

# Schedule Serializability

All Schedules	
	Serializable Schedules
	Serial Schedules



Begin

Lock (X)

Read (X)

Write (X)

Unlock (X)

Commit



Lock (X)

Read (X)

Write (X)

Unlock (X)

Commit

Begin

Lock (X)

Read (X)

Write (X)

Unlock (X)

Commit



X: Locked by T1

Begin

Lock (X)

Read (X)

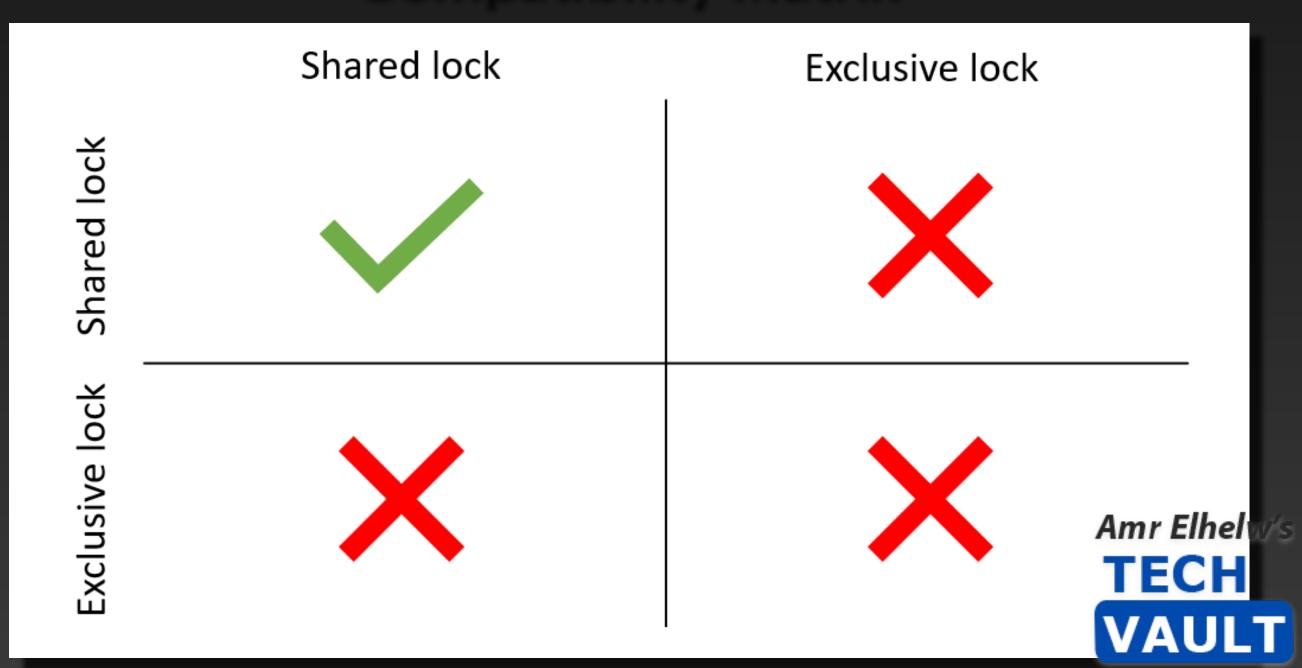
Write (X)

Unlock (X)

**VAULT** 

- Shared lock (S-Lock)
  - a.k.a. Read Lock
- eXclusive lock (X-lock)
  - a.k.a. Write Lock

#### **Compatibility Matrix**



Write (A)

Unlock (A)

• • •

S-Lock (A)

Read (A)



Write (A)

Unlock (A)

S-Lock (A)

Read (A)

Unlock (A)

X-Lock (A)

Write (A)

Unlock (A)

**T1** 

X-Lock (A)

Write (A)

Unlock (A)

S-Lock (A)

Read (A)

Unlock (A)

