Copy number : 24

تعليمات إلزامية : كتابة البرنامج كاملًا داخل main استعمال حلقة واحدة فقط | يمنع استعمال المصفوفات، الدوال، break / continue

Input reading:3pts| Initialization:3 pts |Loop condition: 4 pts |Counters logic: 4 pts |Stop conditions: 3|Final output:3

```
# includ << stdio.h>
  int main( ){
  int A, N, S ;
  printf ("read the number of attended sessions x");
  Scanf ("%d ", & x );
// rules for each student //
  if ( x <0){
  printf("The student is considerd absent") ;
   Scanf ( "%d \n", absent student );

  else
  printf ("the student is considerd present" );
   scanf ("%d\n", present student);
  }
  printf("%d\n" & x);

//Stop conditions//
  for (i = N)  S=5  {
     ("i = N ; i <= N ; i ++ );
     ("J= S ;  J<=N ; J++);
  }
  printf ("Sesion valid") ;
  printf ("Sesion canceled") ;
}  return 0;
```

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```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int A, N, S, x;
   printf("read the number of attended sessions x");
   scanf("%d", &x);
   // rules for each student if (x <0)
   {
       printf("The student is considered absent");
       scanf("%d", absents_student);
   }

   else
   {
       printf("the student is considered present");
       scanf("%d", present_student);
   }

   printf("%d", x);
   // stop conditions for (i = N)
   {
       // ...
   }

   printf("Sersion valid");
   printf("Sersion canceled");
   return 0;
}
```

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Analyse :

Algorithmique :

- Code fragmentaire.
- `if (x < 0)` : Condition étrange (devrait être `A`).
- `scanf("%d", absents_student)` : Utilise scanf en écriture ??
- Boucle `for (i = N)` syntaxiquement fausse.

NOTE FINALE : 02 / 20

Feedback :

- **Appréciation globale** : **Très Insuffisant**.