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16

تعليمات إلزامية : كتابة البرنامج كاملاً داخل main | استعمال حلقة واحدة فقط | يمنع استعمال المصفوفات، الدوال، break / continue

Input reading:3pts | Initialization:3 pts | Loop condition: 4 pts | Counters logic: 4 pts | Stop conditions: 3 | Final output:3

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int N, A, S, X;
    printf("Enter the number of registered students\n");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    for (i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &X);
        if (X > A) {
            printf("The student is considered absent");
        } else {
            printf("The student is present");
        }
        if (X == S) {
            printf("Session cancelled");
        } else {
            printf("Session Valid");
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

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```
#include <stdio.h>
int main ( )
{
    int N, A, S, x, i ;
    Print f ( " Enter the number of registered Students \n " ) ;
    Scanf ( " %d ", & N ) ;
    for ( i = 1 ; i <= N ; i ++ )
    {
        Scanf ( " %d ", & x ) ;
        If ( x <A )
        {
            Print f ( " the student is considered absent " ) ;
            else Print f ( " the student is present " ) ;
        }
    }

    If ( x == S )
    {
        Print f ( " Session cancelled " ) ;
        else Print f ( " Session Valid " ) ;
    }

    return 0 ;
}
```

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Analyse :

Algorithmique :

- Boucle `for` OK.
- Logique interne OK.
- Condition finale `if (x == S)`. `x` est la dernière note lue ! Pas le compteur d'absences. Confusion totale.
- Pas de compteurs d'absences.

NOTE FINALE : 06 / 20

Feedback :

- **Appréciation globale : Insuffisant.** Pas de compteurs, confusion variable.