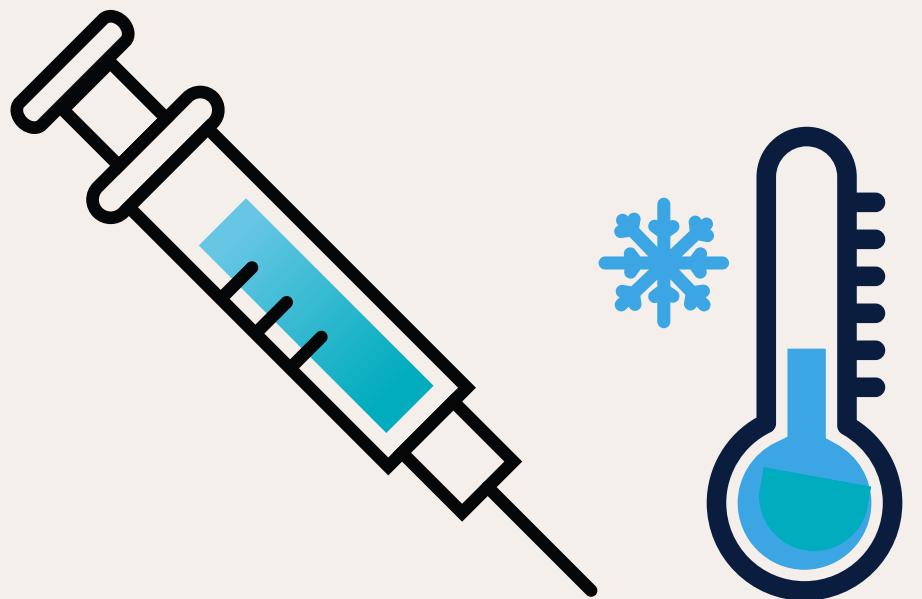




BM2210



REAL-TIME VACCINE TEMPERATURE MONITORING SYSTEM

Presented by NeuroVein

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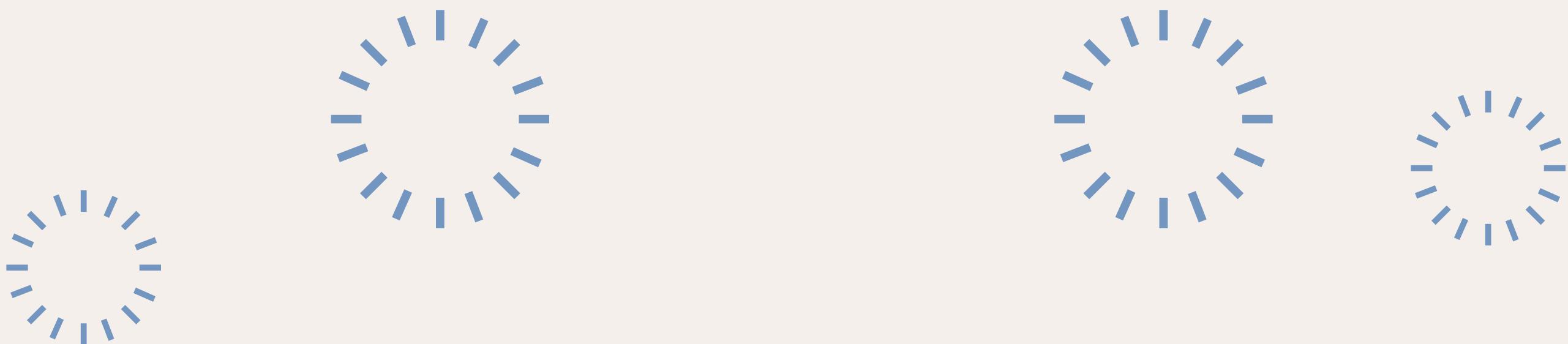
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Background of the Problem

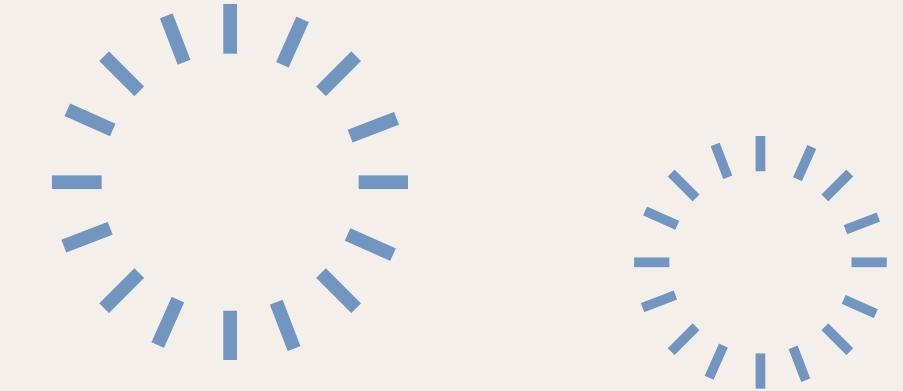
- Vaccines must be stored between 2–8°C to remain safe and effective.
- Temperature excursions during transport often go undetected, especially in rural outreach.
- Existing cold-chain solutions are either expensive, heavy, or lacking real-time monitoring.
- Our aim is to design a portable, affordable, and actively cooled vaccine box with continuous temperature monitoring.

Need Statement

A way to maintain safe temperature conditions for temperature-sensitive vaccines during transport for healthcare workers in rural and low-resource settings to improve the reliability of vaccine delivery.



Existing Solution



2-8 Degree Vaccine Transport
Cooler Box 12L Vaccine Cooler wi...

Verified

LKR 9,652.61-11,376.29

Min. order: 1 bag



Smart 2.5ltr Medical Vaccine Cooler
Box / Cooler Bag with Variety PCM...