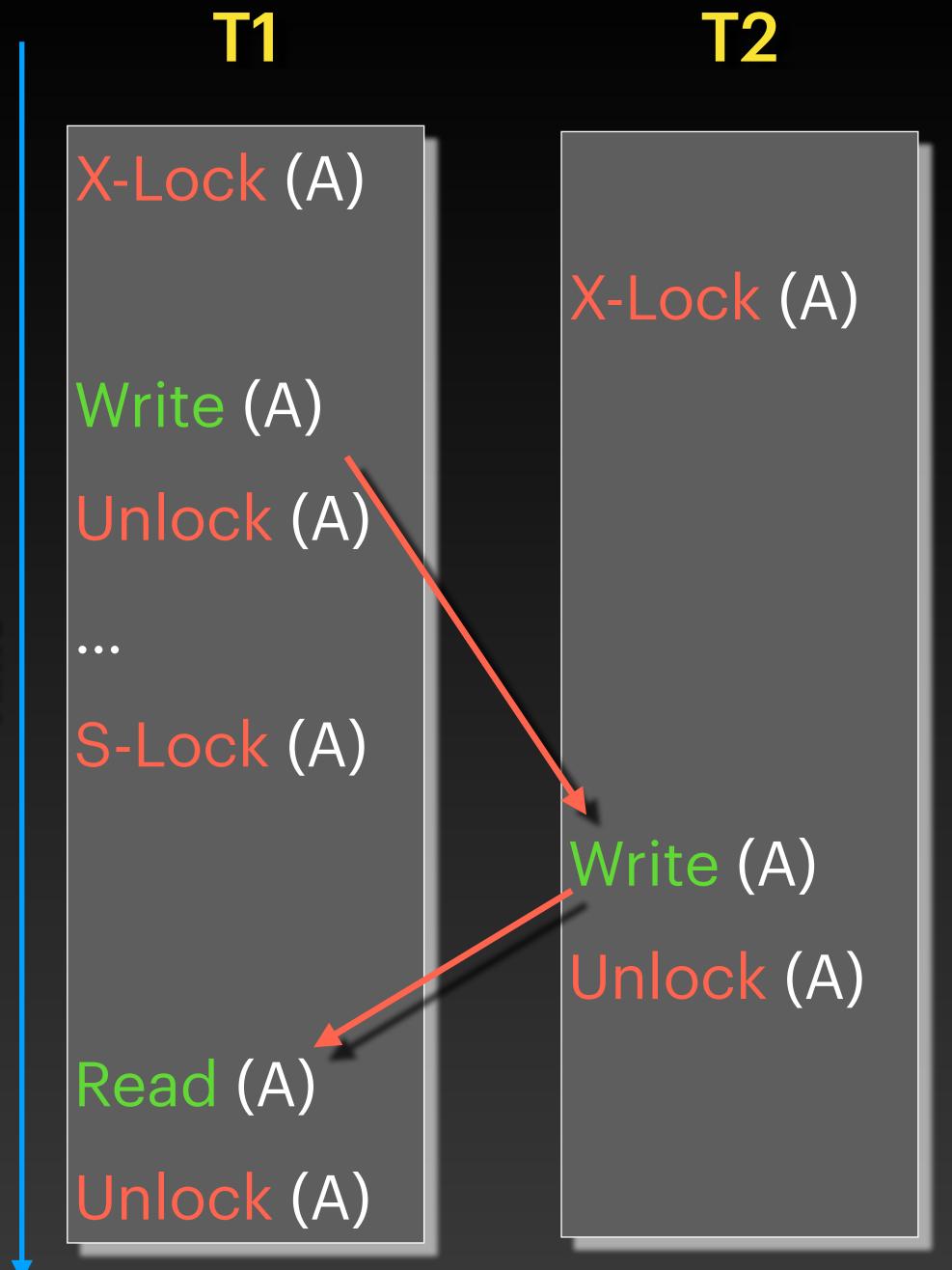
**T2** 

X-Lock (A)

Write (A)

Unlock (A)

Amr Elhelw's **VAULT** 



#### Dependency Graph



Not serializable!



