



INDIAN INSTITUTE OF
INFORMATION
TECHNOLOGY

INTRODUCTION TO ALGORITHMS

EC351

ASSIGNMENT 1

FIBONACCI SERIES

Submitted by:

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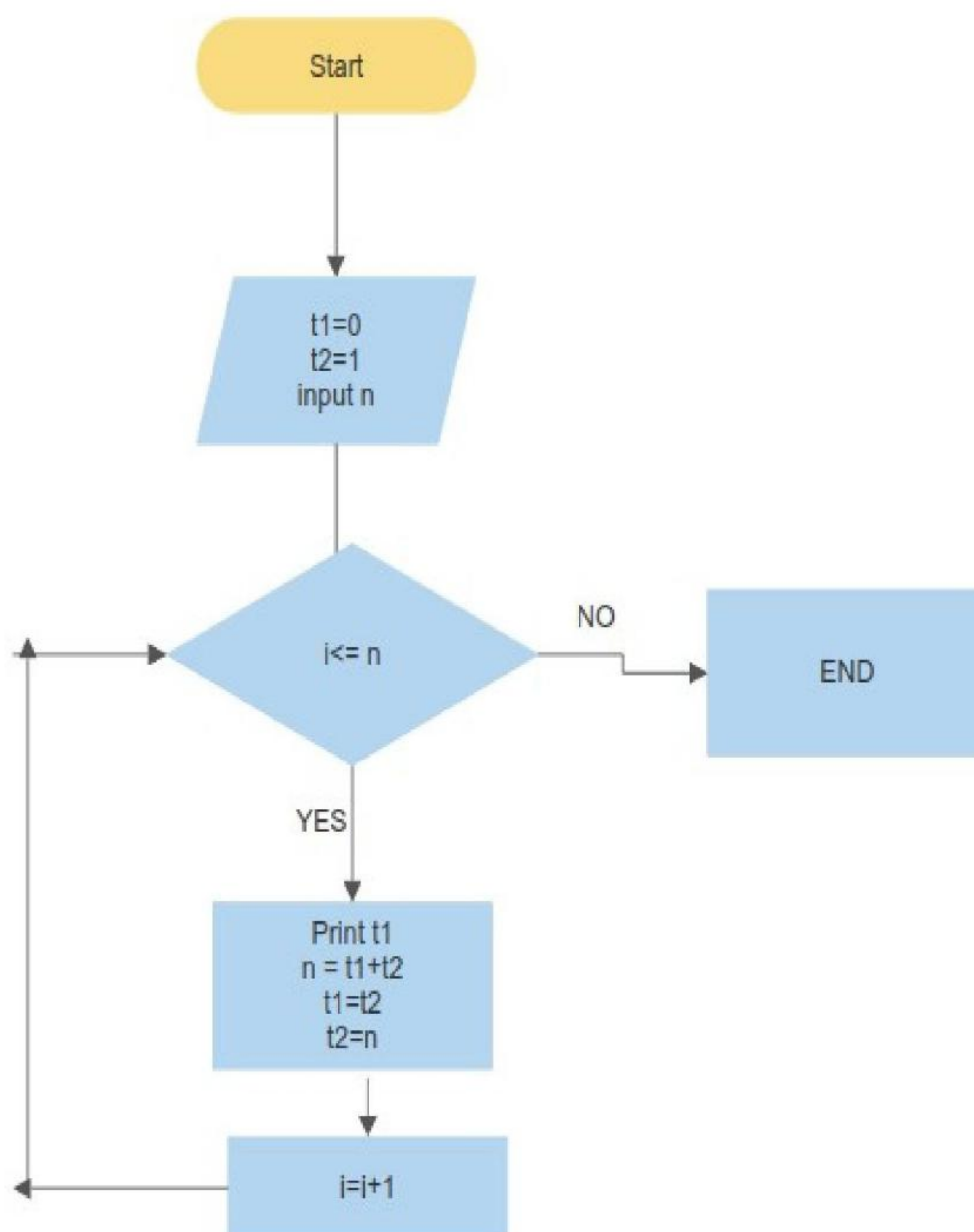
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QUESTION: Consider the following Fibonacci series and solve the following conditions

fib (n) = fib(0), fib (1), fib (2),.....fib(n)
where fib(n) = fib(n-1) + fib(n-2)

- **Flowchart**



- **Itrative Code**

```
#include <stdio.h>
int count =0;
int main() {
    int i, n, t1 = 0, t2 = 1, nextTerm;
    printf("Enter the number of terms: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Fibonacci Series: ");

    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
        printf("%d, ", t1);
        nextTerm = t1 + t2;
        t1 = t2;
        t2 = nextTerm;
        count++;
    }
    printf("\nVariable used %d times\n",count);
    return 0;
}
```

- **Recursive Code**

```
#include<stdio.h>
int count =0;
int x,y,n;

int fib(int n){
    count++;
    if(n==0||n==1)
        return n;
    else
        return fib(n-1) + fib(n-2);
}

int main()
{
    printf("Enter the number ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("%d\n",fib(n));
    printf("Variable used %d times\n",count);
}
```

- For the iterative approach, the amount of space required is the same for fib(5) and fib(500), i.e. as N changes the space/memory used remains the same. Hence it's space complexity is $O(1)$ or constant.
- For the recursive approach, the amount of space required is different for fib(5) and fib(500), the maximum depth is proportional to the N, hence the space complexity of Fibonacci recursive is $O(N)$.
- The best case scenario is iterative approach as the space complexity is $O(1)$.
- Worst Case scenario is recursive approach where space complexity is $O(N)$