Verified

LKR 22,407.84-

27,578.88

Shipping per piece: LKR 385,863.01

Min. order: 10 pieces

Limitations Across Existing Solutions

- **High cost and complexity for rural healthcare setups.**
- **Limited real-time visibility and alarm systems.**
- **Often don't integrate easily with manual ice pack replacement workflow.**

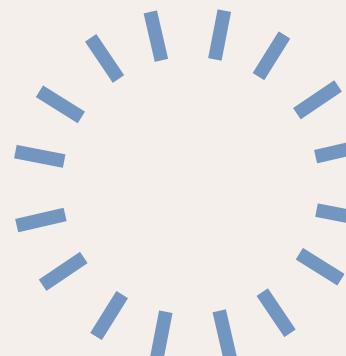
Our Solution

Real-Time Vaccine Temperature Monitoring System



Intelligent Control

Automated temperature regulation for optimal preservation.



Continuous Monitoring

Real-time data and alerts to prevent excursions.



Portable Design

Compact and easy to transport for last-mile delivery.



Low-Cost Implementation

Accessible technology to support wider distribution efforts.

Features

Continuously monitors vaccine temperature in real time.

Manual ice pack replacement and reset by healthcare workers ensures safe storage.

Displays current temperature and indicates safe range.

Buzzer alerts hospital staff if temperature goes outside the safe range.

Simple, affordable, and easy-to-use for rural and low-resource settings.

Initial Concept Selection

- **Passive Insulated Carrier:**

Enhanced thermal insulation without electronics or alerts.

- **Digital Thermistor-Based Monitor:**

Simple digital sensing with manual alert capability.

- **Mobile-App-Connected Monitor:**

Temperature monitoring paired with Bluetooth/Wi-Fi communication.

- **Hybrid System (Digital + Wireless + Light Active Cooling):**

Combined sensing, wireless alerts, and optional active cooling features.

Evaluation Criteria:

Feasibility • Cost • Usability • Power

**Requirements • Suitability for Low-Resource
Settings**

•

Outcome:

The hybrid digital-monitoring approach provided the strongest balance between practicality, affordability, and essential functionality for rural vaccine transport

Methodology

Selected Components



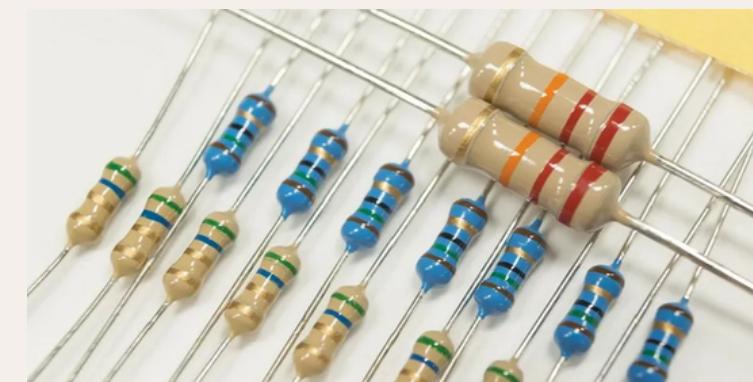
DS18B20 Waterproof Digital Temperature Sensor Probe



