Word prediction

Dataset:

The word prediction model is designed to generate accurate predictions based on a dataset consisting of 4 pages from Wikipedia. The dataset is preprocessed to remove HTML tags, URLs, punctuation, white spaces, and digits. Lemmatization and tokenization techniques are then applied to transform the text into a sequence of words.

Model:

The model architecture consists of an embedding layer followed by 4 simple RNN layers, each containing 50 neurons. The model is designed to learn patterns and dependencies within the input sequence to predict the next word. The final layer of the model is a softmax layer with a number of units equal to the total number of words.

Accuracy:

the model achieves an accuracy of almost 100%, indicating its ability to accurately predict the next word given the previous sequence.

Test:

```
seed_text = "football "
next_words = 3
generated_text = generate_next_word(seed_text, next_words)
print(generated_text)
```

conclusion:

the word prediction model demonstrates good performance in generating accurate predictions for the next word in a given sequence. It effectively learns the patterns and dependencies in the input text and provides highly accurate predictions.