

Input reading: 3pts | Initialization: 3 pts | Loop condition: 4 pts | Counters logic: 4 pts | Stop conditions: 3 | Final output: 3

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main () {
    int N, A, s, x, student = 1, count = 0, absent, present, cancelled, valid;
    printf ("Enter the total number of registered students");
    scanf ("%d", &N);
    printf ("Enter minimum attendance required");
    scanf ("%d", &A);
    printf ("Enter absence threshold");
    scanf ("%d", &s);
    while (student <= N or count == s) {
        printf ("Enter number of attended sessions");
        scanf ("%d", &x);
        if (x < A) {
            printf ("Considered absent");
            count++;
        } else {
            printf ("Considered present");
            student++;
        }
        absent = count;
        present = N - count;
        printf ("number of present students : %d", present);
        printf ("number of absent student : %d", absent);
        if (present < absent) {
            printf ("Exam cancelled");
        }
        else {
            printf ("Exam valid");
        }
        return 0;
    }
}

```

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```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int N, A, S, X, student = 1, count = 0, absent, present;
    printf("Enter the total number of registered students: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("Enter minimum attendance required: ");
    scanf("%d", &A);
    printf("Enter absence threshold: ");
    scanf("%d", &S);
    while (student <= N || count == 5)
    {
        printf("Enter number of attended sessions: ");
        scanf("%d", &x);
        if (x < A)
        {
            printf("Considered absent");
            count++;
        }

        else
        {
            printf("Considered Present");
            student++;
        }

    }

    absent = count;
    present = N - count;
    printf("number of present students: %d", present);
    printf("number of absent student: %d", absent);
    if (present < absent)
    {
        printf("Exam cancelled");
    }

    else
    {
        printf("Exam valid");
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Analyse :

Algorithmique :

- Condition `while` utilise `count == 5`. Pourquoi 5 ? Constante magique au lieu de `S`.
- Initialisation `student=1` OK.
- Logique correcte.

NOTE FINALE : 14 / 20

Feedback :

- **Appréciation globale : Moyen / Bon.**
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