

Computer Graphics Generative Models

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FYI - Processing

- Topics will be introduced using various animations
- Created using a tool called “Processing”
- Very popular with digital artists
- Java-based programming environment
- With it's own built-in hardware accelerated rasteriser !
(So we don't have to use the one I built in C ;o)
- I'll use it as a sandpit for demonstrating key concepts
- Experimenting with interactive graphics...
- Displaying things and then “prodding” them

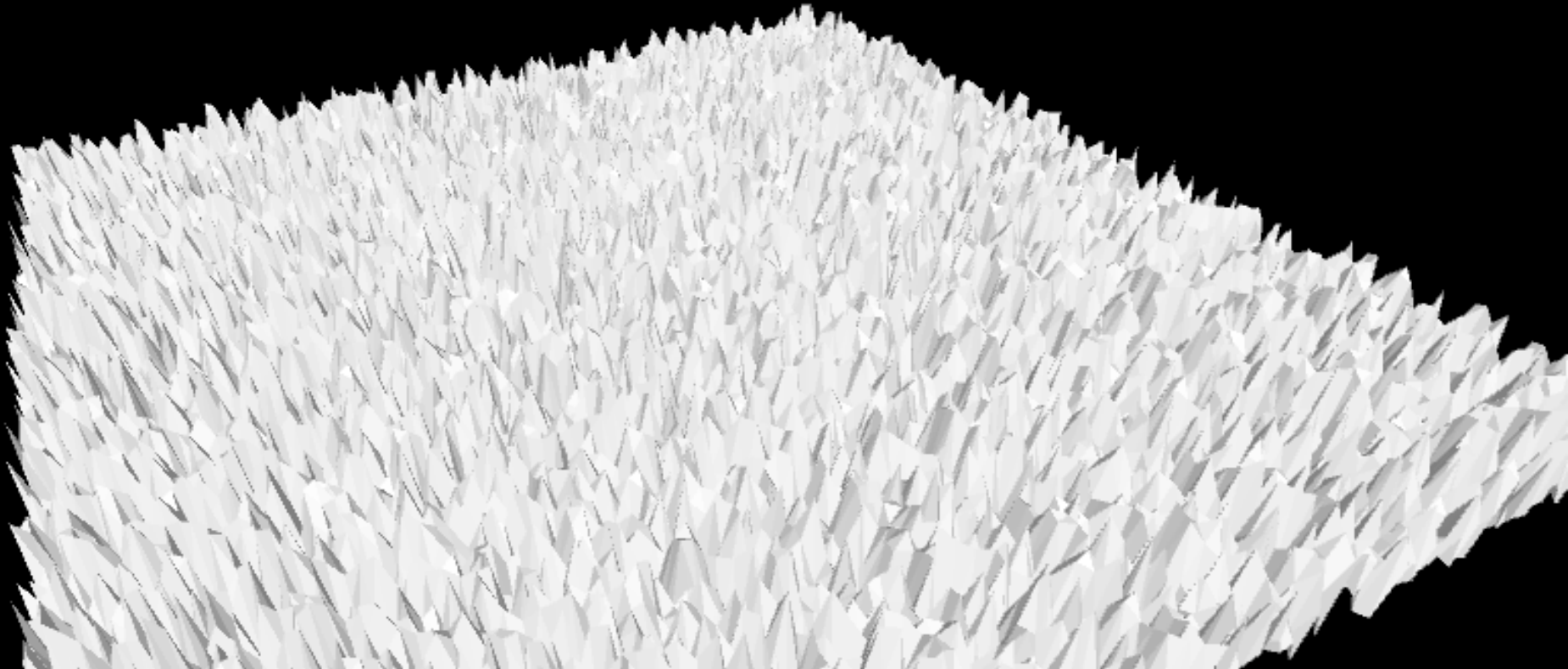
Purpose of Session

- Working with pre-built models is all well and good
- Problem is they can be time-consuming to create (3D scanning, Hand-crafting with applications etc)
- Additionally, they are by their very nature **finite**
- What if we wanted **unlimited** artefacts ?
- The answer is to write code to generate models !
- Might make a nice extension for your project !!!

Generative Landscapes

First Attempt

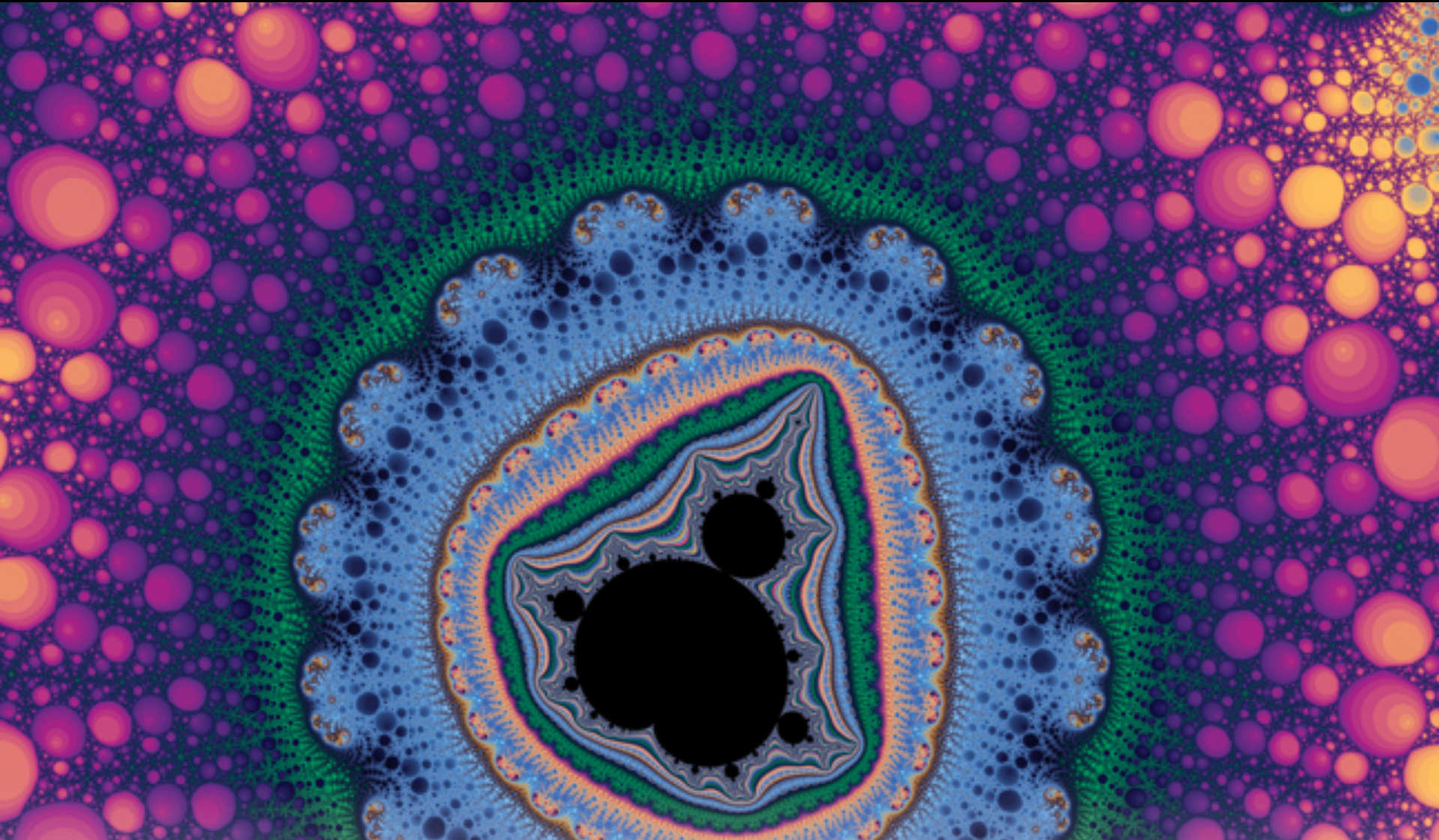
- A naive approach might be to randomly set the height of each point of land
- As we can see, this doesn't work particularly well...



