## CHEAT SHEET (V4.0.0)

**TYPESCRIPT** 

Bootstrapping	import { platformBrowserDynamic } from '@angular/platform- browser-dynamic';
<pre>platformBrowserDynamic().bootstrapModule(AppModule);</pre>	Bootstraps the app, using the root component from the specified NgModule.

NgModules	import {    NgModule } from '@angular/core';
<pre>@NgModule({ declarations:, imports:,     exports:, providers:, bootstrap:}) class MyModule {}</pre>	Defines a module that contains components, directives, pipes, and providers.
declarations: [MyRedComponent, MyBlueComponent, MyDatePipe]	List of components, directives, and pipes that belong to this module.
imports: [BrowserModule, SomeOtherModule]	List of modules to import into this module. Everything from the imported modules available to declarations of this module.

exports: [MyRedComponent, MyDatePipe]	List of components, directives, and pipes visible to modules that import this module.
<pre>providers: [MyService, { provide: }]</pre>	List of dependency injection providers visible both to the contents of this module and to importers of this module.
bootstrap: [MyAppComponent]	List of components to bootstrap when this module is bootstrapped.

Template syntax	
<input [value]="firstName"/>	Binds property value to the result of expression firstName.
<div [attr.role]="myAriaRole"></div>	Binds attribute role to the result of expression myAriaRole.
<pre><div [class.extra-sparkle]="isDelightful"></div></pre>	Binds the presence of the CSS class extra-sparkle on the element to the truthiness of the expression isDelightful.
<div [style.width.px]="mySize"></div>	Binds style property width to the result of expression mySize in pixels. Units are optional.
<pre><button (click)="readRainbow(\$event)"></button></pre>	Calls method readRainbow when a click event is triggered on this button element (or its children) and passes in the event object.
<div title="Hello {{ponyName}}"></div>	Binds a property to an interpolated string, for example, "Hello

1	Cheat Sheet - Is - GUIDE	
		Seabiscuit". Equivalent to: <div [title]="'Hello ' + ponyName"></div>
	Hello {{ponyName}}	Binds text content to an interpolated string, for example, "Hello Seabiscuit".
	<my-cmp [(title)]="name"></my-cmp>	<pre>Sets up two-way data binding. Equivalent to:   <my-cmp (titlechange)="name=\$event" [title]="name"></my-cmp></pre>
	<pre><video #movieplayer="">   <button (click)="movieplayer.play()"> </button></video></pre>	Creates a local variable movieplayer that provides access to the video element instance in data-binding and event- binding expressions in the current template.
	<pre></pre>	The * symbol turns the current element into an embedded template. Equivalent to: <ng-template [myunless]="myExpression"> </ng-template>
	Card No.: {{cardNumber   myCardNumberFormatter}}	Transforms the current value of expression cardNumber via the pipe called myCardNumberFormatter.
	Employer: {{employer?.companyName}}	The safe navigation operator (?) means that the employer field is optional and if undefined, the rest of the expression should be ignored.
	<pre><svg:rect height="100" width="100" x="0" y="0"></svg:rect></pre>	An SVG snippet template needs an svg: prefix on its root element to disambiguate the SVG element from an HTML component.
		An <svg> root element is detected</svg>

Built-in directives	<pre>import { CommonModule } from '@angular/common';</pre>
<section *ngif="showSection"></section>	Removes or recreates a portion of the DOM tree based on the showSection expression.
<li><li *ngfor="let item of list"></li></li>	Turns the li element and its contents into a template, and uses that to instantiate a view for each item in list.
<pre><div [ngswitch]="conditionExpression"></div></pre>	Conditionally swaps the contents of the div by selecting one of the embedded templates based on the current value of conditionExpression .
<pre><div [ngclass]=" {active: isActive, disabled: isDisabled}"></div></pre>	Binds the presence of CSS classes on the element to the truthiness of the associated map values. The right-hand expression should return {class-name: true/false} map.

Forms	import { FormsModule } from '@angular/forms';
<pre><input [(ngmodel)]="userName"/></pre>	Provides two-way data-binding, parsing, and validation for form controls.

