



THEME:

**Digital Public Infrastructure:
Laying the Foundations for
Somalia's Digital Future**



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Node.js Overview

- **Node.js** is a runtime that allows you to execute JavaScript on the server side.
- Built on Chrome's V8 JavaScript engine.
- Used to create scalable, event-driven, and non-blocking I/O applications.



Setting Up the Environment

- ▶ 1. Install Node.js from nodejs.org.
- ▶ 2. Install MongoDB locally or set up MongoDB Atlas for cloud storage.
- ▶ 3. Install a code editor like VS Code.
- ▶ 4. Verify installations:
 - ▶ - Node.js: ``node -v``
 - ▶ - MongoDB: ``mongod --version``.

Building a Node.js Server



```
const http = require('http');

const server = http.createServer((req, res) => {
  res.writeHead(200, { 'Content-Type': 'text/plain' });
  res.end('Hello World\n');
});

server.listen(3000, () => {
  console.log('Server running at http://localhost:3000/');
});
```



Express.js



- A web application framework for Node.js.
- Simplifies the creation of robust web applications and APIs.
- Provides middleware for handling requests, responses, and routing.

Key Features:

- Minimal and flexible.
- Middleware support.
- Powerful routing system.

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Building RESTful APIs with Express.js



- ▶ 1. Create routes:
 - ▶ - GET: Fetch data.
 - ▶ - POST: Add data.
 - ▶ - PUT: Update data.
 - ▶ - DELETE: Remove data.



Example: Express "Hello World"



```
const express = require('express');  
const app = express();
```

```
app.get('/', (req, res) => {  
  res.send('Hello World!');  
});
```

```
app.listen(3000, () => {  
  console.log('Server running on http://localhost:3000/');  
});
```



MongoDB



- NoSQL database that stores data in JSON-like documents.
- Highly scalable and flexible.
- Works well with JavaScript and Node.js.

Key Features:

- Document-oriented.
- Schema-less (or schema-flexible).
- Supports rich querying and indexing.



Setting Up MongoDB



- ▶ 1. Install Mongoose for MongoDB: ``npm install mongoose``.
- ▶ 2. Connect to MongoDB:
- ▶ ````javascript`
- ▶ `const mongoose = require('mongoose');`
- ▶ `mongoose.connect('mongodb://localhost:27017/mydb')`



Advanced MongoDB Queries



- ▶ 1. Aggregation:
 - ▶ - Example: Group by age:
 - ▶ ```javascript
 - ▶ User.aggregate([{\$group: { _id: '\$age', count: { \$sum: 1 } } }]);
 - ▶ ```
- ▶ 2. Lookup (joins):
 - ▶ ```javascript
 - ▶ Orders.aggregate([{\$lookup: { from: 'users', localField: 'userId', foreignField: '_id', as: 'userDetails' } }]);



Building Track Registration System: Project Setup & Steps



Initialize Project

- Create a project folder and initialize with `npm init -y`.
- Install dependencies: `express`, `mongoose`, and `body-parser`.

Define File Structure



Set Up Components:



- **index.js:** Set up Express app, connect to MongoDB, define routes.
- **Database Connection:** Configure MongoDB connection in `db/connect.js`.
- **Models:** Create Mongoose schema for track details in `models/Track.js`.
- **Controllers:** Define CRUD operations for tracks in `controllers/trackController.js`.
- **Routes:** Set up API endpoints for track registration in `routes/trackRoutes.js`.

Run Project:

- Start server with `npm run dev` or `node index.js`.
- Test CRUD API using Postman or `curl`.



The background is a solid blue gradient. In the top-left and bottom-right corners, there are faint, abstract network diagrams consisting of interconnected dots and lines, resembling a globe or a complex web. The text "Thank You!" is centered on the left side. "Thank" is in a large, bold, black sans-serif font, and "You!" is in a slightly smaller, white sans-serif font. Three small, light blue, pill-shaped icons are positioned above the end of the word "Thank".

Thank
You!