Revised Approach

- What we need is some kind of “smoothing”
- Something that will remove the extreme spikes
- But that will leave “undulations”
- Something that will look like real land !!!

“Fractal” Landscapes



In what way are they fractal ?

- Structure defined by a formula/algorithm
- Potentially infinite level of detail
- Created with an iterative or recursive algorithm
- Parallels with / similarity to nature



Romanesco Broccoli

Basic Concept

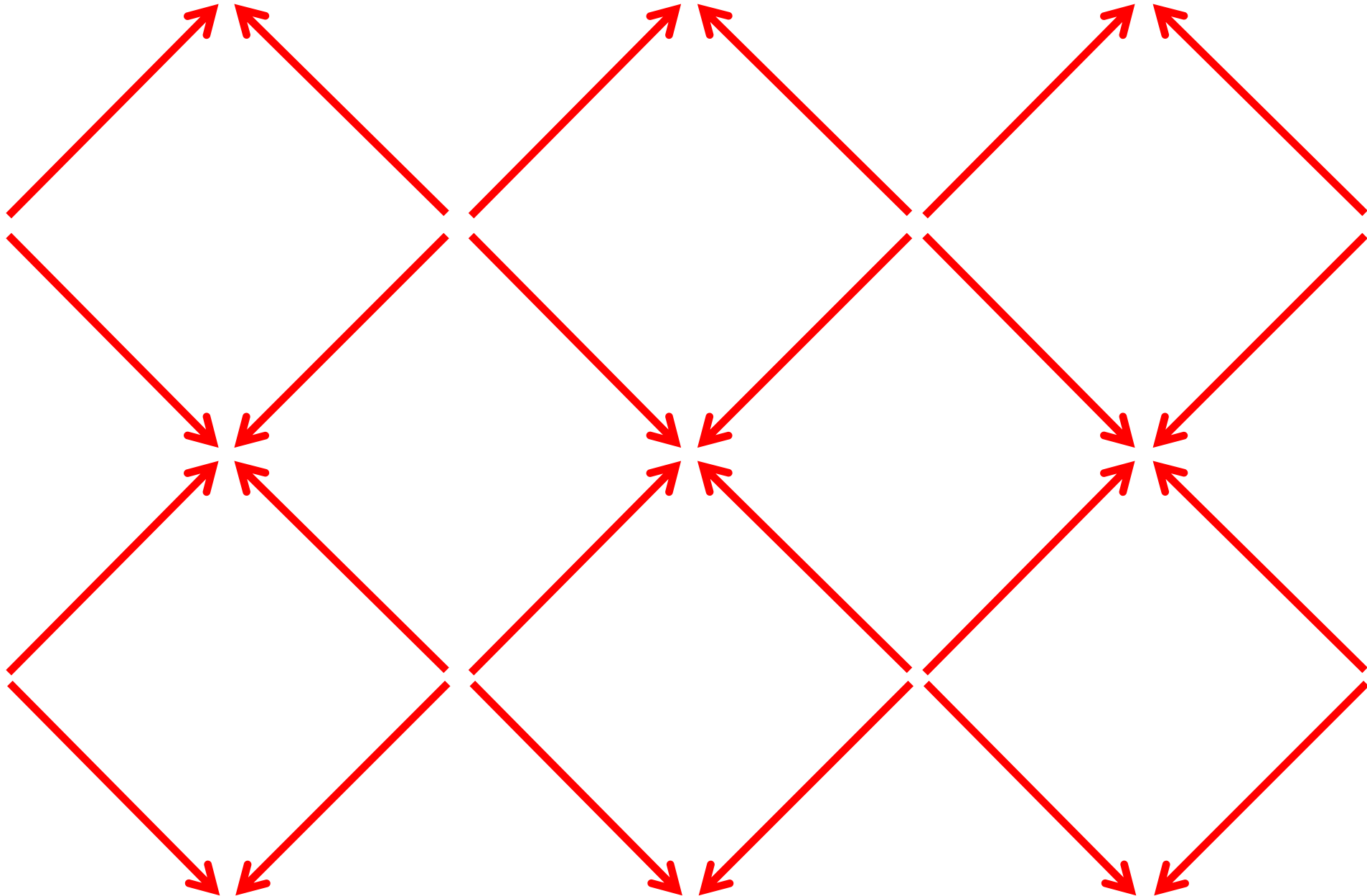
- Basic concept is to first randomise a grid of points
 - Then incrementally average out the heights
 - Starting out with a big “stride”
 - Then getting increasingly finer grained
-
- It's a lot easier to explain with an animation !
 - Let's see how it works in 2D first (for simplicity)

[Terraform2D]

