TP4-SOLUTION

Object-oriented programming

(inheritance)

```
Exercise 01:
class Shape {
  private String color;
  private boolean filled;
  public Shape() {
    color = "red";
    filled = true;
  }
  public Shape(String color, boolean filled) {
    this.color = color;
    this.filled = filled;
  }
  public String getColor() {
    return color;
  }
  public void setColor(String color) {
    this.color = color;
  }
  public boolean isFilled() {
    return filled;
```

```
}
  public void setFilled(boolean filled) {
    this.filled = filled;
  }
  public String toString() {
    return "Shape[color=" + color + ", filled=" + filled + "]";
  }
}
class Circle extends Shape {
  private double radius;
  public Circle() {
    radius = 1.0;
  }
  public Circle(double radius,String color, boolean fill) {
    super(color,fill);
    this.radius = radius;
  }
  public double getRadius() {
    return radius;
  }
  public void setRadius(double radius) {
    this.radius = radius;
```

```
}
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return "Circle[Shape[color=" + getColor() + ", filled=" + isFilled() + "], radius=" + radius + "]";
  }
}
class Rectangle extends Shape {
  private double width;
  private double length;
  public Rectangle() {
    width = 1.0;
    length = 1.0;
  }
  public Rectangle(double width, double length) {
    this.width = width;
    this.length = length;
  }
  public double getWidth() {
    return width;
  }
  public void setWidth(double width) {
    this.width = width;
  }
```

```
public double getLength() {
    return length;
  }
  public void setLength(double length) {
    this.length = length;
  }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return "Rectangle[Shape[color=" + getColor() + ", filled=" + isFilled() + "], width=" + width + ",
length=" + length + "]";
 }
}
Exercise 02:
// Parent class Computer
class Computer {
  protected String brand;
  public Computer(String brand) {
    this.brand = brand;
  }
  public void boot() {
    System.out.println("Starting the computer...");
  }
  public void shutdown() {
    System.out.println("Shutting down the computer...");
  }
```

```
}
// Child class Laptop inheriting from Computer
class Laptop extends Computer {
  private double screenSize;
  public Laptop(String brand, double screenSize) {
    super(brand);
    this.screenSize = screenSize;
  }
  public void sleepMode() {
    System.out.println("Sleep mode for the laptop...");
  }
}
// Child class SmartPhone inheriting from Computer
class SmartPhone extends Computer {
  private String operatingSystem;
  public SmartPhone(String brand, String operatingSystem) {
    super(brand);
    this.operatingSystem = operatingSystem;
  }
  public void call() {
    System.out.println("Making a call from the smartphone...");
  }
}
```

```
// Main class to demonstrate inheritance
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Create instances of Laptop and SmartPhone
    Laptop laptop = new Laptop("Dell", 15.6);
    SmartPhone phone = new SmartPhone("Apple", "iOS");
    // Demonstrate methods of Laptop and SmartPhone
    laptop.boot();
                      // Output: Starting the computer...
    laptop.sleepMode(); // Output: Sleep mode for the laptop...
    phone.boot();
                      // Output: Starting the computer...
    phone.call();
                     // Output: Making a call from the smartphone...
  }
}
Exercise 03:
// Person.java
// Parent class Person
public class Person {
  private String firstName;
  private String lastName;
  public Person(String firstName, String lastName) {
    this.firstName = firstName;
    this.lastName = lastName;
  }
  public String getFirstName() {
    return firstName;
```

```
}
  public String getLastName() {
    return lastName;
  }
}
// Employee.java
// Child class Employee
public class Employee extends Person {
  private int employeeld;
  private String jobTitle;
  public Employee(String firstName, String lastName, int employeeId, String jobTitle) {
    super(firstName, lastName);
    this.employeeId = employeeId;
    this.jobTitle = jobTitle;
  }
  public int getEmployeeId() {
    return employeeld;
  }
  @Override
  public String getLastName() {
    return super.getLastName() + ", " + jobTitle;
  }
}
// Main.java
// Main class
public class Main {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Employee employee1 = new Employee("Kortney", "Rosalee", 4451, "HR Manager");
    System.out.println(employee1.getFirstName() + " " + employee1.getLastName() + " (" +
employee1.getEmployeeId() + ")");
    Employee employee2 = new Employee("Junior", "Philipa", 4452, "Software Manager");
    System.out.println(employee2.getFirstName() + " " + employee2.getLastName() + " (" +
employee2.getEmployeeId() + ")");
}
```

Exercise 04:

Write a Java program to create a class known as "BankAccount" with methods called deposit() and withdraw(). Create a subclass called SavingsAccount that overrides the withdraw() method to prevent withdrawals if the account balance falls below one hundred.

```
// BankAccount.java
// Parent class BankAccount
import java.util.Random;
public class BankAccount {
    private String accountNumber;
    private double balance;

public BankAccount(double balance) {
        this.accountNumber = generateAccountNumber();
        this.balance = balance;
    }

public String getAccountNumber() {
        return accountNumber;
    }

private String generateAccountNumber() {
```

```
Random random = new Random();
    int number = random.nextInt(90000000) + 10000000; // Generates a random number between
10000000 and 99999999
    return String.format("%08d", number); // Formats the number as 8 digits with leading zeros if
necessary
  }
  public void deposit(double amount) {
    balance += amount;
  }
  public void withdraw(double amount) {
    if (balance >= amount) {
      balance -= amount;
    } else {
      System.out.println("Insufficient balance");
    }
  }
  public double getBalance() {
    return balance;
  }
}
// SavingsAccount.java
// Child class SavingsAccount
public class SavingsAccount extends BankAccount {
  public SavingsAccount(String accountNumber, double balance) {
    super(accountNumber, balance);
  }
  @Override
```

```
public void withdraw(double amount) {
    if (getBalance() - amount < 100) {
      System.out.println("Minimum balance of $100 required!");
    } else {
      super.withdraw(amount);
    }
  }
}
// Main.java
// Main class
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
System.out.println("Create a Bank Account object with initial balance of $500:");
//Create a BankAccount object with initial balance of $500
BankAccount BA1234 = new BankAccount(500);
// Deposit $1000 into account BA1234
System.out.println("Deposit $1000 into account BA1234:");
BA1234.deposit(1000);
System.out.println("New balance after depositing $1000: $" + BA1234.getBalance());
// Withdraw $600 from account BA1234
System.out.println("Withdraw $600 from account BA1234:");
BA1234.withdraw(600);
System.out.println("New balance after withdrawing $600: $" + BA1234.getBalance());
// Create a SavingsAccount object with initial balance of $450
System.out.println("\nCreate a SavingsAccount object with initial balance of $450:");
SavingsAccount SA1234 = new SavingsAccount(450);
// Withdraw $300 from SA1234
SA1234.withdraw(300);
System.out.println("Balance after trying to withdraw $300: $" + SA1234.getBalance());
// Create a SavingsAccount object with initial balance of $300
```

```
System.out.println("\nCreate a SavingsAccount object with initial balance of $300:");

SavingsAccount SA1000 = new SavingsAccount(300);

// Withdraw $250 from SA1000 (balance falls below $100)

System.out.println("Try to withdraw $250 from SA1000!");

SA1000.withdraw(250);

System.out.println("Balance after trying to withdraw $250: $" + SA1000.getBalance());

}
```