## **National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Lahore Campus**



Course: Data Warehousing & Data Mining
Program: BS(Computer Science)
15 minutes
Date: Tue 30-Oct-2018
Section: CS

Quiz 3 (Joining Techniques)

Course Code: CS409
Semester: Fall 2018
Total Marks: 10
Weight

Page(s):

## Question:

Consider the following tables and statistics which are part of a student system:

**Student** (RollNo, Name, DegreeID, BatchID, .....); **Attendance** (RollNo, CourseCode, Semester, AttFlag, .....);

**Block Size** = 8 KB; **Available Memory** = 50 Blocks;

Exam:

<u>Table</u> <u>Name</u>	Row Count	<u>Row</u> <u>Width</u> (in bytes)
Student → Attendance	128,000 1,280,000	128 128

Assume average attendance table rows retrieved per student table qualifying row = 10;

Assume there is a clustered index on RollNo column of Attendance table.

**Query:** SELECT \* FROM student JOIN attendance ON student.rollno=attendance.rollno;

Calculate the total I/O cost for the above Query using the following joining techniques. Show all steps. Answer the best joining technique for this query.

- 1) Nested Loop Join
- 2) Hash Join
- 3) Sort Merge Join