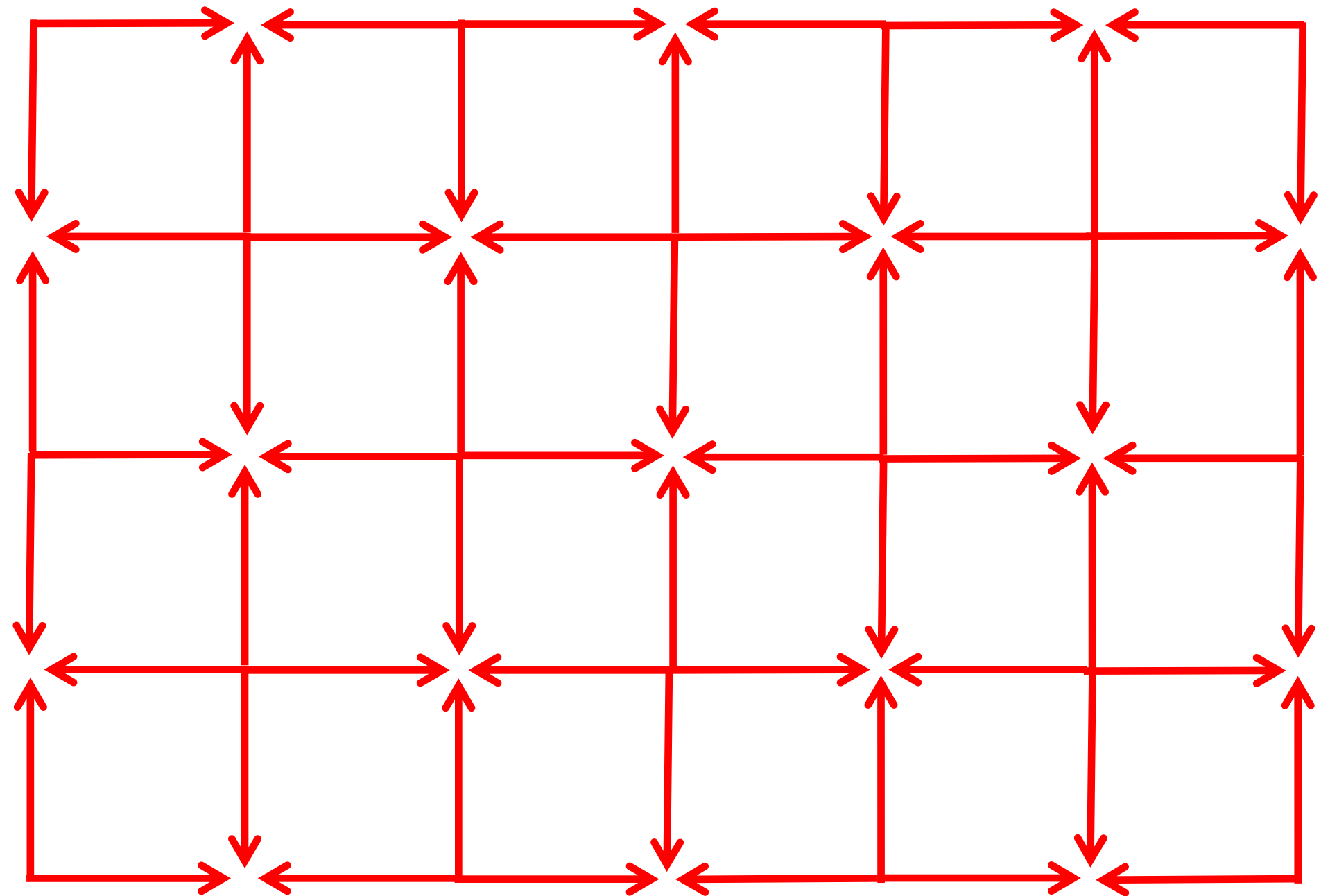
Diamond-Square Algorithm

- Commonly used fractal landscape generator
- Good sophistication / understandability balance
- Variants do exist: everyone has their own tweaks
- We will explore a fairly basic version
- But one that produces some nice-looking results
- Works like 2D version, but with an extra dimension !
- Needs to average out values in multiple directions
- Involves two steps: Diamond Step & Square Step...

