

Q. → The definitions:

1. Micro-Processor → an Integrated Circuit which performs the arithmetic and logic operations.

2. micro-controller → IC which has micro-processor and another preference like RAM, ROM, I²C, ---

3. Embedded systems: computer system.

Combination of micro processor, combination of memory and peripheral devices to do specific function.

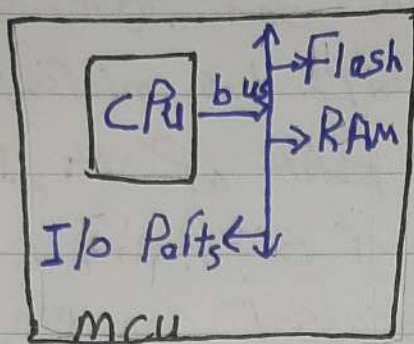
4. mechatronic systems → system in which mechanical hardware are integrated with information.

5. n-bit Processor →

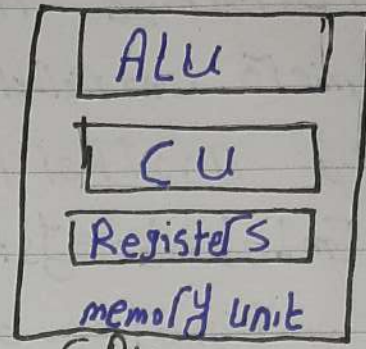
→ Processor can work only on n bit of data at time.
→ If the data is larger than n bit it will be broken into n-bit pieces.

Composition

2] CPU & MCU



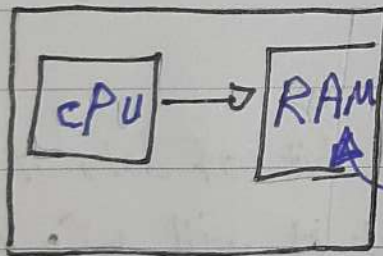
both are
an IC
but



CPU → ALU + CU + Registers [brain of computer]

MCU → CPU + Flash + RAM + ...

3] Von neuman & harvard

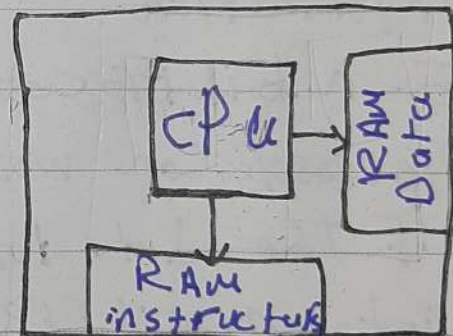


Data +
instructions.

→ Used one memory for instructions and data

→ ~~use~~ not use Pipeline

→ slower



→ Used Two memory and
Two bus [inst's data]

→ use Pipeline

→ faster

20] ROM [Read only memory]

PROM → Programmable ROM

→ ~~but~~ ~~The info~~ Programmed by the user by burner devices

→ Programmed only one time [OTP]

→ we can't write on it [Read only memory]

mask ROM → Read only memory

→ Programmed only one time [OTP]

→ Programmed during the manufacturing.

EPROM → Erasable Programmable ROM

→ Can erase ~~or~~ and Programmed Thousand Times

→ we can erase the information by Ultraviolet rays.

→ Non Volatile like PROM, mask ROM

25] RAM [Random access memory]

SRAM → Static RAM - doesn't need refreshing

→ Use 6 Transistor to store one ~~bit~~ bit.

→ more expensive. Faster Than DRAM

→ Cash memory one of its uses.

→ complex - use ~~high~~ midum Power consumption

DRAM → Dynamic ~~RAM~~ need refreshing

Use one Tr

- use one Transistor and one capacitor to store ^{bit}
- refreshing time about 60ms. [16 time in seconds]
- during The refreshing we can't access it
- Slower Than SRAM - Simple - Cheap.
- Used in main memory

Q6] The CPU doesn't have the capacity to write on it.

→ can written by external device.

| Type | Volatile? | Writeable? | Erase size | Max Erase cycles | Cost(per Byte) | Speed | |
|----------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| SRAM | Yes | Yes | Byte | Unlimited | Expensive | Fast than DRAM | RAM |
| DRAM | Yes | Yes | Byte | Unlimited | moderated | Moderated | |
| MASK ROM | No | No | | | Cheap | Fast | ROM |
| PROM | No | once | | | moderated | Fast | |
| EPROM | No | Yes | Entire chip | Limited | moderated | Fasst | |
| EEPROM | Yes | Yes | Byte | Limited | Expensive | Fast to read slow to earse / write | Hybrid |
| FLASH | Yes | Yes | Sector | Limited | moderated | Fast to read slow to earse / write | |
| NVRAM | Yes | Yes | Byte | Unlimited | Expensive | Fast | |