CS262- Problem Set 1

CS262- Database Systems 2021-CS-190 — Abdul Mateen

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Consider the following schema.

 $Company(\underline{name}, city)$

Description Relation list the company name and location of company in city attribute.

Product(name, maker, cost, year)

Description Each product has name, and manufacturer of product in maker, cost as purchase price, and year as the launch year of that particular product. product name is unique for all problems except problem No.4

Purchase(<u>id</u>, product, buyer, price)

Description Relation list the purchases made by customer listed in buyer columns, price as sale price, and product as name of product.

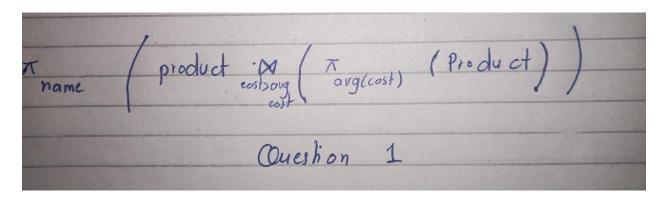
To-Do For each of the problems given below you are required to provide Relational algebra expression and at least five equivalent solutions in SQL, out of which one solution should be performed using

- 1. Cartesian product
- 2. Joins
- 3. Subquery

If any of the above solutions is not possible provide the reason as well.

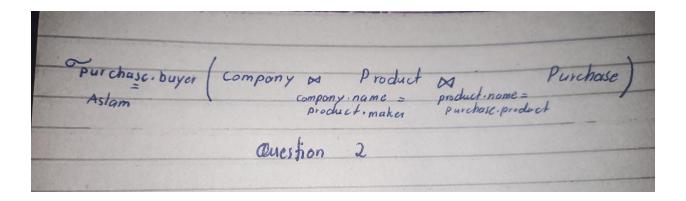
Problem 1. Find the products(names only) whose cost is more than the average cost.

Solution.



Solution 1

Problem 2. List the name of companies whose products are bought by Aslam.



```
\begin{array}{c} Solution. \\ Solution \ 1 \end{array}
```

```
select *
from Company
join Product
on Company.name = Product.maker
join Purchase
on Product.name = Purchase.product
where Purchase.buyer = 'Aslam'
```

Solution 2

```
select Company.name
from Company.Product,Purchase
where Company.name = Product.maker and
    Product.name = Purchase.product and
    Purchase.buyer = 'Aslam'
```

Solution 3

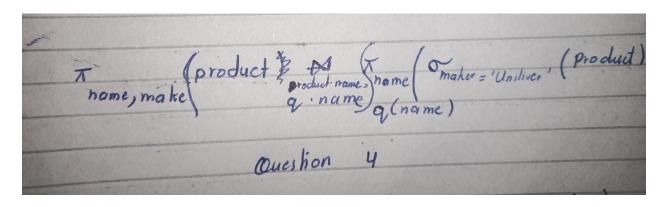
```
select c.name
from Company c
where c.name in (
    Select p.maker
    from Product p
    where p.name in (
        select product
        from Purchase
        where buyer='Aslam'
)
)
```

Problem 3. List the name of products that are more expensive that all the products produced by Unilever.

```
Solution.
Solution 1
    select name
    from Product
    where cost > (
        select SUM(cost)
        from Product
        where maker = 'Uniliver'
    )
  Solution 2
    SELECT p.name
    FROM Product p
    JOIN (
        SELECT MAX(cost) maxcost
        FROM Product
        WHERE maker = 'Uniliver'
    ON p.cost > q.maxcost
  Solution 3
    SELECT p.name
    FROM Product AS p,(
        SELECT MAX(cost) maxcost
        FROM Product
        WHERE maker = 'Uniliver'
    ) q
    where p.cost > q.maxcost
```

Problem 4. List the copy cat products along with manufacturer, i.e. the products that have the same name as produced by Unilever.

Solution. Solution 1



```
select name, MAKER
    from Product AS P
    where P.maker = 'UNILIVER'
    EXCEPT
    SELECT DISTINCT NAME
    FROM Product AS PR
    WHERE PR. maker = 'UNILIVER'
Solution 2
    SELECT NAME, MAKER
    FROM Product AS P
    WHERE P.MAKER = 'UNILIVER' AND NAME NOT IN (
        SELECT DISTINCT NAME
        FROM Product AS PR
        WHERE MAKER = 'UNILIVER'
    )
Solution 3
    SELECT p.name, p.maker
    FROM Product p
    JOIN (SELECT name
        FROM Product
        WHERE maker = 'UNILIVER'
    ) q
    ON p.name = q.name
    WHERE p. maker <> 'UNILIVER'
Solution 4
    SELECT p.name, p.maker
    FROM Product p ,(
        SELECT name
        FROM Product
        WHERE maker = 'UNILIVER'
    WHERE p.maker \Leftrightarrow 'UNILIVER' and p.name = q.name
```