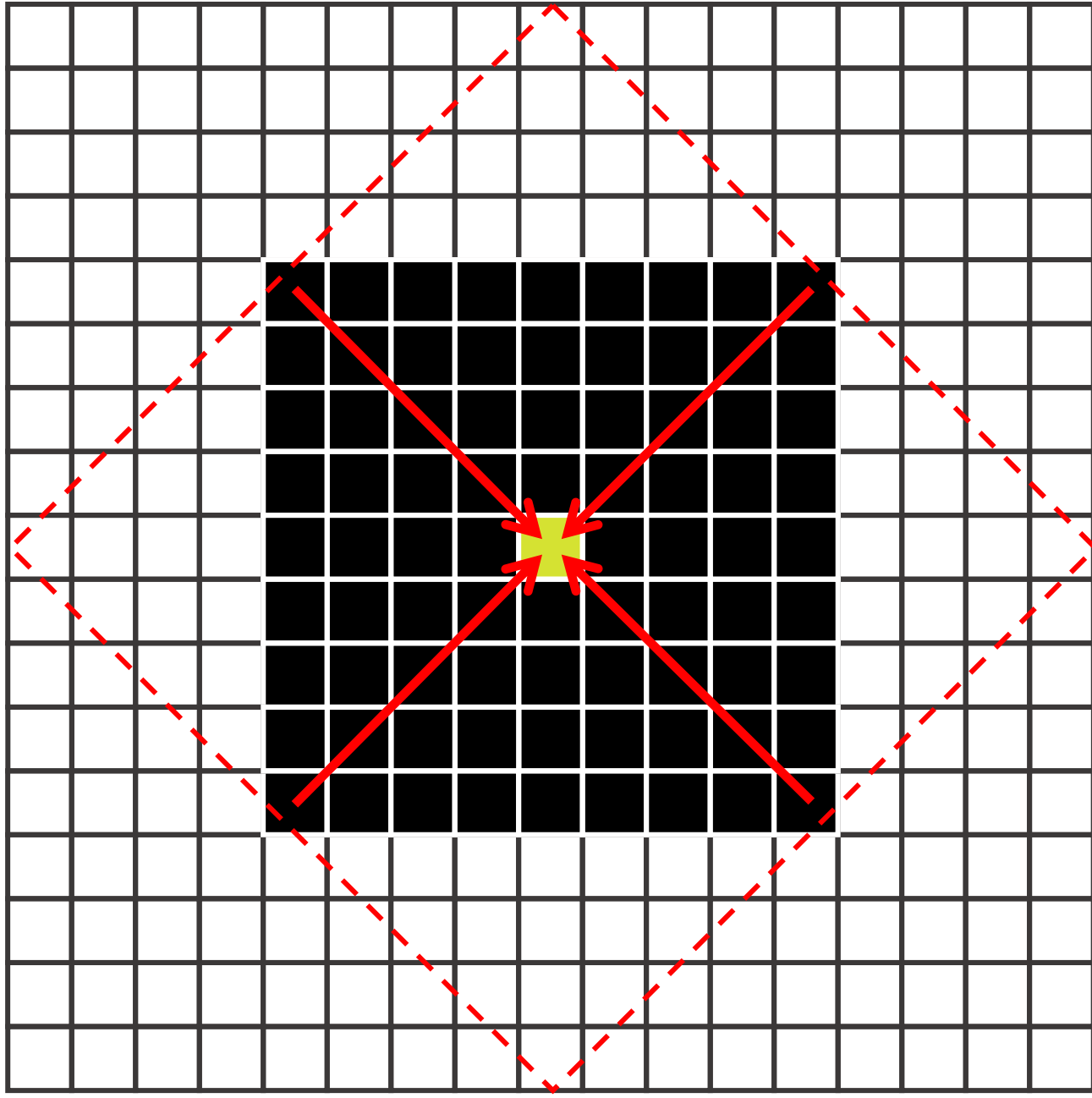
Diamond Step Averaging Pattern



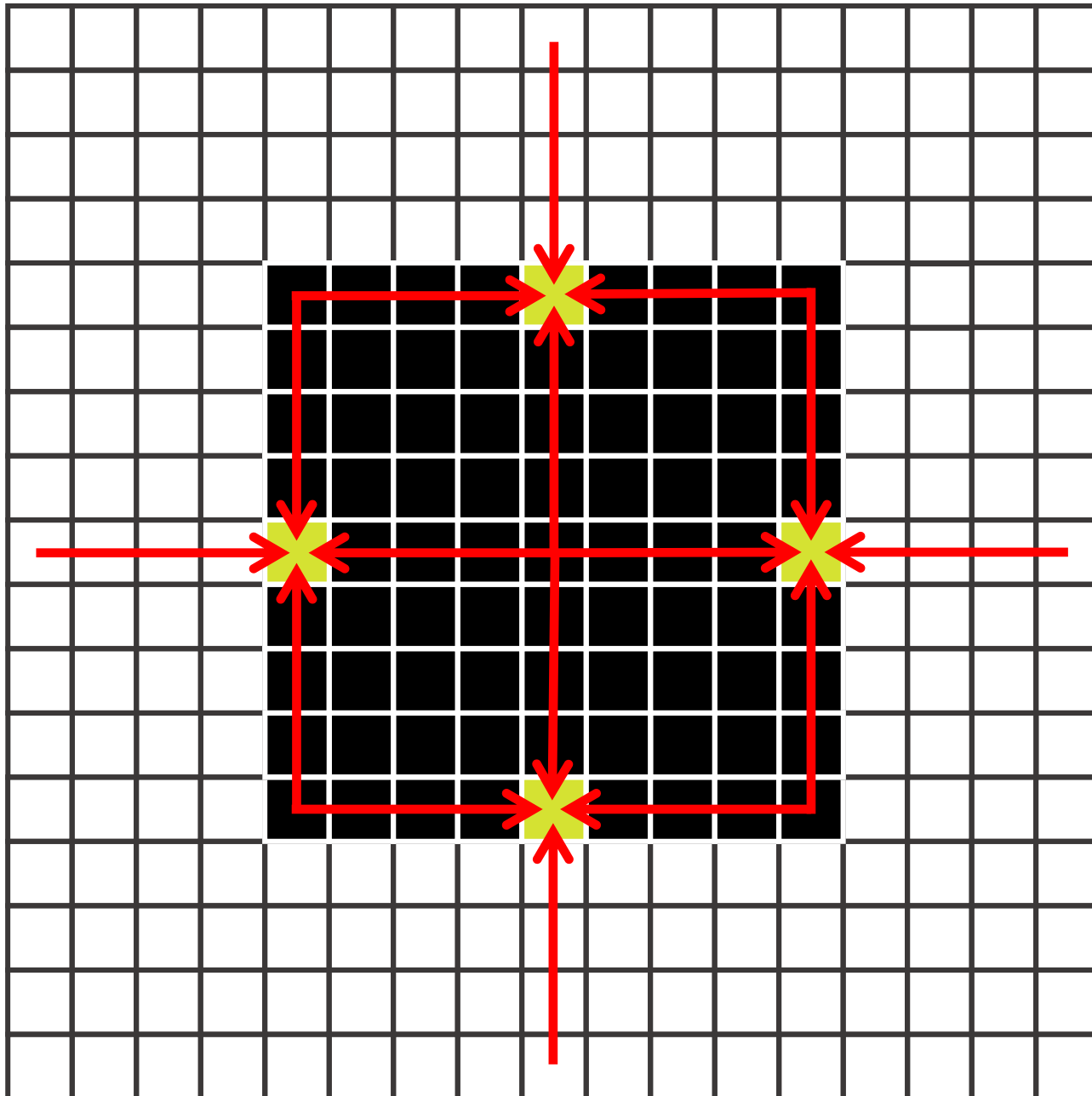
Square Step Averaging Pattern



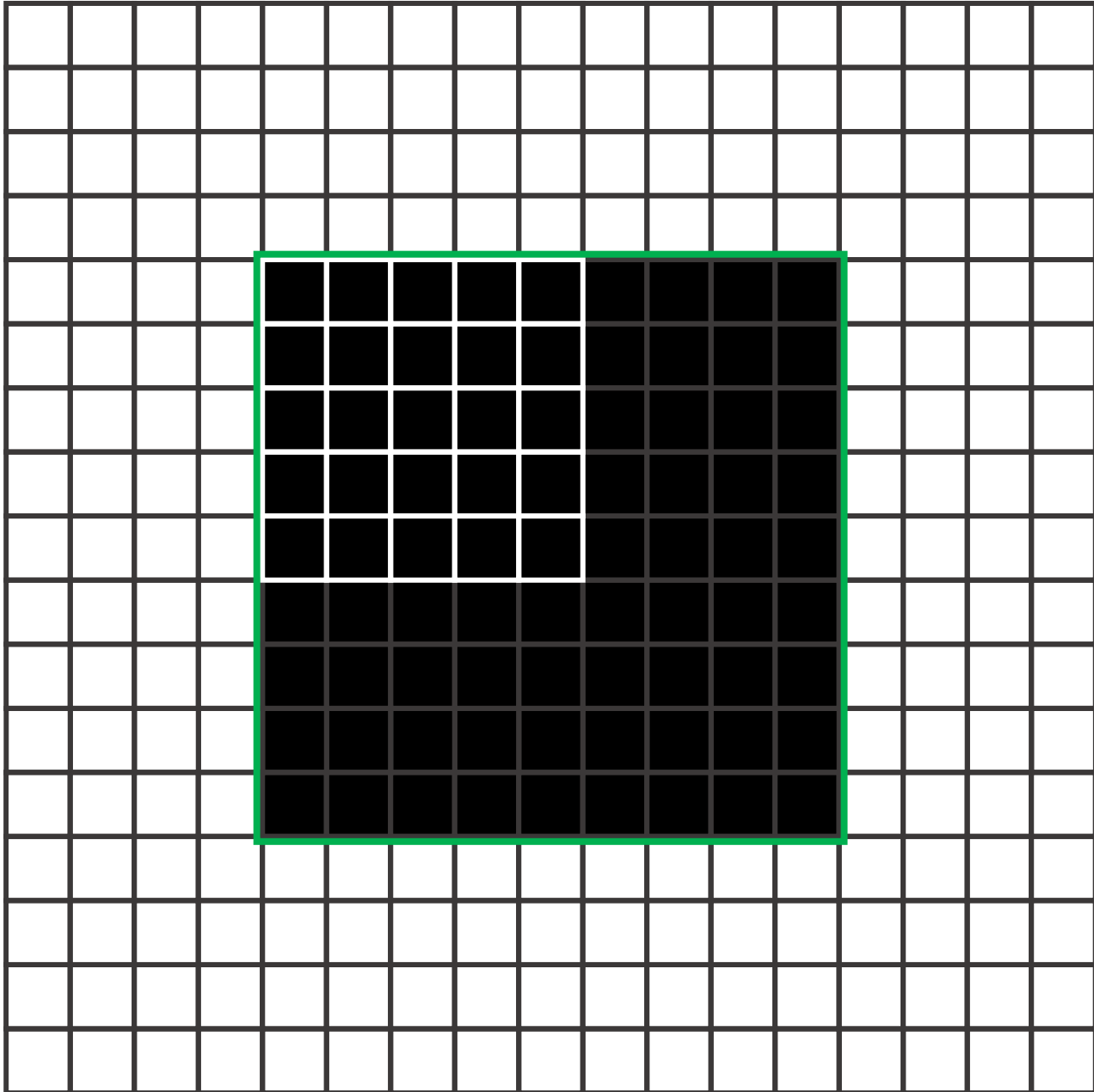
Diamond Step



Square Step

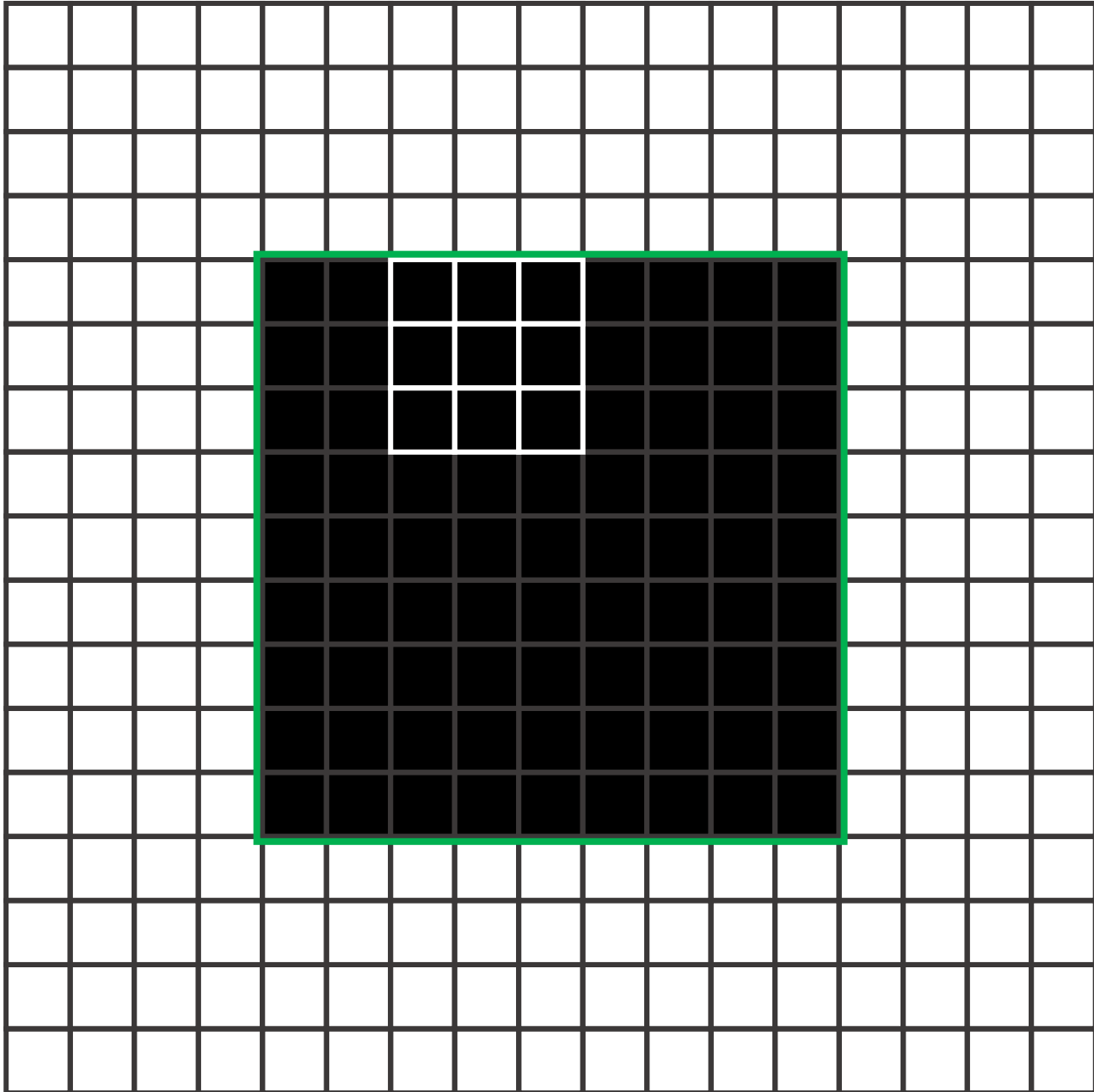


Split



The image shows a 10x10 grid of squares. A 5x5 square in the center is filled with black. This black square is outlined by a thick green border. Within the bottom-right portion of the black square, there is a 3x3 square that is white, creating a nested square pattern.