Class decorators	import { Directive, } from
	'@angular/core';

<pre>@Component({}) class MyComponent() {}</pre>	Declares that a class is a component and provides metadata about the component.
<pre>@Directive({}) class MyDirective() {}</pre>	Declares that a class is a directive and provides metadata about the directive.
<pre>@Pipe({}) class MyPipe() {}</pre>	Declares that a class is a pipe and provides metadata about the pipe.
<pre>@Injectable() class MyService() {}</pre>	Declares that a class has dependencies that should be injected into the constructor when the dependency injector is creating an instance of this class.

Directive configuration	<pre>@Directive({ property1: value1,</pre>
selector: '.cool-button:not(a)'	Specifies a CSS selector that identifies this directive within a template. Supported selectors include element, [attribute], .class, and :not().  Does not support parent-child relationship selectors.
<pre>providers: [MyService, { provide: }]</pre>	List of dependency injection providers for this directive and its children.

Component configuration	<pre>@Component extends @Directive ,the @Directive configuration applies to components as well</pre>
moduleId: module.id	If set, the templateurl and styleurl are resolved relative to the component.
<pre>viewProviders: [MyService, { provide: }]</pre>	List of dependency injection providers scoped to this component's view.
<pre>template: 'Hello {{name}}' templateUrl: 'my-component.html'</pre>	Inline template or external template URL of the component's view.
	List of inline CSS styles or external

Class field decorators for directives and components	import { Input, } from '@angular/core';
@Input() myProperty;	Declares an input property that you can update via property binding (example: <my-cmp [myproperty]="someExpression"> ).</my-cmp>
<pre>@Output() myEvent = new EventEmitter();</pre>	Declares an output property that fires events that you can subscribe to with an event binding (example: <my-cmp (myevent)="doSomething()"> ).</my-cmp>
<pre>@HostBinding('class.valid') isValid;</pre>	Binds a host element property (here, the CSS class valid) to a directive/component property ( isvalid).
<pre>@HostListener('click', ['\$event']) onClick(e) {}</pre>	Subscribes to a host element event ( click) with a directive/component method (onclick), optionally passing an argument (\$event).
<pre>@ContentChild(myPredicate) myChildComponent;</pre>	Binds the first result of the component content query ( myPredicate) to a property ( myChildComponent) of the class.
<pre>@ContentChildren(myPredicate) myChildComponents;</pre>	Binds the results of the component content query ( myPredicate ) to a property ( myChildComponents ) of the class.
<pre>@ViewChild(myPredicate) myChildComponent;</pre>	Binds the first result of the component view query (

myPredicate ) to a property (
myChildComponent ) of the class.

Not available for directives.

Binds the results of the component view query (myPredicate) to a property (myChildComponents) of

the class. Not available for directives.

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## Directive and component change detection and (implemented as class methods) lifecycle hooks Called before any other lifecycle hook. constructor(myService: MyService, ...) { ... } Use it to inject dependencies, but avoid any serious work here. Called after every change to input ngOnChanges(changeRecord) { ... } properties and before processing content or child views. ngOnInit() { ... } Called after the constructor, initializing input properties, and the first call to ngOnChanges. ngDoCheck() { ... } Called every time that the input properties of a component or a directive are checked. Use it to extend change detection by performing a custom check. ngAfterContentInit() { ... } Called after ngOnInit when the component's or directive's content has been initialized. Called after every check of the ngAfterContentChecked() { ... } component's or directive's content. ngAfterViewInit() { ... } Called after ngAfterContentInit when the component's view has been initialized. Applies to components only. Called after every check of the ngAfterViewChecked() { ... }

	component's view. Applies to components only.
ngOnDestroy() { }	Called once, before the instance is destroyed.

Dependency injection configuration	
{ provide: MyService, useClass: MyMockService }	Sets or overrides the provider for MyService to the MyMockService class.
{ provide: MyService, useFactory: myFactory }	Sets or overrides the provider for MyService to the myFactory factory function.
{ provide: MyValue, useValue: 41 }	Sets or overrides the provider for MyValue to the value 41.