Unlock (A)

#### **Dependency Graph**





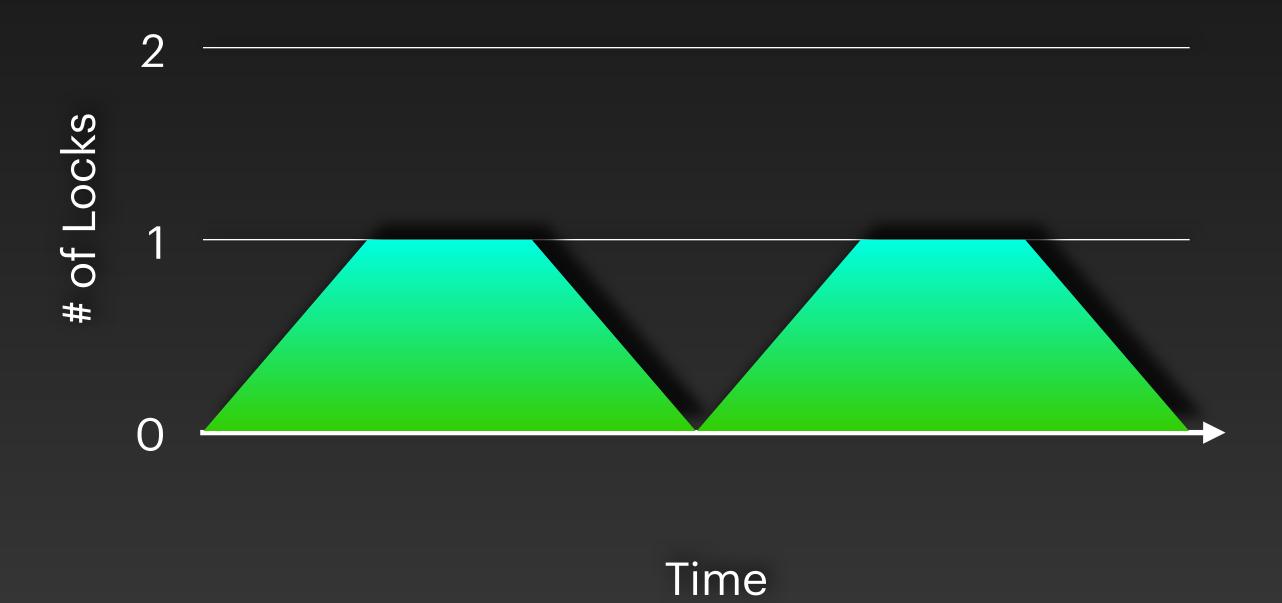
Write (A)

Unlock (A)

• •

S-Lock (A)

Read (A)

