National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Lahore Campus



| Course Name: | Programming Fundamentals | Course Code: | CS |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Program: | CS | Semester: | Fall 2019 |
| Duration: | 60 Minutes | Total Marks: | 35 |
| Paper Date: | 7-Nov-19 | Weight | 15 |
| Section: | ALL | Page(s): | 2 |
| Exam Type: | Sessional - II | | |

| Student: N | lame: | Roll No. | Section: |
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Instruction/Notes: Solve the exam on this question paper. No rough sheets

Problem 1 [10 pts] Provide the output of the following C++ code.

```
Output:
void main()
{
      int m = 7, n=m/2+1;
      char ch = '+';
      for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
             for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
                   cout << " ";
             for (int j = 0; j < m; j++){
                   if (j == m - 1 || j == 0)
                          cout << ch;</pre>
                   else
                          cout << " ";
             m = m - 2;
             cout << endl;</pre>
      }
```

Rough

Problem 2 [10 pts] Give the output of the following code:

```
int check(float& a, float b, float c)
{
    float r = (a / b * 100.0 + 0.50);
    int s = (int) r;
    a = s / 100.0;
    if (a - c >= 0)
        return 1;
    return 0;
}

Output:

int check(float& a, float b, float c)

int main() {
    float dat[5] = {750,740,755,745,730};
    for(int i=0; i < 5; i++)
    {
        cout << i << ":";
        if (check(dat[i],1000,0.75))
            cout << dat[i];
        cout << endl;
    }
}

Output:</pre>
```

| Problem 3 [15 pts] Write a C++ function called mergeArrays. It should accept three integer arrays: A, B and C, and two integers m and n representing the sizes of the first two arrays. It can be assumed that the size of C is m+n. Arrays A and B contains integers that are already sorted in the ascending order (i.e. increasing order). Your function must combine all the numbers in A and B and store them C in such a way that C is also sorted in the ascending order. Here is an example to clarify the requirements. In this case, the sizes of A and B are 6 and 4 respectively. | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| A 0 4 5 5 7 9 | | | | |
| B [-1 0 3 6] | | | | |
| C -1 0 0 3 4 5 5 6 7 9 | | | | |
| Note: You can use as many loops as you like, but this task should be accomplished <i>without</i> the use of <u>nested loops</u> . In particular, you should not apply any sorting algorithm to this problem. You cannot use or create any other function. | | | | |
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