DATA-DRIVEN HR SOLUTIONS: TURNOVER AND PERFORMANCE

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INTRO

This project presents modifications to employee and performance data for analysis, focusing on turnover causes and performance trends. The data cleaning phase standardized values and addressed missing data. Key factors contributing to turnover, such as overtime and years of service, were identified, along with elements affecting job satisfaction and work-life balance. Dashboard visualizations highlighted insights on training, diversity, and fairness within the company.

TOOLS



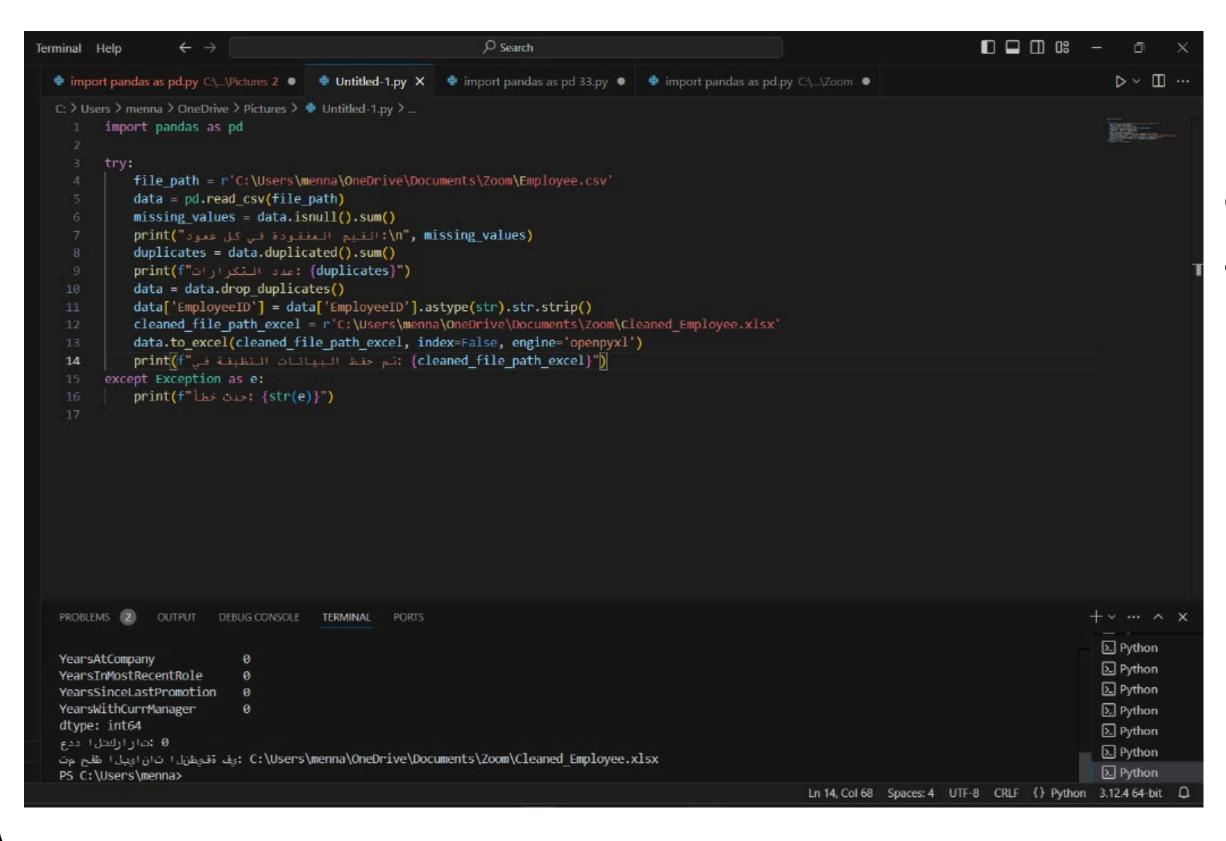








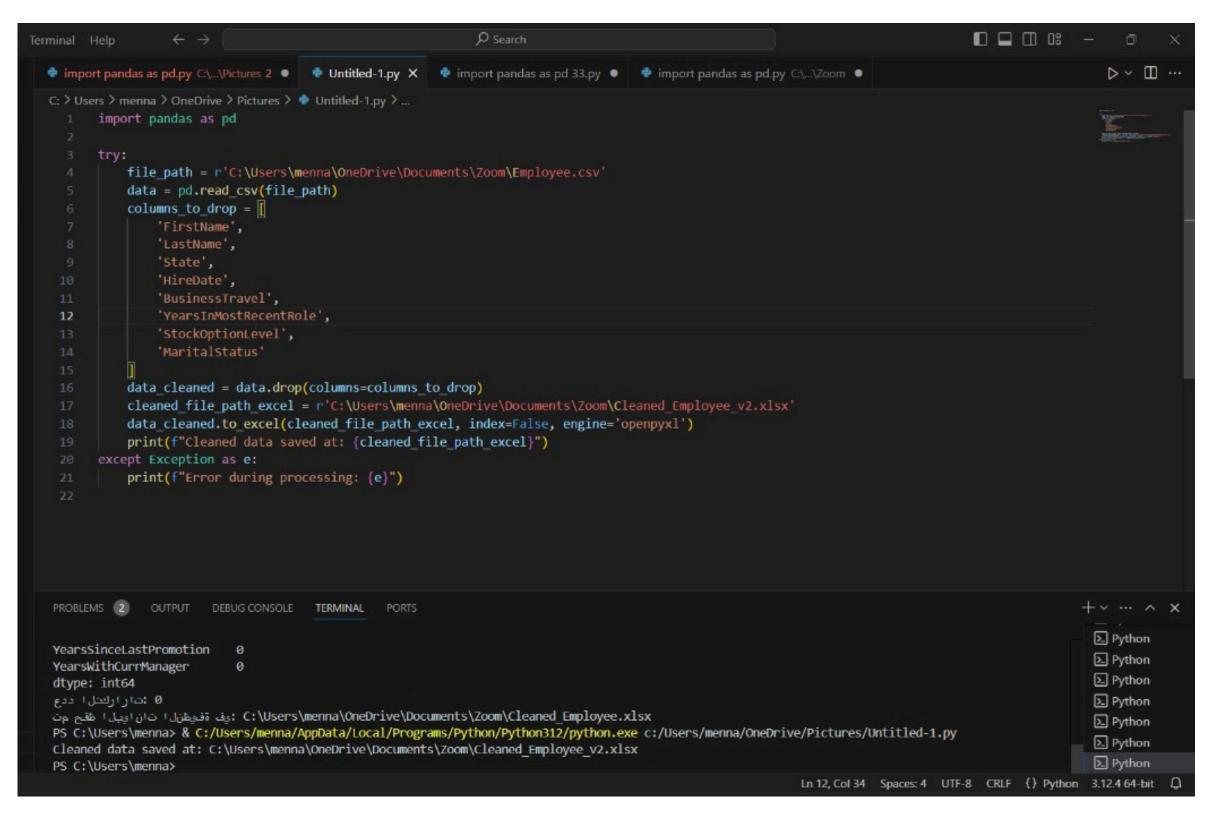
CLEANING



Check for Missing Values and Duplicates:

 A thorough review will be conducted to identify any missing values within the dataset. Additionally, duplicate entries will be removed to ensure data integrity and accuracy.

