

CloudSim Plus

<http://cloudsimplus.org>

A Cloud Computing Simulation Framework Pursuing Software Engineering Principles for Improved Modularity, Extensibility and Correctness

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Agenda

- CloudSim Plus Introduction
- Architecture
 - Modules
 - Main Packages
- Main Exclusive Features
- Conclusions and Future Work



CloudSim Plus Introduction

Java 8 independent CloudSim fork for Cloud Computing simulation

- Highly extensible, completely redesigned and refactored.
- Full-featured: more than 20 **exclusive features**.
- **Design Patterns, SOLID principles, KISS, DRY** and Clean Code practices.
- Reduced duplication, removed redundancy, simplified design (**comparison**).
- Less 30% code duplication, more 80% test coverage.

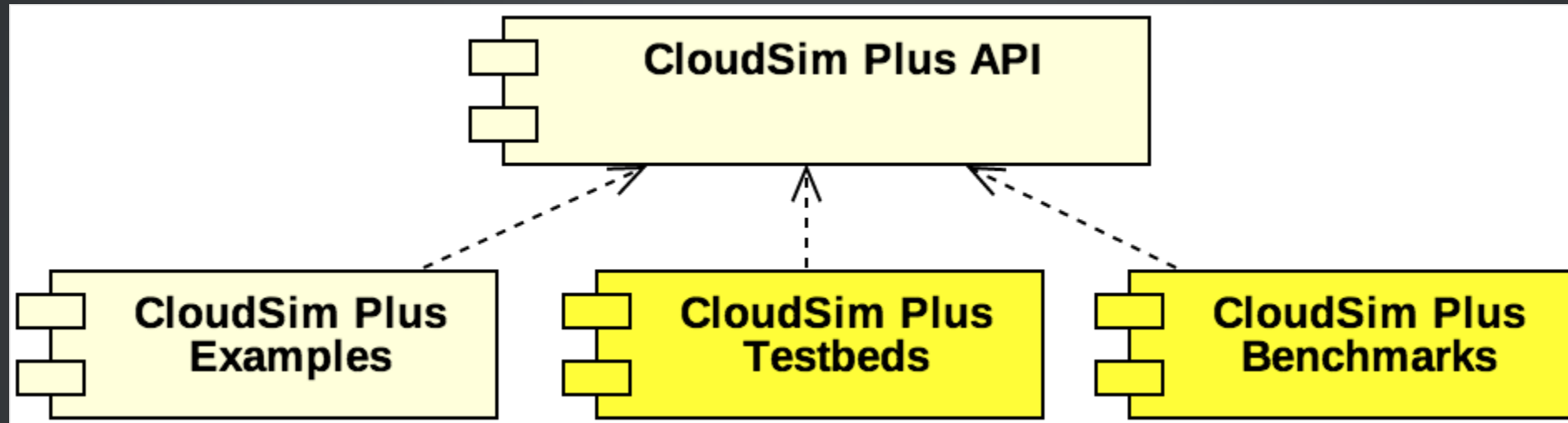


Architecture

- Maven project available at [Maven Central](#).
- Simplified module structure, new modules introduced.
- Totally re-organized and documented packages.
- New interfaces: increased abstraction, contracts for implementations.

