

**Programmation orientée objet 2 (TP-05)**  
**Remote Method Invocation (RMI)**

**Method :**

**Step 1: Define the Interface**

Create an interface that extends java.rmi.Remote and declares the methods that you want to make remotely accessible.

```
import java.rmi.Remote; Hello.java
```

```
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
```

```
public interface Hello extends Remote {  
    String sayHello() throws RemoteException;  
}
```

**Step 2: Implement the Interface HelloImpl.php**

Create a class that implements the interface. This class will contain the actual implementation of the methods declared in the interface.

```
import java.rmi.RemoteException;
```

```
import java.rmi.server.UnicastRemoteObject;
```

```
public class HelloImpl extends UnicastRemoteObject implements Hello {  
    public HelloImpl() throws RemoteException {  
        super();  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public String sayHello() throws RemoteException {  
        return "Hello, World!";  
    }  
}
```

### Step 3: Create the Server HelloServer.php

Create a server class that registers the remote object with the RMI registry and waits for client requests.

```
import java.rmi.registry.LocateRegistry;
import java.rmi.registry.Registry;

public class HelloServer {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            // Create the remote object
            HelloImpl helloObj = new HelloImpl();

            // Bind the remote object to the registry
            Registry registry = LocateRegistry.createRegistry(1099);
            registry.bind("Hello", helloObj);

            /*You can write this way too

            Hello server = new Hello();
            Naming.rebind("rmi://localhost/Hello", server); */

            System.out.println("Server ready");
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.err.println("Server exception: " + e.toString());
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

### Step 4: Create the Client

Create a client class that looks up the remote object in the RMI registry and invokes its methods.

```
import java.rmi.registry.LocateRegistry;
import java.rmi.registry.Registry;
```

```
public class HelloClient {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        try {  
            // Look up the remote object from the registry  
            Registry registry = LocateRegistry.getRegistry("localhost", 1099);  
            Hello helloObj = (Hello) registry.lookup("Hello");  
  
            /* you can write it this way too  
            Hello helloObj = (Hello) Naming.lookup("rmi://localhost/Hello"); */  
  
            // Call the remote method  
            String message = helloObj.sayHello();  
            System.out.println("Message from server: " + message);  
        } catch (Exception e) {  
            System.err.println("Client exception: " + e.toString());  
            e.printStackTrace();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

#### Step 5: Compile and Run

##### Exercise 01 :

Implement a basic RMI server and client to perform arithmetic operations :

```
public interface Calculator extends Remote {  
    int add(int a, int b) throws RemoteException;  
    int subtract(int a, int b) throws RemoteException;  
    int multiply(int a, int b) throws RemoteException;  
    int divide(int a, int b) throws RemoteException;  
}
```

## Exercise 02 : Implement an RMI-based chat application.

### 1. Define the Remote Interface

Define a remote interface called ChatService that will define the methods available for sending and receiving messages in our chat application :

```
// Method for sending a message
```

```
void sendMessage(String message) throws RemoteException;
```

```
// Method for receiving a message
```

```
String receiveMessage() throws RemoteException;
```

### 2. Implement the Server(Implementation) The messages should be added to the list in sending Messages, and should be removed when sending messages

```
public ChatServer() throws RemoteException {  
    super();  
    messages = new ArrayList<>();  
}
```

### 3. Start the RMI Registry and Bind the Server (Name your register ChatService)

### 4. Implement the client :

```
import java.rmi.Naming;
```

```
public class ChatClient {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        try {  
            // Look up the remote ChatService object from the RMI registry  
            ChatService chatService = (ChatService) Naming.lookup("rmi://localhost/ChatService");  
  
            // Example usage: send a message to the server  
            chatService.sendMessage("Hello from client");  
  
            // Example usage: receive a message from the server  
            String message = chatService.receiveMessage();  
            System.out.println("Received message: " + message);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
    } catch (Exception e) {  
        System.err.println("Client exception: " + e.toString());  
        e.printStackTrace();  
    }  
}  
}
```