

Input reading:3pts | Initialization:3 pts | Loop condition: 4 pts | Counters logic: 4 pts | Stop conditions: 3 | Final output:3

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main ( ) {
    int A, S, N, X, i ;
    int T = 0, R = 0 ;
    printf ( "enter the minimum attendance required \n" );
    scanf ( "%d", &A );
    printf ( "enter the absence threshold \n" );
    scanf ( "%d", &S );
    printf ( "enter total registered students" );
    scanf ( "%d", &N );
    for ( i = 1; i < N; i ++ ) {
        while ( S > T ) {
            printf ( "how many attendees does Student %d have?", i );
            scanf ( "%d", &X );
            if ( X >= A ) {
                R ++;
            }
            else {
                T ++;
            }
        }
    }
    if ( S > T ) {
        printf ( "present students are %d", R );
        printf ( "absent students are the total of %d", T );
        printf ( "session valid!" );
    }
    else {
        printf ( "session cancelled" );
    }
    return 0;
}

```

Copy 1

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main ( )
{
    int A, S, N, x, i ;
    int T = 0, R = 0 ;
    printf ( " enter the minimum attendance required \ n " ) ;
    scanf ( " %d ", & A ) ;
    printf ( " enter the absence thereshold \ n " ) ;
    scanf ( " %d ", & S ) ;
    printf ( " enter total registered students " ) ;
    scanf ( " %d ", & N ) ;
    for ( i = 1 ; i <N ; i ++ )
    {
        while ( S> T )
        {
            printf ( " how many attendes does student %d have ? ", x ) ;
            scanf ( " %d ", & x ) ;
            if ( x>= A )
            {
                R ++ ;
            }

            else
            {
                T ++ ;
            }

        }

    }

    if ( S> T )
    {
        printf ( " present students are %d ", R ) ;
        printf ( " absent students are the total of %d ", T ) ;
        printf ( " session valid ! " ) ;
    }

    else
    {
        printf ( " session cancelled " ) ;
    }

    return 0 ;
}
```

Analyse :

Algorithmique :

- Lecture N, A, S OK.
- Boucles imbriquées `for (i=1; i<N...)` et `while (S > T)`. Mauvais.
- `x` non initialisé avant usage dans `printf`.
- `scanf` OK.
- Logique interne correcte.
- Le `while` à l'intérieur du `for` est dangereux si S est grand.

NOTE FINALE : 09 / 20

Feedback :

- **Appréciation globale : Moyen.** Boucles imbriquées inappropriées.
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