Split Again



A 10x10 grid of squares. In the center, there is a 5x5 black square. This black square is outlined by a thick green border. Inside the black square, there is a 3x3 white square, which is outlined by a thick white border. The white square is centered within the black square.

[DiamondSquare]

Hints and Tips

- Use landscape of size $2^n + 1$ (for cleaner halving !)
- Randomise all points to begin with
- Deal with landscape edges (margin/wrap-around)
- Don't use recursive solution (just an iterative one) !
- Watch out for seams and creases !
- Experiment with the roughness factor
- Watch out for those minus ones !!!!

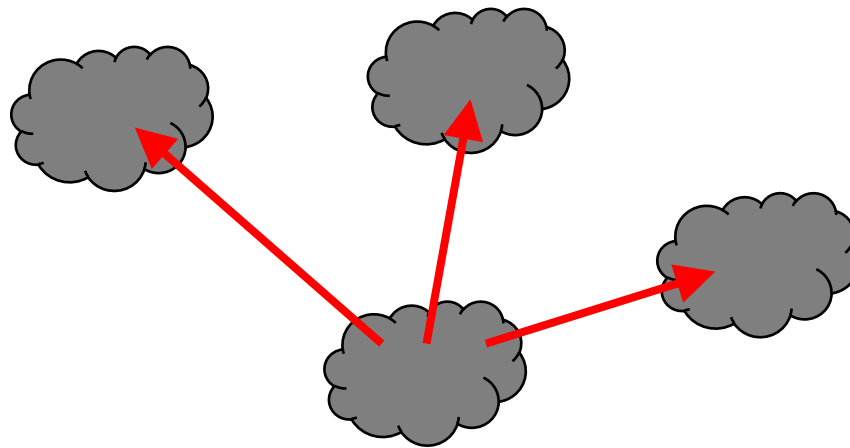
Replication

Replication

- A key tool for model generation is replication
- It's very easy to create complex models...
- By just duplicating simple structures
- Easily done with a bit of code...
- Use a loop to create multiple instances
- Use transforms to position them where we want !

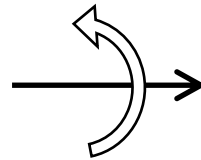
Translation

- Translation is the simplest form of transformation
- Involves shifting coordinates in X, Y & Z dimensions
- Rather than moving camera or light (as before)
- Create then shift individual 3D shapes...



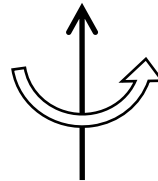
Rotation Matrices

Rotation about X axis



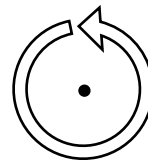
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ 0 & \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

Rotation about Y axis



$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & 0 & \sin \theta \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

Rotation about Z axis



$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

[FlyThrough]

Import/Export of Generated Models

- So we have gone to all the effort creating models
- It would be nice if we could keep these for future
- Load them back in again later on
- Open them up with other applications
- Share them with other people
- Or send them to a 3D printer !
- Various file formats are possible
- OBJ files are versatile and popular...

OBJ File Content

Core content:

- Vertex: Point in 3D space

- Facet / Face: Triangle consisting of 3 vertices)

- Vertex Texture: Reference to a texture map

Other (optional) content is also possible:

- Surface normals

- Material (ambient/diffuse/specular colours)

- Polygon (non-triangular) shapes

OBJ Example

vt 0.140625 0.911483

vt 0.234375 0.963517

vt 0.234375 0.890625

vt 0.161458 0.890625

Vertex Textures
from image file
(see next slide)

