Object-oriented programming

(Classes, objetcs, constructors)

SOLUTION

Exercise 01:

```
In the same main file:
```

```
class Point{
  private char nom;
  private double abs;
  public Point (char c, double x){
  nom=c;
  abs=x;}
  public void affiche()
  {
  System.out.println("The "+nom+" Point with abscissa= "+abs);}
 public void translate(double dx) {
   abs+=dx;
 }
}
public class YourProject {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Point a =new Point('c',2.5);
    a.affiche();
    a.translate(7);
    a.affiche();
}
```

Exercise 02:

```
Main:
class Distance {
  public double x;
  public double y;
  Distance(double x, double y)
  {
    this.x = x;
    this.y = y;
  }
  public double getX()
    return x;
  }
  public double getY()
    return y;
  }
  public double distanceCalcule(Distance p)
    double px = this.x - p.x;
    double py = this.y - p.y;
    return Math.sqrt(Math.pow(px,2)+ py * py);
  }
}
public class YourProject {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    Distance p1 = new Distance(5, 6);
   Distance p2 = new Distance(3, 2);
   System.out.println("P1 ("+ p1.x +","+ p1.y +")");
   System.out.println("P2 ("+ p2.x +","+ p2.y +")");
   System.out.println("The distance between P1 and P2 is: "+p1.distanceCalcule(p2));
}
Exercise 03:
Main:
public class MyCircle {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 Cercle c1=new Cercle();
 System.out.println("The surface of the circle that has rayon:"+c1.rayon+" is "+c1.getSurface());
 //calculate the surface of the circle with rayon=25
 Circle c2=new Circle(25);
 System.out.println("The surface of the circle that has rayon:"+c2.rayon+" is "+c2.getSurface());
 //calculate the surface of the circle with rayon=125
 Cercle c3=new Cercle(125);
 System.out.println("The surface of the circle that has rayon:"+c3.rayon+" is "+c3.getSurface());
 // Modify the rayon of the second object
 c2. rayon = 100; // ou c2.setRayon (100)
 System.out.println("The Perimeter of the circle that has rayon = "+ c2. rayon + "is"
 +c2.getPerimetre());
}
Class:
public class Circle {
   double rayon;
```

```
/** constructor with raduis=1 */
  Circle(){
  rayon = 1;
 }
/** Constructor with parameter **/
Circle( double nR) {
rayon = nR;
}
/** return the surface of the circle**/
double getSurface() {
return Math.pow(rayon, 2)* Math.PI; //rayon*rayon
}
/** Return the perimetre of the circle **/
double getPerimetre() {
return 2 * rayon * Math.PI; // Math.pow(rayon,2)
}
/** Give the radius new value **/
void setRayon( double nR) {
rayon = nR;
}
}
```

Exercise 04:

Main:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Matrice{
public static void main (String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter the number of rows: ");
    int rows = scanner.nextInt();
    System.out.print("Enter the number of columns: ");
    int cols = scanner.nextInt();
   Test m = new Test(rows, cols);
    m.Read_mat();
    m.Write_mat();
}
}
Class:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Test {
 int[][] tab; //int tab[][] = {\{0,0,0\},\{0,0,0\}\}; int [][] tab = new int [2][3];}
  Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
 // constructor that takes rows and cols as parameters
  Test(int rows, int cols) {
 tab = new int[rows][cols];
  }
// methods
for(int i = 0; i < tab.length; i++)</pre>
    for(int j = 0; j < tab[0].length; j++) {
System.out.print("tab [ " + i + ", " + j + " ] = ");
tab[i][j]=in.nextInt();
System.out.print(" ");
}
}
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < tab.length; i++)</pre>
 for(int j = 0; j < tab[0].length; j++)
 System.out.println("tab [ " + i + ", " + j + " ] = " + tab[i][j]);
 }
public double Sum_mat(){
  double som=0;
  for(int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
    for(int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
      som=tab[i][j]+som ;
      return som;
}
public double Max_mat(){
  double max=tab[0][0];
  for(int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
    for(int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
      if (tab[i][j]>max)
      { max=tab[i][j];
      }
  return max;
}
}
Exercise 05:
public class Tv {
  int channel=1; //channel by default is 1
  int volume=1;
  boolean on=false;
  public Tv(){}
```

```
public void turnOn(){
  on=true;
}
public void turnOff(){
on=false;
}
public void setChanel(int nCh){
  if(on && nCh >= 1 && nCh <= 120)
    channel=nCh;
}
public void setVolume(int nVol){
  if(on && nVol >= 1 && nVol <= 7)
    volume=nVol;
}
public void chanSup()
  if(on && channel <120)
    channel++;
}
 public void chanInf()
  if(on && channel >1)
    channel--;
}
public void volumeSup()
```

```
if(on && volume < 7)
      volume++;
  }
  public void volumeInf()
    if(on && volume >1)
      volume--;
  }
Main
public static void main(String[] args) {
Tv tv1= new Tv();
    tv1.turnOff();
    tv1.setChanel(30);
    tv1.setVolume(3);
    Tv tv2= new Tv();
    tv2.turnOn();
    tv2.chanSup();
    tv2.chanSup();
    tv2.chanSup();
    tv2.volumeSup();
    System.out.println("tv1 is setted in the channel"+tv1.channel+" and its volume is"+ tv1.volume);
    System.out.println("tv2 is setted in the channel"+tv2.channel+" and its volume is"+ tv2.volume);
}
Exercise 06:
Main:
public static void main(String[] args) {
    String name;
    int num = 0;
// Prompt the candidate to enter their name and a number
```

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("\nEnter your name: ");
    name = sc.next();
    System.out.println("\nEnter the quiz number: ");
    num = sc.nextInt();
    Quiz Q = new Quiz(name, num);
    Q.calculScore();
  }
public class Quiz {
  String nom;
  int val;
  //constructor
Quiz(String nom, int val){
this.nom=nom;
this.val=val;}
void calculScore(){
  int score =0;
  Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
  for(int i=1; i<=10; i++){
  System.out.print(i+ "X" + val +"=");
  int inputCandidat= sc.nextInt();
  int res= i*val;
  if(res==inputCandidat){
    System.out.print("Correct!\n");
    score++;
  }else{
  System.out.print("False!\n");
```

```
}
}
System.out.println(nom + "!" + "Your score is :" + score + "/10 \n \n");
}
```