

## Section NO. (12)

### Analysis of differences (variances) of direct cost

Prepared by:

Shehata Shaheen

**Example (1):** For each of the following independent cases, fill in the missing amounts in the table:

Case	Direct Labor Rate Variance	Direct Labor Efficiency Variance	Direct Labor Total Variance
A	\$ 750 UF	\$ 1,200 F	??
B	\$ 2,000 F	??	\$ 3,500 UF
C	\$ 1,000 F	??	\$ 1,800 F
D	??	\$ 500 U	\$ 2,500 UF
E	??	\$1,100 F	\$ 1,950 UF
F	\$ 650 UF	\$ 1,150 UF	??

#### Solution

Case	Direct Labor Rate Variance	Direct Labor Efficiency Variance	Direct Labor Total Variance
A	\$ 750 UF	\$ 1,200 F	\$ 450 F
B	\$ 2,000 F	\$ 5,500 UF	\$ 3,500 UF
C	\$ 1,000 F	\$ 800 F	\$ 1,800 F
D	\$ 2,000 UF	\$ 500 UF	\$ 2,500 UF
E	\$ 3,050 UF	\$1,100 F	\$ 1,950 UF
F	\$ 650 UF	\$ 1,150 UF	\$ 1,800 UF

**Example (2): Calculating Unknown Values for Direct Materials and Direct Labor Variance:**

	Direct Materials	Direct Labor
Standard Quantity per unit produced	2.5 kg.	1.10 hr.
Standard price	\$4.20 per kg.	\$16 per hr.
Actual Quantity per unit produced	2.4 kg.	1.20 hr.
Actual price	\$4.10 per kg.	\$15.5 per hr
Actual number of units produced and sold	2,500 units.	
Direct material Price variance	???	
Direct material Quantity variance	???	
Direct material total variance	???	
Direct labor rate variance		???
Direct labor efficiency variance		???
Direct labor total variance		???

**Frist: direct material:**

$$AP = 4.10 \text{ per kg.}$$

$$AQ = 2.4 \times 2,500 = 6,000 \text{ kg.}$$

$$SP = 4.20 \text{ per kg.}$$

$$SQ = 2.5 \times 2,500 = 6,250 \text{ kg.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DM - Price Variance} &= (SP - AP) \times AQ \\ &= (4.20 - 4.10) \times 6,000 \\ &= 0.10 \times 6,000 \\ &= \$ 600 \text{ F} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DM - Quantity Variance} &= (SQ - AQ) \times SP \\ &= (6,250 - 6,000) \times 4.20 \\ &= 250 \times 4.20 \\ &= 1,050 \text{ F} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DM - Total Variance} &= \text{Price Variance} + \text{Quantity Variance} \\ &= 600 \text{ F} + 1,050 \text{ F} \\ &= 1,650 \text{ F} \end{aligned}$$

## Second: Direct Labor:

AR = \$15.50 per hour.

AH =  $1.20 \times 2,500 = 3,000$  hours.

SR = \$16.00 per hour.

SH =  $1.10 \times 2,500 = 2,750$  hours.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{DL - Rate Variance} &= (\text{SR} - \text{AR}) \times \text{AH} \\ &= (16 - 15.50) \times 3,000 \\ &= 0.50 \times 3,000 \\ &= \$ 1,500 \text{ F}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{DL - Efficiency Variance} &= (\text{SH} - \text{AH}) \times \text{SR} \\ &= (2,750 - 3,000) \times 16 \\ &= -250 \times 16 \\ &= \$ 4,000 \text{ U}.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{DL - total Variance} &= \text{Rate Variance} + \text{Efficiency Variance} \\ &= 1,500 \text{ F} + 4,000 \text{ U} \\ &= \$ 2,500 \text{ U}.\end{aligned}$$

	Direct Materials	Direct Labor
Standard Quantity per unit produced	2.5 kg.	1.10 hr.
Standard price	\$4.20 per kg.	\$16 per hr.
Actual Quantity per unit produced	2.4 kg.	1.20 hr.
Actual price	\$4.10 per kg.	\$15.5 per hr
Actual number of units produced and sold	2,500 units.	
Direct material Price variance	\$ 600 F	
Direct material Quantity variance	1,050 F	
Direct material total variance	1,650 F	
Direct labor rate variance		\$ 1,500 F
Direct labor efficiency variance		\$ 4,000 U
Direct labor total variance		\$ 2,500 U

