Week 9 Chapter 7: Integer Arithmetic

Extended Addition and Subtraction

- ADC Instruction
- Extended Precision Addition
- SBB Instruction
- Extended Precision Subtraction

The instructions in this section do not apply to 64-bit mode programming.

Extended Precision Addition

- Adding two operands that are longer than the computer's word size (32 bits).
 - Virtually no limit to the size of the operands
- The arithmetic must be performed in steps
 - The Carry value from each step is passed on to the next step.

ADC Instruction

- ADC (add with carry) instruction adds both a source operand and the contents of the Carry flag to a destination operand.
- Operands are binary values
 - Same syntax as ADD, SUB, etc.
- Example
 - Add two 32-bit integers (FFFFFFFF + FFFFFFFF), producing a 64-bit sum in EDX:EAX:

Extended Addition Example

- Task: Add 1 to EDX:EAX
 - Starting value of EDX:EAX: 00000000FFFFFFFFh
 - Add the lower 32 bits first, setting the Carry flag.
 - Add the upper 32 bits, and include the Carry flag.

```
mov edx,0; set upper halfmov eax,0FFFFFFFFF; set lower halfadd eax,1; add lower halfadc edx,0; add upper half
```

EDX:EAX = 00000001 00000000

SBB Instruction

- The SBB (subtract with borrow) instruction subtracts both a source operand and the value of the Carry flag from a destination operand.
- Operand syntax:
 - Same as for the ADC instruction

Extended Subtraction Example

- Task: Subtract 1 from EDX:EAX
 - Starting value of EDX:EAX: 0000000100000000h
 - Subtract the lower 32 bits first, setting the Carry flag.
 - Subtract the upper 32 bits, and include the Carry flag.

```
mov edx,1 ; set upper half
mov eax,0 ; set lower half
sub eax,1 ; subtract lower half
sbb edx,0 ; subtract upper half

EDX:EAX = 00000000 FFFFFFFF
```