



# UL HPC School 2017

## PS7: Bioinformatics software on the UL HPC Platform

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## Latest versions available on **Github**:

UL HPC tutorials:

<https://github.com/ULHPC/tutorials>

UL HPC School:

<http://hpc.uni.lu/hpc-school/>

PS7tutorial sources:

<https://github.com/ULHPC/tutorials/tree/devel/advanced/Bioinformatics>



# Summary

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- 1 Objectives
- 2 Bioinformatics packages
- 3 Notes
- 4 Practical session
- 5 Conclusion



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- very many associated workflows, thus excellent examples

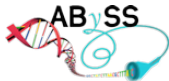


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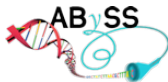


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TopHat

A spliced read mapper for RNA-Seq

GROMACS

FAST, FLEXIBLE, FREE.





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# ABySS

## ABySS: Assembly By Short Sequences

a de novo, parallel, paired-end sequence assembler designed for short reads





## ABySS

### ABySS: Assembly By Short Sequences

a de novo, parallel, paired-end sequence assembler designed for short reads

- several applications in the ABYSS package
- only **ABYSS-P** is parallelized using MPI
  - ↪ started with the **abyss-pe** launcher
- workflow (pipeline) of **abyss-pe** also includes:
  - ↪ OpenMP-parallel applications
  - ↪ serial applications
- Note: compared with other de novo assemblers, the per-node memory requirements are smaller due to ABYSS' task distribution model



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### **GROMACS:** GROningen MACHine for Chemical Simulations

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- very large codebase: 1.836.917 SLOC
- many applications in the package, several parallelization modes
- **mdrun**: computational chemistry engine, performing:
  - ↪ molecular dynamics simulations
  - ↪ Brownian Dynamics, Langevin Dynamics
  - ↪ Conjugate Gradient
  - ↪ L-BFGS
  - ↪ Steepest Descents energy minimization
  - ↪ Normal Mode Analysis
- **mdrun** - parallelized using MPI, OpenMP, pthreads and with support for GPU acceleration



## Bowtie2/TopHat

### **Bowtie2:** Fast and sensitive read alignment

ultrafast & memory-efficient alignment of sequencing reads to long ref. sequences

### **TopHat:** A fast spliced read mapper for RNA-Seq

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- TopHat aligns reads to mammalian-sized genomes using Bowtie
- then analyzes the mapping results to identify splice junctions between exons
- **bowtie2** is OpenMP-parallel
- rest of workflow is sequential



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parallel implementation of NCBI BLAST, scaling to hundreds of processors



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- two main applications: **mpiblast** **mpiformatdb**
- requires (NCBI) substitution matrices and formatted BLAST databases
- the databases can be segmented
  - ↪ into as many segments as the # of cores that will be used when performing searches
  - ↪ or a multiple, in order to avoid load imbalance
- **mpiblast** requires  $\geq 3$  processes, 2 used for internal tasks
  - ↪ `mpirun -np 3 mpiblast [...]` only gives you one searcher process!



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  - ↪ pthreads/OpenMP vs MPI vs hybrid
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- make sure you *request the appropriate resources* for the processing needs of your workflow
  - ↪ Does the software always take advantage of more than 1 core or node?
  - ↪ How does it scale? Many obstacles to perfect scalability!



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.. on data management:

- make sure you use *the appropriate storage place*
  - ↪ \$HOME vs \$WORK vs \$SCRATCH
- stage data in/out, archive your (many & unused) 'small' files



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# Exercises

- Read and understand the Bioinformatics tutorial

<https://github.com/ULHPC/tutorials/tree/devel/advanced/Bioinformatics>

- Run the examples

↪ all calculations should be fast

↪ you should attempt the exercises proposed in each section

- Try even more tests, e.g.:

↪ on different node classes

↪ with one core per node on  $\geq 2$  nodes

↪ vs  $\geq 2$  cores on single node



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## Conclusion

- Bioinformatics applications execution on the **UL HPC Platform**
- Outlined:
  - different workflows
  - some of the concepts you should care about when running complex software

### Perspectives

- Personalize the UL HPC launchers with the specific commands for ABySS, Gromacs, TopHat, Bowtie, mpiBLAST..



Thank you for your attention...

## Questions?



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