v 30.0 40.0 -50.0

v 20.0 60.0 -40.0

v 10.0 10.0 -20.0

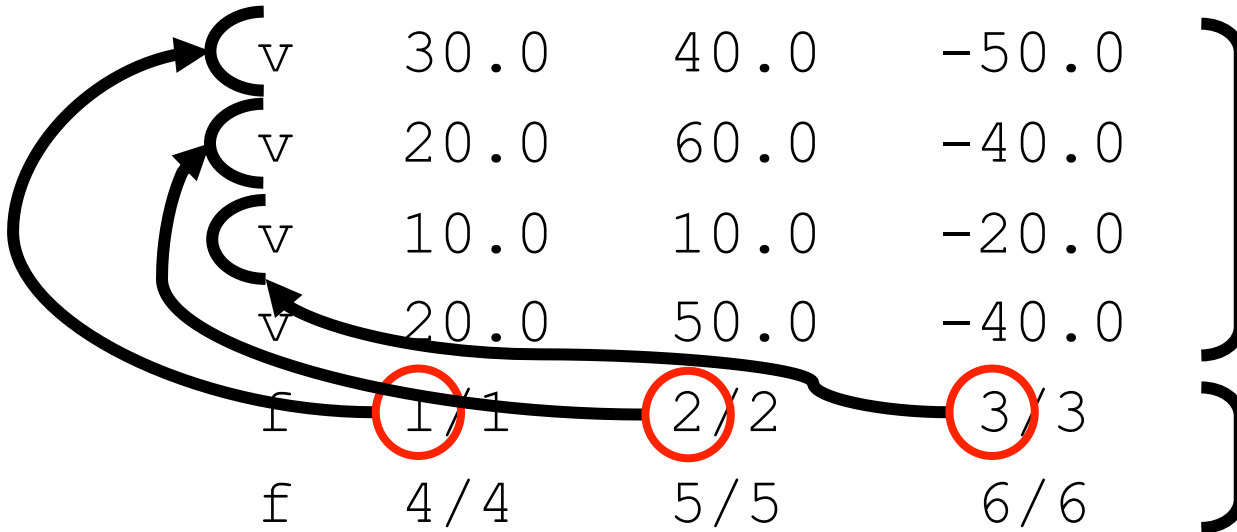
v 20.0 50.0 -40.0

3D Vertex
Coordinates

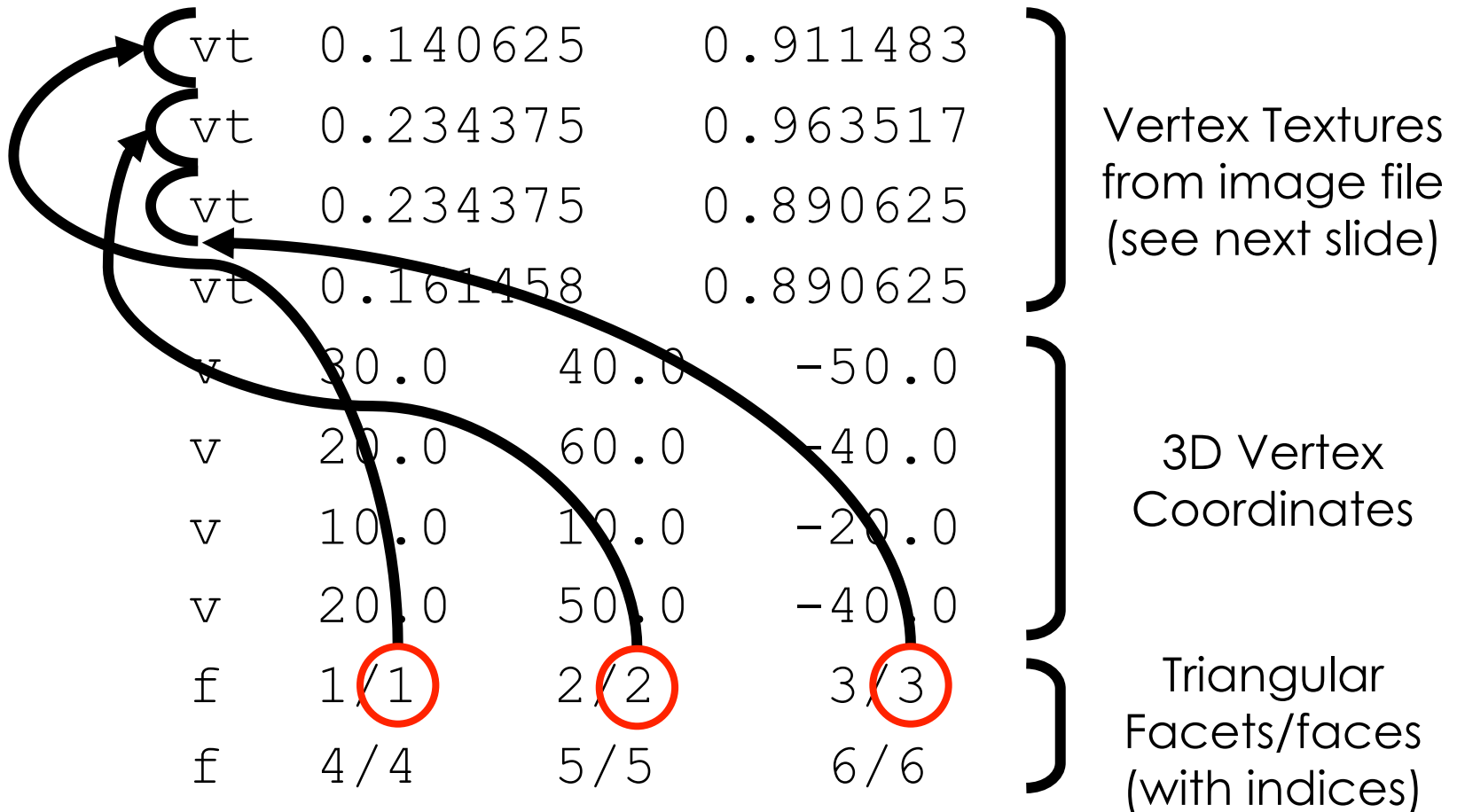
f 1/1 2/2 3/3

f 4/4 5/5 6/6

Triangular
Facets/faces
(with indices)

