# **Introduction To Computing**

#### **Section B**

## **Spring 2018**

## **Assignment #2**

Deadline: 16th March 2018

#### Question #1:

- a) Write a program that reads a nonnegative integer and computes and prints its factorial.
- b) Write a program that estimates the value of the mathematical constant *e* by using the formula:

$$e = 1 + \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{1}{3!} + \dots$$

c) Write a program that computes the value of  $e^x$  by using the formula

$$e^x = 1 + \frac{x}{1!} + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$$

## Question #2:

Given n and x, write a C++ program to compute the series

$$s(x) = \frac{1}{x + x^2 + \dots + x^{n-1}} + \frac{2}{(x+1) + (\lceil (x+1) \rceil)^2 + \dots + (\lceil (x+1) \rceil)^{n-2}} + \frac{3}{(x+2) + (\lceil (x+2) \rceil)^2 + \dots + (\lceil (x+2) \rceil)^{n-3}} + \dots + \frac{n-1}{(x+n-2)^1}$$

#### Question# 3:

One of the most interesting Number Patterns is Pascal's Triangle. In Pascal triangle i<sup>th</sup> row contains the total number of combinations of i objects taken j at a time for all j such that  $0 \le j \le i$ . The total number of combinations of i objects taken j at a time are computed as  $\underbrace{i!}_{(i-j)! * j!}$ 

Below is the Pascal triangle containing all combinations of i objects for  $0 \le i \le 4$ 

Write a C++ program which takes an integer n from the user and output the first n+1 rows of Pascal triangle.

# Question #4:

# Print table from 2 to 10 in the form of table like below. (only two are given in you have to print from 2 to 10)

2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30

## Question #5:

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