( 3 task( 2)( 1	3)	2	0	2
17 19	Completion Completion	task( 2)( 1) task( 1)( 4)	task( 1)( 4 task(63)	i) 7 2	4 2	3 0	2 3 2
20 21	Preemption Preemption	task(63) task(2)(2)	task( 2)( 2 task( 1)( 5	() ()		_	
23 25 27	Completion Preemption	task( 1)( 5) task( 2)( 2) task( 1)( 6)	task( 2)( 2 task( 1)( 6 task( 2)( 2	5)	2	0	2
28 29	Completion Completion Preemption	task( 1)( 6) task( 2)( 2) task(63)	task( 2)( 2 task(63) task( 1)( 7	8	2 6	4	2 2

## The output results of Task Set 2:

Tick 6 8 10 14 16 20 24 26 28 30	Event Completion Completion Preemption Completion	CurrentTask ID task( 2)( 0) task( 3)( 0) task( 1)( 0) task( 2)( 1) task( 3)( 1) task( 2)( 2) task( 1)( 0) task( 2)( 2) task( 1)( 1) task( 3)( 2) task( 2)( 3) task( 4)( 0) task( 1)( 1)	NextTask ID task( 3)( 0) task( 1)( 0) task( 2)( 1) task( 3)( 1) task( 1)( 0) task( 2)( 2) task( 3)( 2) task( 3)( 2) task( 2)( 3) task( 4)( 0) task( 1)( 1) task( 3)( 3)	ResponseTime 2 6 2 4 13 2 2 4 13 13 13	#of ContextSwitch 1 2 2 2 5 2 2 2 2 6	PreemptionTime 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 9 0 0 2 9	OSTimeDly 6 4 6 6 1 6 6 1 6 8
2 6 8 10 14 16 18 20 24 26 28 30	Completion Completion Preemption Completion Completion Completion Completion Preemption Completion Completion Completion Completion Completion Completion Completion Completion	task( 2)( 0) task( 3)( 0) task( 1)( 0) task( 2)( 1) task( 3)( 1) task( 1)( 0) task( 2)( 2) task( 1)( 1) task( 3)( 2) task( 2)( 3) task( 4)( 0) task( 1)( 1)	task( 3)( task( 1)( task( 2)( 5 task( 1)( task( 3)( 5 task( 2)( 5 task( 4)( 6 task( 1)( 6		1 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 4	0 2 0 0 9 0 0 0 0 2 9	6 4 6 1 6 6 8 1

The output results of Task Set 3:

1110	output i csui	ts of Task Set 5.					
Tick	Event	CurrentTask ID	NextTask ID	ResponseTime	#of ContextSwitch	PreemptionTime	OSTimeDly
1	Preemption	task( 3)( 0)	task( 2)( 0)				
2 4	Completion	task( 2)( 0)	task( 1)( 0)	1	2 2	0 0	4
4	Completion	task( 1)( 0)	task( 3)( 0)	Ž	2	0	8
6	Preemption	task( 3)( 0)	task( 2)( 1)				
7	Completion	task( 2)( 1)	task( 3)( 0)	1	2	0	4
11	Preemption	task( 3)( 0)	task( 2)( 2)				
12 14	Completion	task( 2)( 2)	task( 1)( 1)	1	2 2 9	0	4 8
14	Completion	task( 1)( 1)	task( 3)( 0)	Ž	2	Ó	8
15	Completion	task( 3)( 0)	task( 3)( 0)	15	9	7	0
16	Preemption	task( 3)( 1)	task( 2)( 3)				
17	Completion	task( 2)( 3)	task( 3)( 1)		2	0	4
21	Preemption	task( 3)( 1)	task( 2)( 4)				
22	Completion	task( 2)( 4)	task( 1)( 2)		2 2	0	4
24	Completion	task( 1)( 2)	task( 3)( 1)	2	2	0	8
21 22 24 26 27 28	Preemption	task( 3)( 1)	task( 2)( 5)				
27	Completion	task( 2)( 5)	task( 3)( 1)		2 9	0 5	4 2
28	Completion	task( 3)( 1)	task(63)	13	9	5	2
30	Preemption	task(63)	task( 3)( 2)				
1	Preemption	task( 3)( 0)	task( 2)( 0)				
2	Completion	task( 2)( 0)	task( 1)( 0)	1	2 2	0	4
4	Completion	task( 1)( 0)	task(3)(0)	2	2	0	8
6	Preemption	task(3)(0)	task(2)(1)			•	
.7	Completion	task(2)(1)	task(3)(0)	1	2	0	4
11	Preemption	task(3)(0)	task(2)(2)		9	0	
12	Completion	task( 2)( 2) task( 1)( 1)	task( 1)( 1) task( 3)( 0)	1	2 2	0	4 8
14 15	Completion Completion	task( 1)( 1)	task( 3)( 0) task( 3)( 0)	2 15	9	<b>0</b> 7	Ô
16	Preemption	task(3)(1)	task( 2)( 3)	19	9	'	U
17	Completion	task( 2)( 3)	task( 2)( 3)	1	2	0	4
21	Preemption	task( 3)( 1)	task( 2)( 4)	1	_	v	4
22	Completion	task(2)(4)	task( 1)( 2)	1	2	0	4
24	Completion	task(1)(2)	task( 3)( 1)	2	2	ŏ	8
26	Preemption	task(3)(1)	task( 2)( 5)		-	•	•
27	Completion	task( 2)( 5)	task(3)(1)	1	2	0	4
28	Completion	task(3)(1)	task(63)	13	$\overline{9}$	5	2
30	Preemption	task(63)	task( 3)( 2)				
	-		,				
							_