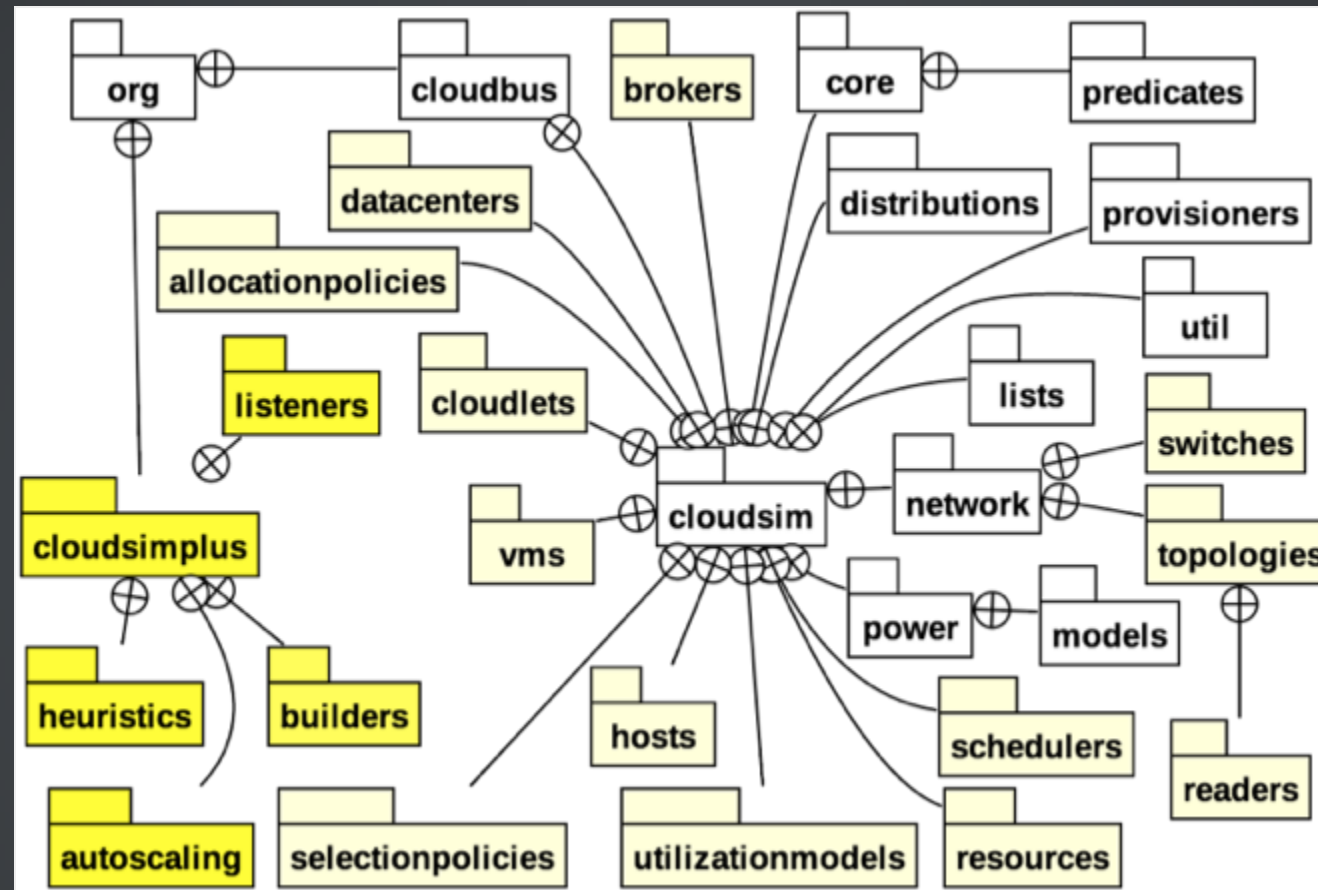


Modules



- **API:** independent and single-required module for building simulations.
 - **Examples:** exclusive examples, refactored previous ones.
 - **Testbeds:** multiple-run simulations for scientifically valid data collection.
 - **Benchmarks:** performance assessment of features such as heuristics.

Main Packages



- **Dark yellow:** CloudSim Plus packages with exclusive features.
- **Light yellow:** new packages to better organize existing CloudSim classes.
- **White:** CloudSim existing packages.

Main Exclusive Features

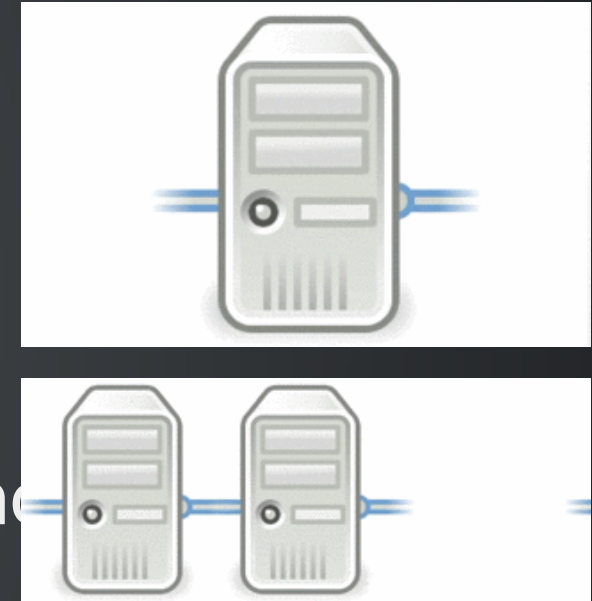
1. Vertical and Horizontal VM Scaling;
2. Parallel execution of simulations;
3. Dynamic creation of VMs and Cloudlets;
4. Delay creation of submitted VMs and Cloudlets;
5. Event Listeners
6. Strongly Object-oriented Framework;
7. Classes and Interfaces for Implementation of **Heuristics**;
8. **Implementation of the Linux Completely Fair Scheduler**;
9. Updated to Java 8 (**Functional Programming, Lambda and Streams**);
10. **Functional** DatacenterBroker;



Many more at <http://cloudsimplus.org>

1. VM Scaling

- Vertical VM Scaling
 - resize of VM resources to fit workload
 - RAM, CPU, Bandwidth and Storage
- Horizontal VM Scaling
 - creation and destruction of VMs for load balance



