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TO APE

TD₃. EX01:

1)

MOV R1, #0x1000	MOV R1, #0x1000
MOV R2, #0	MOV R2, #0
bounce:	STR R2, [R1], #4
STRB R2, [R1], #1	STR R2, [R1], #4
CMP R1, #10	STRH R2, [R1], #2
BLS bounce	STRB R2, [R1]
B .	

2)

MOV R3, #0x3B00
MOV R4, #0x7D7D7D7D
STRB R4, [R3], #1
STRH R4, [R3], #2
STR R4, [R3]

TD₃. EX02:



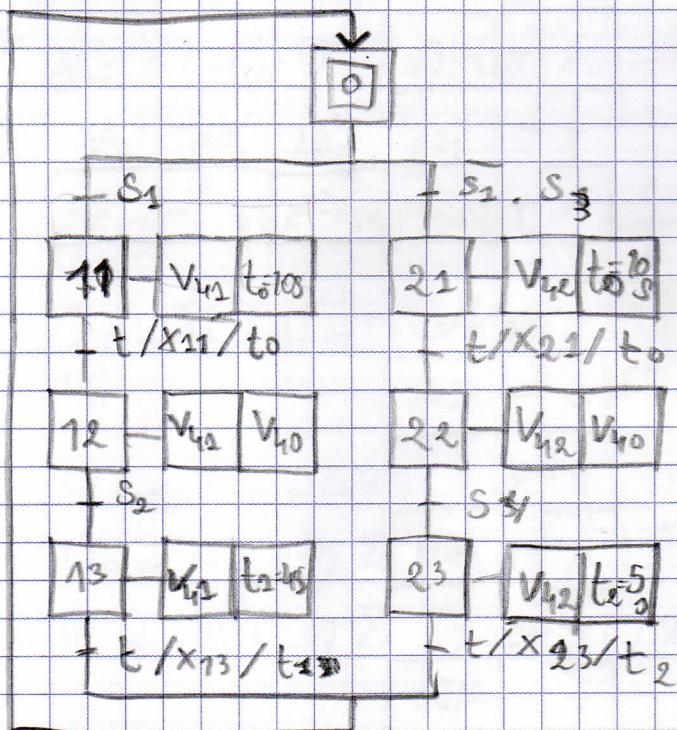
TD API

TD₅. EXO2 :

→ Liste de E/S

• Entrées : S₁, S₂, S₃, S₄

• Sorties : V₄₀, V₄₁, V₄₂

TD₅. Exo

• Remarques :

