

National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Lahore Campus



Course:
Program:
Duration:
Paper Date:
Section:
Exam:

Theory of Automata
BS (Computer Science)
180 Minutes
17-December-2022
ALL
Final Term

Course Code: CS-3005
Semester: Fall 2022
Total Marks: 80
Weight: 40 %
Page(s): 16
Roll No.

Instruction/Notes:

1. Answer in the space provided, showing all the work.
2. Rough Sheets are not allowed.
3. In case of confusion or ambiguity make a reasonable assumption.
4. Attempt all Questions

Section 1: (Short Question Answers) [25 Marks]

Q1: What is the cardinality of L? [3 Marks]

$$L = \{ w \text{ over } \Sigma \mid |w| > 5 \text{ and } |w| \leq 10 \}.$$

$$\Sigma = \{0,1,2\}$$

Note: Cardinality means the total number of elements in the given set.

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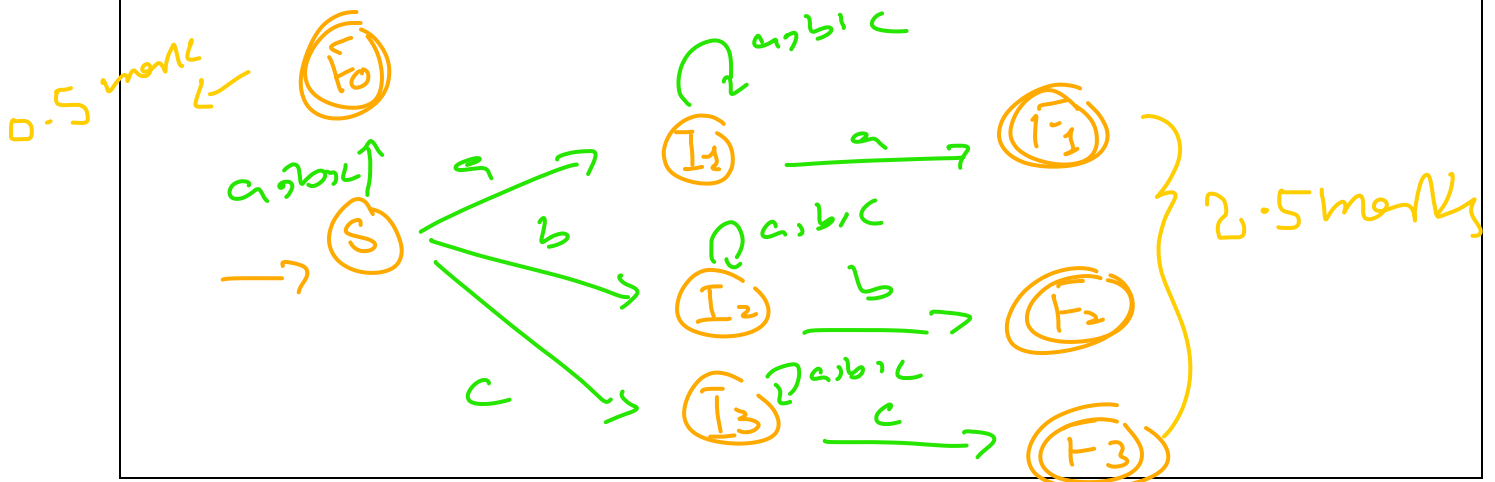
3 marks

$$\sum^6 + \sum^7 + \sum^8 + \sum^9 + \sum^{10} = 3$$

Q2: Design a Finite Automaton (DFA or NFA) for the following language. [3 Marks]

$$L = \{ x \mid x \text{ over } \{a, b, c\} \text{ x starts and ends with same alphabet} \}$$

Note: Pick a suitable sub-category from FA and design the machine accordingly.