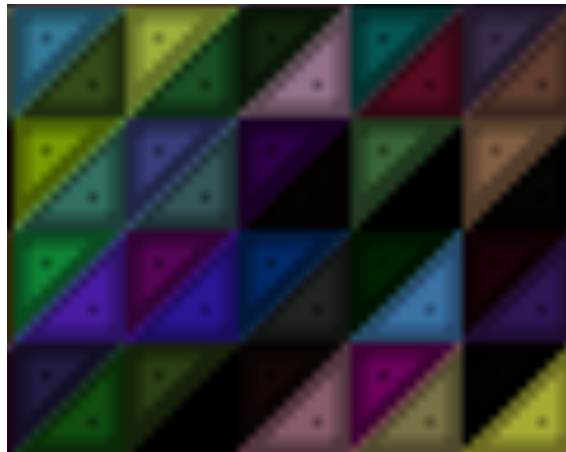


OBJ Example

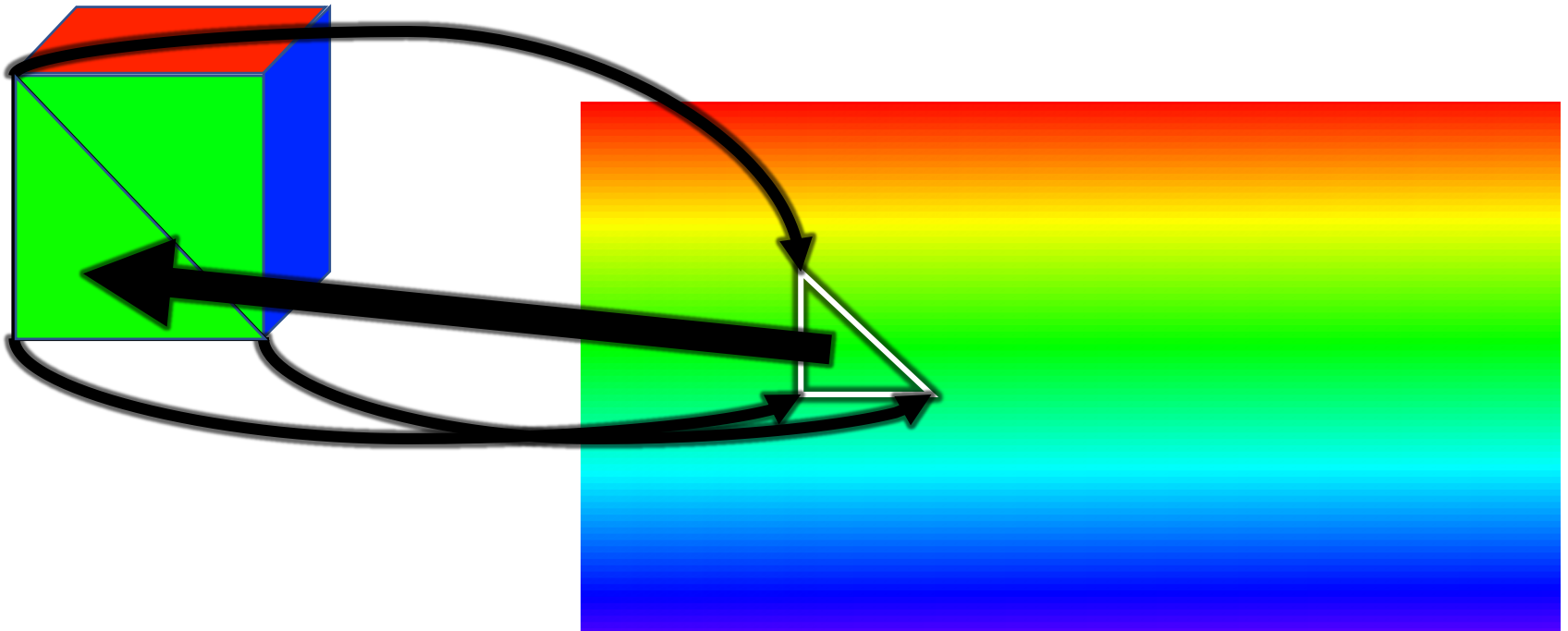


Texture Map (PNG/TGA) Files

- Surface (fill) colours are exported as a ***texture map***
- All surfaces are combined into a single image file
- Each surface is mapped to a region of that image
- A little weird, but it is done for efficiency
- It's a bit like a sprite sheet in a game engine



Texture Maps

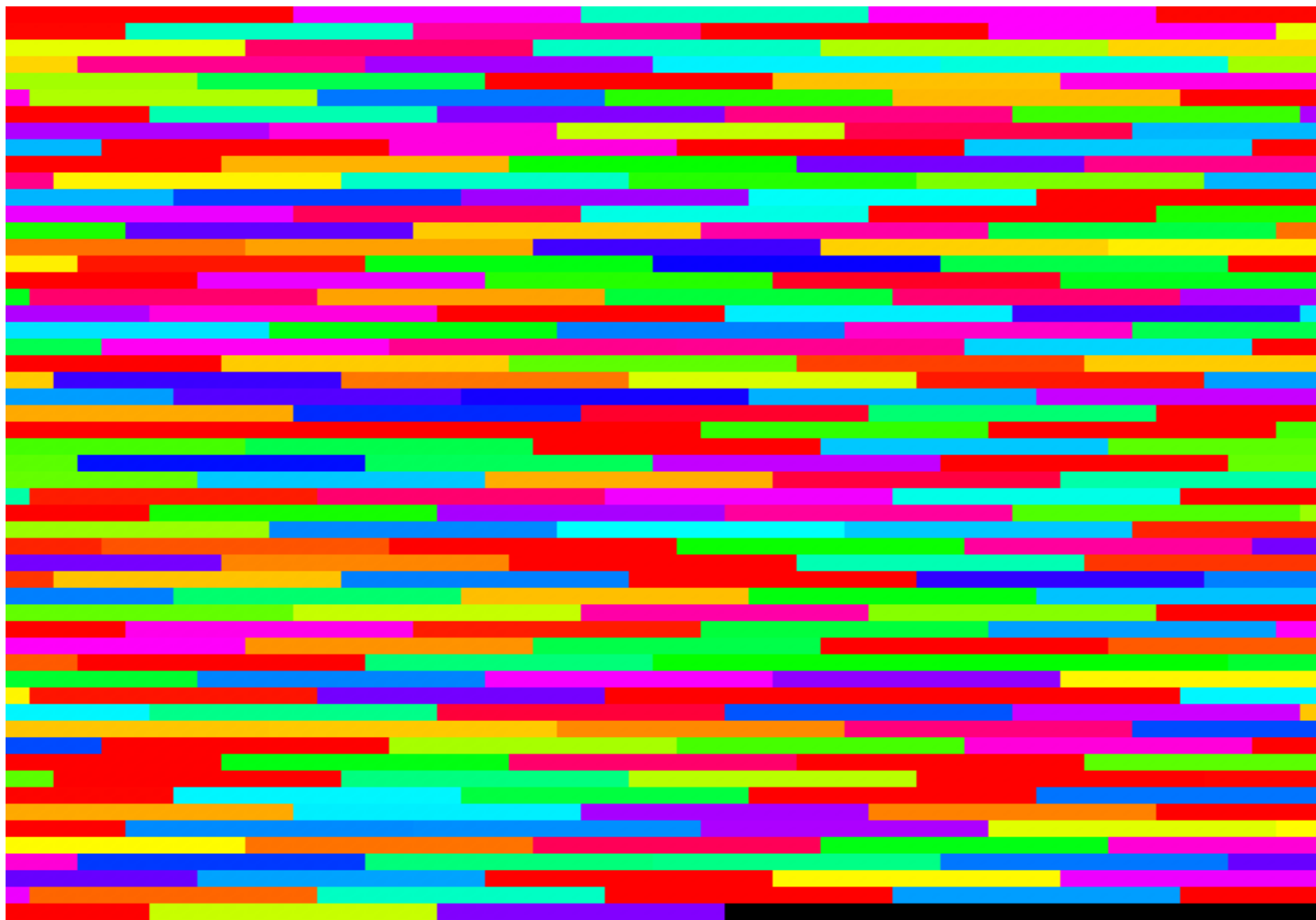


Things to watch out for !

- Texture map proportions can sometimes be > 1.0
- No idea why – seems a bit lazy to me !
- Just wrap around with modulus (%) to fix this
- Watch out for a flipped Y axis !
- Origin is sometimes the bottom left hand corner !!!

[FlyThrough – with Export]

Example Texture Map



MeshLab

- Open Source 3D model manipulation tool

<http://www.meshlab.net/>

- Useful for testing your input/output
- Use MeshLab import to validate files...
- Files you generate (to make sure they are good !)
- Files you are trying to load (in case they are bad !)

Dynamic Data

- Since we are dynamically generating models
- It is possible to pull in data from various sources
- And use this to parameterise the model

- Could either be a live feed or some historic data
- Either way we end up with a graphical visualisation

[CityScape]