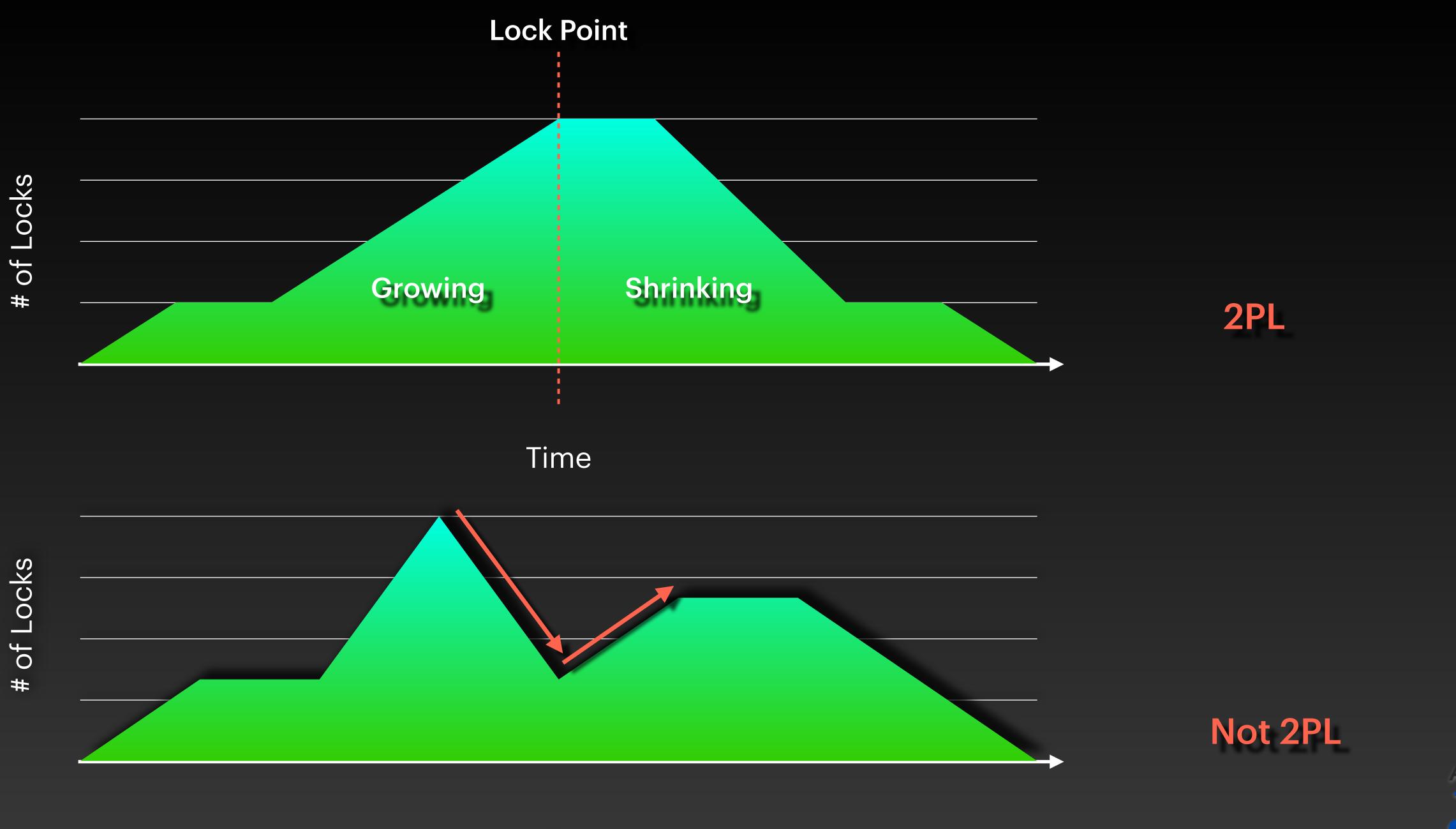




### Two-Phase Locking (2PL)

- Phase 1 Growing
  - Transaction can acquire/upgrade locks,
    without releasing/downgrading any locks
- Phase 2 Shrinking
  - Transaction can release/downgrade locks. It cannot acquire/upgrade locks.







Write (A)

Unlock (A)

• • •

S-Lock (A)

Read (A)

Unlock (A)

X-Lock (A)

Write (A)

• • •

Read (A)