Q3: What will be the language of the following grammar? [7 Marks]

$L \rightarrow ALB \mid AAB B$

$A \rightarrow aAb \mid aaabbb$

$B \rightarrow ccBd \mid \wedge$

Note: You are required to write answer in a proper format. For Example, see Q1 statement. You are expected to write a proper answer based on CFG given above. Lengthy Statements are not required here.

$$L = \{ (a^i b^i)^2 (c^{2j} d^j)^k ; i \geq 3; j \geq 0; k \geq 2 \}$$

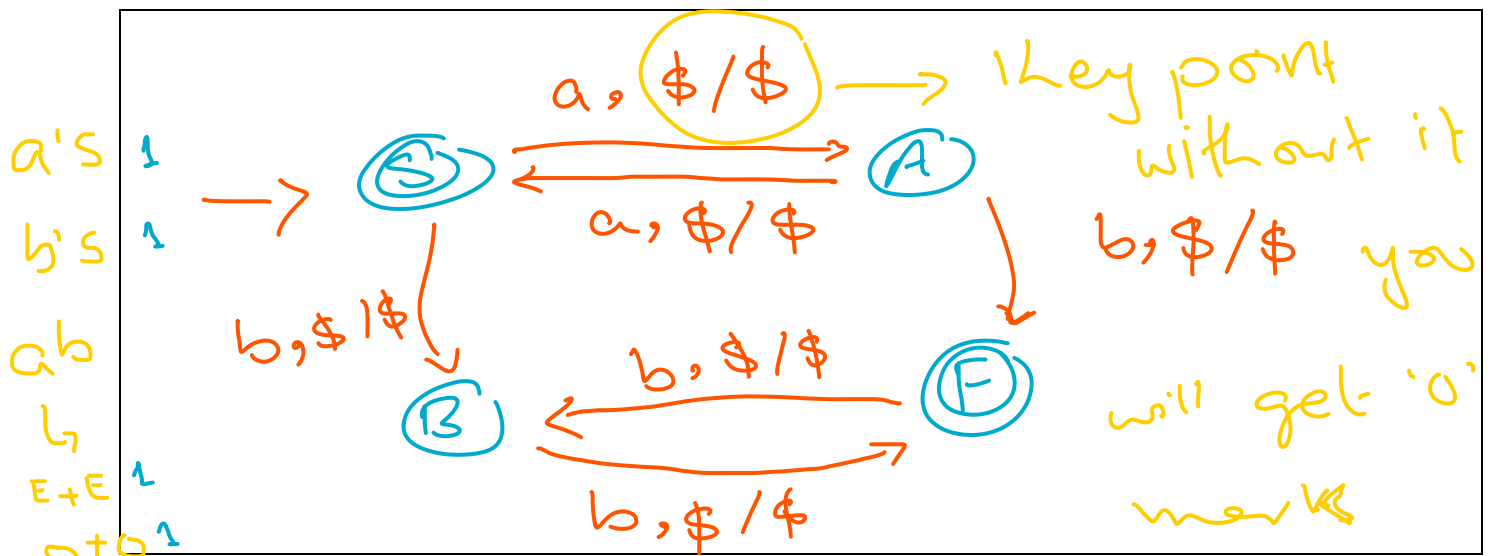
Q4: Write a Regular Expression for the following Language. [4 Marks]

$L = \{ x \mid x \text{ over } \{a, b\} \text{ contains 'aba' and 'bab' as a substring} \}$

$$R.E = \{ abab + baba + (a+b)^* aba (a+b)^* bab (a+b)^* + (a+b)^* bab (a+b)^* aba (a+b)^* \}$$

Q5: Design the transition diagram of a PDA for the following Language? [4 Marks]

$L = \{ a^n b^m ; n + m = \text{even} \}$



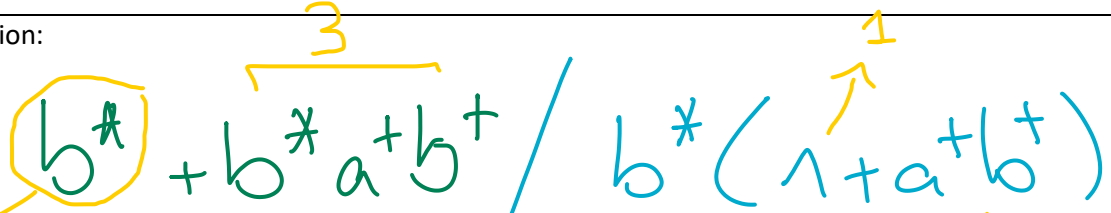
Q6: What will be the Regular Expression for the following Finite Automaton? [4 Marks]

Start State = A & Final State = {A,C}

States(q)	$\delta(q,a)$	$\delta(q,b)$
A	B	A
B	B	C
C	D	C
D	D	D

Note: Use State Elimination Method for extraction of Regular Expression. Write Final Regular Expression in the space provided below. Delete the given states in the following order, first State A then B then C & then D.

