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#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// Define the structure for a binary tree node
struct TreeNode {
  int value:
  struct TreeNode* left;
  struct TreeNode* right;
};
// Function to create a new tree node
struct TreeNode* createNode(int value) {
  struct TreeNode* newNode = (struct TreeNode*)malloc(sizeof(struct TreeNode));
  if (newNode) {
     newNode->value = value;
     newNode->left = NULL;
     newNode->right = NULL;
  return newNode;
}
// Function for inorder traversal
void inorderTraversal(struct TreeNode* node) {
  if (node) {
     inorderTraversal(node->left);
     printf("%d ", node->value);
     inorderTraversal(node->right);
  }
}
// Function for preorder traversal
void preorderTraversal(struct TreeNode* node) {
  if (node) {
     printf("%d ", node->value);
     preorderTraversal(node->left);
     preorderTraversal(node->right);
  }
}
// Function for postorder traversal
void postorderTraversal(struct TreeNode* node) {
  if (node) {
     postorderTraversal(node->left);
     postorderTraversal(node->right);
     printf("%d ", node->value);
  }
}
// Function to insert a new node into the binary tree
struct TreeNode* insertNode(struct TreeNode* root, int value) {
  if (root == NULL) {
     return createNode(value);
  }
  if (value < root->value) {
```

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root->left = insertNode(root->left, value);
  } else if (value > root->value) {
     root->right = insertNode(root->right, value);
  return root;
}
int main() {
  struct TreeNode* root = NULL;
  int numNodes, value;
  printf("Enter the number of nodes in the binary tree: ");
  scanf("%d", &numNodes);
  printf("Enter the values of the nodes:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < numNodes; i++) {
     scanf("%d", &value);
     root = insertNode(root, value);
  printf("Inorder Traversal: ");
  inorderTraversal(root);
  printf("\nPreorder Traversal: ");
  preorderTraversal(root);
  printf("\nPostorder Traversal: ");
  postorderTraversal(root);
  // Free the allocated memory for the tree nodes
  // In a production program, you should clean up memory properly.
  return 0;
}
```