S-Lock (A) Read (A) Unlock (A) Commit

**T2** 

**Dirty Read** 

- Valid 2PL
- Cascading Rollback



### Strict 2PL

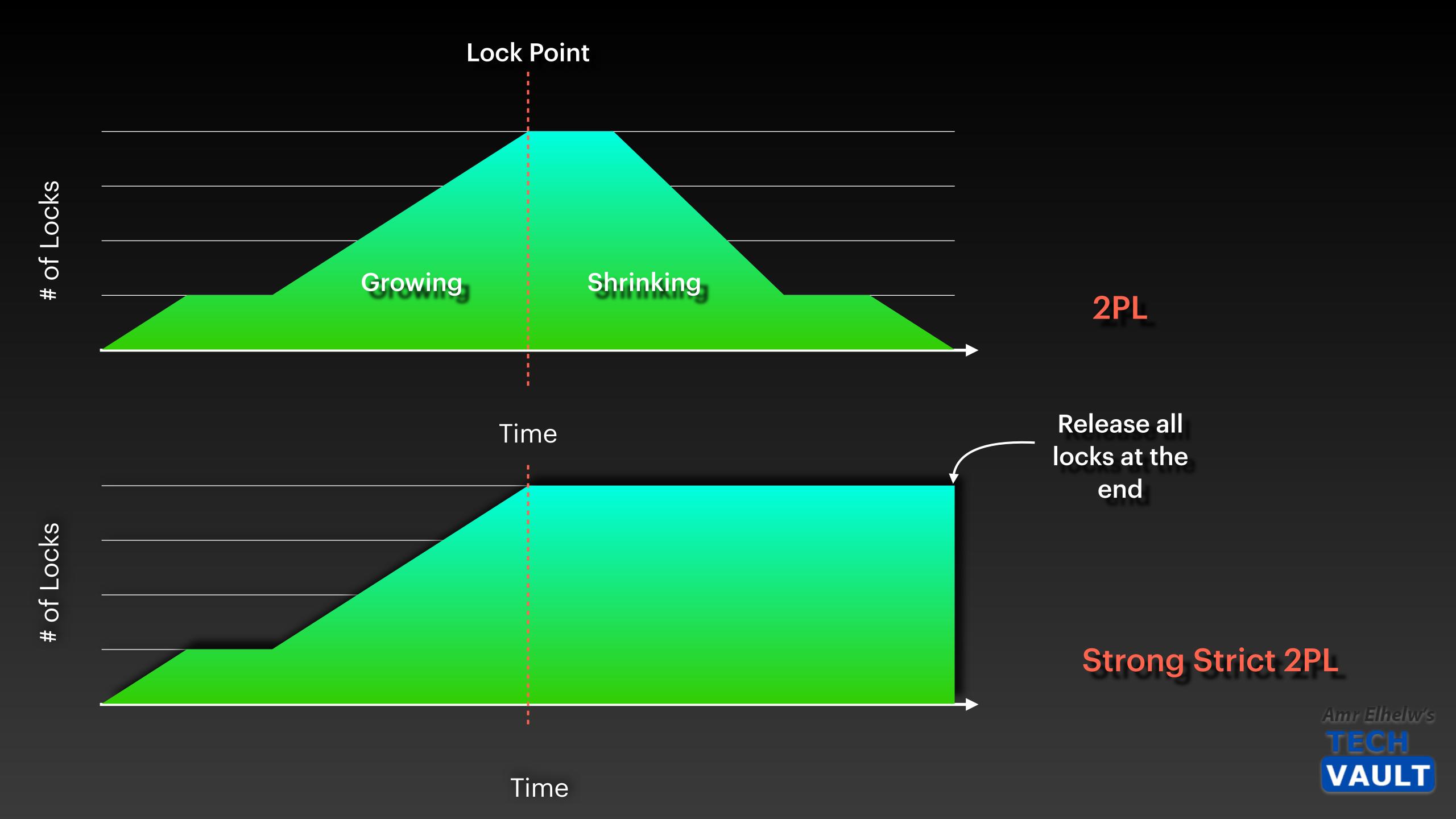
- Transaction can only release
   exclusive (write) locks after it has
   ended (committed or rolled back)
- Prevents dirty reads
- Prevents cascading rollbacks
  - Produces Strict schedules



## Strong Strict (Rigorous) 2PL

- Transaction can only release
  ALL locks after it has ended
  (committed or rolled back)
- More restrictive than Strict 2PL
- Easier to implement than Strict
  2PL (and more common)





Read (A)

Write (A)

X-Lock (B)

Write (B)

Commit

Unlock (A)

Unlock (B)

S-Lock (A)

Read (A)

Commit