Regular Expression:



The handwritten regular expression is $b^* + b^* a^+ b^+ / b^* (1 + a^+ b^+)$. It is written in blue ink. Above the first b^* is a circled '1'. Above the $b^* a^+ b^+$ part is a bracket with a '3' above it. Above the b^* in the denominator is a circled '4'. Above the $(1 + a^+ b^+)$ part is a bracket with a '3' above it. There are also some yellow arrows pointing to the expression.

1 Exact matches (4) 3

No partial marking

Section 2: (Long / Detailed Solving Question Answers) [55 Marks]

Q1: Develop 3 multi-tape TM having 2 inputs X and Y (X and $Y \in \{0,1\}^*$) [15 Marks]

X is on tape 1 and Y is on tape 2. Y slides over the X with the step of 1. Each time it computes the exclusive nor (XNOR) of the corresponding overlapping bits and note down the number of 1's (only) in tape 3 as shown below:

A	B	A XNOR B
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

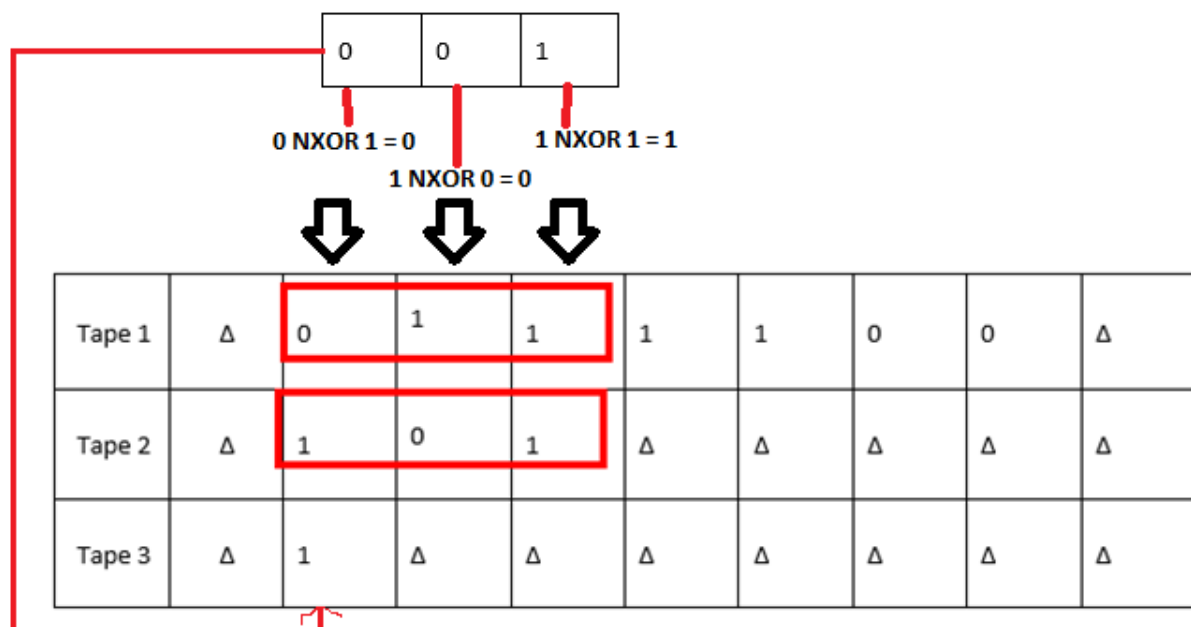
Truth Table for XNOR for inputs A and B

Initial configuration of 3 multi-tape TM

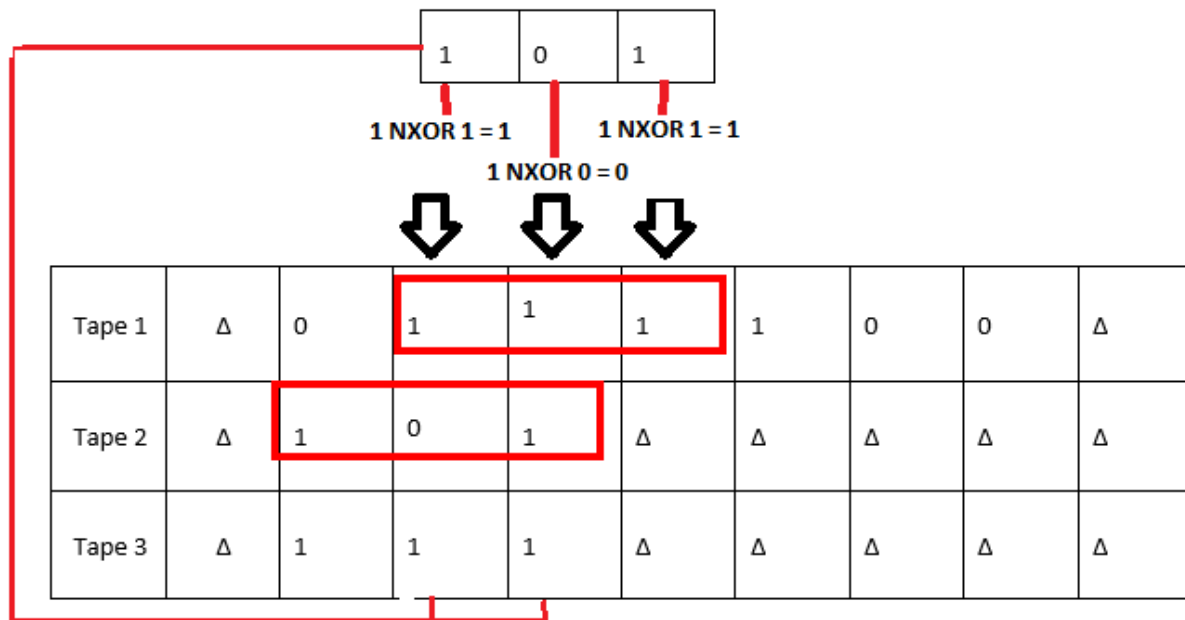
Tape 1: X	Δ	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	Δ
Tape 2: Y	Δ	1	0	1	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
Tape 3: Output	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ

Y will slide 5 times on X (in this example)

First time (first slide)



Second time (second slide)



.

.

