

Input reading:3pts | Initialization:3 pts | Loop condition: 4 pts | Counters logic: 4 pts | Stop conditions: 3 | Final output:3

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a, s, x, absent, present;
    int n;
    printf("enter the number of registered students: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("enter the minimum attendance required:");
    scanf("%d", &a);
    printf("enter the absence threshold:");
    scanf("%d", &s);
    printf("enter the number of attended session:");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    if (x < a) {
        printf("the student is absent");
        scanf("%d", &absent);
    } else {
        printf("the student is present");
        scanf("%d", &present);
        n++;
    }
    printf("the number of present student is: %d", present);
    printf("the number of absent student is: %d", absent);
    return 0;
}
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a, s, x, absent, present;
    int n;
    printf("enter the number of registered students: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("enter the minimum attendance required: ");
    scanf("%d", &a);
    printf("enter the absence threshold: ");
    scanf("%d", &s);
    printf("enter the number of attended session: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    if (x < a)
    {
        printf("the student is absent");
        absent = n + 1;
    }

    else
    {
        printf("the student is present");
        present = n + 1;
    }

    printf("the number of present student is: %d", present);
    printf("the number of absent student is: %d", present);
    return 0;
}
```

Analyse :

Algorithmique :

- Lecture de x avant la boucle.
- Pas de boucle !! Code séquentiel.
- `absent = n + 1`. Formule magique ?

NOTE FINALE : 03 / 20

Feedback :

- **Appréciation globale : Très Insuffisant.** Pas d'algorithme.
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