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Ch07-1: Analytical ProgrammingCh07-2

تعليمات إلزامية : كتابة البرنامج كاملاً داخل main | يمنع استعمال المصفوقات، الدوال، break / continue

Input reading: 3pts | Initialization: 3 pts | Loop condition: 4 pts | Counters logic: 4 pts | Stop conditions: 3 | Final output: 3

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main ()
{
    int N, A, S, F, E, Y, O, X;
    int i;
    printf("Enter the total number of registered students: \n");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("Enter the minimum attendance required: \n");
    scanf("%d", &A);
    printf("Enter the absence threshold: ");
    scanf("%d", &S);
    for (i=1; i<=N; i++)
    {
        printf("Enter the number of attended sessions of the student %d: \n");
        scanf("%d", &X);
        if (X<A) // if less than A then E = 1
        {
            printf("the student %d is absent: \n", i);
            Y = Y + 1;
            printf("the number of absent student is: %d \n", Y);
            printf("the number of present student is: %d \n", E);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

else
 { printf("The student %d is present: \n", i);
 E = E + 1;
 printf("the number of absent students is: %d \n", Y);
 printf("the number of present students is: %d \n", E);
 }
 if (Y == S) // if equal to S
 { i = N; }
 }
 O = Y + E; // O is the total number of students
 printf("Total processed students are: %d \n", O);
 printf("The total number of absent students are: %d \n", Y);
 printf("The total number of present students are: %d \n", E);
 if (Y > S)
 { printf("The session is valid"); }
 else
 { printf("The session is cancelled"); }
 return 0;

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```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    int N, A, S, F, E, Y, O, X;
    int i;
    printf("Enter the total number of registered students: \n");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("Enter the minimum attendance required: \n");
    scanf("%d", &A);
    printf("Enter the absence threshold: ");
    scanf("%d", &S);
    for (i = 1; i <= N; i++)
    {
        printf("Enter the number of attended sessions of the student %d: \n", i);
        scanf("%d", &X);
        if (X < A)
        {
            printf("The student %d is absent: \n", i);
            Y = Y + 1;
            printf("the number of absent student is: %d \n", Y);
            printf("the number of present student is: %d \n", E);
        }
        else
        {
            printf("The student %d is present: \n", i);
            E = E + 1;
            printf("the number of absent student is: %d \n", Y);
            printf("the number of present students is: %d \n", E);
        }
        if (Y == S)
        {
            i = N;
        }
    }
    O = Y + E;
    printf("Total processed students are: %d \n", O);
    printf("the total number of absent students are: %d \n", Y);
    printf("the total number of present students are: %d \n", E);
    if (Y > S)
    {
        printf("the session is valid");
    }
    else
```

```
{  
    printf("the session is cancelled");  
}  
  
return 0;  
}
```

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Analyse :

Algorithmique :

- Boucle `for` OK.
- Logique interne OK.
- Arrêt : `if (Y == S) i = N.` (Force la fin de boucle). Correct.
- Variables non initialisées `Y, E` (accumulateurs). Grave en C.

NOTE FINALE : 13 / 20

Feedback :

- **Appréciation globale : Moyen.** Attention à l'initialisation.