

تراسل البيانات

9:11

الإثنين 28/6/2021

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Faculty of Computers & Information, Assiut University

2nd Level

Final Exam

Duration: 2 hours

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\* الإسم الرباعي (بالعربي فقط)

ماريا سامح الفونس قزمان

2

\* رقم الجلوس

1620195209

3

\* المستوى

- ☐ الاول
- ☒ الثاني
- ☐ الثالث
- ☐ رابعة 2013
- ☐ رابعة 2014
- ☐ رابعة 2015
- ☐ رابعة 2016
- ☐ رابعة 2017

4

\* البرنامج

- ☐ عام
- ☒ بايو
- ☐ هندسة

5

\* رقم المعمل

- ☐ ج•
- ☐ د•
- ☐

- ☐ ا ب
- ☐ ا د
- ☐ ا هـ
- ☐ أ٢
- ☐ ب٢
- ☐ ج٢
- ☐ د٢
- ☐ هـ٢
- ☐ أ٣
- ☐ ب٣
- ☒ ج٣
- ☐ د٣
- ☐ هـ٣
- ☐ أ٤
- ☐ ب٤

6

\* رقم الكمبيوتر

19

7

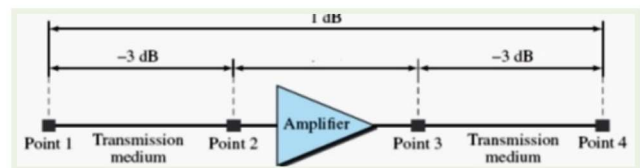
\* الكود (قد تمت مراجعة بيانات الطالب ورقم الجلوس)

8

In PCM, if a lowpass analog signal has a bandwidth of 4 kHz, then it needs a minimum sampling frequency of  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ 4 kHz
- ☒ 8 kHz
- ☐ 6 kHz

9



Between point 1 and point 4, the signal is amplified by 1 dB and if the signal between points 1 and 2 and between 3 and 4 are attenuated by -3 dB and -3 dB, then, the amplifier gain in dB is  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ 5 dB
- ☐ -5 dB
- ☒ 7 dB

10

A network is  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒ the interconnection of a set of devices capable of communication.
- ☐ the interconnection of only two devices capable of communication.
- ☐ the interconnection of only three devices capable of communication.

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The maximum bit rate for a channel of bandwidth of 100 kHz is  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒ 100 kbps
- ☐ 200 kbps
- ☐ 400 kbps

12

Full-duplex data flow means  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ only one of the two devices/stations on a link can transmit.
- ☒ both devices/stations on a link can transmit and receive simultaneously.
- ☐ each device/station on a link can both transmit and receive, but not at the same time.

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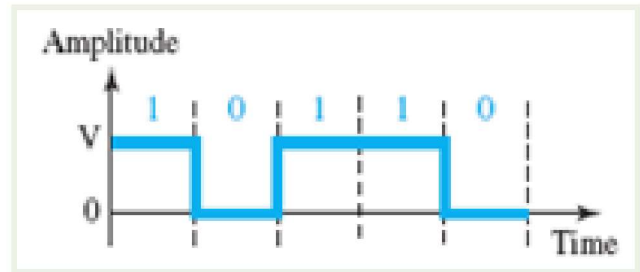
A single sine wave is fully determined by  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ amplitude.
- ☐ amplitude and frequency.



☒ amplitude, frequency and phase.

14



The signal in the opposite figure is generated by  
(2.5 Points)

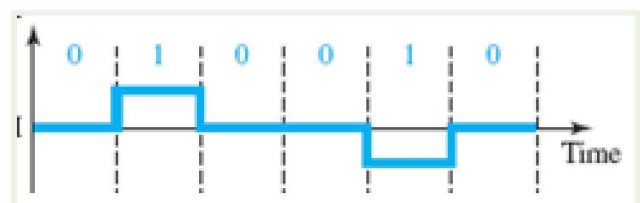
- ☒ unipolar NRZ line coding scheme.
- ☐ bipolar RZ line coding scheme.
- ☐ . unipolar RZ line coding scheme.

15

Signal distortion means that the signal changes its  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ form or shapes.
- ☒ phase.
- ☐ delay.

16



The signal in the opposite figure is generated by  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ unipolar NRZ line coding scheme.
- ☒ AMI line coding scheme.
- ☐ unipolar RZ line coding scheme.

17

Performance of a network is measured by  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ transit and response time.
- ☒ transit, response and delay times and throughput
- ☐ throughput and delay.

18

Data communication is the exchange of..... between two persons via some form of transmission media such as fiber-optic cable.  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒ data
- ☐ text and images
- ☐ numbers and audio

19

Line coding is the process of  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ converting digital signal to digital data.
- ☒ converting digital data to digital signal.
- ☐ converting analog signal to digital data.

20

A periodic signal is decomposed into five sine waves with frequencies of 100, 300, 500, 700, and 900 Hz, then, the bandwidth is  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ 700 Hz
- ☐ 500 Hz
- ☒ 800 Hz

21

We need to send 265 kbps over a noiseless channel with a bandwidth of 20 kHz., then, we need the following number of signal levels  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ 98.7 levels
- ☒ 128 levels
- ☐ 64 levels



22

In a telephone line the bandwidth is 3 kHz and the SNR= 3162, the channel capacity is  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ 34,860 baud
- ☒ 34,860 bps
- ☐ 32,860 bps

23

In data communications, our goal is to  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒ increase data element rate and decrease signal element rate.
- ☐ decrease data element rate and decrease signal element rate.
- ☐ decrease data element rate and increase signal element rate.