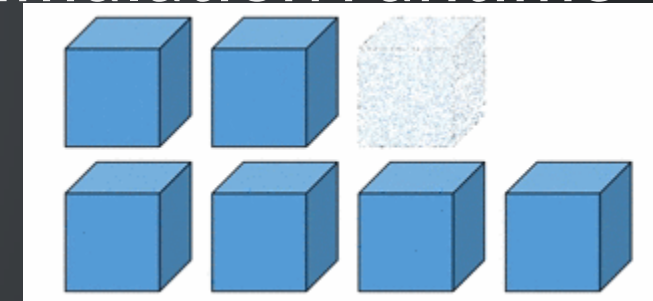
2. Parallel Execution of Simulations



- Parallel execution of multiple simulation runs
- Relies on Java 8 Parallel Streams mechanism
- As simple as calling a single line of code like
`simulations.parallelStream().forEach(MySimulation::run);`

3. Dynamic Creation of VMs and Cloudlets

- Enables creating objects after the simulation has started
- Doesn't require new DatacenterBrokers to be created at runtime
- Objects just have to be submitted to an existing broker at simulation runtime



4. Delay creation of submitted VMs and Cloudlets

- Creation of objects at a given time, before starting the simulation
- Used when the arrival times of objects to be create are known in advance
- A different way to simulate the dynamic creation of such objects



5. Event Listeners



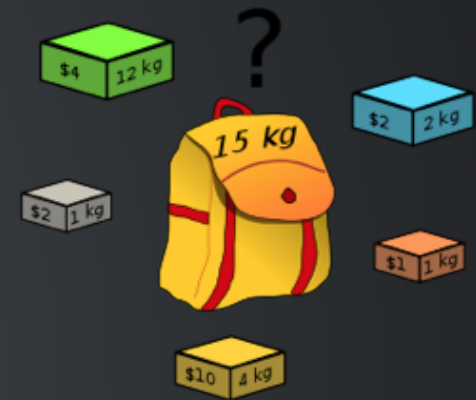
- Enables simulation monitoring to:
 - collect resource utilization data
 - assess fulfillment of customer SLA
 - optimize resource allocation to avoid under/over resource provisioning
 - granular simulation execution feedback
- Listeners for events from Hosts, VMs, Cloudlets and more general ones.

6. Strongly Object-oriented Framework

- Objects are used to create actual relationships, instead of using integer IDs
- Fluent API, allowing direct chained calls such as
`cloudlet.getVm().getHost().getDatacenter()`
- Uses **Null Object Pattern** to avoid `NullPointerException`.

7. Classes/Interfaces for Heuristics

- Specifies a contract to implement heuristics in some steps:
 - initial solution generation;
 - generation of neighbor solutions;
 - definition of an utility function to be minimized or maximized;
 - and then the solution finding stop criteria.
- Examples: [Tabu Search](#), [Simulated Annealing](#), [Ant Colony Systems](#), etc;
- Includes a Simulated Annealing heuristic for mapping Cloudlets to VMs.



8. Implementation of the Linux Completely Fair Scheduler

- `CloudletScheduler`: how a Vm schedules the execution of Cloudlets
- Bad scheduling: starvation, wastage of CPU cycles, SLA violations
- **Completely Fair Scheduler** reduces these issues (**needs improvements** [Lozi et. al. 2016])
- Considers tasks priorities to define CPU time slices
- `CloudletSchedulerTimeShared`: **simplistic; ignores task's priority; no actual preemption**
- **CloudletSchedulerCompletelyFair**: more realistic implementation



10. Functional DatacenterBroker



- Enables changing, in runtime, the policies to select:
 - a DC to place waiting VMs;
 - a fallback DC when a previous one doesn't have a suitable Host for a VM;
 - and a VM to run each Cloudlet.
- Allows implementing new policies, without requiring new DatacenterBroker classes.

Conclusions and Future Work

- It is difficult to replicate a real system in simulation, mainly concerned in modelling the arrival of stochastic events such as workload bursts.
- To contribute for valid results, a simulation framework has to:
 - be well-designed and extensively test;
 - get away from code duplication to avoid code degeneration;
 - and provide classes following software engineering principles.
- CloudSim Plus is aligned with all these requirements.
- Proposed future work is available at the [issues page](#).

Thanks

CloudSim Plus is developed through a partnership among the Systems, Security and Image Communication Lab of [Instituto de Telecomunicações \(IT, Portugal\)](#), the [Universidade da Beira Interior \(UBI, Portugal\)](#) and the [Instituto Federal de Educação Ciência e Tecnologia do Tocantins \(IFTTO, Brazil\)](#). It is supported by the Brazilian [CAPES](#) (Proc. no 13585/13-4) and the Portuguese [FCT](#) (under the UID/EEA/50008/2013 Project) agencies.

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