Problem 5. Buyers of products produced in Lahore.

```
buyer (city = Purchase & Product of Company)

Product = nome = nome = moker

Question 5
```

```
Solution.
Solution 1
    select buyer
    from Purchase
    where product in (
        select name
        from Product
        where maker in (
                 select name
                 from Company
                 where city = 'Lahore'
Solution 2
    select buyer
    from Purchase
    join Product
    on Purchase.product = Product.name
    join Company
    on Company.name= Product_1.maker
    where Company.city ='Lahore'
Solution 3
    select buyer
    from Purchase, (
        select name, maker
        from Product
    ) AS q, (
        select name, city
        from Company
    ) AS p
    where p.city= 'Lahore' and q.maker=p.name and q.name = Purchase.product
```

Problem 6. List of buyers, who only buy the products 'Made in Karachi'.

```
Solution. solution 1

select Purchase.buyer
from Product
join company
on Product.maker= Company.name
```

```
buyer (city = Purchase & Product of Company)

product = nome = nome = moker

Question 5
```

```
join Purchase
    on product.name = Purchase.product
    EXCEPT
    select Purchase.buyer
    from Product
    join company
    on Product.maker= Company.name
    join Purchase
    on product.name = Purchase.product
    where city <> 'karachi'
SOLUTION 2
    select Purchase.buyer
    from Product, company, Purchase
    where product.name = Purchase.product and
     Product.maker= Company.name
    EXCEPT
    select Purchase.buyer
    from Product, company, Purchase
    where product.name = Purchase.product AND
        Product.maker= Company.name AND city <>'karachi'
  solution 3
    select Purchase.buyer
    from Product, company, Purchase
    where product.name = Purchase.product and
     Product.maker= Company.name AND Purchase.buyer NOT IN(
        select Purchase.buyer
        from Product, company, Purchase
        where product.name = Purchase.product AND
                Product.maker= Company.name AND city <>'karachi'
```

Problem 7. Name and price of products bought by more than five customers.

```
Solution. Solution 1

SELECT P. product, P. price
FROM Purchase P
GROUP BY P. product, P. price
HAVING P. product IN (
SELECT product
```

```
count (product) >5 (Purchase)

price

Question 7
```

```
FROM Purchase
GROUP BY product
HAVING COUNT(product) > 5
)

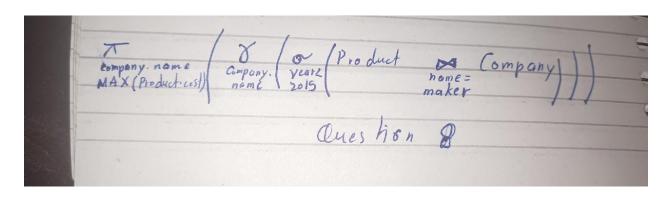
Solution 2

SELECT P.product, P.price
FROM Purchase P
GROUP BY P.product, P.price
HAVING COUNT(P.product) > 5

Solution 3

SELECT P.product, AVG(P.PRICE) AS PRICE
FROM Purchase P
GROUP BY P.product
HAVING COUNT(P.product) > 5
```

Problem 8. List of products that are more expensive that all the products made by same company before 2015.



```
Solution. Solution 1
```

```
SELECT Company.name, MAX(PRODUCT_1.cost) AS [MAX PRICE PRODUCT] FROM Product JOIN Company ON Product_1.maker = Company.name WHERE YEAR < 2015 GROUP BY Company.name
```

Solution 2

```
SELECT Company.name, MAX(PRODUCT_1.cost) AS [MAX PRICE PRODUCT] FROM Product ,Company WHERE Product.maker = Company.name AND YEAR < 2015 GROUP BY Company.name
```

Problem 9. List of companies who never sale products with loss.

```
Company name | company | product | purchase | )

Company name | price-dost > 0 | name = nome = product | product | )

Question | 9
```

Solution. Solution 1

SELECT COMPANY.NAME
FROM COMPANY
EXCEPT
SELECT C.NAME
FROM COMPANY C
JOIN Product P
on C.NAME = P.MAKER
JOIN PURCHASE PR
ON PR.PRODUCT = P.NAME
WHERE PR.PRICE - P.COST > 0

Solution 2

Problem 10. List the products which have more than average revenue in 2015 but below average revenue in 2016

Solution. Write a solution here \Box