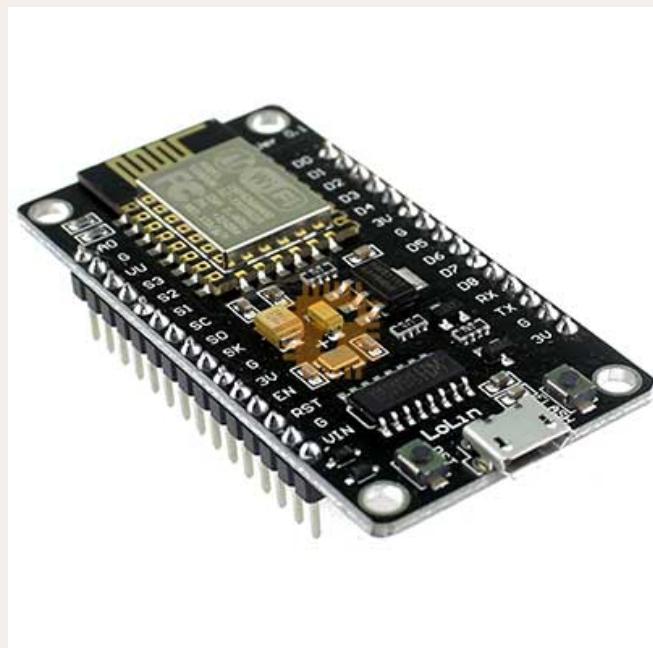
Active Buzzer



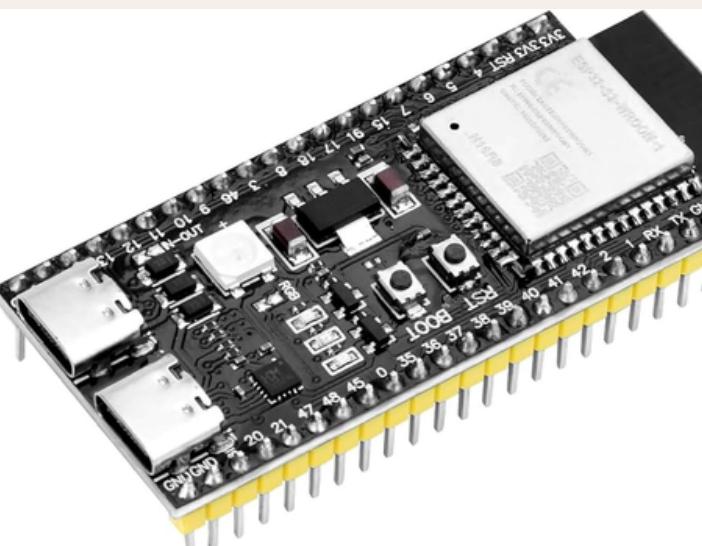
OLED Display Module



**4.7K ohm
and 330 ohm
resistors**



NodeMCU ESP8266



ESP32 S3



LED



4X4 Numeric Keypad Module

