

Input reading: 3pts | Initialization: 3 pts | Loop condition: 4 pts | Counters logic: 4 pts | Stop conditions: 3 | Final output: 3

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int N, A;
    int s, x;
int x = N/s;

    printf("enter the total number of registered students:");
    scanf("%d", &N);

    printf("enter the minimum attendance required:");
    scanf("%d", &A);

    printf("enter the absence threshold:");
    scanf("%d", &s);

    if (x < A) {
        printf("Absent");
    }
    else { printf("Present"); }

    for (int x = N/s; x < A; x++) {
        printf("Present");
        N++;
    }

    return 0;
}

```

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```
#include <stdio.h>
int main ( )
{
    int N, A;
    int S, x;
    int N/S;
    Printf ( " enter the total number of registred students: " ) ;
    Scanf ( " %d ", & N ) ;
    Printf ( " enter the minimum attendance required: " ) ;
    Scanf ( " %d ", & A ) ;
    Printf ( " enter the absence threshold : " ) ;
    Scanf ( " %d ", & S ) ;
    if ( x <A )
    {
        Printf ( " Absent " ) ;
    }

    else
    {
        Printf ( " Present " ) ;
    }

    for ( int x = N/S ; x <A ; x ++ )
    {
        Printf ( " Present " ) ;
        N ++ ;
    }

    return return 0 ;
```

**Analyse :**

**Algorithmique :**

- Boucle `for (int x = N/S ... )`. Rien à voir.
- `return return 0`.

**NOTE FINALE : 03 / 20**

**Feedback :**

- **Appréciation globale : Très Insuffisant.**
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