

Input reading: 3pts | Initialization: 3 pts | Loop condition: 4 pts | Counters logic: 4 pts | Stop conditions: 3 | Final output: 3

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main () {
    int N, A, S, X, i, count1=0, count2=0; // count 1: absent student
    // count 2: Present student
    printf("enter The Number of register student: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("enter The minimum attendance required: ");
    scanf("%d", &A);
    printf("enter absence The Shold: ");
    scanf("%d", &S);
    X = 6;
    for (i=1; i <= N || i == S; i++) {
        if (A > X) {
            count1++;
            printf("The student absent:");
        }
        else {
            printf("The student Present:");
            count2++;
        }
        if (count1 <= S) {
            printf("Session not valid");
        }
        else {
            printf("Session valid");
        }
    }
    printf("total Processed Student is: %d", N);
    printf("total of student Present: %d", count2);
    printf("total of student absent: %d", count1);
}

```

## Copy 22

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```
include <stdio.h> int main ( )
{
    int N, A, S, X, i, count 1 = 0, count 2 = 0 ;
    Printf ( " enter The Number of register student : " ) ;
    Scanf ( " %d ", & N ) ;
    Printf ( " enter The minmumattendance required : " ) ;
    Scanf ( " %d ", & A ) ;
    Printf ( " enter absence Thre Shold : " ) ;
    Scanf ( " %d ", & S ) ;
    X = 6 ;
    for ( i = 1 ; i <= N || i == S ; i ++ )
    {
        if ( A> X )
        {
            count 1 ++ ;
            Printf ( " The student absent : " ) ;
        }

        else
        {
            Printf ( " The student Present : " ) ;
            count 2 ++ ;
        }
    }

    if ( count 1 <= S )
    {
        Printf ( " Session not valid " ) ;
    }

    else
    {
        Printf ( " Session valid " ) ;
    }

    Printf ( " tootal Processed Student is %d ", N ) ;
    Printf ( " tootol of student Present : %d ", count 1 ) ;
    Printf ( " total of tu dent absent : %d ", cont 2 ) ;
    return 0 ;
}
```

**Analyse :**

**Algorithmique :**

- Boucle `for` syntaxe `i <= N || i == S`. Condition d'arrêt fausse (continue si `i=S`).
- Logique interne OK.
- Condition `if (count1 <= S) (count1 = absents)`. Valide si `<= S` ? Enoncé dit valide si `< S` (ou non annulé). La logique inverse.

**NOTE FINALE : 08 / 20**

**Feedback :**

- **Appréciation globale : Insuffisant.** Condition boucle et validité douteuses.
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