- Sílabas tônicas estão em negrito.
- "Palavras entre aspas" pronunciam juntas
- Letras riscadas não são pronunciadas
- Letras sublinadas pronuncia como em PT

#### # Slide 1

Good morning.... My name is Manoel Campos,

I'm a PhD student at University of Beira Interior here in Portugal and a professor at a federal institute of education in Brazil.

I'm going to present CloudSim Plus: A cloud computing simulation Framework pursuing software engineering principles for improved modularity, extensibility and correctness #Slide 2

The following topics are going to be covered today:

- "An-introduction" to "CloudSim Plus";
- It's architecture, modules and main packages;
- "Main exclusive" features;
- Conclusions and future work.

## # Slide 3

- CloudSim Plus "is an-independent" CloudSim fork for cloud computing simulations which uses the most recent features from Java 8.
- It's a highly extensible, completely redesigned and refactored Framework, "making easier" to create simulation scenarios.
- It has more than "twenty exclusive" features, enabling implementation of complex and more realistic simulations.
- It's "heavily founded" in Design Patterns, SOLID principles, Clean Code programming and other software engineering practices
- other software engineering practices.
   The Framework significantly reduces code duplication by thirty percent, removing redundancy to provide a simplified design.
  - A side-by-side comparison between a simulation scenario in CloudSim and CloudSim Plus is available at this link.

The link to the presentation is provided "in the end".

Finally, it increases test Coverage by "eighty percent", while fixing "Several issues", providing more Accuracy and safety to perform changes.

#### # Slide 4

- CloudSim Plus "is a" maven project available at maven central, enabling new tools "to be built" on "top of it", "and in an easier" way.
- It "has a" simplified module structure "which is easier" to understand and maintain.
   It also introduces some new modules.
- It "has a" totally re-organized "package structure" for compliance with Separation of Concerns principle, placing only classes with the same goal into the same package.
- Finally, new interfaces were introduced to increase abstraction and define contracts for implementing classes.

**Re**searchers can "rely on these" public interfaces to create their simulations and build tools on "top of" "CloudSim Plus".

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## # Slide 5

CloudSim Plus is compounded of four modules.

The **API** module is the main, independent and single-required one for building simulations. All "the other modules" "depend on it".

The "dark yellow ones" "are exclusive" to "CloudSim Plus".

 The Examples module was updated for removal of code duplication and better organization, including "some exclusive" examples.

The Testbeds module "provides a way" to execute simulations multiple times, applying different seeds for pseudo random number generators and allowing collection and analysis of scientifically valid results.

 The Benchmarks module is used for performance assessment of cumbersome features such as Heuristics.

It enables a researcher to get metrics such as number of operations per second, "which may be used" to guide the tuning of algorithms and Heuristics.

### # Slide 6

The new "package structure" "make easier" to find a given class. For instance, "if you are looking" for a Host implementation, you'll find it inside the **hosts** package.

- "Dark yellow packages" "include exclusive" "CloudSim Plus" features.
- "Light yellow ones" were introduced to better organize existing CloudSim classes and introduce new implementations.
- Finally, "white ones" "are existing" "CloudSim packages" "which also" received new classes and interfaces.

Existing classes were updated to fix bugs, improve documentation and design and provide new features.

### # Slide 7

• "There are" more than "twenty exclusive" features.

Due to time limitation, only the most "important ones" "are going" to be presented

The official website **presents** "an-extended" list.

## # Slide 8

• "One of the" most interesting "CloudSim Plus" new features is VM scaling. "There are" two types of scaling.

 Vertical scaling enables specific VM resources, such as RAM or CPU, to be scaled up or down, according to current load and "defined static" or dynamic thresholds.

This way, "it allows" fitting VM resources to current workload, aiming to decrease resource under and over provisioning, as well as SLA violations.

 Horizontal scaling enables creation or destruction of VM instances to balance the load, also according to defined thresholds.

"Since sometimes" a Host doesn't have enough resources to scale a VM up, or the vertical scaling is not enough to meet the workload, horizontal scale "is one alternative" for VM migration.

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## # Slide 9

• Sometimes, simulations may take "Several minutes" to run.

Parallel execution enables multiple simulations to be run at the same time in a multi-core CPU machine, "which may reduce" "the overall" simulation time.

