نظم التشغيل 12:2 الخميس 24/6/2021 أ.د. خالد فتحي



Faculty of Computers & Information, Assiut University 3rd Level Final Exam Duration: 2 hours

1

* الإسم الرباعي (بالعربي فقط)

محمد صبري رجب عبدالله

2

* رقم الجلوس

162018135

* المستوي

- الاول 🌕
- الثاني 🔵
- الثالث 🌑
- رابعة 2013 🔵
- رابعة 2014 🌕
- رابعة 2015 🦳
- رابعة 2016 🔵
- رابعة 2017 🦳

4

* البرنامج

- عام 🌑
- بايو 🔵
- هندسة 🔵

5

* رقم المعمل

- •ج 🔾
- O 7•

اب 🍑		
اد 🔾		
اه		
े ाँ		
اب (
ر ≥د		
٦د 🔾		
٦هـ 🔾		
☐ im		
۳ب (
۳ج 🔘		
∞د ⊚		
٣هـ 🔘		
ls ls		
3ب (
6		
* رقم الكمبيوتر		
NO 800		
19		

* الكود (قد تمت مراجعة بيانات الطالب ورقم الجلوس)

yl4D
8
Which of the following scheduling algorithms gives minimum average waiting time? (2 Points)
FCFS
SJF
Priority
Round – robin
The first fit has the and word fit are strategies to calcute
The first fit, best fit and worst fit are strategies to select a (2 Points)
process from a queue to put in memory
processor to run the next process
free hole from a set of available holes
all of the mentioned
10
If a process is executing in its critical section, then no other processes can be executing in their critical section. What is this condition called? (2 Points)

critical exclusion

asynchronous exclusion
synchronous exclusion
mutual exclusion
11
DMA is used for (2 Points)
High speed devices
Low speed devices
Utilizing CPU cycles
All of the mentioned
12
Given a FIFO scheduler, what is the average response time of the four jobs (2 Points)

Process	Arrival Time	Processing '
A	0	4
В	1	5
С	2	4
D	3	2

6		1		5
		7	٠	J

13

A small computer has 3 page frames. A process makes the following list of page references: 1,2,3,4,2,1,5,6,7,6,3,2,1,2,3,6. How many page faults using optimal page replacement algorithm? (2 Points)

8



⁵

^{6.5}

^{0 8}

None of the mentioned

O 12
O 14
None of the mentioned
14
The number of processes completed per unit time is known as(2 Points)
Capacity
Output
Efficiency
Throughput
15
The real difficulty with SJF in short term scheduling is(2 Points)
it is too good an algorithm
knowing the length of the next CPU request
it is too complex to understand
one of the mentioned
16
What is a short-term scheduler? (2 Points)

It selects which process must be brought into the ready queue
It selects which process must be executed next and allocates CPU
It selects which process must be removed from memory by swapping
None of the mentioned
17
Suppose that a process is in "Blocked" state waiting for some I/O service. When the service is completed, it goes to the(2 Points)
Terminated state
Ready state
Running state
Suspended state
18
Which one of the following is a synchronization tool? (2 Points)
thread
socket
semaphore
O pipe

A system	is	in a	safe	state	only	if	there	exists	a	
(2 Points)										

- safe allocation
- safe resource
- safe sequence
- all of the mentioned

20

Assume Quantum value two, given a RR scheduler, what is the response time of job B? (2 Points)

Process	Arrival Time	Processing '
A	0	4
В	1	5
С	2	4
D	3	2

O 0	
O 1	
2	
<u>3</u>	
None of the mentioned	
21	
What is interprocess communication? (2 Points)	
communication within the process	
communication between two processes	
communication between two threads of same process	
none of the mentioned	
22	
The following system of four processes with two reals of the availability vector is [2 3], is the system above	
(2 Points)	
Current allocation matrix:	Current request mate
P ₁ 1 3	P ₁ 1 2
P ₂ 4 1	P ₂ 4 3
P ₃ 1 2	P ₃ 1 7
P4 2 0	P4 5 1

Yes

O No

When the process issues an I/O request (2 Points)
It is placed in a waiting queue
It is placed in the Job queue
It is placed in an I/O queue
It is placed in the ready queue
24
Necessary conditions for deadlock are (2 Points)
onon-preemption and circular wait
Mutual exclusion
both (a) and (b)
onone of the above
25
If no cycle exists in the resource allocation graph(2 Points)
then the system will not be in a safe state
then the system will be in a safe state
all of the mentioned
onone of the mentioned

Which algorithm	is	defined	in	Time	quantum?
(2 Points)					

round robin scheduling algorithm
shortest job scheduling algorithm
multilevel queue scheduling algorithm
priority scheduling algorithm
27
Program always deals with (2 Points)
physical address
relative address
logical address
absolute address
28
What is 'Aging'? (2 Points)
keeping track of cache contents
keeping track of how many times a given page is referenced
keeping track of what pages are currently residing in memory

increasing the priority of jobs to ensure termination in a finite time
The wait-for graph is a deadlock detection algorithm that is applicable when (2 Points)
all resources have a single instance
all resources have multiple instances
all resources have a single 7 multiple instances
all of the mentioned
30
Round robin scheduling falls under the category of(2 Points)
Non-preemptive scheduling
Preemptive scheduling
All of the mentioned
None of the mentioned
31
When several processes access the same data concurrently and the outcome of the execution depends on the order in which the access takes place is called
(2 Points)
race condition

	critical condition
	essential condition
	dynamic condition
	32
-	is generally faster than and (2 Points)
	first fit, best fit, worst fit
	best fit, first fit, worst fit
	worst fit, best fit, first fit
	none of the mentioned
	33
1	Which of the following conditions must be satisfied to solve the critical section problem? (2 Points)
	Mutual Exclusion
	Progress
	Bounded Waiting
	All of the mentioned
	34

