1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53							
Sunday is:							
(a) 53/366	(b) 1/7	(a) 2/7	(d) 53/365				
2. A bag contains	3 red and 2 b	lue marbles. A	marble is drawn at				
random. The probability of drawing a black ball is:							
(a) 3/5	(b) 2/5	()0/5	(d) 1/5				
3. The probability	that it will rai	in tomorrow is (0.85. What is the				
probability that it	will not rain to	omorrow					
(a) 0.25	(b) 0.145	() 3/20	(d) none of these				
4. What is the pro	bability that a	number select	ed from the numbers				
(1, 2, 3,,15)	is a multiple	of 4?					
(1) 1/5	(b) 4/5	(c) 2/15	(d) 1/3				
5. What are the t	otal outcomes	s when we throw	v three coins?				
(a) 4	(b) 5	() 8	(d) 7				
6. The probabilit	y that a prime	number selecte	ed at random from the				
numbers (1,2,3,							
(a) 12/35	() 11/35	(c) 13/35	(d) none of these				
7. The sum of the	probability of	f an event and r	non event is:				
		0 (d) non					
8. The following	probabilities a	are given; choos	se the correct answer				
for that which is r	ot possible.						
(a) 0.15	(b) 2/7	() 7/5	(d) none of these.				
9. If three coins a	are tossed sim	ultaneously, tha	an the probability of				
getting at least tw	o heads, is:						
(a) 1/4	(b) 3/8	(_) ½	(d) 1/8				
10. A letter is ch							
♦ ASSASSINATIO	N. The prob	bability that the	letter chosen has:				
(a) 6/13	(b) 7/13	(c) 1	(d) none of these.				
11. A dice is throw	wn. Find the pr	robability of get	ting an even number.				
(^) 2/3	(B) 1	(C) 5/6	(D) 1/2				
CONSCIPER CONTRACTOR C		70000E					
		same time. Fin	d the probability of				
getting both head							
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4	(C) 1/2	() 0					
10 Ture dies and through simultaneously. The much skilling of sensions							
13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a sum of 9 is:							

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	() 1/9	(D) 4/9)			
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number.							
(A) 3/4	(B) 27/50	() 1/4	(D) 2	29/100			
15. A bag contains 5 red balls and some blue balls .If the probability of drawing a blue ball is double that of a red ball, then the number of blue balls in a bag is: (A) 5 (C) 10 (C) 15 (D) 20							
(A) 5							
taken out a		ontains 12 defect this box. Then					
(A) 143/15	0 () 14	7/150 (C)	1/25	(D) 1/50			
17. Cards marked with numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box randomly, then the probability that the number on card is a perfect square. (a) 9/100 (B) 1/10 (C) 3/10 (D) 19/100							
18. What i (A) 1/7	~~~ ~~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~	ty of getting 53 (a) 2/7	Mondays in (D) 7/3	. 이 이 이 경영 (1) 1 (1) 1 (1) (로마 - 트리 - 1) (1)			
 19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit. (a) 1/26 (b) 3/26 (c) 7/52 (d) 1/13 							
20. A game of chance consists of spinning an arrow which is equally likely to come to rest pointing to one of the number 1,2,312 ,then the probability that it will point to an odd number is: (A) $1/6$ (B) $1/12$ (C) $7/12$ (D) $5/12$							
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that Aryan will lose the game. (a) 3/4 (B) 1/2 (C) 1 (D) 1/4							

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is the same birthday is:							
(A) 364/365	(B) 31/365	(C) 1/365	()) 1/133225				
23. A number x is chosen at random from the numbers -2, -1, 0, 1, 2. Then the probability that $x^2 < 2$ is? (A) $1/5$ (B) $2/5$ (C) $3/5$ (D) $4/5$							
24. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some are red and others are white. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability that it is red is 2/3, then the number of white marbles in the jar is: (A) 10 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 7							
Then the proba	25. A number is selected at random from first 50 natural numbers. Then the probability that it is a multiple of 3 and 4 is: (A) 7/50 (B) 4/25 (C) 1/25 (D) 2/25						
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?							
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$	$\frac{4}{21}$				
		5 one day matche	es are 50, 70, 82,				
	e standard deviat b) 25.49	c) 25.29	d) 25.69				
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.							
	b) 13, 18		<u>d</u>) 13, 16				
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is							
a) $\frac{1}{2}$	b) $^{1}/_{3}$	c) $^{1}/_{4}$					
	te between 0 and) 7	d 3. The value of E) 27 🖒					
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5 respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?							

a) 3	b) 4	c) 5		7) 7			
32.Out of the following values, which one is not possible in probability? a) $P(x) = 1$ b) $\sum x P(x) = 3$ c) $P(x) = 0.5$							
C) P(x) = 0.	5 C,	P(x) = -0.5					
NOTE 150	e 2 and E(z) b) 6	= 4, then E(z c) 0	– x) =?	d) Insuf	ficient data		
34.The cov	ariance of t	wo independ	ent random	variable	is		
a) 1	<u></u>) 0	c) - 1		d) Unde	fined		
35.If Σ P(x a) 0	a) = k² - 8 th b) 1	en, the value c) 3	of k is?	d) Insuf	fficient data		
(B) (B)	0.5 and x = b) 0.5	4, then E(x)) 4	= ?	d) 2			
37.In a discrete probability distribution, the sum of all probabilities is always?							
a) 0	b) Infinite	c) 1		Undef	inea		
38.If the probability of hitting the target is 0.4, find mean and							
variance. a) 0.4, 0.24	b) 0	.6, 0.24	<u>0.4, 0</u>).16	d) 0.6, 0.16		
39.If the probability that a bomb dropped from a place will strike the target is 60% and if 10 bombs are dropped, find mean and variance? a) 0.6, 0.24 b) 6, 2.4 c) 0.4, 0.16 d) 4, 1.6							

a) 2 b) 4 c) 8 d) 1

41. What is the mean and variance for standard normal distribution?

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a) 2

40. Find the mean of tossing 8 coins.

O) Mean is 0 and variance is 1 b) Mean is 1 and variance is 0 c) Mean is 0 and variance is ∞ d) Mean is ∞ and variance is 0										
42. Variance of a random variable X is given by a) $E(X)$ b) $E(X2)$ $E(X2)$ – $(E(X))2$ d) $E(X)$ 2										
43.Mean of a random variable X is given by b) E(X) b) E(X2) c) E(X2) - (E(X))2 d) (E(X))2								d) (E(X))2		
44.Mean of a constant 'a' is a) 0										
45.V	45.Variance of a constant 'a' is . a) 0 b) a c) a/2 d) 1									
46.Fi	ind th	ne me	an and	vari	ance	of X?				
	Х	0		1		2	3		4	
	f(x)	1.	/9	2/9		3/9	2/9	1	/9	
a) 2, 4/3 b) 3, 4/3 c) 2, 2/3 d) 3, 2/3										
47.Fi	47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?									
	х	0	1	2	3					
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6					
a) 0.	5		<u>()</u> 1.5		(c) 2.5		ď	3.5	
48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by										



c) np2q

d) npq2

49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.**

- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
-) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx

50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**

- a) \sqrt{np}

- b) \sqrt{pq} c) (np)2 \sqrt{npq}