 "CloudSim Plus" relies on Java 8 Parallel Streams mechanism to enable execution of simulations in parallel.

• Using this feature may be as simple as calling a single line of code, like this one.

Here we have a list of simulation instances to be executed,
and considering "there is" a "run" method, which builds the simulation scenario and runs it,
such a line creates the required threads to execute each simulation instance.

#### # Slide 10

• A "cloud infrastructure" "is a" dynamic environment where requests to create VMs and "run applications", arrive all the time.

To simulate this behavior,
 VMs and Cloudlets can be dynamically created in "CloudSim Plus" during simulation runtime

• It doesn't require new **Da**tacenter Brokers to be instantiated.

• You just have to submit new VMs or Cloudlets to "an existing" broker.

### # Slide 11

 "CloudSim Plus" "also allows" delaying the creation of VMs and Cloudlets, before starting the simulation. Cloudlets simulate applications running inside VMs.

"Commonly used" when the arrival time "of objects" to be created are known "in advance".

• It's a different "and easier way" to simulate the dynamic arrival "of such objects". However, it doesn't provide all the flexibility of the previous feature.

#### # Slide 12

• Event Listeners is the most general purpose feature in "CloudSim Plus"

"which may be used" in "lots of" different ways, "such as" to Monitor the simulation to:

- 1. collect resource utilization data;
- 2. assess fulfillment of customer SLA;
- 3. optimize resource allocation to avoid under and over resource provisioning;
- 4. and for granular simulation execution feedback.
- "There are" Listeners for Events generated from Hosts, VMs, Cloudlets and more.

### # Slide 13

• CloudSim Plus is a strongly "object-oriented" **Fra**mework "in which objects" "are used to create" actual relationships, instead of using "**In**teger IDs".

 It has a "fluent API", allowing chained calls like this one. This way, it's very easy to know, for instance, the Datacenter where a Cloudlet was executed.

And don't worry since it uses the "Null Object Pattern" to avoid "Null Pointer Exceptions".

# # Slide 14

• "CloudSim Plus" introduces classes and interfaces which specify a contract to implement Heuristics in the following steps:

- 1. initial solution generation;
- 2. generation of neighbor solutions;
- 3. definition "of an utility" function to be minimized or maximized;
- 4. and then, the solution finding stop criteria.
- Examples of Heuristics are Tabu Search, Simulated Annealing and Ant Colony Systems.
- "It's included" a Simulated Annealing Heuristic for mapping Cloudlets to VMs.

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# The Linux Completely Fair Scheduler

- A Cloudlet Scheduler defines how a Vm schedules the execution of Cloudlets.
- Bad scheduling may cause starvation, wastage of CPU cycles and SLA violations.
- The Completely Fair Scheduler reduces "these issues", but it needs improvements as can be seen "in this paper".
- It considers task's priority to define CPU "time slices",
   "which is the amount of time" "a process can use the CPU" "at a given round".
- The current Time Shared Cloudlet Scheduler has a simplistic implementation, ignores task's priority and doesn't perform actual process preemption, "as it's shown" "in this link".
- The Completely Fair Cloudlet Scheduler is a more realistic implementation provided by "CloudSim Plus".

#### # Slide 16

- "CloudSim Plus" applies functional programming to provide a "functional implementation" of the Datacenter Broker.
  - "This is one" "fundamental object" which make decisions "on behalf of a cloud customer", "such as" the allocation of VMs and Cloudlets.
- The redesigned Datacenter Broker enables changing in runtime, the policies used to select:
  - 1. a Datacenter to place waiting VMs;
  - 2. a fallback Datacenter when a previous one doesn't have a suitable Host for a VM;
  - 3. and a VM to run each Cloudlet.
- It allows implementing new policies, without requiring creation of new Datacenter Broker classes.

### # Slide 17

Finally, let-me read the conclusions.

- "It's difficult to replicate" "a real" system in simulation, mainly concerned in modelling "the arrival of" "stochastic events" such as workload bursts.
- To contribute for valid results, a simulation **Fra**mework has to:
  - 1. be well-designed "and extensively tested";
  - 2. "get away" from code duplication to avoid code degeneration;
  - 3. and provide classes, following software engineering principles.
- "CloudSim Plus" "is aligned" "with all" "these requirements".
- Proposed future work is available at "the issues page".

Thank you.

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