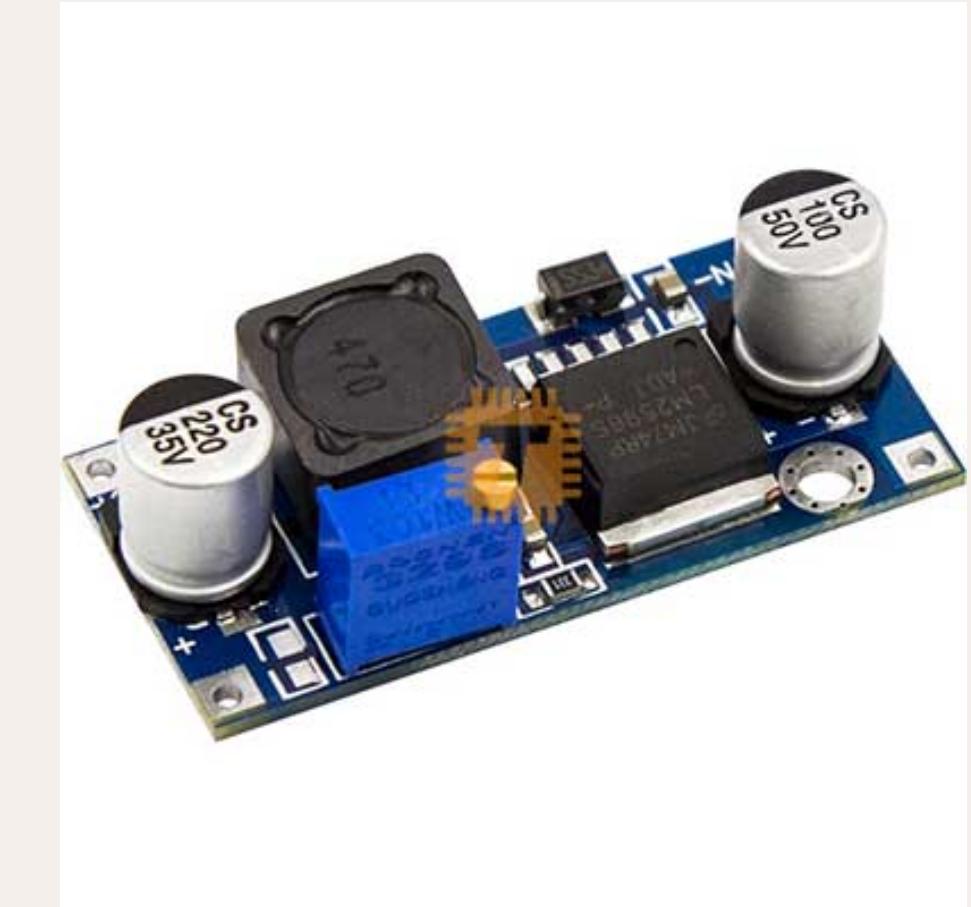
Selected Components



3.7V 500mAh Lipo Battery

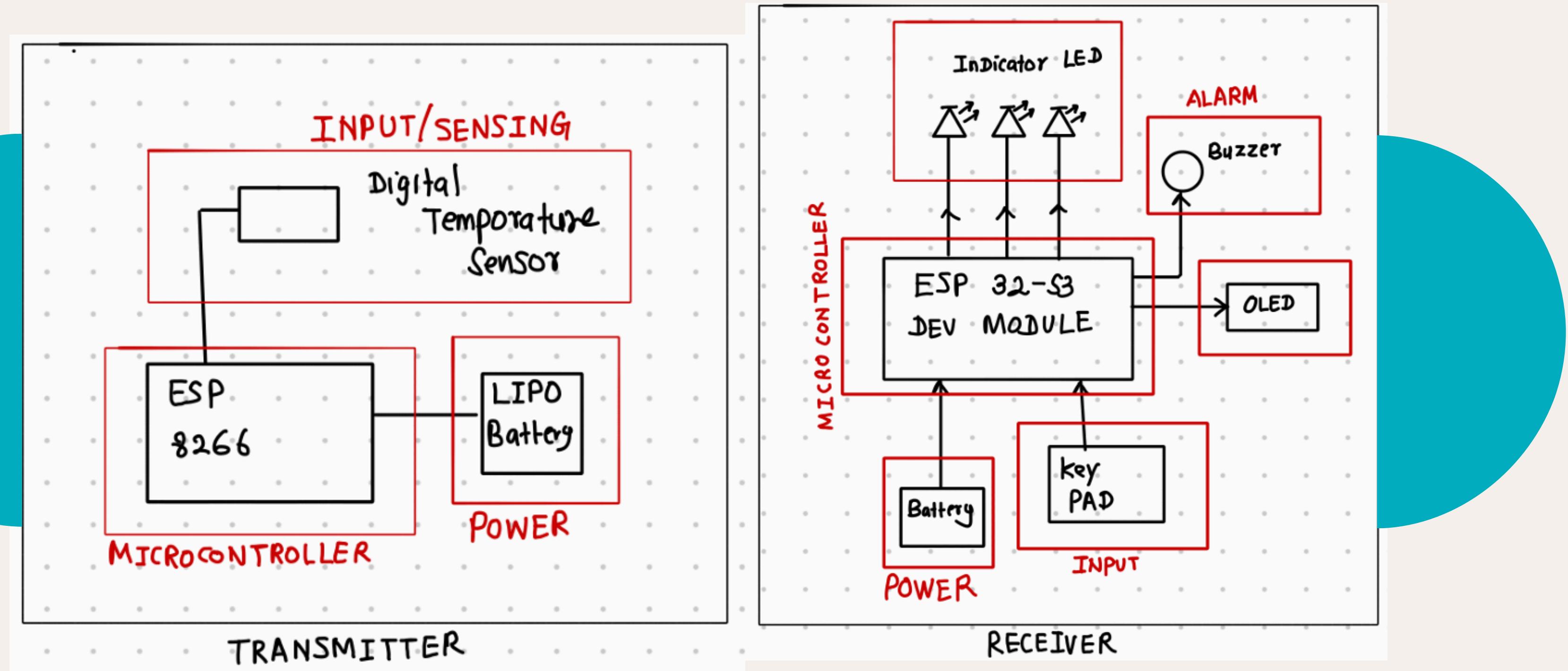


**3.7V 1000mA 18650 Li-ion
Rechargeable Battery**

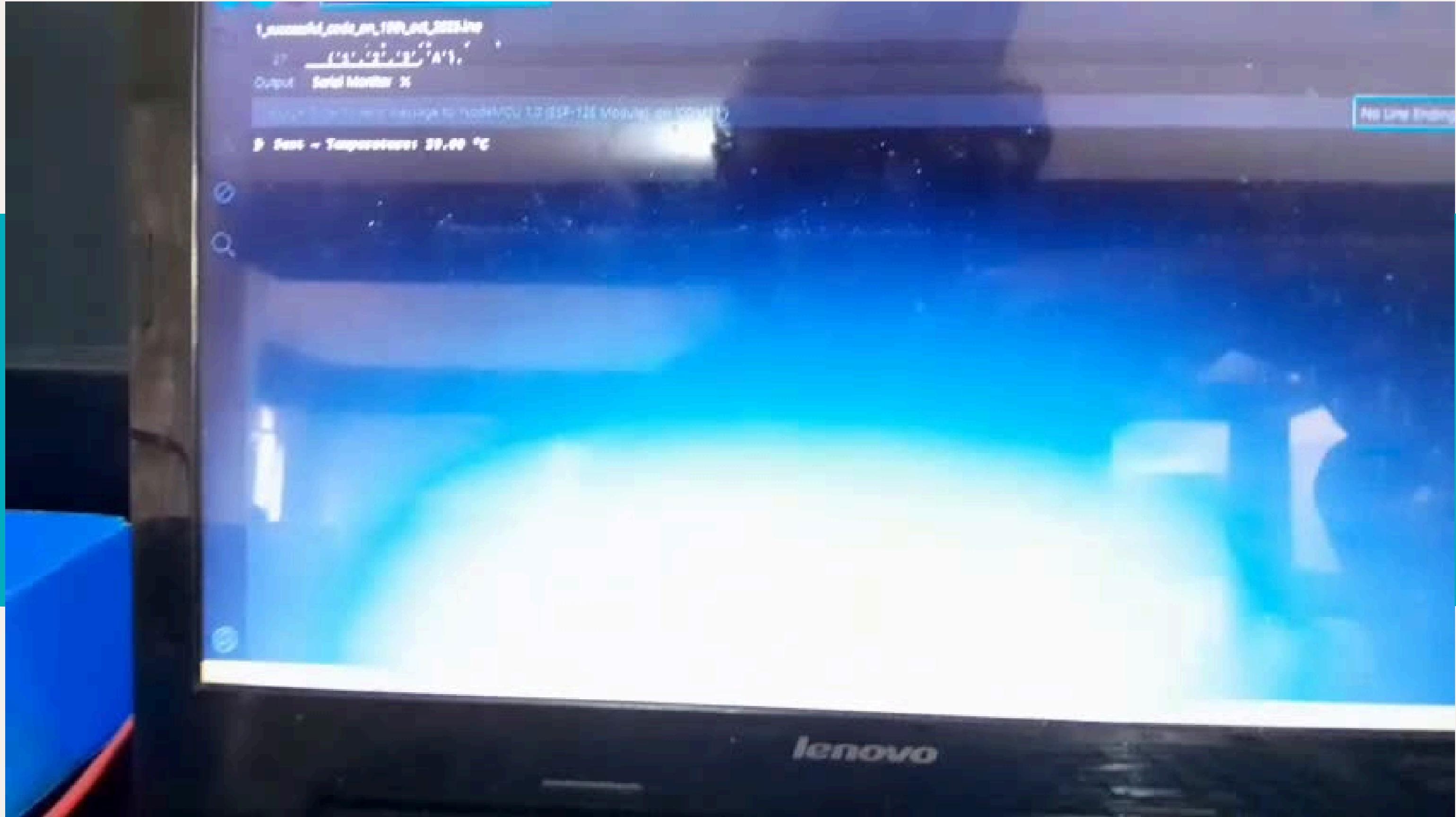


