```
#include <iostream>
şome of manipulations on bits of any number you can check it
int number,
uşing namespace std;
 count on bits in any integer number like 26 will give you 3 bits depends on its
binary representation
26 = 1 1 0 1 0 so on bits are 3
int count_on_bits(int number)
            int on_bits = 0;
while(number)
                        if((number & 1)) ++on_bits; // check if bit is on or off
number >>=1; // remove last bit you have checked it above
            return on_bits;
},
            below function can get any bit on or off of any number in binary representation
bool get_any_bit(int number, int indx)
            return ( ( number >> indx ) & 1);
below you can set any bit of any number to one and number will be changed to another value for ex 26\,=\,1\,\,1\,\,0\,\,1\,\,0 I need to set the third bit from right to be 1 then the number will be 30 instead of 26
int set_any_bit_to_1(int number, int indx)
            return (number | (1<<indx));
below you can set any bit of any number to zero and number will be changed to another value for ex 26 = 1\ 1\ 0\ 1 I need to set the fourth bit from right to be 0 then the number will be 18 instead of 26
int set_any_bit_to_0(int number, int indx)
            return (number & ~(1<<indx));
            below you can flip any bit of any number to zero if one and one if zero and number will be changed to another value for ex 26\, = 1\, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \, 10 \,
int flip_any_bit_to_opposite(int number, int indx)
            return (number ^ (1<<indx));
int main()
            // count bits of number
printf("Please Enter your number to count its on bits\n");
scanf("%d", &number);
printf("%d\n", count_on_bits(number));
            // get specific bit on or off
printf("Please Enter your two number to get specific bit on or off\n");
scanf("%d %d", &number, &indx);
if(get_any_bit(number,indx)) printf("This is bit is on ^__^\n");
else printf("sorry this is bit is off):\n");
           // set specific bit to 1 if its off printf("Please Enter your two number to set specific bit to be on\n"); scanf("%d %d", &number, &indx); printf("%d\n", set_any_bit_to_1(number,indx));
            // set specific bit to 0 if its on
```

```
printf("Please Enter your two number to set specific bit to be off\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &number, &indx);
    printf("%d\n", set_any_bit_to_0(number,indx));

    // flip specific bit
    printf("Please Enter your two number to flip specific bit\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &number, &indx);
    printf("%d\n", flip_any_bit_to_opposite(number,indx));

    return 0;
}
```