# Digit Frequency Count Problem

## **Problem Statement**

Given a string consisting of alphabets and digits, find the frequency of each digit (from 0 to 9) in the string.

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains a string S which contains alphabets and digits.

#### Constraints

• All elements of S are English alphabets or digits.

### **Output Format**

Print ten space-separated integers denoting the frequency of digits from 0 to 9 in the input string.

# Sample Input 0

a11472o5t6

#### Sample Output 0

0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0

#### Explanation 0

- Digit 1 occurs two times.
- Digits 2, 4, 5, 6, and 7 occur once each.
- Digits 0, 3, 8, and 9 do not occur.

#### Solution in C

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

int main() {
    char str[1000];
    int freq[10] = {0};

scanf("%s", str);
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < strlen(str); i++) {</pre>
11
            if (isdigit(str[i])) {
12
                 freq[str[i] - '0']++;
13
            }
14
       }
16
       for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {</pre>
17
            printf("%d ", freq[i]);
18
19
       return 0;
21
  }
22
```

Listing 1: Digit Frequency Count in C

# Explanation

- We read the input string into str.
- We create an integer array freq of size 10 initialized to 0 to keep track of digit frequencies.
- We iterate over each character in str, check if it is a digit using isdigit().
- If yes, convert the character digit to its integer value by subtracting '0' and increment the respective count in freq.
- Finally, print the frequency of each digit separated by spaces.

#### Common Similar Problems

- Counting frequency of alphabets in a string.
- Counting frequency of both digits and alphabets in a string.
- Finding the most frequent digit or character.
- Counting frequency of characters ignoring case sensitivity.
- Counting frequency of special characters in addition to digits and alphabets.

#### How to Make the Problem Harder

- Multi-line Input: Instead of a single line, process multiple lines of input strings.
- Large Inputs: Handle very large input efficiently (e.g., up to 10<sup>7</sup> characters).
- Case Sensitivity: Count uppercase and lowercase alphabets separately.
- Full Character Set: Count digits, alphabets, and special characters.
- Dynamic Input: Read input until EOF or a termination string is reached.
- Output Format Variations: Print results as a histogram or sorted by frequency.
- Memory Constraints: Solve the problem with limited memory (streaming input).
- Non-ASCII Characters: Handle Unicode or multibyte characters.

input.		

• Interactive Mode: Allow queries like "How many times does digit X appear?" after the