**LM2596S 3-40V to 1.5-35V 4A DC to DC
Adjustable Step-Down Buck Module**

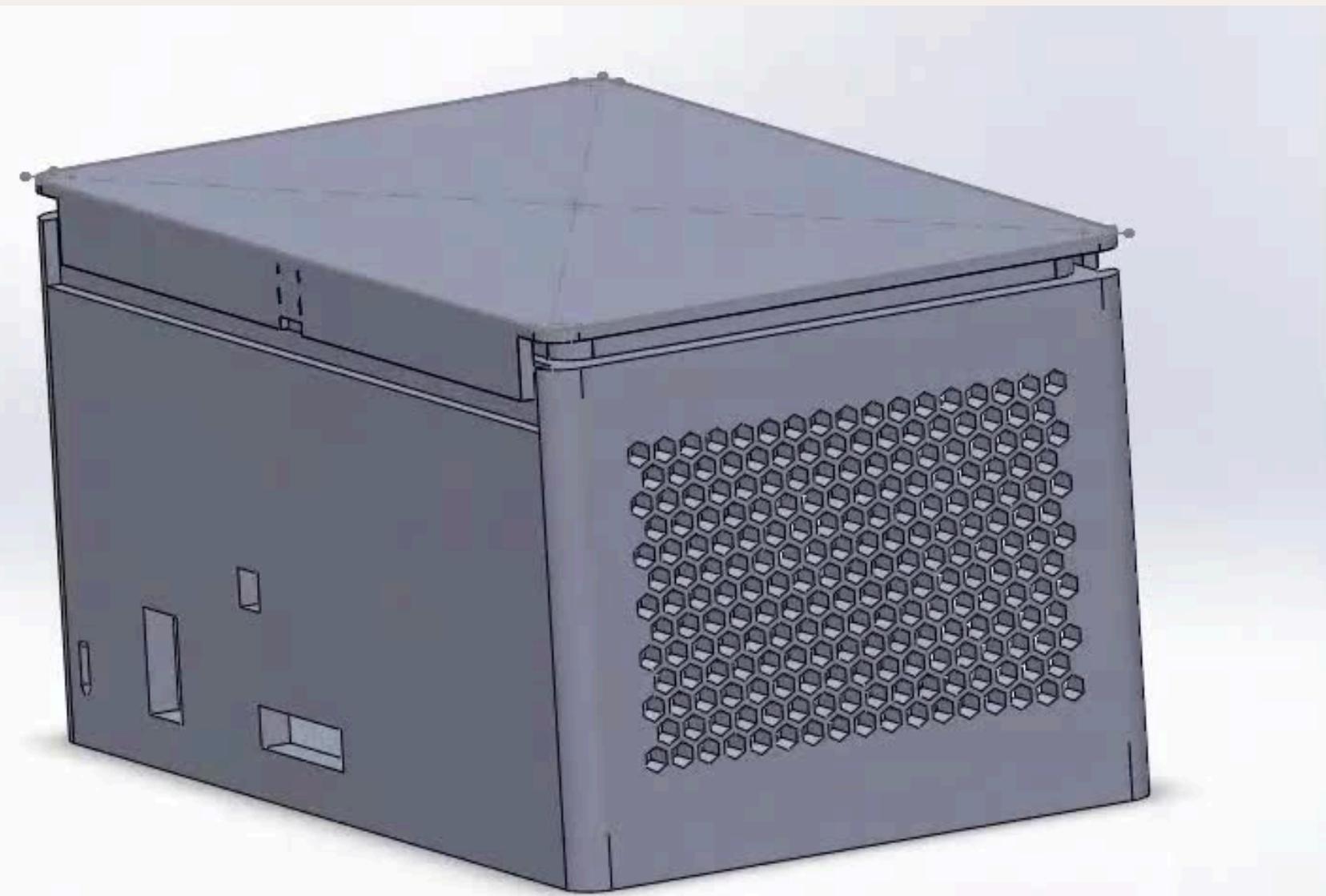
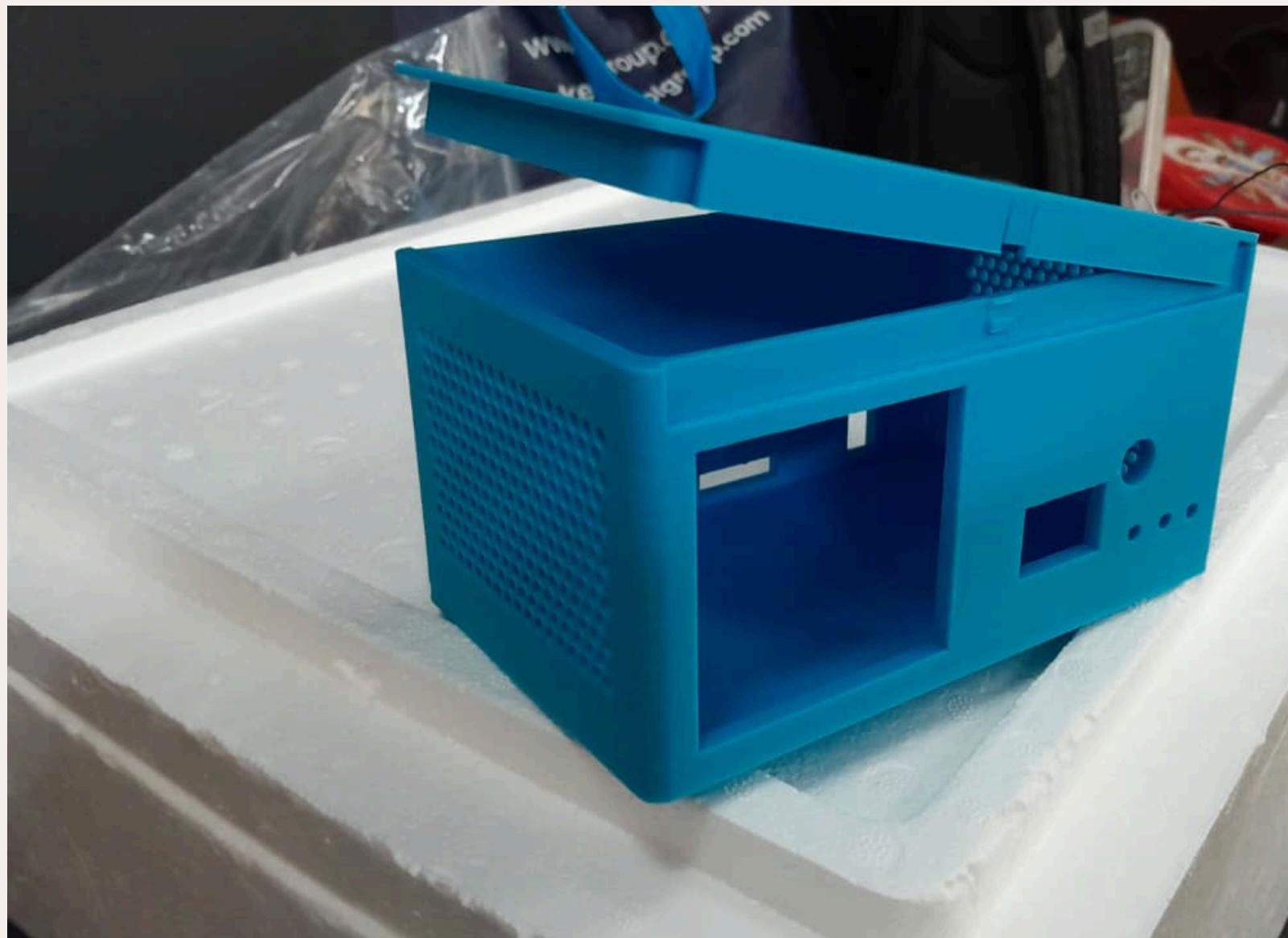
System Design (Block Diagram)



Simulation Results



Enclosure



4:16

80%

BLE

Current Temperature

-- °C

Status:

