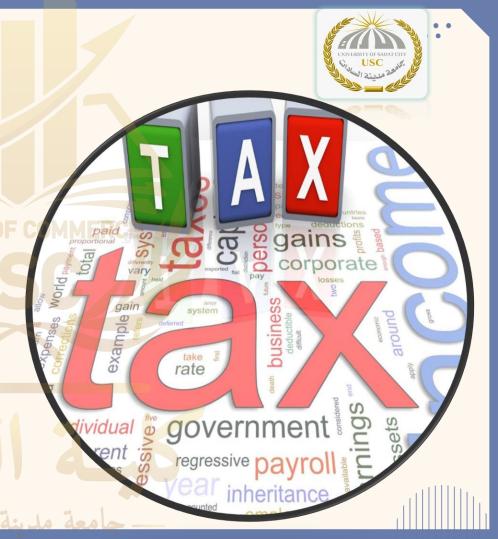




## **ACCOUNTING**

Section 13 BY/ Noha HAMED







# Chapter 5

Tax on Professional or noncommercial activity

commercial activity







One of the accounting firms in Egypt provided the following data for the year 2023 (Figures in Egyptian Pound):

100,000 fees for auditing companies – 20,000 fees for providing tax consultations - 5,000 rewards for articles published in a scientific journal - 7,000 fees for designing tax systems - 1,000 profits from selling part of furniture - 15,000 fees for providing consultations in the Sultanate of Oman.





6,000 fees of providing consultations about the feasibility of projects - 16,000 salaries and wages - 500 registration fees in the commercial syndicate - 250 books and accounting periodicals - 4,000 travel expenses for the Sultanate of Oman to provide consultations - 600 price of stationery - 200 buffet expenses - 120 tips - 650 water and electricity - 1,000 internal transportation - 4,500 donations for a hospital under government supervision.





400 monthly life insurance premium for the benefit of his wife and minor children

#### **Instructions**

❖ Determine the base and amount of tax on the revenues of non-commercial professions imposed on books ,if the taxpayer keeps regular books and accounts supported by documents, noting that:





1- The stationery balance on 1/1 is 200 EGP, whereas, on 31/12, the balance is 300 EGP.

- 2- The cost of office furniture and equipment is 45,000 EGP, and the accumulated depreciation is 15,000 EGP.
- 3- The book value of the computers is 10,000 EGP





- 1. = (200 +Depreciation of stationery = Beginning balance + Cost of purchases Ending balance.
  - 600) 300 = 500 EGP. FACULTY OF COMMERCE
- 2. Depreciation of furniture and equipment = (Cost accumulated depreciation) × 25%

$$= (45,000-15,000) \times 25\% = 7,500 EGP.$$

3. Depreciation of computers =  $10,000 \times 50\% = 5,000 \text{ EGP}$ 







Taxable Revenues:	
1- Fees of auditing works: it is revenue that occurs because of	100,000
the practice of the profession in Egypt (Article 33).	
2- fees for providing tax consultations: it is revenue that occurs because of the practice of the profession in Egypt	20,000
(Article 33).	·





#### First: Determine the tax base:

3- Rewards for publishing articles: Revenues from the editing and translation of religious, scientific, cultural, and literary books and articles are exempt from taxation (article: 36)

4- fees for designing tax systems: it is revenue that occurs because of the practice of the profession in Egypt (Article 33).

7,000





#### First: Determine the tax base:

5- Profits from the sale of part of the office furniture: Capital gains resulting from the disposal of any professional assets are subject to tax (33).

1,000

6- Fees for providing consultations in the Sultanate of Oman: Article (32) of Law 91 of 2005, as amended by Law 53 of 2014, is subject to tax.

15,000





7- fees of providing consultations about the feasibility of projects: it is revenue that occurs	6 000
because of the practice of the profession in Egypt	,,,,,
(Article 33).	
Total Revenues	149,000





Deducted from it (total expenses)		
Administrative and general expenses supported by documents:		
- Salaries and wages		
- Registration fees in the syndicate		
- books and accounting periodicals: related to the activity.		





- Travel expenses to the Sultanate of Oman to provide consultations: It is considered one of the costs necessary to practice the profession in Egypt and outside it	4,000
- Depreciation of stationery	500
- Depreciation of furniture and equipment	7,500
- Depreciation of computers.	5,000





- Water & Electricity Expenses		650
Total expenses supported by documents		34,400
2- Costs and expenses not su	upported by documents.	
- Buffet expenses	200	
- gratuities	120	
- Internal transfer	1,000	
Total 6 )	1320	





Max = $34,400 \times 7\%$ = 2,408 EGP. (costs that aren't supported by documents are fully deducted as they are within a maximum limit of 7% of expenses supported)	1320
Total expenses	(35,720)
Net annual income before deduction of donations	113,280





#### First: Determine the tax base:

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Donations for one of the hospitals under governmental supervision up to 10% of the annual net revenue.

 $Max = 113,280 \times 10\% = 11,328 EGP.$ 

Actual donation = 4,500 (fully deducted as it is within 10% of net revenue).

Net income after donations

(4,500)

108,780





#### First: Determine the tax base:

#### **Deduction:**

Life insurance premiums for the benefit of his minor children:

Maximum = 3,000 EGP.

Actual amount =  $400 \times 12 = 4,800$  EGP.

(To be deducted whichever is less)

(3000)





#### First: Determine the tax base:

Tax base

105,780

#### Second: Calculation of tax due:

First Bracket:	30,000	Exempted
Second Bracket:	15,000 * 10 %=	1500 EGP





#### Second: Calculation of tax due:

Third Bracket:	15,000 * 15 %=	2250 EGP
Fourth Bracket	45,780 × 20% =	9,156 EGP
Total Tax Due		12,906 EGP