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20

تعليمات إلزامية : كتابة البرنامج كاملاً داخل main | استعمال حلقة واحدة فقط | يمنع استعمال المصفوفات، الدوال، break / continue

Input reading: 3pts | Initialization: 3 pts | Loop condition: 4 pts | Counters logic: 4 pts | Stop conditions: 3 | Final output: 3

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int N, A, S, X, absent = 0, present = 0, N';
    printf("enter total number of registered students: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("enter minimum attendance required: ");
    scanf("%d", &A);
    printf("enter absence threshold: ");
    scanf("%d", &S);
    for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++)
    {
        printf("enter the number of attended\n");
        N[i] = i;
        scanf("%d", &X);
        if (A > X)
        {
            printf("The student is absent");
            absent++;
            printf("The Number of student absent\n");
            N[i] = absent;
        }
        else
        {
            printf("The student is present");
            present++;
            printf("The number of students\n");
            present N[i] = present;
        }
        if (absent == S)
        {
            printf("The simulation stop");
        }
    }
    printf("The total processed students\n");
    i % d, i);
    printf("The total present students\n");
    is: % d, present);
    printf("The total absent students\n");
    is: % d, absent);
    N' = N - A;
    if (N' > S)
    {
        printf("Session Cancelled");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Session Valid");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

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```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int N, A, S, X, absent = 0, present = 0;
    printf("enter total number of registered students: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("enter minimum attendance required: ");
    scanf("%d", &A);
    printf("enter absence threshold: ");
    scanf("%d", &S);
    for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++)
    {
        printf("enter the number of attended sessions: ");
        scanf("%d", &X);
        if (A > X)
        {
            printf("The student is absent");
            absent++;
            printf("The number of student absent now is: %d", absent);
        }
        else
        {
            printf("The student is present");
            present++;
            printf("The number of students present now is: %d", present);
        }

        if (absent == S)
        {
            printf("The simulation stop");
        }

        printf("The total processed students is %d", i);
        printf("The total present students is: %d", present);
        printf("The total absent students is: %d", absent);
        if (absent >= S)
        {
            printf("Session Cancelled");
        }

        else
        {
            printf("Session Valid");
        }
    }

    return 0;
}
```


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Analyse :

Algorithmique :

- Initialisation correcte.
- Boucle `for` OK. Pas d'arrêt prématuré explicite dans la condition du `for` (sauf `i<=N`), mais un `if (absent == S)` avec un message. Mais pas de `break` (interdit) ni modif de `i`. Donc la boucle continue.
- `return 0` dans la boucle après affichages finaux ? Le `return` est à la fin du bloc `if/else final`, qui est DANS la boucle ? Non, indentation suggère hors boucle.
- Logique propre.

Notation :

Critère	Points	Commentaire
Lecture N, A, S	3 / 3	Correct.
Initialisation	3 / 3	Correct.
Condition boucle	2 / 4	Ne gère pas l'arrêt effectif sur seuil (affiche juste le message).
Logique prés./abs.	4 / 4	Correct.
Compteurs	3 / 3	Correct.
Affichages inter.	2 / 2	Correct.
Affichage final	1 / 1	Correct.

NOTE FINALE : 18 / 20

Feedback :

- **Appréciation globale : Très Bon.**