在最一開始先設定Priority=Period去更改優先權,而在<os\_task.c>副程式
OSTaskCreateExt 中,去再次讀檔並更動 priority,由於優先權和週期成反比,優先度越低,
週期越大,因此在這邊簡單設定 TaskParameter[l].TaskPriority 和
TaskParameter[l].TaskPeriod 相等。

```
f OS_TASK_CREATE_EXT_EN
                                      (*task)(void *p_arg),
 INT8U OSTaskCreateExt (void
                                void *p_arg,
OS_STK *ptos,
                                INT16U
                                OS_STK *pbos,
                                         stk_size,
                                INT16U opt)
                    *psp;
      INT8U
      OS_CRITICAL_METHOD == 3u
 OS_CPU_SR cpu_sr = 0u;
#endif
       //AddedCodePA1part2
      errno_t errr;
if ((errr = fopen_s(&fp, INPUT_FILE_NAME, "r")) == 0)
      char str[MAX];
      char* ptr;
      char* pTmp = NULL;
int TaskInfo[INFO], k, l = 0;
      TASK_NUMBER = 0;
      while (!feof(fp) && prio != 63)
           memset(str, 0, sizeof(str));
fgets(str, sizeof(str) - 1, fp);
ptr = strtok_s(str, " ", &pTmp);
while (ptr != NULL)
                TaskInfo[k] = atoi(ptr);
ptr = strtok_s(NULL, " ", &pTmp);
                 /*printf("Info: %d\n", task_inf[i]);*/
                     TASK_NUMBER++;
TaskParameter[1].TaskID = TASK_NUMBER;
                else if (k == 1) {
    TaskParameter[l].TaskArriveTime = TaskInfo[k];
                lelse if (k == 2) {
    TaskParameter[1].TaskExecutionTime = TaskInfo[k];
                felse if (k == 3) {
    TaskParameter[1].TaskPeriodic = TaskInfo[k];
    TaskParameter[1].TaskPriority = TaskInfo[k]; //Initial Priority=Period
      /
fclose(fp);
if (prio != 63) {
    prio = TaskParameter[id - 1].TaskPriority;
#ifdef OS_SAFETY_CRITICAL_IEC61508
     if (OSSafetyCriticalStartFlag == OS_TRUE) {
    OS_SAFETY_CRITICAL_EXCEPTION();
           return (OS_ERR_ILLEGAL_CREATE_RUN_TIME);
#if OS_ARG_CHK_EN > 0u
      if (prio > OS_LOWEST_PRIO) {
           return (OS_ERR_PRIO_INVALID);
     OS ENTER_CRITICAL();
      if (OSIntNesting > 0u) {
                                                           /* Make sure we don't create the task from within an ISR */
           OS_EXIT_CRITICAL();
           return (OS_ERR_TASK_CREATE_ISR);
```