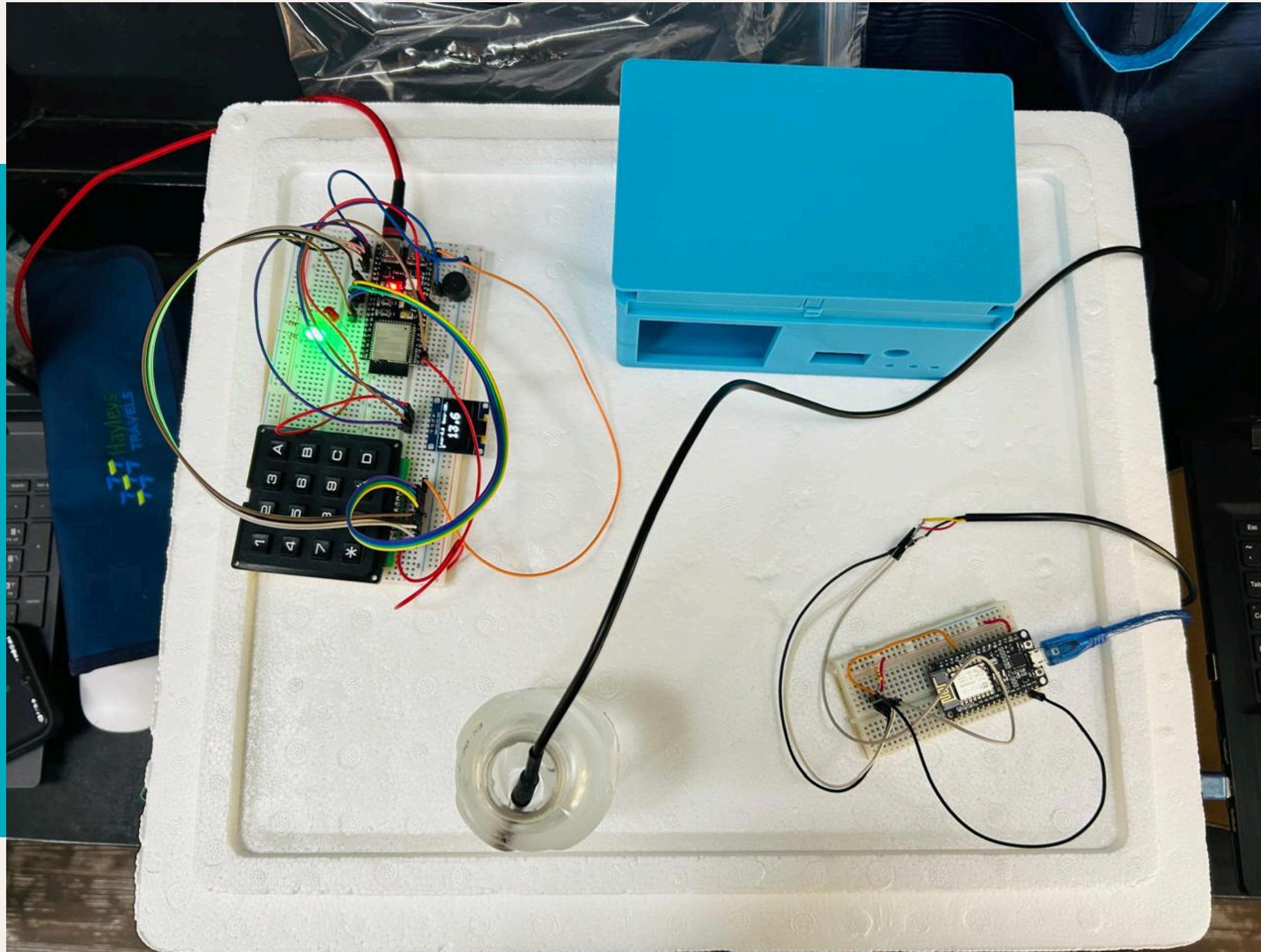
Min Temp (°C)

Max Temp (°C)

