

Section Eight Revision



Under Supervision/
Dr/ Mohamed Fawzy
Associate Professor of Business
Administration
Faculty of Commerce- University
of Sadat City
Associate Trainer From IBCT

Prepared by/ Aalaa Rabiea



__ جامعة مدينة السادات_



1. The first stage of the Sources & Uses statement on a cash basis involves calculating the changes in assets, liabilities, and equity by comparing two balance sheets.

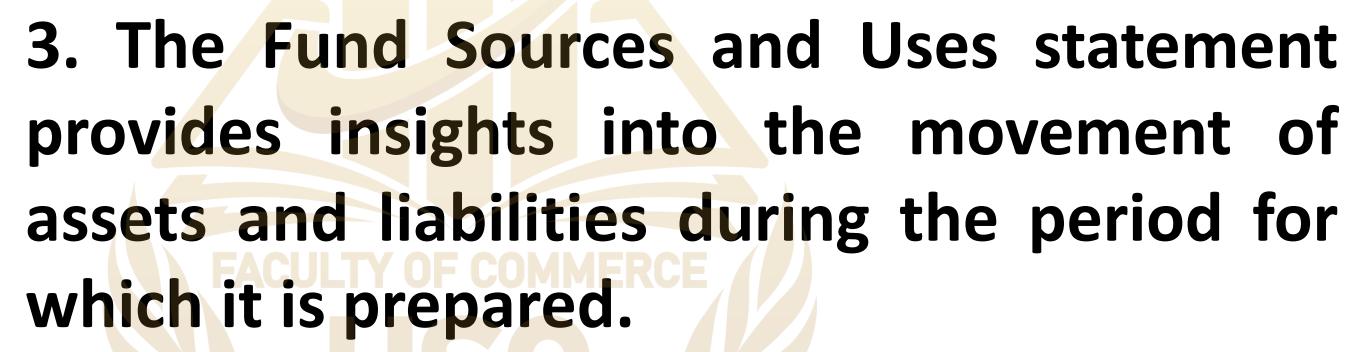
Answer: True

2. The changes in assets, liabilities, and equity are classified into two main groups: sources of funds and uses of

funds.

Answer: True





Answer: True

4. The Fund Sources and Uses statement does not include information on changes in assets or liabilities.





5. The Fund Sources and Uses statement is used to analyze past financial flows to understand the uses of funds and how those uses were financed.

Answer: True

6. The Fund Sources and Uses statement focuses primarily on future financing decisions and does not look at past financial activities.





7. Financial analysis is typically used to assess whether an enterprise is sufficiently stable, solvent, and liquid enough to attract investment.

Answer: True

8. The primary purpose of financial

analysis is to focus only on a company's

short-term liquidity and ignore long-term

financial health.





9. Financial analysis involves reviewing a company's financial activities, including programs, expenditures, and other finance-related areas, to assess their performance and relevance.

Answer: True

10. The aim of financial analysis is to determine the soundness of the relationship between financial decisions and their consequences.

Answer: True



11. Financial analysis looks at multiple periods to deduce information about the enterprise's progress and future performance.

Answer: True

12. The results of financial analysis are useful only to external stakeholders such as investors and creditors.



13. The Profit & Loss Account focuses on the financial position of the company, including assets and liabilities.

Answer: False

14. A budget is typically used to track the company's actual performance against projected figures for a specific period.