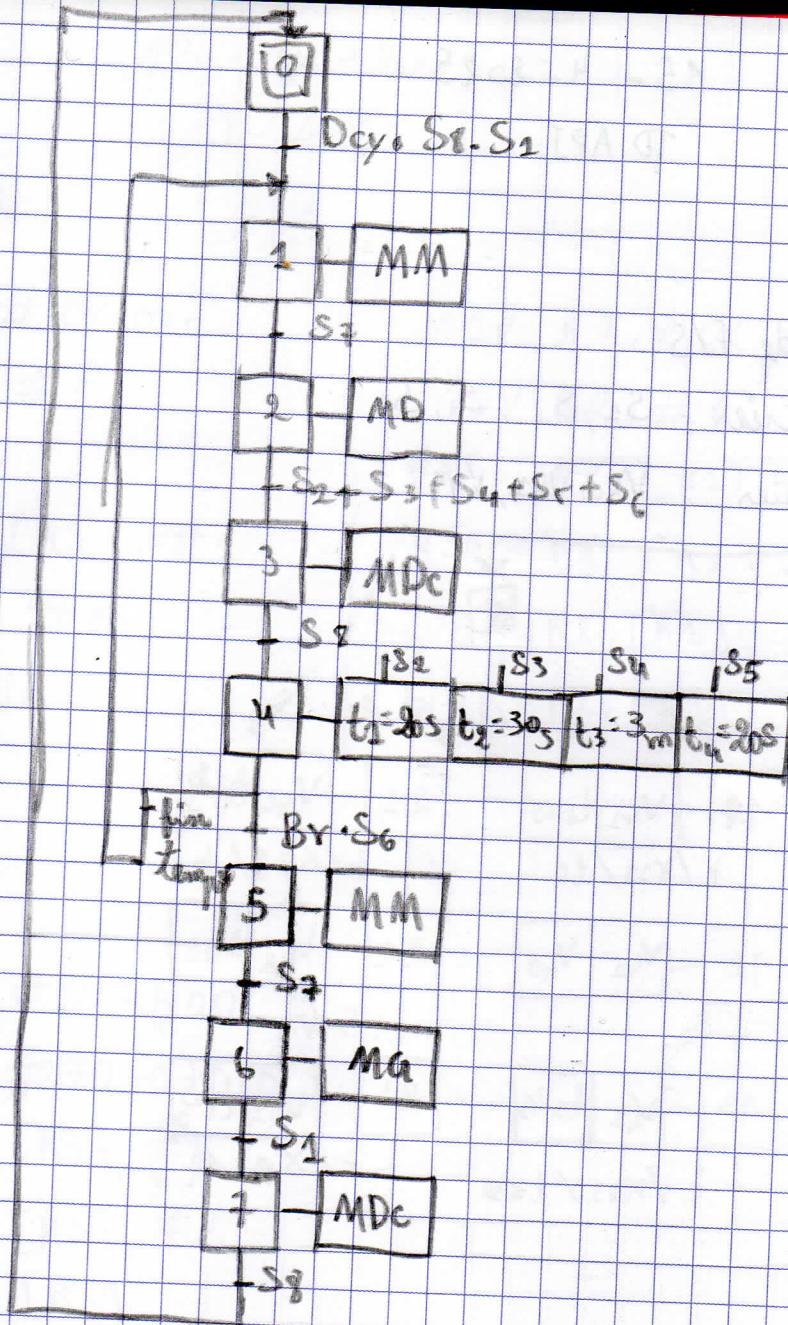
1) Chargement / Déchargement est manuel

2) Arrivée à l'aire de déchargement, l'opérateur appuie sur Button Retour

Liste de E/S

Entrées: Dcy, Br, S₁, S₂, S₃, S₄, S₅, S₆, S₇, S₈

Sorties, MM : Montée ; MD : Droite ; MDc : Descend ; MG : Gauche



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TD API

TD u. EX02:

$$x_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow y_1 = 0 ; x_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow y_1 = 0$$

$$x_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow y_3 = 0 ; x_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow y_4 = 0$$

Rappelle : $y = \sum (x_i w_i) + w_0$; $\sigma(y) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 ; J(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_i (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$\overline{\nabla J(w)} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial w_j} = - \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i) x_{ij} ; \overline{\nabla J(w_0)} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial w_0} = - \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$w_j \leftarrow w_j + \Delta w_j ; \Delta w_j = -\eta \overline{\nabla J(w)}$$

$$w_0 \leftarrow w_0 + \eta \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$w \leftarrow w + \eta \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i) x_{ij}$$

$$\hat{y}_1 = 0,5 ; \hat{y}_2 = 0,38 ; \hat{y}_3 = 0,62 ; \hat{y}_4 = 0,5$$

$$L_{\hat{y}_1} = 0,12 ; L_{\hat{y}_2} = 0,41 ; L_{\hat{y}_3} = 0,19 ; L_{\hat{y}_4} = 0,12$$

$$J(w) = 0,514$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_0} = - \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_0} = - \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i) = -(-0,1 - 0,38 - 0,62 + 0,5) = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} = - [(y_1 - \hat{y}_1)x_{11} + (y_2 - \hat{y}_2)x_{21} + (y_3 - \hat{y}_3)x_{31} + (y_4 - \hat{y}_4)x_{41}]$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} = -(0,1 - 0,5 + 0,1 - 0,38 + 1 \cdot 0,62 + 1 \cdot 0,5) = 0,12$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_2} = - \sum_i [y_i - \hat{y}_i] x_{i2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}_2}{\partial w_2} = -[(\hat{y}_1 - \hat{y}_2)x_{12} + (\hat{y}_2 - \hat{y}_3)x_{22} + (\hat{y}_3 - \hat{y}_4)x_{32} + (\hat{y}_4 - \hat{y}_1)x_{42}]$$