**Example (3):** O'Shea company uses standard costing system when developing its flexible budget amounts. In April 2024, 2,000 finished units were produced. The following information relates to its direct manufacturing material cost:

- Direct materials used were 4,400 kilograms (kg).
- The standard direct materials input allowed for on output units is 2 kilograms at \$15 per kilogram.
- O'Shea purchased 5,000 kilograms of materials at \$16.50 per kilogram, a total of \$82,500.

**Required:**

- 1- Calculate Direct material price variance.
- 2- Calculate Direct material Quantity variance.
- 3- Calculate Direct material Net price variance.
- 4- Calculate Direct material mixed price variance.

**Solution**

AP = \$16.50 per kg.

AQ used = 4,400 kg.

AQ purchased = 5,000 kg.

SP = \$15 per kg.

SQ = 2 kg × 2,000 unit = 4,000 kg.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{1- DM - Price Variance} &= (SP - AP) \times AQ \text{ purchased} \\ &= (15 - 16.5) \times 5,000 \\ &= 1.50 \times 5,000 \\ &= \$ 7,500 \text{ U} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{2- DM - Quantity Variance} &= (SQ - AQ \text{ used}) \times SP \\ &= (4,000 - 4,400) \times 15 \\ &= 400 \times 15 \\ &= 6,000 \text{ U.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{3- Net Price Variance} &= (SP - AP) \times SQ \\ &= (15 - 16.5) \times 4,000 \\ &= 1.50 \times 4,000 \\ &= \$ 6,000 \text{ U} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{4- Mixed Price Variance} &= (SQ - AQ \text{ purchased}) \times (AP - SP) \\ &= (4,000 - 5,000) \times (16.5 - 15) \\ &= 1,000 \times 1.5 \\ &= 1,500 \text{ U} \end{aligned}$$

**Example (4):** For each of the following independent cases, fill in missing amounts:

	Casey Co.	Kevin Inc	Jess Co	Valerie, Inc
Units produced	2,000	??	120	1,500
Standard hours per unit	3.5	0.9	??	??
Standard hours	??	900	300	??
Standard rate per hour	\$14.5	\$ ??	\$10.50	\$7
Actual hours worked	6,800	975	??	4,900
Actual rate per hour	\$ ??	\$ ??	\$ ??	\$ ??
Actual labor cost	\$ ??	\$ ??	\$3,090	\$31,850
Direct labor Rate Variance	\$1,700 F	\$975 F	\$150 UF	\$ ??
Direct labor Efficiency Variance	\$ ??	\$ 765 UF	\$ ??	\$ 2,800 UF

**Frist: Casey Co:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{SH} &= \text{Units produced} \times \text{Standard hours per unit} \\
 &= 2,000 \times 3.5 \\
 &= \mathbf{7,000 \text{ hours.}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Efficiency Variance} &= (\text{SH} - \text{AH}) \times \text{SR} \\
 &= (7,000 - 6,800) \times 14.5 \\
 &= \mathbf{\$2,900 \text{ F.}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Total DL-Variance} &= \text{Efficiency variance} + \text{Rate variance} \\
 &= 1,700 \text{ F} + 2,900 \text{ F} \\
 &= \mathbf{\$4,600 \text{ F.}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{DL-Variance} &= \text{SC} - \text{AC} \\
 4,600 &= (7,000 \times 14.5) - \text{AC} \\
 4,600 &= 101,500 - \text{AC} \\
 \text{AC} &= 101,500 - 4,600 \\
 \text{AC} &= \mathbf{\$96,900}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{AC} &= \text{AH} \times \text{AR} \\
 96,900 &= 6,800 \times \text{AR} \\
 \text{AR} &= 96,900 \div 6,800 \\
 \text{AR} &= \mathbf{14.25}
 \end{aligned}$$