Routing and navigation	import { Routes RouterModule, } fro '@angular/router'
<pre>const routes: Routes = [</pre>	Configures routes for
{ path: '', component: HomeComponent },	the application.
{ path: 'path/:routeParam', component: MyComponent },	Supports static,
{ path: 'staticPath', component: },	parameterized,
<pre>{ path: '**', component: }, { path: 'oldPath', redirectTo: '/staticPath' },</pre>	redirect, and wildcard routes. Also supports
{ path:, component:, data: { message: 'Custom' } }	custom route data and
]);	resolve.
<pre>const routing = RouterModule.forRoot(routes);</pre>	
	Marks the location to
<router-outlet></router-outlet>	load the component of
<pre><router-outlet name="aux"></router-outlet></pre>	the active route.

Creates a link to a different view based

```
<a routerLink="/path">
<a [routerLink]="[ '/path', routeParam ]">
<a [routerLink]="[ '/path', { matrixParam: 'value' } ]">
<a [routerLink]="[ '/path' ]" [queryParams]="{ page: 1 }">
<a [routerLink]="[ '/path' ]" fragment="anchor">
```

on a route instruction consisting of a route path, required and optional parameters, query parameters, and a fragment. To navigate to a root route, use the / prefix; for a child route, use the . / prefix; for a sibling or parent, use the . . / prefix.

```
<a [routerLink]="[ '/path' ]" routerLinkActive="active">
```

The provided classes are added to the element when the routerLink becomes the current active route.

```
class CanActivateGuard implements CanActivate {
    canActivate(
        route: ActivatedRouteSnapshot,
        state: RouterStateSnapshot
    ): Observable<boolean>|Promise<boolean>|boolean { ... }
}

{ path: ..., canActivate: [CanActivateGuard] }
```

An interface for defining a class that the router should call first to determine if it should activate this component. Should return a boolean or an Observable/Promise that resolves to a boolean.

```
class CanDeactivateGuard implements CanDeactivate<T> {
    canDeactivate(
        component: T,
        route: ActivatedRouteSnapshot,
        state: RouterStateSnapshot
    ): Observable<boolean>|Promise<boolean>|boolean { ... }
}

{ path: ..., canDeactivate: [CanDeactivateGuard] }
```

An interface for defining a class that the router should call first to determine if it should deactivate this component after a navigation. Should return a boolean or an Observable/Promise that resolves to a boolean.

```
class CanActivateChildGuard implements CanActivateChild {
                                                                       An interface for
                                                                       defining a class that
    canActivateChild(
      route: ActivatedRouteSnapshot,
                                                                       the router should call
                                                                       first to determine if it
      state: RouterStateSnapshot
    ): Observable<boolean>|Promise<boolean>|boolean { ... }
                                                                       should activate the
}
                                                                       child route. Should
                                                                       return a boolean or an
                                                                       Observable/Promise
{ path: ..., canActivateChild: [CanActivateGuard],
    children: ... }
                                                                       that resolves to a
                                                                       boolean.
class ResolveGuard implements Resolve<T> {
                                                                       An interface for
    resolve(
                                                                       defining a class that
      route: ActivatedRouteSnapshot,
                                                                       the router should call
      state: RouterStateSnapshot
                                                                       first to resolve route
    ): Observable<any>|Promise<any>|any { ... }
                                                                       data before rendering
                                                                       the route. Should
}
                                                                       return a value or an
{ path: ..., resolve: [ResolveGuard] }
                                                                       Observable/Promise
                                                                       that resolves to a
                                                                       value.
class CanLoadGuard implements CanLoad {
                                                                       An interface for
    canLoad(
                                                                       defining a class that
      route: Route
                                                                       the router should call
    ): Observable<boolean>|Promise<boolean>|boolean { ... }
                                                                       first to check if the lazy
}
                                                                       loaded module should
                                                                       be loaded. Should
{ path: ..., canLoad: [CanLoadGuard], loadChildren: ... }
                                                                       return a boolean or an
```

Observable/Promise that resolves to a

boolean.