24

For a good performance of a network we need  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ more throughput and less delay.
- ☒ less throughput and less delay.
- ☐ less throughput and more delay.

25

Analog data is the one that has  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ infinite number of levels.
- ☐ finite number of levels.
- ☒ discrete frequency spectrum.

26

The telecommunication technology includes  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ Telephony and Telegraphy
- ☐ Radio set and Television.
- ☒ All in a and. b

27

In Star topology of a network of N devices, we need number of physical links of  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒ N.
- ☐  $N/2$ .
- ☐ N in addition to a hub.

28

A signal with constant +5 volt can be represented by a single sine wave having  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ amplitude of 5, 0 frequency and arbitrary phase.
- ☒ amplitude of 5, 0 frequency, and  $\pi/2$  phase.
- ☐ amplitude of 5, 0 frequency, and 0 phase.

29

A radio sine wave with frequency  $4 \times 10^{14}$  Hz has a wavelength equal to  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒  $0.75 \times 10^{-6}$  m.
- ☐  $0.75 \times 10^{-6}$  m/sec.
- ☐  $2 \times 10^{-6}$  m.

30

A data communications system consists of the following components  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ a sender and a receiver.
- ☐ messages and protocol.
- ☒ All in a and b in addition to the transmission medium.

31

In noiseless channel the maximum bit rate (bps) that can be transmitted on this channel with bandwidth B is given by  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒  $2 \times B \times \log_2(L)$
- ☐  $B \times \log_2(L)$
- ☐  $4 \times B \times \log_2(L)$

32

The term data refers to  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ text, images and video.
- ☒ information presented in whatever form is agreed upon by the parties creating and using the data.
- ☐ Numbers and Audio.

33

The bit rate (bps), called the channel capacity, for the noisy channel with B bandwidth and SNR is given by  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐  $B \times \log_2(1 + 2 \times \text{SNR})$
- ☐  $2B \times \log_2(1 + 2 \times \text{SNR})$
- ☒  $B \times \log_2(1 + \text{SNR})$

34

If a composite signal is non-periodic, the decomposition gives a series of sinusoids with  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒ continuous frequencies
- ☐ discrete frequencies
- ☐ discrete phases

35

In Bus topology of a network of N devices, we need number of physical links of  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ N drop lines.
- ☒ N drop lines and a long cable acting as a backbone.
- ☐ long cable acting as a backbone.

36

A physical Layer is responsible for  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒ converting digital data into signal.
- ☐ converting signal into digital data.
- ☐ both converting digital data into signal and signal into digital data.

37

A digital signal has nine levels, the number of bits needed per level is  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒ 4 bits
- ☐ 3 bits
- ☐ 5 bits

38

In Mesh topology of a network of N devices, we need a number of physical links of  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒  $\cdot N(N-1)/2$
- ☐  $N^2/2$ .
- ☐ N

39

A signal is carrying data in which one data element is encoded as two signal element. If the bit rate is 100 kbps and  $c$  is between 0 and 1, the average value of the baud rate is  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ 200 kbaud
- ☒ 100 kbaud
- ☐ 50 kbaud

40

Bandwidth of a composite signal is  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒ the difference between the highest and lowest frequencies contained in the signal.
- ☐ the highest frequency contained in the signal.
- ☐ twice the highest frequency contained in the signal.

41

A sine wave with amplitude of 10 and frequency of 200 Hz. shows in frequency domain  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ two lines with amplitude 10, one at frequency 200 Hz and the other is at 400 Hz.
- ☐ one line with amplitude 10 at frequency 400 Hz.
- ☒ one line with amplitude 10 at frequency 200 Hz.

42

Reliability of an network is measured by  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ the frequency of failure.
- ☐ the time it takes to recover from failure.
- ☒ both the frequency of failure and the time it takes to recover from failure.

43

A digitized voice channel is made by digitizing a 4-kHz bandwidth analog voice signal, the sampling frequency is 8 kHz and each sample requires 8 bits. Thus, the bit rate is  
(2.5 Points)

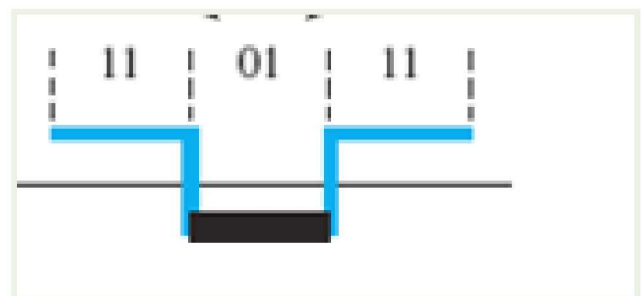
- ☒ 32 Kbps
- ☐ 64 kbps
- ☐ 128 kbps

44

If a composite signal is periodic, the decomposition gives a series of sinusoids with  
(2.5 Points)

- ☐ continuous frequencies.
- ☒ discrete frequencies
- ☐ discrete phases

45



In the opposite signal due to line coding, r is equal to  
(2.5 Points)

- ☒ 2



☐ 4/3

☐ 1/2

46

A periodic signal is the one that repeats the same pattern every measurable ..... called a period.

(2.5 Points)

☒ time

☐ amplitude

☐ frequency

47

The power of a signal is 10 mW and the power of the noise is 1μW; then, the values of SNR and SNRdB, respectively, are

(2.5 Points)

☒ SNR=10000 and SNRdB=40 dB.

☐ SNR=10000 and SNRdB=80 dB.

☐ SNR=10000 and SNRdB=-40 dB.

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