

Remote Desktop Project

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Introduction

In this presentation, learn how to *master* remote desktop for seamless connectivity between two computers. Discover **best practices** and tools for efficient remote access and control. Let's dive in!

Understanding Remote Desktop

Remote desktop allows you to access and control a remote computer from another device. It's essential for remote work and technical support. Gain insights into the key components and protocols.





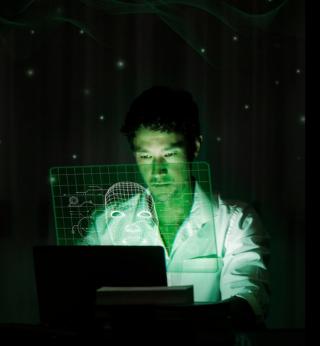
Setting Up Remote Desktop

Learn the step-by-step process to set up *remote desktop* on both the host and client computers. Understand the **security measures** and configurations for a smooth connection.

Optimizing Performance

Discover techniques to optimize **performance** over remote desktop connections. From bandwidth management to display settings, explore strategies for a seamless user experience.



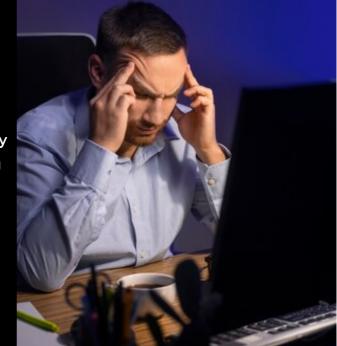


Enhancing Security

Explore **security** measures to protect remote desktop connections from unauthorized access and potential threats. Learn about encryption, authentication, and network security best practices.

Troubleshooting Connectivity Issues

Get insights into common **connectivity** issues and their solutions when using remote desktop. From network configuration to firewall settings, troubleshoot effectively.



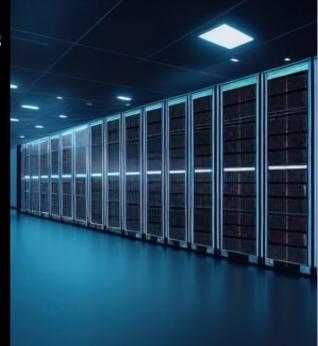
Advanced Features and Tools

Discover advanced features and **tools** to enhance your remote desktop experience. From multi-monitor support to file transfer capabilities, explore the latest innovations.



Server Side Responsibilities

Screen Capture: The Java Robot class is used to capture the content of the screen. Image Compression: Snappy compression is implemented to ensure e cient transmission of data. Socket Communication: Communication with the client is managed through sockets, handling the exchange of image and control data. Keyboard and Cursor Control: The server listens for keyboard and cursor events, transmitting the input data to the client for remote control.



Initialization and GUI Setup

JFrame for GUI: The GUI is created using the JFrame class. It serves as the main window for the server application. Buttons, Text Fields, and Labels: Incorporates interactive elements such as buttons for starting and stopping the server. Text fields allow users to input configuration parameters. Labels provide descriptive information about the GUI components. User Interface for Configuration: Provides a user-friendly interface for configuring server parameters. Users can specify screen dimensions, compression preferences, and other settings.



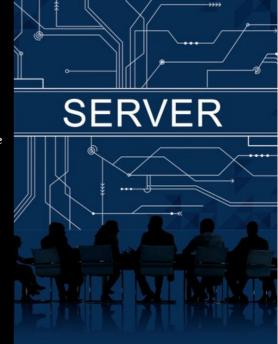
Image Capture and Compression

Robot Class for Screen Capture: Utilizes the Robot class to capture the screen content. The Robot class provides a way to capture the contents of the screen as an image. Double-Bulering Mechanism: Implements a doublebulering mechanism to e ciently manage and transfer screen images. Helps prevent flickering and improves the overall quality of captured images. Snappy Compression for E client Data Transmission: Employs the Snappy compression library for compressing captured images. Snappy olers fast compression and decompression, optimizing



Socket Communication Server

Server Sockets for Image, Cursor, and Keyboard: Utilizes distinct server sockets for handling image, cursor, and keyboard data. Separation of concerns ensures e cient management of diverse types of information. Accepting Client Connections: Server-side code accepts incoming connections from clients. Establishes a reliable communication channel for transmitting data between the server and connected clients. Transmitting Screen Size and Image Data: Sends screen size information to clients upon connection establishment. Image data, including compressed screen captures, is transmitted to clients over the established sockets.



User Interface and Controls

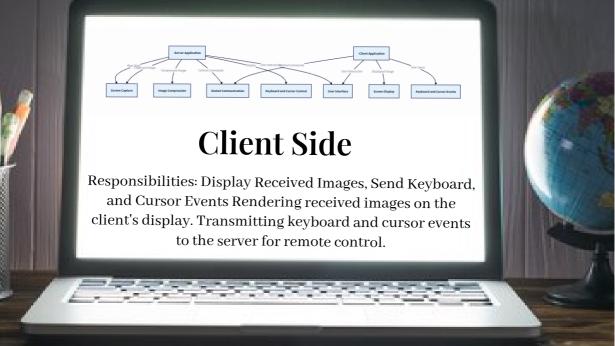
Start and Stop Buttons: Allows the server to initiate and terminate the remote desktop streaming. Enhances user control over the application's operation. Configuration Options for Screen Dimensions and Compression Settings: Text fields for specifying screen width and height. Radio buttons for selecting image compression preferences (True/False). Provides flexibility in adjusting settings based on user preferences and network conditions.



Keyboard and Cursor Control

Threads for Handling Keyboard and Cursor Input: Dedicated threads managing keyboard and cursor events separately. Ensures simultaneous and responsive control over both keyboard and cursor functionalities. Utilizing user32.dll for Keyboard Events: Integration of the user32.dll library for processing keyboard events e ciently. Enables the capture and transmission of keyboard input from the client to the server.





INITIALIZATION AND GUI SETUP

JFrame for GUI Setting up the main graphical user interface. Canvas or Panel for Displaying Received Images Creating a dedicated space for rendering the images received from the server.



Socket Communication

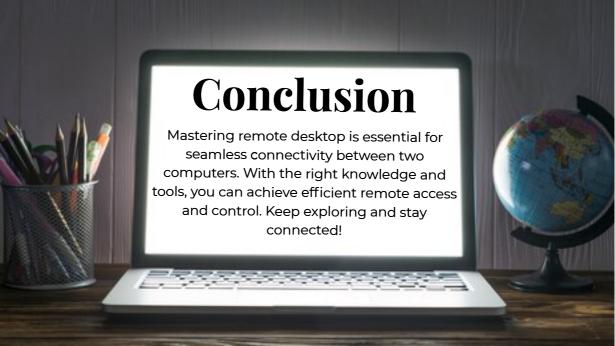
Client Sockets for Image, Cursor, and Keyboard Initiating separate sockets to communicate with the server for image, cursor, and keyboard data. Establishing Connection with the Server Connecting to the server to facilitate the exchange of information. Receiving and Displaying Screen Images Implementing the mechanism to receive and showcase screen images sent by the server.



User Interface

Displaying the Received Screen Images Rendering the screen images received from the server onto the client's interface. Interactivity for Keyboard and Cursor Input Implementing user interface controls to facilitate keyboard and cursor input interactions.





Thanks!