# **LAB # 05**

## ITERATION WITH LOOPS

# **OBJECTIVE**

To get familiar with the different types of loops.

## **THEORY**

A loop can be used to tell a program to execute statements repeatedly. In other word, to keep a computer doing useful work we need repetition, looping back over the same block of code again and again.

## **Type of Loop Statements in Python:**

There are 2 types of loop statements in Python language. They are,

- 1. for
- 2. while

## The for loop:

A Python **for** loop iterates through each value in a sequence.

#### **Syntax:**

In general, the syntax of a **for** loop is:

```
for var in sequence:
# Loop body
```

for loop can be used to simplify the preceding loop:

- a) for i in range(endValue):
  - #Loop body
- b) for i in range(initialValue, endValue):
  - # Loop body
- c) for i in range range(initialValue, endValue,k): #k=step value # Loop body

## How for loop works:

 A 'sequence' holds multiple items of data, stored one after the other. In sequence introduce strings and data storing techniques. They are sequence-type objects in Python.

- The variable 'Var' takes on each successive value in the sequence, and
- The statements in the body of the loop are executed once for each value.
- Generate a sequence of numbers using 'range() function', range(10) will generate numbers from 0 to 9 (10 numbers).

### Example program for 'for loop':

```
#simple for loop using sequence(string) for letter in
'Python':
    print ('Current Letter :', letter)
```

### **Output:**

```
>>> %Run task1.py
Current Letter : P
Current Letter : y
Current Letter : t
Current Letter : h
Current Letter : o
Current Letter : n
```

## Example program for 'for loop using range()':

```
#Simple for loop using range()
for i in range(1,6):
    print("Programming is fun")
```

#### **Output:**

```
>>> %Run task2.py
Programming is fun
```

### The while loop:

A while loop executes statements repeatedly as long as a condition remains true.

### **Syntax:**

The syntax of a while loop in Python programming language is:

```
while loop-continuation-condition:
# Loop body
Statement(s)
```

## How while loop works:

In while loop first the condition (boolean expression) is tested; if it is false the loop is finished without executing the statement(s). If the condition is true, then the statements are executed and the loop executes again and again until the condition is false. Each loop contains a loop-continuation-condition, a Boolean expression that controls the body's execution.

### Example program for 'while loop':

```
count = 0 while count < 5:
print("Programming is fun!")
count += 1</pre>
```

### **Output:**

```
>>> %Run task3.py
Programming is fun!
```

## **EXERCISE**

A. Point out the errors, if any, in the following Python programs.

1. Code:

```
for(;;)
{
   printf("SSUET")
}
```

In this program semi colon ";" is causing an error.

### 2. Code:

```
count = 4 while
n < 8
    count = count + 3:
print(count)</pre>
```

In this program ":" is missing after the condition and is causing an error.

### 3.Code

```
for v in range(4:8)
print(v)
```

In this program the error is in the first line because of ":" . it should be replaced with

## B. What will be the output of the following programs:

## 1. Code

```
i = 1 while i < 10:
if i % 2 == 0:
print(i)
    i += 1</pre>
```

## Output

```
>>> %Run practise.py

2
4
6
8
>>>>
```

### 2. Code

```
i = 1 while i>0:
print(i)
    i = i + 1
```

Output

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```
Python 3.7.7 (bundled)
>>> %Run practise.py
  2
  3
  4
  5
  6
  8
  9
  10
  11
  12
  13
  14
  15
  16
  17
  18
  19
  20
  21
  22
  23
  24
```

## 3. Code

```
for v in range(3, 9, 2):
print(v)
```

### Output

```
Python 3.7.7 (bundled)
>>> %Run practise.py

3
5
7
>>>>
```

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## C. Write Python programs for the following:

1. Write a program that prints the first 10 natural numbers and their sum using 'for loop'. Sample output:

```
The first 10 natural number are: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
The Sum is: 55
```

#### CODE:

```
#ABDUL MOIZ CHISHTI BSE-20F-022
i=0
a=0
for i in range(1,11):
    print (i,end=',')
    a=a+i
print( " \nthe sum of 10 natural no", a)
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
Python 3.7.7 (bundled)
>>> %Run s.py

1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,
the sum of 10 natural no 55
>>>
```

### **USING WHILE LOOP:**

### CODE:

```
i=1
a=0
while i<11:
    print(i,end=',')
    i +=1
    a=a+i

a=a-10
print("\n the sum of first 10 natural number" ,"=", a)
```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
>>> %Run s.py

1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,
    the sum of first 10 natural number = 55

>>>
```

2. Write a program to print the multiplication table of the number entered by the user. The table should get displayed in the following form.

```
29 x 1 = 29
29 x 2 = 58
...
29 x 10 = 290
```

### **CODE:**

```
#ABDUL MOIZ CHISHTI BSE-20F-022

num = int(input("Enter the number: "))

print("Multiplication Table of", num)

for i in range(1, 11):
    print(num,"X",i,"=",num * i)
```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
Enter the number: 23
Multiplication Table of 23
23 X 1 = 23
23 X 2 = 46
23 X 3 = 69
23 X 4 = 92
23 X 5 = 115
23 X 6 = 138
23 X 7 = 161
23 X 8 = 184
23 X 9 = 207
23 X 10 = 230
```

### **USING WHILE LOOP:**

### Code:

```
num= int(input("Enter the number: "))
i=1
while i<=10:
    print(num,"X",i,"=",num * i)
    i=i+1</pre>
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
Enter the number: 5
5 X 1 = 5
5 X 2 = 10
5 X 3 = 15
5 X 4 = 20
5 X 5 = 25
5 X 6 = 30
5 X 7 = 35
5 X 8 = 40
5 X 9 = 45
5 X 10 = 50
```

3. Write a program that take vowels character in a variable named "vowels" then print each vowels characters in newline using 'for loop'.

### **CODE:**

```
#ABDUL MOIZ CHISHTI BSE-20F-022

var = input("enter a phrase")

for i in var:

if i in ('aeiou'):

print(i)

print("\t these are the vowels present in the phrase", var)
```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
Python 3.7.7 (bundled)
>>> %Run 'task 31.py'
enter a phrase sir syed university
i
e
u
i
e
i
these are the vowels present in the phrase sir syed university
>>>
```