
Lec 4

sudden change of image contents formed by abutting two images consecutively*

0/1

wipe

cut

Dissolve

Not all of the above

الإجابة الصحيحة

cut

a replacement of the pixels in a region of the viewport with those from another image*

0/1

Dither Dissolve

interpolation

Crosss Dissolve

not all of the above

الإجابة الصحيحة

not all of the above

replaces every pixel with a mixture over time of the two images, gradually replacing the first by the second*

0/1

wipe

cut

Dissolve

Not all of the above

الإجابة الصحيحة

Dissolve

is often used for displaying monochrome images*

0/1

sampling

interpolation

Dithering

Not all of the above

الإجابة الصحيحة

Dithering

every pixel is affected gradually.*

0/1

Cross Dissolve

Dither Dissolve

الإجابة الصحيحة

Cross Dissolve

which one of the followig is a s-
Algorithm Lossles

*

0/1

JPEG

GIF

TIFF

PNG

الإجابة الصحيحة

GIF

which one of the is a only 8 bit (256) Colour image*

0/1

JPEG

GIF

TIFF

PNG

الإجابة الصحيحة

GIF

which one of the is a Lossy compression which allows user to set the desired level of quality/compression*

0/1

JPEG

GIF

TIFF

PNG

الإجابة الصحيحة

JPEG

stores many different types of images (e.g. , bit - map , grayscale , 8-bit & 24 - bit RGB , etc.)*

1/1

JPEG

GIF

TIFF

PNG

which one of the followig is a typically lostless format*

0/1

JPEG

GIF

TIFF

PNG

الإجابة الصحيحة

TIFF

which one of the followig is a support up to 48 bit per pixel*

0/1

JPEG

GIF

TIFF
PNG

الإجابة الصحيحة

PNG

Crosss Dissolve replaces every pixel with a mixture over time of the two images,
Suddenly replacing the first by the second*

0/1

true

False

الإجابة الصحيحة

False

TIFF is a s-Algorithm Lossles *

0/1

true

False

الإجابة الصحيحة

False

PNG is a support up to 48 bit per pixel*

0/1

true

False

الإجابة الصحيحة

true

Use a different threshold for each pixel of the block*

1/1

Floyd-Steinberg
Ordered Dithering

Pattern Dithering