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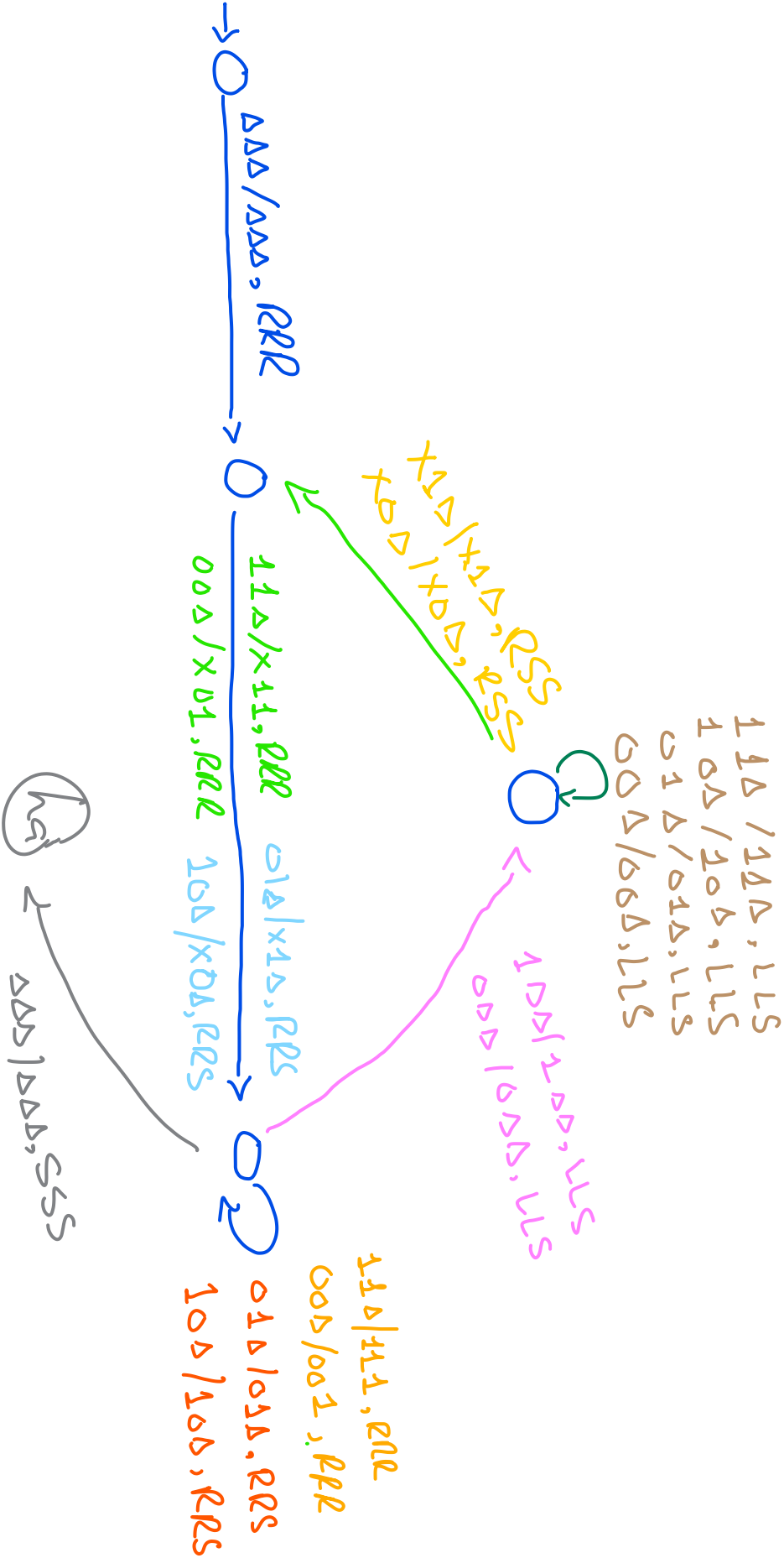
(last and 5th slide) Eventually Output will be

Tape 1	Δ	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	Δ	Δ
Tape 2	Δ	1	0	1	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ
Tape 3	Δ	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Δ

Provide the algorithm first that will explain your logic in simple statement and then draw TM:

Note: *Be clear and to the point.* Clearly mention where your pointers are. **No marks if algorithm is incorrect.**

Algorithm:



Q2: Dry run the single-tape Turing machine on page 10 and give the content of the tape after running it (When TM halts). [15 Marks = 10 + 5] ?

The initial configuration of the TM is given below

Δ	1	0	1	1	Δ	0	0	1	0	Δ	Δ	Δ
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-------	---



head/pointer

Answer:

Δ	0	C	0	0	Δ	A	A	A	B	Δ	1	1	0	0	1	Δ			
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--