$$= -[0,0 - 0,1 + 1 - 0,38 + 0,2 - 0,62 + 1 + 0,1]$$

$$= -0,12$$

$$w_0 \leftarrow w_0 - \eta \nabla J(w_0) \Rightarrow w_0 = 0,1 - 0,1 \cdot 1 = -0,1$$

$$w_1 \leftarrow w_1 - \eta \nabla J(w_1) \Rightarrow w_1 = 0,5 - 0,1 \cdot (-0,12) = 0,488$$

$$w_2 \leftarrow w_2 - \eta \nabla J(w_2) \Rightarrow w_2 = -0,5 - 0,1 \cdot (0,488) = -0,488$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_2} = -[(y_1 - \hat{y}_1)x_{12} + (y_2 - \hat{y}_2)x_{22} + (y_3 - \hat{y}_3)x_{32} + (y_4 - \hat{y}_4)x_{42}]$$

$$= -[0.0 - 0.12 + 1 - 0.38 + 0.0 - 0.62 + 1 + 0.1]$$

$$= -0.12$$

$$w_0 \leftarrow w_0 - \gamma \nabla J(w_0) \Rightarrow w_0 = 0.0 - 0.1 \cdot 1 = -0.1$$

$$w_1 \leftarrow w_1 - \gamma \nabla J(w_1) \Rightarrow w_1 = 0.15 - 0.1 \cdot (-0.12) = 0.168$$

$$w_2 \leftarrow w_2 - \gamma \nabla J(w_2) \Rightarrow w_2 = 0.5 - 0.1 \cdot (-0.14) = 0.488$$

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TD API



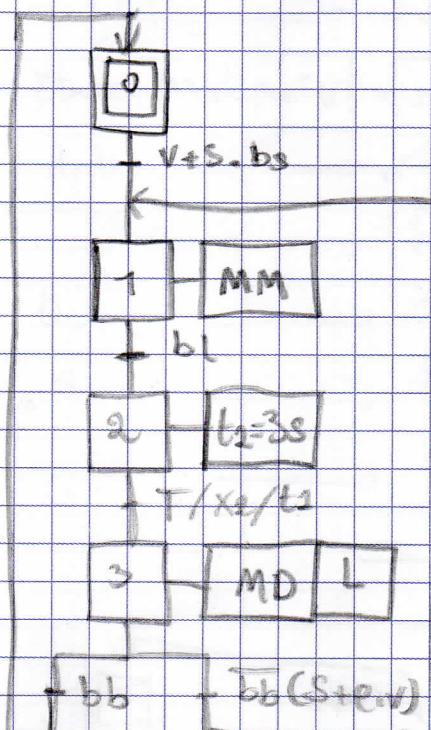
TDs. EX04:

• Liste des entrées:

- e.s : capteur optique
- bs : bouton de sortie
- v : validateur de code
- bl. bb : fin de courses ((barrière levée ; barrière baissée))

• Les sorties:

- MM : Moteur Montée
- MD : Descente
- L : Lampe



TD₅ Exo 1:

