1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53					
Sunday is:					
(a) 53/ 366 (b) 1,	/7 (c) 2/7	(d) 53/365			
2. A bag contains 3 red a	nd 2 blue marbles. A	marble is drawn at			
random. The probability of	of drawing a black bal	ll is:			
(a) 3/5 (b) 2/5	5 (c) 0/5	(d) 1/5			
3. The probability that it	will rain tomorrow is	0.85. What is the			
probability that it will not	rain tomorrow				
(a) 0.25 (b) 0.1	(c) 3/20	(d) none of these			
4. What is the probability					
(1, 2, 3,,15) is a mu	Itiple of 4?				
(a) 1/5 (b) 4/5	(c) 2/15	(d) 1/3			
5. What are the total out					
(a) 4 (b) 5	(c) 8	(d) 7			
6. The probability that a		• •			
numbers (1,2,3,35	-				
(a) 12/35 (b)	<mark>11/35</mark> (c) 13/35	(d) none of these			
7. The sum of the probab					
	(c) 0 (d) nor				
8. The following probabi					
for that which is not poss					
-	(c) 7/5	(d) none of these.			
9. If three coins are tosse		• •			
getting at least two heads		,			
(a) 1/4 (b) 3/8		(d) 1/8			
10. A letter is chosen at					
♦ASSASSINATION♦. Th					
		(d) none of these.			
	(5)	()			
11. A dice is thrown. Find	the probability of get	tting an even number.			
	(C) 5/6	•			
(-)		(-) -/ -			
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of					
getting both heads.					
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4 (C)	<mark>1/2</mark> (D) 0				
13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a					

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sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/9	(D) 4/	'9		
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number.						
• • •		(C) 1/4	(D)	29/100		
15. A bag contains 5 red balls and some blue balls .If the probability of drawing a blue ball is double that of a red ball, then the number of blue balls in a bag is:						
(A) 5	(B) 10 (C	C) 15	(D) 20			
16. A box of 600 bulbs contains 12 defective bulbs. One bulb is taken out at random from this box. Then the probability that it is non-defective bulb is:  (A) 143/150  (B) 147/150  (C) 1/25  (D) 1/50						
, ,		, ,		(D) 1/50		
17. Cards marked with numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box randomly, then the probability that the number on card is a perfect square.  (A) 9/100 (B) 1/10 (C) 3/10 (D) 19/100						
<b>18.</b> What is the probability of getting <b>53</b> Mondays in a leap year? (A) 1/7 (B) <b>53/366</b> (C) 2/7 (D) 7/366						
19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit.  (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13						
20. A game of chance consists of spinning an arrow which is equally likely to come to rest pointing to one of the number 1,2,312 ,then the probability that it will point to an odd number is:  (A) 1/6 (B) 1/12 (C) 7/12 (D) 5/12						
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that Aryan will lose the game.  (A) 3/4 (B) 1/2 (C) 1 (D) 1/4						

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is the same birthday is:							
(A) 364/365	(B) 31/365	(C) 1/365	(D) 1/133225				
23. A number $x$ is chosen at random from the numbers -2, -1, 0, 1, 2. Then the probability that $x^2 < 2$ is? (A) $1/5$ (B) $2/5$ (C) $3/5$ (D) $4/5$							
24. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some are red and others are white. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is red is 2/3, then the number of white marbles in the jar is:  (A) $10$ (B) $6$ (C) $8$ (D) $7$							
25. A number is selected at random from first 50 natural numbers. Then the probability that it is a multiple of 3 and 4 is: (A) $7/50$ (B) $4/25$ (C) $1/25$ (D) $2/25$							
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?							
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	(b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$	d) $\frac{4}{21}$				
27. Runs scored by batsman in 5 one day matches are 50, 70, 82, 93, and 20. The standard deviation is							
a) 25.79 b			d) 25.69				
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.							
a) 13, 15	b) 13, 18	c) 18, 15	d) 13, 16				
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is							
a) $^{1}/_{2}$	b) $^1\!/_3$ e between 0 and 3	c) 1/4 3. The value of E 27 d) '					
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5							

respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?

probability? a) $P(x) = 1$	he following va ? b)∑xF d) P(x)	P(x) = 3	one is not p	ossible in		
<b>33.If E(x) =</b> a) 2	<b>2 and E(z) = 4,</b> b) 6	then E(z -	•	) Insufficient data		
34.The cov	ariance of two i	ndepender	nt random va	riable is		
a) 1	b) 0	c) - 1	d	) Undefined		
35.If $\Sigma$ P(x) = $k^2$ – 8 then, the value of k is? a) 0 b) 1 c) 3 d) Insufficient data						
<b>36.If P(x) =</b> a) 1	<b>0.5 and x = 4, t</b> b) 0.5	hen E(x) = <u>c) 4</u>		) 2		
37.In a discrete probability distribution, the sum of all probabilities is always?  a) 0 b) Infinite c) 1 d) Undefined						
<b>38.If the probability of hitting the target is 0.4, find mean and variance.</b> a) 0.4, 0.24 b) 0.6, 0.24 c) 0.4, 0.16 d) 0.6, 0.16						
<b>39.If the probability that a bomb dropped from a place will strike the target is 60% and if 10 bombs are dropped, find mean and variance?</b> a) 0.6, 0.24 b) 6, 2.4 c) 0.4, 0.16 d) 4, 1.6						
<ul> <li>40. Find the mean of tossing 8 coins.</li> <li>a) 2</li> <li>b) 4</li> <li>c) 8</li> <li>d) 1</li> <li>41. What is the mean and variance for standard normal distribution?</li> </ul>						

d) 7

a) 3

b) 4

c) 5

						•		d varianc and varia	
							given by 2) - (E(X)	/ <mark>))</mark> 2	- · d) (E(X))2
						_	ven by <mark>) - (E(X))</mark>		d) (E(X))2
44. a) (			consta b) a		is	c) a/2	_ ·	d) 1	
<b>45.Variance of a constant 'a' is</b> . a) 0									
46.Find the mean and variance of X?									
	×	0	)	1		2	3	4	
	f(x)	1	/9	2/9		3/9	2/9	1/9	
a) 2, 4/3 b) 3, 4/3 c) 2, 2/3 d) 3, 2/3									
47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?									
	х	0	1	2	3				
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6				

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

c) 2.5

d) 3.5

b) 1.5

5

a) 0.5

b) npq

c) np2q

d) npq2

- 49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.**
- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx
- 50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**

- a)  $\sqrt{np}$  b)  $\sqrt{pq}$  c) (np)2 d)  $\sqrt{npq}$