在 Task 建立之後,需要初始化 TCB ,因此在 < os\_core.c > 的 OS\_TCBInit 再次讀檔 · 並在 此更動 Priority Table · 使抵達時間不是0秒的 Task能先不要 ready 並做 delay 之設定。

```
INT8U OS_TCBInit (INT8U
                              OS_STK
                                       *ptos,
                              OS STK
                                       *pbos,
                              INT16U
                                        id,
                              INT32U
                                       stk size,
                                       *pext,
                              INT16U
                                        opt)
                        *ptcb;
             OS_TCB
        □#if OS_CRITICAL_METHOD == 3u
             OS_CPU_SR cpu_sr = 0u;
         #endif
        □#if OS_TASK_REG_TBL_SIZE > 0u
             INT8U
        #if OS_TASK_CREATE_EXT_EN > Ou
        #if defined(OS_TLS_TBL_SIZE) && (OS_TLS_TBL_SIZE > 0u)
             INT8U
             OS_ENTER_CRITICAL();
             ptcb = OSTCBFreeList;
             if (ptcb != (OS_TCB *)0) {
                                             = ptcb->OSTCBNext;
                 OSTCBFreeList
                  OS_EXIT_CRITICAL();
                 ptcb->OSTCBStkPtr
                                             = ptos;
                                                                          /* Load Stack pointer in TCB
                  ptcb->OSTCBPrio
                                             = prio;
                 ptcb->OSTCBStat
                                             = OS_STAT_RDY;
                 ptcb->OSTCBStatPend
                                             = OS_STAT_PEND_OK;
                  ptcb->OSTCBDly
                                             = 0u;
        #if OS_TASK_CREATE_EXT_EN > Ou
                 ptcb->OSTCBExtPtr
                                             = pext;
                  ptcb->OSTCBStkSize
                                             = stk_size;
                 ptcb->OSTCBStkBottom
                                             = pbos:
                  ptcb->OSTCBOpt
                                             = opt;
                  ptcb->OSTCBId
                                             = id;
        -f#else
                  pext
                                             = pext;
                  stk_size
                                             = stk_size;
                  pbos
                                             = pbos;
                  opt
                                             = opt;
                                             = id;
                  id
         #endif
                  //AddedCodePA1part2
2204
                  if ((errr = fopen_s(&fp, INPUT_FILE_NAME, "r")) == 0)
                                                                                   /*task set 1-4*/
2206
2207
2209
2210
2212
2213
                  char str[MAX];
2214
                 char* ptr;
2215
                  char* pTmp = NULL;
2216
2217
                  int TaskInfo[INFO], k, l = 0;
2218
                  TASK NUMBER = 0;
                  while (!feof(fp) && prio != 63)
2219
2220
2221
                      k = 0;
2222
                      memset(str, 0, sizeof(str));
                      fgets(str, sizeof(str) - 1, fp);
ptr = strtok_s(str, " ", &pTmp);
2223
2224
2225
                      while (ptr != NULL)
2226
                          TaskInfo[k] = atoi(ptr);
ptr = strtok_s(NULL, " ", &pTmp);
/*printf("Info: %d\n", task_inf[i]);*/
if (k == 0);
2227
2228
                           if (k == 0) {
```

```
TASK_NUMBER++;
                            TaskParameter[1].TaskID = TASK NUMBER;
2234
                            TaskParameter[1].TaskArriveTime = TaskInfo[k];
2237
                        else if (k == 2) {
                            TaskParameter[1].TaskExecutionTime = TaskInfo[k];
                            TaskParameter[1].TaskPeriodic = TaskInfo[k];
2242
                            TaskParameter[1].TaskPriority = TaskInfo[k]; //Initial Priority=Period
2244
2245
2247
2248
                fclose(fp);
                if (prio != 63) {
                    unsigned int delay = TaskParameter[id - 1].TaskArriveTime;
2251
                    unsigned int exetime = TaskParameter[id - 1].TaskExecutionTime;
                    ptcb->OSTCBCyclesExecution = exetime;
2252
                    ptcb->OSTCBCyclesCount = 0u;
2254
                    ptcb->OSTCBJobNumber = 0u;
2255
                    ptcb->OSTCBCyclesEnd = Ou;
2256
                    ptcb->OSTCBCyclesSwitchStart = 0u;
                    ptcb->OSTCBCyclesPeriod = TaskParameter[id - 1].TaskPeriodic;
2257
2258
                    ptcb->OSTCBCyclesArrive = TaskParameter[id - 1].TaskArriveTime;
                    while (ptcb->OSTCBDly != delay) {
2259
                        ptcb->OSTCBDly++;
2261
2262
2263
       #if OS_TASK_DEL_EN > Ou
                ptcb->OSTCBDelReq
                                         = OS ERR NONE;
      #if OS_LOWEST_PRIO <= 63u
                ptcb->OSTCBY
                                         = (INT8U)(prio >> 3u);
                ptcb->OSTCBX
                                         = (INT8U)(prio & 0x07u);
       ⊑#else
                ptcb->OSTCBY
                                         = (INT8U)((INT8U)(prio >> 4u) & 0xFFu);
                ptcb->OSTCBX
                                         = (INT8U) (prio & 0x0Fu);
                                                                           /* Pre-compute BitX and BitY
                ptcb->OSTCBBitY
                                         = (OS_PRIO)(1uL << ptcb->OSTCBY);
                                         = (OS_PRIO)(1uL << ptcb->OSTCBX);
                ptcb->OSTCBBitX
```

