

Roll No. _____ Name _____ Section _____
National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Lahore Campus



Course: Database Systems
Program: BS(Computer Science)
Duration: 60 Minutes
Paper Date: Wed 27-Feb-2019
Section: ALL
Exam: Midterm-I

Course Code: CS203
Semester: Spring 2019
Total Marks: 30
Weight 15%
Page(s): 5

Instruction/Notes: Scratch sheet can be used for rough work however, all the questions and steps are to be shown on question paper. *No extra/rough sheets should be submitted with question paper.*
 You will not get any credit if you do not show proper working, reasoning and steps as asked in question statements.

We want to design a website to help students grasp the Database concepts. We will call our site 'Web-For-DB-Dummies'. It will contain articles on the various topics of Database Systems. A registered user can be author, editor or just a reader. Any registered user can submit an article, after approval from an Editor (of our site) it will be uploaded. A user can rate an article on a scale of 1-5.

NOTE: Primary keys (PKs) are underlined and foreign keys (FKs) are in *italic* font. Assume referential integrity constraint(RIC) on FKs (*Topic.EditorID*, *Article.AuthorID* and *Article.TNo*) are On Delete Set Null and On Update Cascade, and RIC on FKs (*ArRating.ANo* and *ArRating.UID*) are On Delete/Update Cascade.

The schema and state of our website is as follows:

USER

<u>UID</u>	UName	Gender
1	Sara	F
2	Zara	F
5	Ali	M
3	Ahmad	M
9	Aliya	F
13	Tania	F
6	Hamza	M

ARTICLE

<u>ANo</u>	Title	<i>AuthorID</i>	<i>TNo</i>
1	Why we need Relational Algebra?	9	3
2	All about Query Execution	13	8
3	What is Conceptual DB Model?	6	6
4	Nested SQL Queries	9	7
5	Transaction Processing	9	9

TOPIC

<u>TNo</u>	TName	<i>EditorID</i>
1	Intro to DB	6
5	Basic SQL	5
7	Advanced SQL	9
9	Transactions	13
6	ER Model	1
8	Query Execution	13
3	Relational Algebra	9

ArRATING

<u>ANo</u>	<u>UID</u>	Rating
1	2	3
1	9	3
3	2	3
2	2	4
2	6	5
2	13	2
3	13	5
4	2	5
4	6	5

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Q1. (10 points) Apply following operations on the above database. State if the operation would be carried out successfully or not. **Explain your answer briefly.** In case of successful operation indicate the changes that will be made to the above database. Please note that all operations are independent.

a) INSERT INTO article (ANo, TNo) VALUES (9, 9);

Accept ☐ **Explain:** _____

Reject ☐

b) INSERT INTO arRating VALUES (3, 2, NULL);

Accept ☐ **Explain:** PK-Unique constraint violation. Tuple# 3 with PK value (3, 2) already exist.

Reject ☐

c) DELETE FROM user WHERE name='Aliya';

Accept ☐ **Explain:** Remove all matching tuples of parent relation user (i.e. t#5), child relation arRating (i.e. t#2), and also update EditorID & AuthorID attributes of all matching tuples (i.e. t# 3, 7 of Topic & t# 1, 4, 5 of Article) to NULL.

Reject ☐

d) UPDATE arRating SET ANo = 4 WHERE rating=4;

Accept ☐ **Explain:** PK-Unique constraint violation. Tuple# 8 with PK value (4, 2) already exist.

Reject ☐

e) DELETE FROM article WHERE TNo=7;

Accept ☐ **Explain:** Remove all matching tuples of parent relation Article (i.e. t#4) and child relation arRating (i.e. t#8, 9 with ANo=4).

Reject ☐

Q2. (10 points) Write the result of the following queries for the Database State given above and explain in one sentence what these queries are doing.

a. R1 $\leftarrow \Pi_{UID, TNo, Tname} (\sigma_{AuthorID = EditorID \wedge Gender = 'F'} (USER) \bowtie_{UID=AuthorID} ARTICLE) \bowtie_{TNo=TNo} TOPIC))$
 R2 $\leftarrow \Pi_{UID} \mathcal{F}_{count(*)} R1$

b. SELECT ano, editorid
 FROM article AS A JOIN (SELECT ano, AVG(rating) FROM arrating GROUP BY ano HAVING AVG(rating)>=4) AS
 highAR ON A.ano=highAR.ano JOIN topic AS T ON A.tno=T.tno;

Ans:

a)

R1			R2		
UID	TNo	Tname	UID	COUNT(*)	
9	3	Relational Algebra	9	2	
9	7	Advanced SQL	13	1	
13	8	Query Execution			

b)

HighAR	
ANo	AVG(Rating)
1	3
2	3.6
3	4
4	5

ANo	Title	AuthorID	TNo	ANo	AVG(Rating)	TNo	Tname
3	What is Conceptual DB Model?	6	6	3	4	6	ER-Model 1
4	Nested SQL Queries	9	7	4	5	7	
	Advanced SQL	9					

Final Result:

ANo	EditorID
3	1
4	9

Q3. (10 points)

- We wish to find users who gives very high rating. Write a **SQL Query** to list down the names of the USERS who always gives a rating of 4 or 5. For example, in the above database state only user with UID = 6 (name Hamza) has given high rating on every article he rated.
- Write a **Relational Algebra Query** to list down the IDs and name of the authors who have written articles on the Topic named "Intro to DB" and also on the Topic named "Basic SQL".

Ans:

a)

Option1:

```
SELECT UName FROM user JOIN arRating ON user.UID=arrating.UID WHERE rating>=4
EXCEPT
SELECT UName FROM user JOIN arRating ON user.UID=arrating.UID WHERE rating<4;
```

Option2:

```
SELECT UName
FROM user
WHERE UID IN (SELECT UID FROM arRating
EXCEPT
SELECT UID FROM arRating WHERE rating<4);
```

b)

```
R1 ← ΠAuthorID, UName (USER ⋈UID=AuthorID ⋈TName='Intro to DB' TOPIC ⋈TNo=TNo ARTICLE))
R2 ← ΠAuthorID, UName (USER ⋈UID=AuthorID ⋈TName='Basic SQL' TOPIC ⋈TNo=TNo ARTICLE))
Result ← R1 ∩ R2
```

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