

Copy number :

19

تعليمات إلزامية : كتابة البرنامج كاملاً داخل main | استعمال حلقة واحدة فقط | يمنع استعمال المصفوفات، الدوال، break / continue

Input reading:3pts | Initialization:3 pts | Loop condition: 4 pts | Counters logic: 4 pts | Stop conditions: 3 | Final output:3

include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int N;

int A;

int S;

int i;

printf ("enter N: ");

scanf ("%d", &N);

printf ("enter A: ");

scanf ("%d", &A);

printf ("enter S: ");

scanf ("%d", &S);

for (i=1 ; i<=N ; i++) {

x = x + i;

~~if (x < A) { A = A / 10. }~~

print x = x / 10.;

x = x + i;

} if (x < A) {

printf ("The student is considered absent\n");

} else {

printf ("The student is present\n");

}

} return 0; }

Copy 19

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main ( )
{
    int N ;
    int A ;
    int S ;
    int i ;
    Printf ( " enter N : " ) ;
    Scanf ( " %d ", &N ) ;
    Printf ( " enter A : " ) ;
    Scanf ( " %d ", &A ) ;
    Printf ( " enter S : " ) ;
    Scanf ( " %d ", &S ) ;
    for ( i = 1 ; i <= N ; i ++ )
    {
        x = x + i ;
        if ( x <A )
        {
            N = A % 10. Print x = x % 10 ;
            x = x + i ;
        }

        if ( x <A )
        {
            Printf ( " The student is considered absent \n " ) ;
        }
        else
        {
            Printf ( " The student is present \n " ) ;
        }
    }

    return 0 ;
}
```

COPY NUMBER: 19

Analyse :

Algorithmique :

- `x = x + i ??` Somme cumulée indices ?
- `N = A % 10 ?` Calculs mystérieux.
- Boucle `for` syntaxe valide.

NOTE FINALE : 06 / 20

Feedback :

- **Appréciation globale : Insuffisant.** Logique incompréhensible dans la boucle.
-