stk310 Practical Assignment A5

A food company collected data on the sales of and the price for its new cereal, **paul-se-pap**, at 16 randomly selected stores in Pretoria. They also obtained the price of **Three Bears Bran**, a popular cereal from another food company, at these 16 stores. The dataset to be used in this assignment is given in the file cereal.csv on click UP. Specifically consider the following variables for i = 1, 2, ..., 16:

 Y_i number of boxes of paul-se-pap sold

👺 X_{2i} 📂 price in Rand for a box of paul-se-pap

[x] X_{3i} price in Rand for a box of **Three Bears Bran**

 $[\mathfrak{P}]$ X_{4i} in number of boxes of Three Bears Bran sold

Where applicable, use appropriate procedures in SAS as well as functions in R to answer the following questions.



Question 1

Considering all three available explanatory variables, find the best possible linear regression model based upon the adjusted coefficient of determination.

Question 2

Consider only the number of boxes of paul-se-pap sold, the price in Rand for a box of paul-se-pap and the price in Rand for a box of Three Bears Bran.

- (a) Calculate and interpret the partial correlation coefficient between the demand for paul-se-pap and the price of paul-se-pap.
- (b) Calculate and interpret the partial correlation coefficient between the demand for paul-se-pap and the price of Three Bears Bran.

Question 3

Ignoring the number of boxes of Three Bears Bran sold, suppose the demand function for paul-se-pap is

$$Y_i = \alpha X_{2i}^{\beta_2} X_{3i}^{\beta_3} e^{u_i}.$$

The corresponding linear regression model is

$$\ln Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 \ln X_{2i} + \beta_3 \ln X_{3i} + u_i,$$

where $\beta_1 = \ln \alpha$.

- (a) Fit the linear regression model to the dataset using ordinary least squares regression and interpret $\hat{\beta}_2$ and $\hat{\beta}_3$.
- (b) Test whether each of the regression coefficients is statistically significant. Specify the test statistic values and the *p*-values.
- (c) Test whether the overall regression model is statistically significant. Specify the test statistic value and the *p*-value.
- (d) Determine whether the mean demand for paul-se-pap will decrease by 3% if there is an increase of 1% in the price for a box of paul-se-pap, while the price of **Three Bears Bran** remains unchanged. Specify the test statistic value and the p-value.
- (e) Assuming that the price of paul-se-pap and the price of **Three Bears Bran** are both R36 per box, estimate the mean number of boxes of paul-se-pap sold and calculate a 99% confidence interval for the mean number of boxes of paul-se-pap sold.
- (f) Use the Shapiro-Wilk test to verify whether the assumption that u_i follows a normal distribution is true.

Question 4

Consider the linear regression model from **Question 3**.

Use the matrix approach to regression analysis to answer the questions below.

- (a) Fit the linear regression model to the dataset using ordinary least squares regression.
- (b) Calculate and give the values of $\hat{\sigma}^2$, R^2 and \bar{R}^2 .
- (c) Test whether each of the regression coefficients is statistically significant. Specify the test statistic values and the *p*-values.
- (d) Test whether the overall regression model is statistically significant. Specify the test statistic value and the *p*-value.