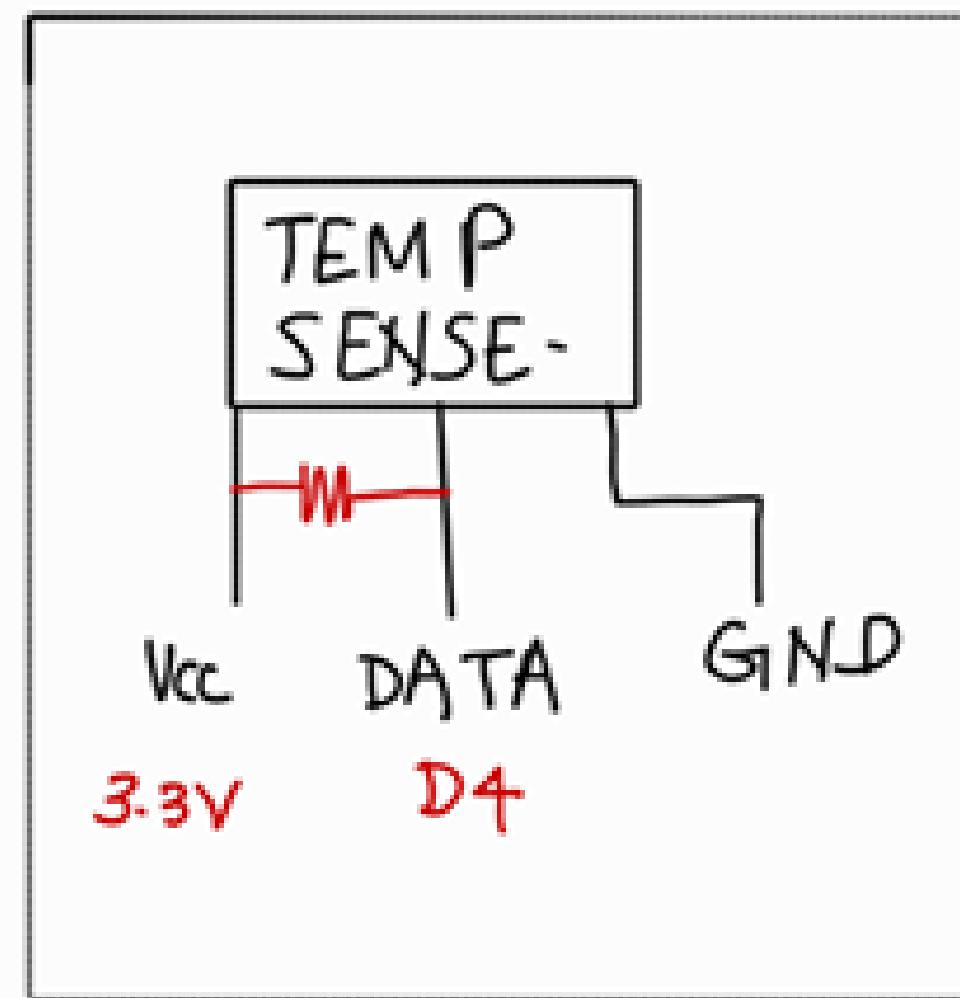
SEND RANGE

APP UI

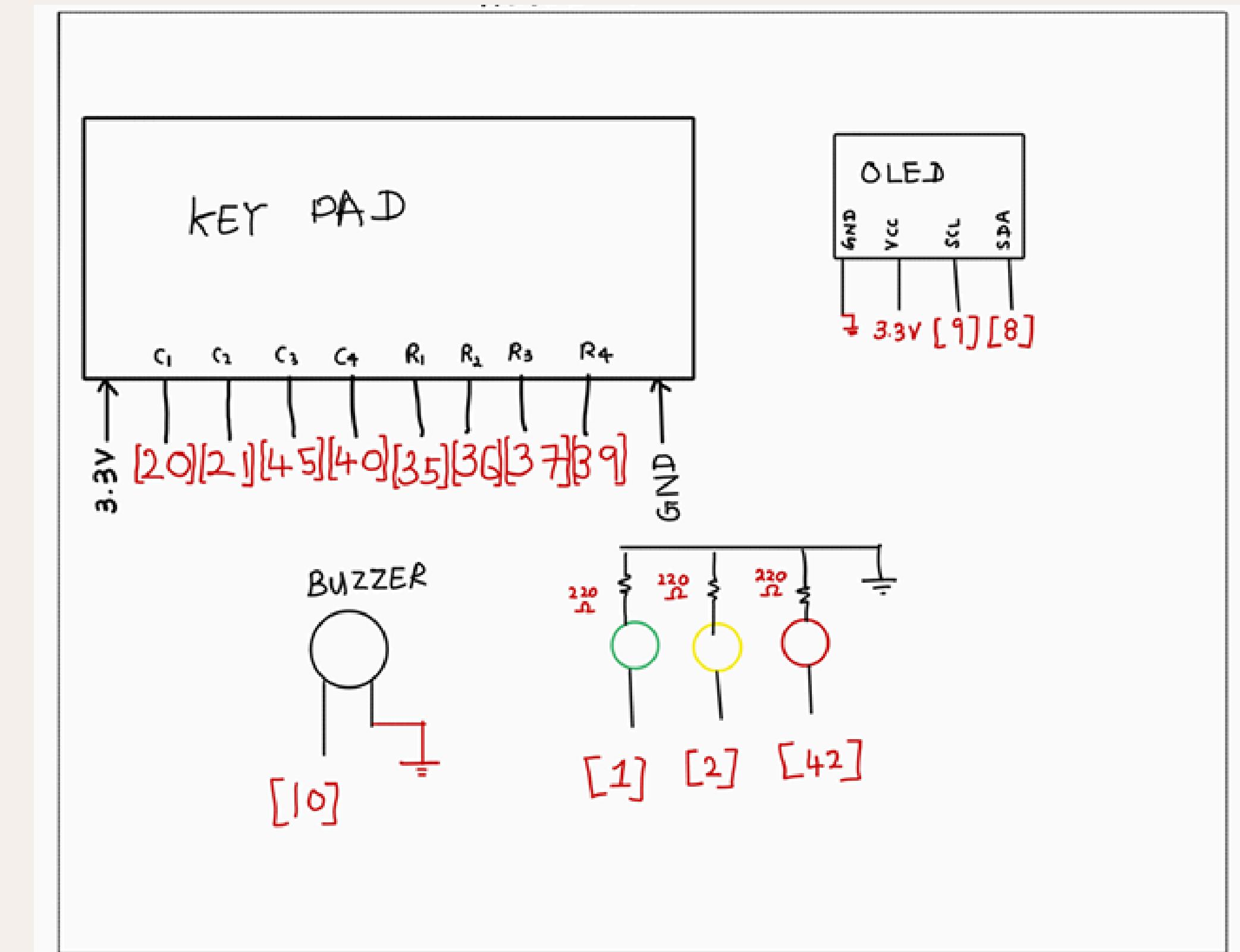
Circuit Diagram



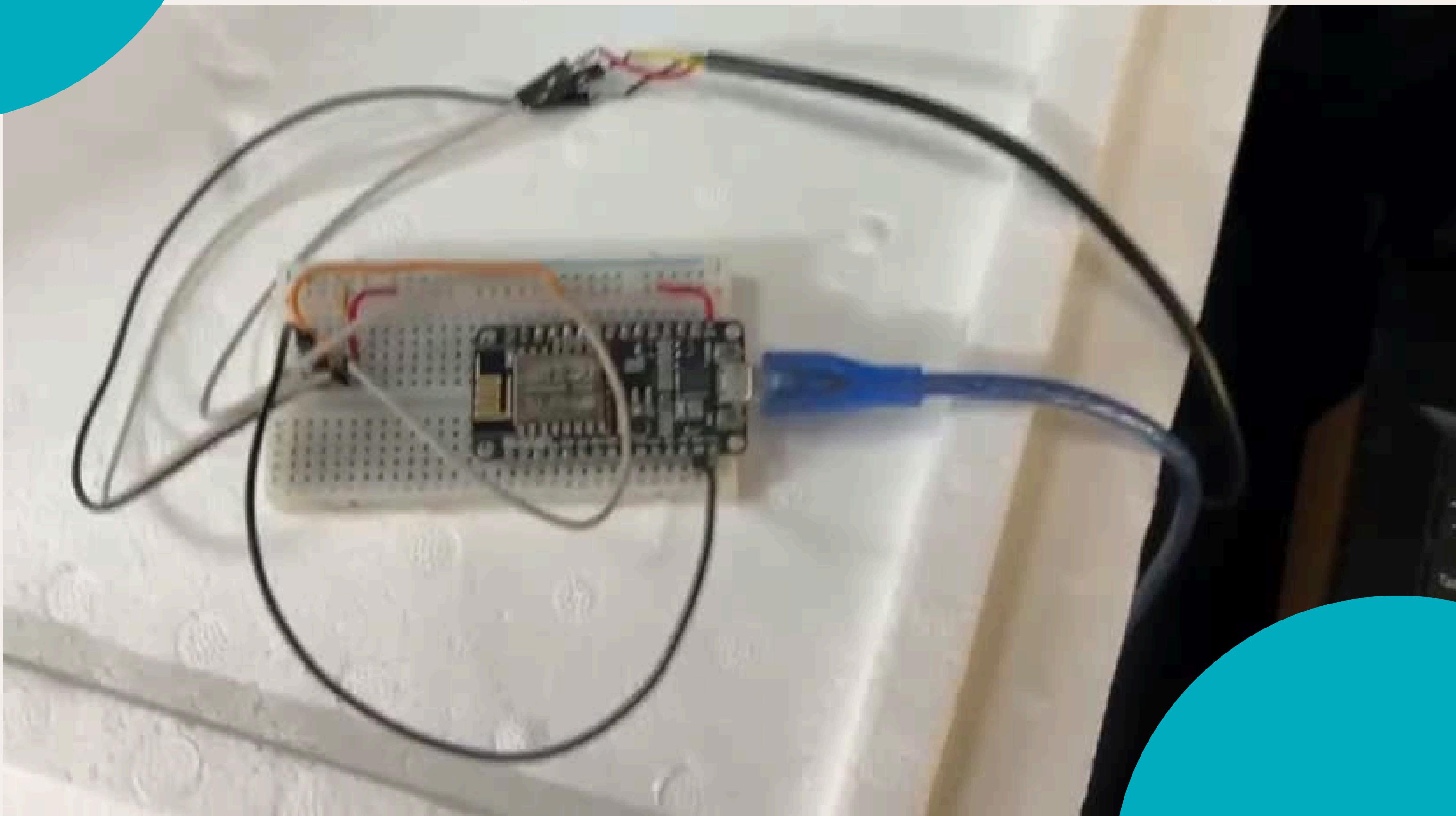
Transmitter



Receiver



Prototype and Testing



Test Results

Test	Method	Result	Status
Sensor stability	10 readings	Stable	✓
Communication	Serial/WiFi	Working	✓
App UI	Basic flow	Partially working	⚠

Regulatory Pathways

- Device Classification:
 - Falls under **low-risk monitoring devices** since it only measures and alerts on temperature without altering the product.
- FDA Classification (U.S.):
 - Likely **Class I (low-risk)** as a temperature monitoring device.
 - Many Class I devices are 510(k)-exempt, but still require proper labelling and quality standards.
- EU MDR Classification:
 - Expected to fall under **Class I (Non-Sterile, Non-Measuring)** since it only displays temperature and gives alerts.
- Sri Lanka NMRA Context:
 - Considered a low-risk medical accessory used in the cold chain.
 - Basic registration + compliance with ISO safety standards.
- Key Requirements:
 - Electrical safety (IEC 60601 basics if classified as a medical accessory)
 - Accurate temperature measurement validation
 - Clear user instructions and warnings
 - Proper device labelling and documentation

Budget

Component	Price
ESP8266 NodeMCU (Transmission Unit)	700
ESP32 S3 (Reciever Unit)	1850
DS18B20 Waterproof Temperature Sensor	240
OLED Display (0.96")	540
Buzzer	50
LEDs (x3)	30
Buck Converter	150
Wires + Connectors	355
Vero Board	120
Rigifoam Box	3000
LiPo Battery (3.7V 500mAh)	600
Li-ion Battery (3.7V 1000mAh)	170
Switch	10
4x4 keypad	680
Total	8,495

Future Improvements

- Add a Peltier-based active cooling module for automatic temperature regulation.
- Improve insulation to extend passive cooling time.
