

NEURAL NETWORK



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1-Hebbian algorithm.

```
import numpy as np
   from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
 3 from prettytable import PrettyTable
 6 class MyHebbian:
       def __init__(self, n_iterations=1):
           self.epochs = n_iterations
           self.weights = None
           self.bias = None
       def fit(self, X, y):
           self.weights = np.zeros(X.shape[1])
           self.bias = 0
           for epoch in range(self.epochs):
               for i in range(X.shape[0]):
                   self.weights = self.weights + X[i] * y[i]
           pt.field_names = ['Final W1', 'Final W2', 'Final Bias']
           pt.add_row([self.weights[0], self.weights[1], self.bias])
           print(pt)
       def activation_function(self, activation):
           if activation >= 0:
               return 0
      def predict(self, X):
           y_pred = []
           for i in range(X.shape[0]):
               y_pred.append(self.activation_function(np.dot(self.weights, X[i]) + self.bias))
           return np.array(y_pred)
39 X = np.array([[1, 1], [1, 0], [0, 1], [0, 0]])
40 y = np.array([1, 0, 0, 0])
44 clf.fit(X, y)
45 y_pred = clf.predict(X)
46 print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y, y))
48 conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y, np.sign(y_pred))
49 print("Confusion Matrix:")
50 print(conf_matrix)
52 plt.figure()
53 plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=y)
54 plt.plot([0, -clf.bias / clf.weights[0]], [-clf.bias / clf.weights[1], 0], 'r--')
55 plt.title("Decision Boundary")
56 plt.xlabel("X1")
57 plt.ylabel("X2")
58 plt.show()
```

2-Perceptron Algorithm.

```
1 import numpy as np
   from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
   from prettytable import PrettyTable
 5 class MyPerceptron:
       def __init__(self, learning_rate=1, n_iterations=1):
           self.lr = learning_rate
           self.epochs = n_iterations
           self.weights = None
           self.bias = None
           self.weights = np.zeros(X.shape[1])
           self.bias = 0
           for epoch in range(self.epochs):
               for i in range(X.shape[0]):
                   y_pred = self.activation_function(np.dot(self.weights, X[i]) + self.bias)
                   self.weights = self.weights + self.lr * (y[i] - y_pred) * X[i]
                   self.bias = self.bias + self.lr * (y[i] - y_pred)
           pt.field_names = ['Final W1', 'Final W2', 'Final Bias']
           pt.add_row([self.weights[0], self.weights[1], self.bias])
           print(pt)
       def activation_function(self, activation):
           if activation > 0:
              return 1
               return 0
      def predict(self, X):
           y_pred=[]
           for i in range(X.shape[0]):
               y_pred.append(self.activation_function(np.dot(self.weights, X[i]) + self.bias))
           return np.array(y_pred)
42 X = np.array([[1, 1], [1, 0], [0, 1], [0, 0]])
43 y = np.array([1, -1, -1, -1])
45 clf = MyPerceptron()
48 y_pred = clf.predict(X)
49 print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y, y))
51 conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y, np.sign(y_pred))
52 print("Confusion Matrix:")
53 print(conf_matrix)
```

3-Adaline Algorithm.

```
from prettytable import PrettyTable
 3 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
       def __init__(self, learning_rate=0.1, n_iterations=5):
           self.lr = learning_rate
           self.epochs = n_iterations
           self.weights = None
           self.bias = None
       def fit(self, X, y):
           self.weights = np.array([0.1] * X.shape[1])
           self.bias = 0.1
           pt.field_names = ['Epoch', 'Final W1', 'Final W2', 'Final Bias', 'Total Error']
           for epoch in range(self.epochs):
               total_error = 0
               for i in range(X.shape[0]):
                   y_in = np.dot(self.weights, X[i]) + self.bias
                   error = y[i] - y_in
                   total_error += (y[i] - y_in) ** 2
                   self.weights = self.weights + self.lr * error * X[i]
               pt.add_row([epoch+1, self.weights[0], self.weights[1], self.bias, total_error])
           print(pt)
       def activation_function(self, activation):
           if activation >= 0:
       def predict(self, X):
           y_pred = []
           for i in range(X.shape[0]):
               y_pred.append(self.activation_function(np.dot(self.weights, X[i]) + self.bias))
           return np.array(y_pred)
43 X = np.array([[1, 1], [1, -1], [-1, 1], [-1, -1]])
44 y = np.array([1, 1, 1, -1])
46 clf = MyAdaline(n_iterations=5)
47 clf.fit(X, y)
49 y_pred = clf.predict(X)
50 print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y, np.sign(y_pred)))
52 conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y, np.sign(y_pred))
53 print("Confusion Matrix:")
54 print(conf_matrix)
```