Clearly show where will be the head/pointer when TM halts

2

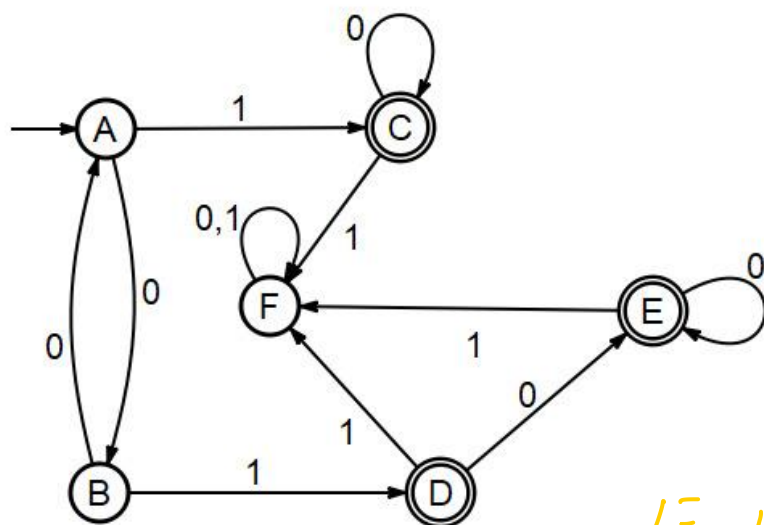
5

What is TM doing? (Explain in not more than 2 lines. Be brief and to the point. No mark for stories)



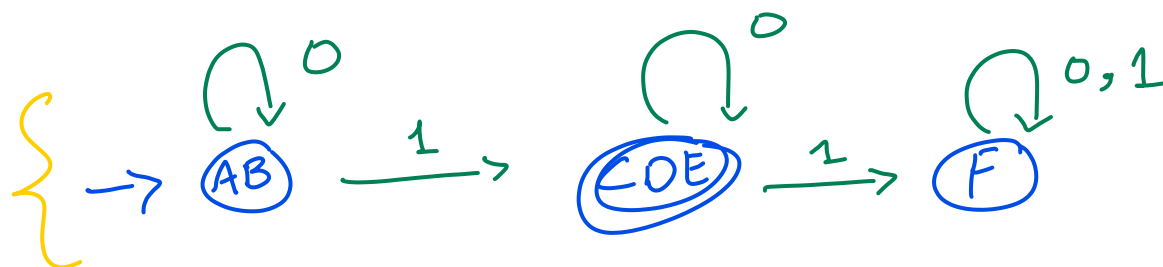
Q3. For the DFA pictured in the figure below, use the minimization algorithm discussed in the class to find a minimum-state DFA recognizing the same language. [10 Marks]

DFA:



Each row = 1 mark

Minimized DFA:



4 marks

$$R.E = \{ 0^* 1 0^* \}$$

A, B

C, D

C, E
D, E

	A	B	C	D	E	F
A	-					
B		-				
C	✓	✓	-			
D	✓	✓		-		
E	✓	✓			-	
F	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	-

→ Possible Grouping

$$1 \times 6 = 6$$

Note: Use only the cell required

Q4. Let G be the following CFG:

3 marks

$S \rightarrow AaB \mid aB$

$A \rightarrow a \mid Aa$

$B \rightarrow b \mid C$

$C \rightarrow bC \mid a$

$X \rightarrow a$

$Y \rightarrow b$

$Z \rightarrow AX$

$S \rightarrow ZB \mid XB$

$A \rightarrow AX \mid a$

$B \rightarrow YC \mid a \mid b$

$C \rightarrow YC \mid a$

CNF
Grammar

Determine whether the string "abba" is a member of $L(G)$ using CYK Algorithm.

[10 Marks]

j=4	S	-	-	-
j=3	-	B,C	-	-
j=2	S	-	B,C	-
j=1	X,A,B,C	Y,B	Y,B	X,A,B,C
	a	b	b	a

Note: Use only the cell required

Each row = 1.5 marks = 1.5 x 4 = 6

'abba' belongs to Language.

=> 1 marks

Require Work for CFG (if needed)

Q5. Tell whether the following Language is context free (CFL) or non- context free (non- CFL). If it is CFL provide PDA else prove it using Pumping Lemma

$$L = \{a^{m^2}b^m \mid m \geq 0\}$$

[5 Marks]

$x = a^{p^2}b^p$

$v =$	\wedge	a^{p^2}	$a^{p^2-v-s-t}$
$v^i =$	a^{p^2-v-s}	b^{p-v-s}	a^v
$w =$	a^v	b^v	a^s
$y^i =$	a^s	b^s	a^t
$z =$	b^p	\wedge	b^p

.....

Solachy string = 1 marks
 discuss = 2 marks
 proof = 2 marks

Rough Work