阻止一開始就將 Task 設定為Ready (藉由新增一個 if 判斷ArriveTime是否為Ou,若為Ou 或是為 idle Task 就設定為Ready ) :

由於會需要大量參數進行運算,因此在<ucos\_ii.h>中先定義參數,並於上一部份的<br/><os\_core.c> 的 OS\_TCBInit 中進行初始化:

```
OS_TASK_PROFILE_EN > 0u
                 OSTCBCtxSwCtr;
INT32U
TNT32U
                 OSTCBCyclesTot;
INT32U
                 OSTCBCyclesStart;
OS STK
                *OSTCBStkBase:
INT32U
                OSTCBStkUsed;
//AddedCodePA1part2
INT32U
                 OSTCBCyclesExecution; /* Setting about Execution Time */
INT32U
                 OSTCBCyclesCount;
INT32U
                 OSTCBCyclesArrive;
INT32U
                 OSTCBCyclesEnd;
INT32U
                 OSTCBJobNumber;
                                        /* Period */
INT32U
                 OSTCBCyclesPeriod;
                 OSTCBCyclesSwitchStart;/* To know #swich the cycle start */
INT32U
```

#### 在 OSStart 中設定輸出格式的欄位:

#### 在會進行Context Switch 的 OS Sched中進行相關參數的打印,其中

Response Time = Arrive Time + Job Number \* Period

Context Switch = Total Context Switch –Total Context Switch Number when the task start Preemption Time = End Time – (Arrive Time + Job Number \* Period + Setting Execution Time) Delay Time = Arrive Time + Job Number \* Period – Execution End Time 並且要注意當 HighRdyTask 結束時 (也就是已完成執行時間OSTCBCyclesTot==0),要將 OSTCBCyclesStart 和 OSTCBCyclesSwitchStart 重置。除此之外,OS\_Sched 多發生在前一個任務完成時,要尋找下一個任務。

```
Completion\t task(%2d) (%2d) task(%2d) (%2d)\t*, OSTIME, OSTICBCun->OSTCBId, OSTCBCun->OSTCBJobNumber, OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBCyclesPeriod + OSTCBCun->OSTCBCyclesPeriod + OSTCBCun->OSTCBCyclesPeriod + OSTCBCun->OSTCBCyclesPeriod + OSTCBCun->OSTCBCyclesPeriod));

t_fp, *&2d*\transformation* trask(%2d) (%2d) task(%2d) (%2d)\t*, OSTIME, OSTCBLun->OSTCBId, OSTCBCun->OSTCBJobNumber * OSTCBCun->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBHighRdy->OSTCBH
OS_TASK_REATE_EXT_EN > 0u
f defined(OS_TLS_TBL_SIZE) && (OS_TLS_TBL_SIZE > 0u)
OS_TLS_TaskSw();
```

在 OSIntExit 中大多是因為打斷了當前正在執行的 task,而因此進來執行優先權較高的 task,所以在這裡除了打印之外,在HighRdyTask 結束時也要進行OSTCBCyclesStart 和 OSTCBCyclesSwitchStart 重置。

```
### OSCINGLA (PRIOR = %)

### OSCINGLA (PRIOR = *)

### OSCINGLA (PRIO
```