Answer: True





15. Operating calculation shows the cost of industrial production and finished goods over a specified period of time.

Answer: True

16. Operating calculation determines the net profit or loss from trading activities.



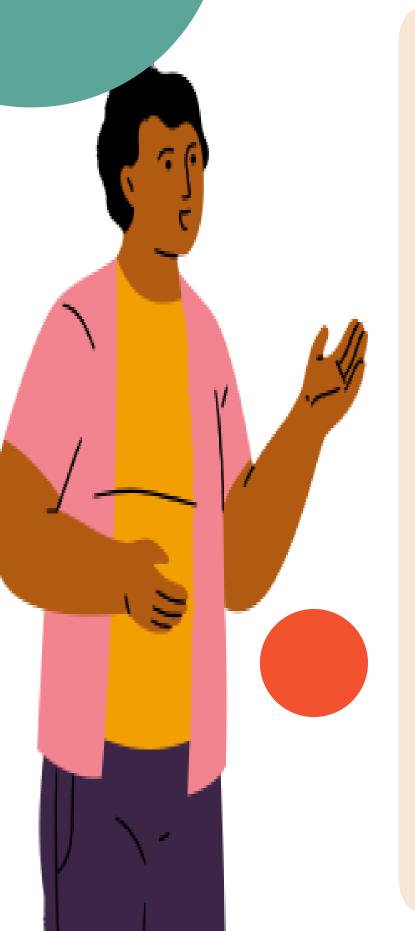




17. Profitability analysis measures effectively a company generates profits from its operations, typically using profit margins and return ratios.

Answer: True

18. Financial analysis should only focus on one area, such as profitability, for a complete understanding of a company's financial health.



19. The analysis of investment decisions includes calculating profitability ratios like ROA and ROE, which help evaluate the return on investment.

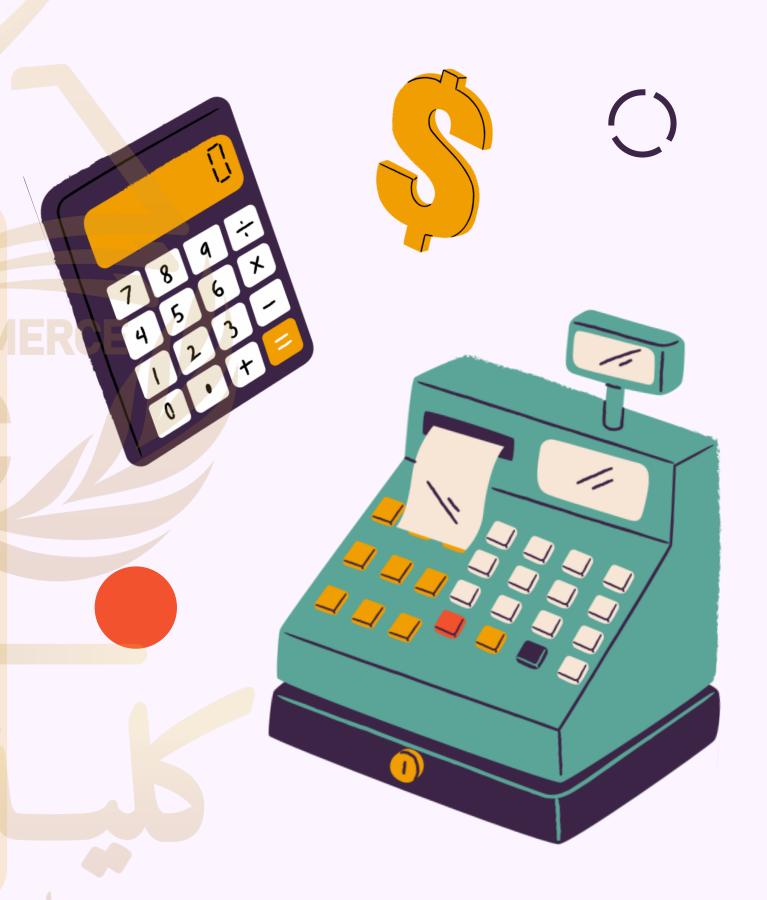
Answer: True

20. Liquidity analysis evaluates a company's ability to meet its long-term obligations by using current assets.



- 1. Financial Management is primarily concerned with:
- A. Managing personnel and hiring employees.
- B. Managing the organization's supply chain.
- C. Investing available financial resources to maximize business success and ROI.
- D. Overseeing the manufacturing processes.

- 2. What did Gritman define financial management as?
- A. A collection of legal activities related to finance.
- B. The study of macroeconomic financial systems.
- C. The art and science of money management.
- D. The process of creating financial reports.







3. Which of the following is NOT part of the interrelated areas a financial manager should understand?

- A. The Federal Reserve System.
- B. The commercial banking system.
- C. The global entertainment industry.
- D. The interrelationships between various economic sectors.



- 4. According to Pinches, what two basic aspects does the term 'finance' describe?
- A. The study of global trade and the economy. Merce
- B. Financial resources available and their management.
- C. Investment strategies and profitability analysis.
- D. Economic forecasting and the tax system.

