

Copy number : 9

تعليمات إلزامية : كتابة البرنامج كاملاً داخل main | استعمال حلقة واحدة فقط | يمنع استعمال المصفوفات، الدوال، break / continue

Input reading:3pts | Initialization:3 pts | Loop condition: 4 pts | Counters logic: 4 pts | Stop conditions: 3 | Final output:3

```
#include < stdio.h >
int main () {
    int N, A, S, X;
    int i, na=0, np;
    printf ("Enter the total number of registered
            students"); i;
    scanf ("%d", &N);
    for (i=1, i <= N, i++) {
        printf ("Student %d", i);
        scanf ("%d", &X);
        if (X < A) {
            na = na + 1;
        } else {
            np = np + 1;
        }
    }
    if (i==N || np == S)
        printf ("Stop the simulation");
    printf ("Present students is %d", np);
    printf ("Absent students is %d", na);
    if (na <= np)
        printf ("Valid");
    else ("Cancelled");
```

Copy 9

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int N, A, S, X;
    int i, na = 0, np;
    printf("Enter the total number of registered students: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    for (i = 1; i <= N; i++)
    {
        printf("student %d", i);
        scanf("%d", &X);
        if (X < A)
        {
            na = na + 1;
        }
        else
        {
            np = np + 1;
        }

        if (i == N || na == S)
        {
            printf("stop the simulation");
            break;
        }
    }

    printf("present students is %d", np);
    printf("absent students is %d", na);
    if (na <= np)
    {
        printf("valid");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("cancelled");
    }
}

return 0;
}
```

COPY NUMBER: 9

Analyse :

Algorithmique :

- Initialisation `na=0` mais `np` non initialisé.
- `break` utilisé.
- Logic `if (i == N || na == S)`.
- Globalement ok sauf init `np`.

NOTE FINALE : 16 / 20

Feedback :

- Appréciation globale : Bon.