每一秒都會進入OSTimeTick.因此在這裡會進行 Current Task 的執行時間計數(OSTCBCyclesTot 最多只會計數到=Execution Time).而 OSTCBCyclesCount 是用來確認當前Task執行了幾秒.是否可進行delay.並幫delay值做更新。(OSTimeTick先再OSTimeDly再OS\_Sched)

```
oid OSTimeTick (void)
#if OS_TICK_STEP_EN > 0u
BOOLEAN step;
#endif
#if OS_CRITICAL_METHOD == 3u
               OS_CPU_SR cpu_sr = 0u;
#if OS_TIME_TICK_HOOK_EN > Ou
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            /* Call user definable hook
               OSTimeTickHook();
#if OS_TIME_GET_SET_EN > 0u
OS_ENTER_CRITICAL();
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             /* Update the 32-bit tick counter
               OSTime++;
OS_TRACE_TICK_INCREMENT(OSTime);
               OS_EXIT_CRITICAL();
                 OSTCBCur->OSTCBCyclesCount++;
                OSTCBCur->OSTCBCyclesTot++;
                                                                                                                  witchStart%2d Total%2d\n".OSTimeGet().OSTCBCur->OSTCBId. OSTCBCur->OSTCBCvclesSwitchStart. OSCtxSwCtr
                ostcBcur->ostcBcyclesEnd = ostcBcur->ostcBcyclesExecution) {

ostcBcur->ostcBcyclesEnd = ostimeGet();
                             //irying
OSTCBCur->OSTCBCyclesEnd = OSTimeGet();
OSTCBCur->OSTCBDly = (OSTCBCur->OSTCBCyclesArrive);
OSTCBCur->OSTCBDly = OSTCBCur->OSTCBDly + (((OSTCBCur->OSTCBJobNumber + 1)) * (OSTCBCur->OSTCBCyclesPeriod));
OSTCBCur->OSTCBDly = OSTCBCur->OSTCBDly - (OSTCBCur->OSTCBCyclesEnd);
                                 //printf("%2d\t", OSTIMEGET() - OSTCBCur->OSTCBCyclesStart);
//printf("%2d\t", OSTCBCur->OSTCBCtcs>NOSTCBCur->OSTCBCyclesEnd - OSTCBCur->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCyclesEnd - OSTCBCur->OSTCBCyclesEnd - OSTCBCur->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCUr->OSTCBCU
```

為了使task不要永遠處於delay狀態,必須擁有執行時間,因此在這裡新增了一個 if 的判斷式,確認是否已完成執行時間,才去做delay使其可被其他工作搶佔。

因應不定數量的 Task , 在這裡新增了一個迴圈可以將 txt 的每一行讀入, 並擁有正確數量的task。

# **Project submit:**

Submit to Moodle2.

Submit deadline: November 2nd, 2022 (Wednesday) at 12:00

File name format: RTOS\_Myyyddxxx\_PA1.zip

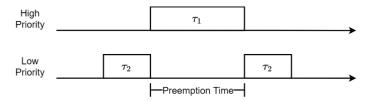
RTOS\_Myyyddxxx\_PA1.zip includes (The tree structure of files is shown as hints):

- The report (RTOS\_Myyyddxxx\_PA1.pdf).
- Folder with the executable μC/OS-II project (RTOS\_Myyyddxxx\_PA1).

# X Plagiarizing is strictly prohibited.

### **Hints:**

1. Preemption time is introduced in multiple tasking.



2. RTOS\_Myyyddxxx\_PA1.zip include files as follows:

```
RTOS_Myyyddxxx_PA1.pdf
--RTOS_Myyyddxxx_PA1
| ReadMe.txt
    ---Micrium
        \---Software
             +---uC-CPU
                        cpu_cache.h
                        cpu_core.c
                        cpu_core.h
cpu_def.h
                       -Win32
                        \---Visual_Studio
                                   cpu.h
                                   cpu_c.c
                 --uC-LIB
                        lib_ascii.c
                        lib_ascii.h
lib_def.h
                        lib_math.c
                        lib_math.h
lib_mem.c
                        lib_mem.h
                        lib_str.c
lib_str.h
                  -uCOS-II
                       -Ports
                         \---Win32
                              \---Visual Studio
                                        os_cpu.h
                                        os_cpu_c.c
                       -Source
                             os.h
                             os_cfg_r.h
                             os_core.c
                             os_dbg_r.c
os_flag.c
os_mbox.c
                             os_mem.c
                             os_mutex.c
os_q.c
os_sem.c
                             os_task.c
os_time.c
os_tmr.c
                             os_trace.h
                             ucos_ii.c
ucos_ii.h
```