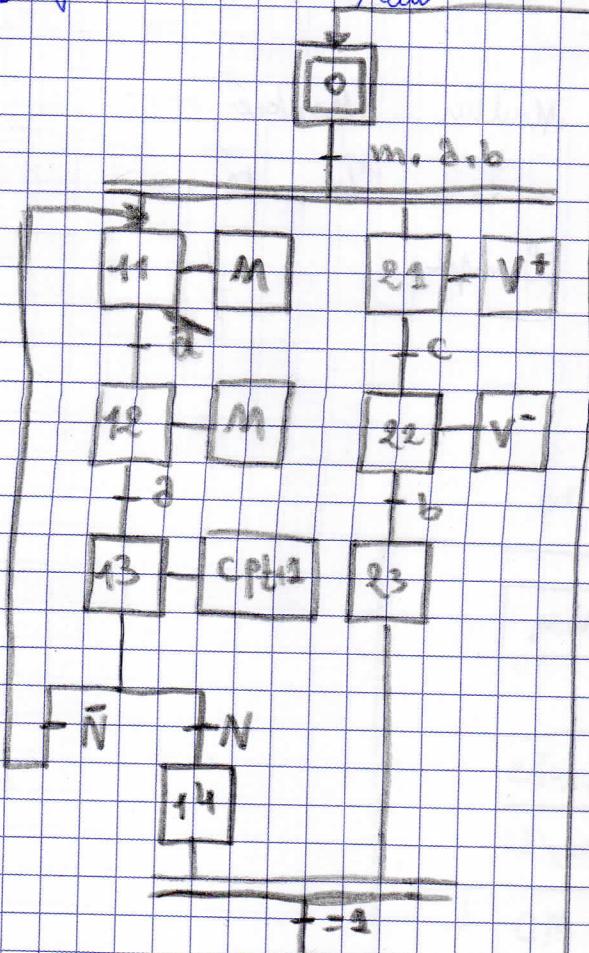
• Liste d'entrée et sortie:

→ Entrées:

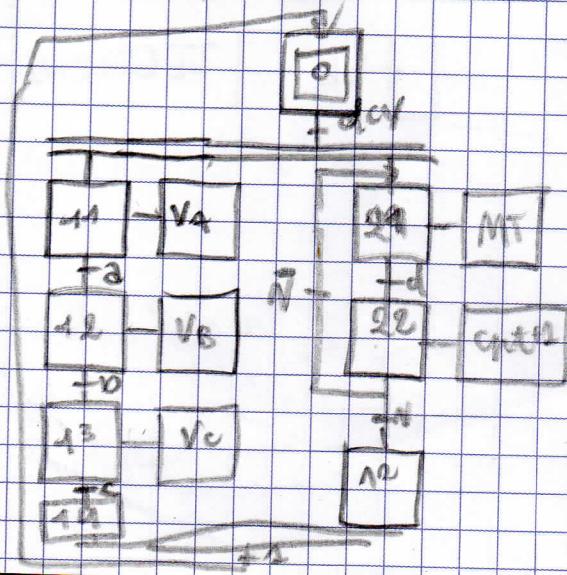
- m : bouton Départ Cycle
- a,b,c : Capteur fin de course

→ sorties:

- M = Motan
- V⁺ = verin avancé
- V⁻ = " Reculé"



TD₅^e Exo 1:



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TD APE

TD₄ Ex01:

$$d = \frac{b-3c}{a-5} \quad a, b, c \rightarrow 8\text{bit}$$

→ Etude de l'allocation de la mémoire :

• Etude théorique :

$$a, b, c \rightarrow 8\text{bits}$$

$$3 \cdot c \rightarrow 2+8 = 10\text{ bits}$$

$$\underbrace{b-3c}_{8 \text{ bits}} \rightarrow 10+1 = 11\text{ bits}$$

$$\underbrace{a-5}_{8 \text{ bits}} \rightarrow 8+1 = 9\text{ bits}$$

$$d = \frac{\underbrace{b-3c}_{8 \text{ bits}}}{\underbrace{a-5}_{8 \text{ bits}}} \rightarrow 11-9 = 2\text{ bits}$$

• Etude pratique : ((de programme))

$$a, b, c \xrightarrow{\text{ent}} 16\text{bits}$$

$$3c \rightarrow 16\text{ bits}$$

$$b-3c \rightarrow 16\text{ bits}$$

$$a-5 \rightarrow 16\text{ bits}$$

$$d \rightarrow 8\text{ bits}$$