**Second: Kevin Inc:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Units produced} &= \text{Standard hours} \div \text{Standard hours per unit} \\
 &= 900 \div 0.9 \\
 &= \mathbf{1,000 \text{ unit.}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Efficiency Variance} &= (\text{SH} - \text{AH}) \times \text{SR} \\ - 765 &= (900 - 975) \times \text{SR} \\ - 765 &= - 75 \times \text{SR} \\ \text{SR} &= 765 \div 75 \\ \mathbf{\text{SR} = \$10.2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total DL-Variance} &= \text{Efficiency variance} + \text{Rate variance} \\ &= 975 \text{ F} + 765 \text{ UF} \\ &= \mathbf{\$210 \text{ F.}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{DL-Variance} &= \text{SC} - \text{AC} \\ 210 &= (900 \times 10.2) - \text{AC} \\ 210 &= 9,180 - \text{AC} \\ \text{AC} &= 9,180 - 210 \\ \mathbf{\text{AC} = \$8,970}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{\text{AC}} &= \text{AH} \times \text{AR} \\ 8,970 &= 975 \times \text{AR} \\ \text{AR} &= 8,970 \div 975 \\ \mathbf{\text{AR} = 9.2}\end{aligned}$$

### Third: Jess Co:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Standard hours per unit} &= \text{Standard hours} \div \text{Units produced} \\ &= 300 \div 120 \\ &= \mathbf{2.5 \text{ hours per unit.}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{DL-Variance} &= \text{SC} - \text{AC} \\ &= (300 \times 10.5) - 3,090 \\ &= 3,150 - 3,090 \\ &= \mathbf{\$60 \text{ F.}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Efficiency variance} &= \text{DL Variance} - \text{Rate Variance} \\ &= \$60 \text{ F} - \$150 \text{ UF} \\ &= \mathbf{\$210 \text{ F.}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Efficiency variance} &= (\text{SH} - \text{AH}) \times \text{SR} \\ 210 &= (300 - \text{AH}) \times 10.5 & \div 10.5 \\ 20 &= 300 - \text{AH} \\ \text{AH} &= 300 - 20 \\ \mathbf{\text{AH} = 280 \text{ hours.}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{AR} &= \text{AC} \div \text{AH} \\ &= 3,090 \div 280 \\ &= \mathbf{\$11.036}\end{aligned}$$



#### Fourth: Valerie, Inc

$$\begin{aligned}\text{AR} &= \text{AC} \div \text{AH} \\ &= 31,850 \div 4,900 \\ &= \text{\$6.5}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Rate variance} &= (\text{SR} - \text{AR}) \times \text{AH} \\ &= (7 - 6.5) \times 4,900 \\ &= \text{2,450 F.}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{DL-Variance} &= \text{Efficiency Variance} + \text{Rate Variance} \\ &= 2,800 \text{ UF} - 2,450 \text{ F} \\ &= \text{\$350 UF.}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{DL-Variance} &= \text{SC} - \text{AC} \\ - 350 &= \text{SC} - 31,850 \\ \text{SC} &= 31,850 - 350 \\ \text{SC} &= \text{\$31,500}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{SH} &= \text{SC} \div \text{Standard rate per hour} \\ &= \$31,500 \div 7 \\ &= \text{4,500 hours.}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Standard hours per unit} &= \text{Standard hours} \div \text{Units produced} \\ &= 4,500 \div 1,500 \\ &= \text{3 hours per unit}\end{aligned}$$

	Casey Co.	Kevin Inc	Jess Co	Valerie, Inc
United produced	2,000	1,000	120	1,500
Standard hours per unit	3.5	0.9	2.5	3
Standard hours	7,000	900	300	4,500
Standard rate per hour	\$14.5	10.2	\$10.50	\$7
Actual hours worked	6,800	975	280	4,900
Actual rate per hour	\$14.25	\$9.2	\$11.036	\$6.5
Actual labor cost	\$96,900	\$8,970	\$3,090	\$31,850
Direct labor rate variance	\$1,700 F	\$975 F	\$150 UF	\$2,450
Direct labor efficiency variance	\$2,900 F	\$ 765 UF	\$ 210 F	\$ 2,800 UF