Assuming the above process being scheduled with the SJF scheduling algorithm (non-preemptive). The waiting time for process C is: (2 Points)

Process	Arrival Time	Processing '
A	0	4
В	1	5
С	2	4
D	3	2

	2
	,
	-

None of the mentioned

35

The offset 'd' of the logical address must be ______(2 Points)

- greater than the segment number
- greater than segment limit
- between 0 and segment limit

^{0 4}

⁶

⁸

between 0 and the segment number
36
What is compaction? (2 Points)
a technique for overcoming external fragmentation
a technique for overcoming fatal error
a paging technique
a technique for overcoming internal fragmentation
37
In contiguous memory allocation(2 Points)
each process is contained in a single contiguous section of memory
all processes are contained in a single contiguous section of memory
the memory space is contiguous
onone of the mentioned
38
Virtual memory is (2 Points)
an illusion of an extremely large memory
an extremely large secondary memory

an extremely large main memory
a type of memory used in super computers
39
A small computer has 3 page frames. A process makes the following list of page references: 1,2,3,4,2,1,5,6,7,6,3,2,1,2,3,6. How many page faults using FIFO algorithm? (2 Points)
O 8
O 10
12
O 14
None of the mentioned
40
Every address generated by the CPU is divided into two parts. They are
(2 Points)
frame bit & page number
page number & page offset
page offset & frame bit
frame offset & page offset

If a physical address is 32 bits and each page is 32KB, the top bits exactly designate the physical page number (2 Points)

- 0 10
- 17
- 19
- 32

42

The following system of four processes with two resources: If the availability vector is [2 5], is the system above deadlocked? (2 Points)

Current allocation matrix:	Current request matr
P ₁ 1 3	P ₁ 1 2
P ₂ 4 1	P ₂ 4 3
P ₃ 1 2	P ₃ 1 7
P ₄ 2 0	P ₄ 5 1

Yes

No

43

The run time mapping from virtual to physical addresses is done by a hardware device called the ______(2 Points)

Virtual to physical mapper
Memory management unit
Memory mapping unit
None of the mentioned
44
A small computer has 3 page frames. A process makes the following list of page references: 1,2,3,4,2,1,5,6,7,6,3,2,1,2,3,6. How many page faults using least-recently-used (LRU) algorithm? (2 Points)
8
<u> </u>
12
<u> </u>
None of the mentioned
45
A set of processes is deadlock if (2 Points)
each process is blocked and will remain so forever
each process is terminated
all processes are trying to kill each other
one of the mentioned

is always used

What is the degree of multiprogramming? (2 Points)
the number of processes in memory
the number of processes in the I/O queue
the number of processes in the ready queue
the number of processes executed per unit time
47
When high priority task is indirectly preempted by medium priority task effectively inverting the relative priority of the two tasks, the scenario is called
(2 Points)
priority modification
priority removal
priority inversion
priority exchange
48
In internal fragmentation, memory is internal to a partition and(2 Points)
is being used
is not being used

none of the mentioned
49
Which of the following scheduling policy is well suited for a time-shared operating system? (2 Points)
Round robin
Elevator
FCFS
Shortest job first
50
A binary semaphore is a semaphore with integer values(2 Points)
<u>-2</u>
O 2
1
51
What is a long-term scheduler? (2 Points)
It selects processes which must be brought into the ready queue
It selects processes which must be executed next and allocates CPU

It selects processes which must be removed from memory by swapping
None of the mentioned
52
A process is selected from the queue by the scheduler, to be executed (2 Points)
wait, long term
blocked, short term
ready, long term
ready, short term
53
In operating system, each process has its own (2 Points)
address space and global variables
open files
pending alarms, signals, and signal handlers
all of the mentioned
54
What is Response time? (2 Points)
the total time taken from the submission time till the completion time

	the total time taken from the submission time till the first response is produced
	the total time taken from submission time till the response is output
	none of the mentioned
	55
	In Operating Systems, which of the following is/are CPU scheduling algorithms? (2 Points)
	Round Robin
	Shortest Job First
	Priority
	All of the mentioned
	56
	The address generated by the CPU is referred to as(2 Points)
	Physical address
	Logical address
	Neither physical nor logical
	None of the mentioned
	57
į	The interval from the time of submission of a process to the time of completion is termed as (2 Points)

throughput
turnaround time
response time
waiting time

This content is created by the owner of the form. The data you submit will be sent to the form owner. Microsoft is not responsible for the privacy or security practices of its customers, including those of this form owner. Never give out your password.

Powered by Microsoft Forms | Privacy and cookies | Terms of use