- Enhance the mobile app with data logging and cloud sync.
- Integrate solar charging for remote field use.
- Use multiple sensors for better internal temperature accuracy.
- Include automated fault detection for sensors and communication modules.

Conclusion

Our system delivers a practical and dependable way to monitor vaccine temperature in real time during transport, giving healthcare workers clear visibility and instant alerts whenever the temperature moves outside the safe range. By keeping the design simple, affordable, and easy to use, it suits rural and low-resource settings where advanced cooling solutions aren't feasible. With wireless communication, configurable thresholds, and a clear display, the device ensures timely manual action to protect vaccine potency and maintain the integrity of the cold chain.



Q&A
Session?

References

1. **Carrión Falcón, V., Villalobos Porras, Y. V., Gómez Altamirano, C. M., & Kartoglu, U. (2020). A vaccine cold chain temperature monitoring study in the United Mexican States. Vaccine.** <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.vaccine.2020.06.014>
2. **World Health Organization. Temperature sensitivity of vaccines – WHO Immunization Handbook.**
3. **UNICEF Supply Division. Guidelines on the international packaging and shipping of vaccines.**
4. **CDC. Vaccine Storage and Handling Toolkit.**
5. **Biodesign Textbook. The Process of Innovating Medical Technologies – Concept Generation & Screening Framework.**



A large teal circle on the right contains the text "THANK YOU!". To its left is a grey circle containing a white circle with a blue triangle pointing right. Below these are several small blue dots and a larger circle with blue diagonal stripes.

THANK
YOU!