









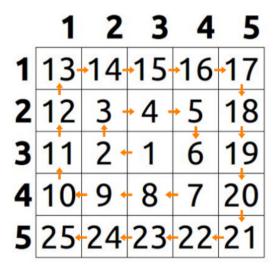


## Problem L Pretty Table

A pretty table is a grid with N rows and N columns containing integers from 1 to  $N^2$ . The numbers are written on the grid following these rules:

- At first, 1 is written in the center cell, i.e. the cell on the (N/2+1)-th row and ((N/2+1)-th column, where / is the integer division (i.e. rounded down since N/2 here is always positive).
- Then, starting from the cell on the left of the cell containing integer 1, in clockwise direction, continues writing the integers 2 to  $N^2$  one by one, surrounding the existing numbers.

For example, if N = 5, the table will look like this:



Given N,  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $C_1$ , and  $C_2$ , calculates the sum of the integers contained within the sub-grid having  $(R_1, C_1)$  and  $(R_2, C_2)$  as the top-left-most cell and the bottom-right-most cell. Note that the table index starts from 1 to N on both row and column.

## Input

The input contains five integers in a line:  $N R_1 R_2 C_1 C_2$  (1  $\leq N \leq$  1,000,000,000; 1  $\leq R_1 \leq R_2 \leq N$ ; 1  $\leq C_1 \leq C_2 \leq N$ ) as stated in the problem description.

## **Output**

The output contains the remainder of the answer when divided by 1,000,000,007, in a line.











Sample Input	Output for Sample Input
5 3 3 3 3	1
5 1 5 1 5	325
5 4 5 4 5	70
1 1 1 1 1	1