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- 5. Which of the following statements best captures the function of financial management?
- A. It is solely focused on accounting principles.
- B. It involves making decisions about asset purchases and the financing for those assets.
- C. It deals exclusively with marketing strategies.
- D. It focuses on legal regulations surrounding businesses.

Answer: B

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- 6. Which of the following is NOT a distinguishing characteristic of financial management?
- A. It infiltrates all aspects of an enterprise's activities.
- B. Financial decisions are sometimes binding and irreversible.
- C. Financial decisions often result in immediate consequences.
- D. The outcomes of financial decisions can take a long time to be realized.





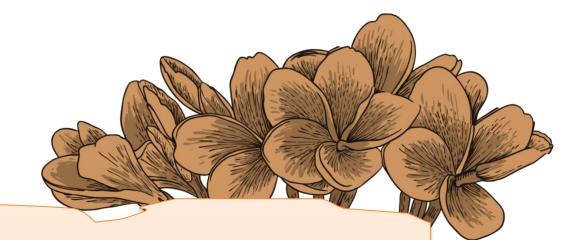
- 7. What is one of the challenges associated with financial decisions?
- A. Financial decisions usually provide instant feedback, making it easy to correct errors.
- B. The results of financial decisions may not be recognized immediately, making them difficult to fix.
- C. Financial decisions are not significant enough to impact the company's future.
- D. Financial decisions are only relevant to the accounting department.



- 8. What is the main focus of financial management as you study in chapter one?
- A. Financial accounting and taxation.
- B. The management and financing of an enterprise's resources.
- C. Human resources management.
- D. Customer relationship management.

- 9. What is the primary purpose of financial management?
- A. To manage the organization's employees.
- B. To make decisions about investments and financing for business success.
- C. To manage the company's marketing strategies.
- D. To oversee the day-to-day operations of the business.







10. Who is responsible for financial management in an organization? MERCE

- A. The CEO alone.
- B. The CFO and other managers.
- C. Only accountants.
- D. The marketing team.



- 11. What is one of the key challenges in financial management?
- A. Financial decisions are always reversible.
- B. Financial decisions often affect the company's long-term success.
- C. Financial decisions are not important for business operations.
- D. Financial decisions only impact the finance department.



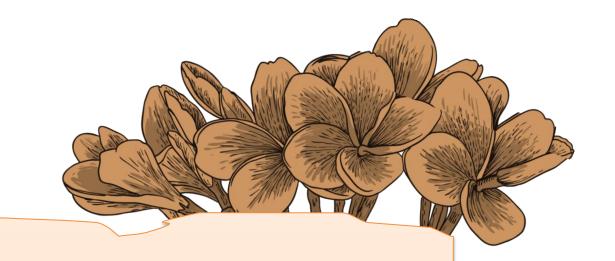
- 12. What is the primary role of the CFO?
- A. To manage the company's marketing strategy
- B. To make financial decisions and contribute to the strategic plan
- C. To supervise the IT department
- D. To handle customer service

13. Who assists the CFO in financial decision-making? FACULTY OF CO.

- A. Treasurer and Controller
- B. Sales Manager and Marketing Head
- C. CEO and COO
- D. Product Development Manager and HR Manager

Answer: A







14. What is the primary responsibility of the Treasurer?

- A. To manage company marketing campaigns
- B. To maintain relationships with banks and financial institutions
- C. To prepare financial statements
- D. To conduct product research





- A. Manages the company's cash flow
- B. Prepares financial statements and handles taxes
- C. Develops the company's strategic plan
- D. Coordinates marketing strategies





- 16. What is one of the CFO's responsibilities in asset management?
- A. Deciding on the best way to advertise products
- B. Analyzing the profitability and acquisition of assets
- C. Deciding employee compensation
- D. Hiring new staff





- A. Choosing the color of the product
- B. Deciding on the pricing and financing method
- C. Creating the product's logo
- D. Deciding on employee uniforms



- 18. What does the CFO need to manage regarding the financing structure?
- A. Managing employee benefits
- B. Finding the best mix of internal and external funding sources
- C. Planning marketing campaigns
- D. Hiring financial analysts