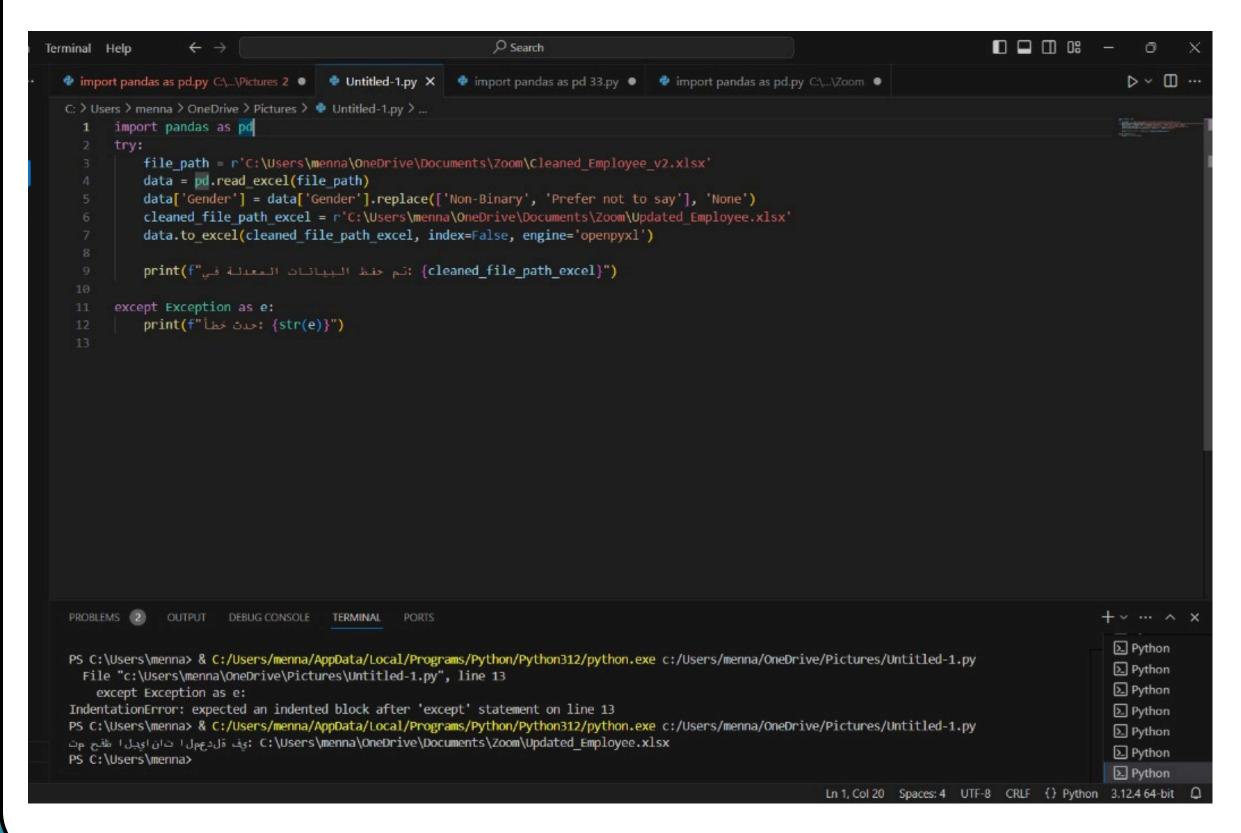
CLEANING



Remove Unused Columns:

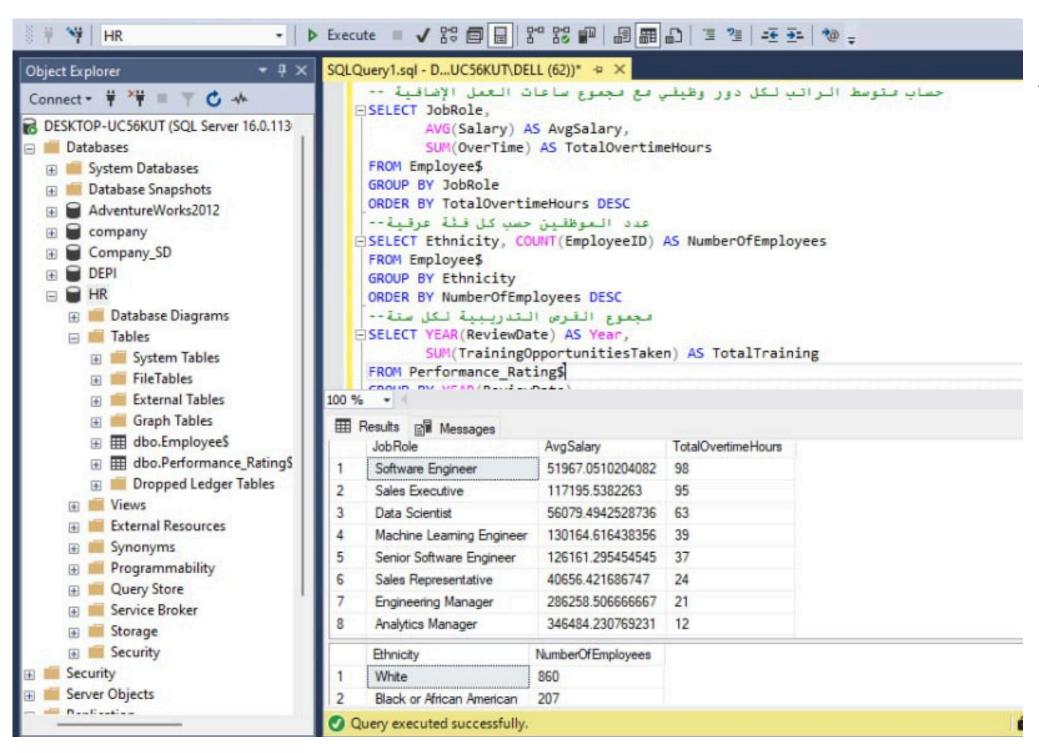
 Unnecessary columns that are not relevant to our analysis will be eliminated. Each column name will be listed to specify which ones will be discarded, streamlining the dataset for further processing.

CLEANING

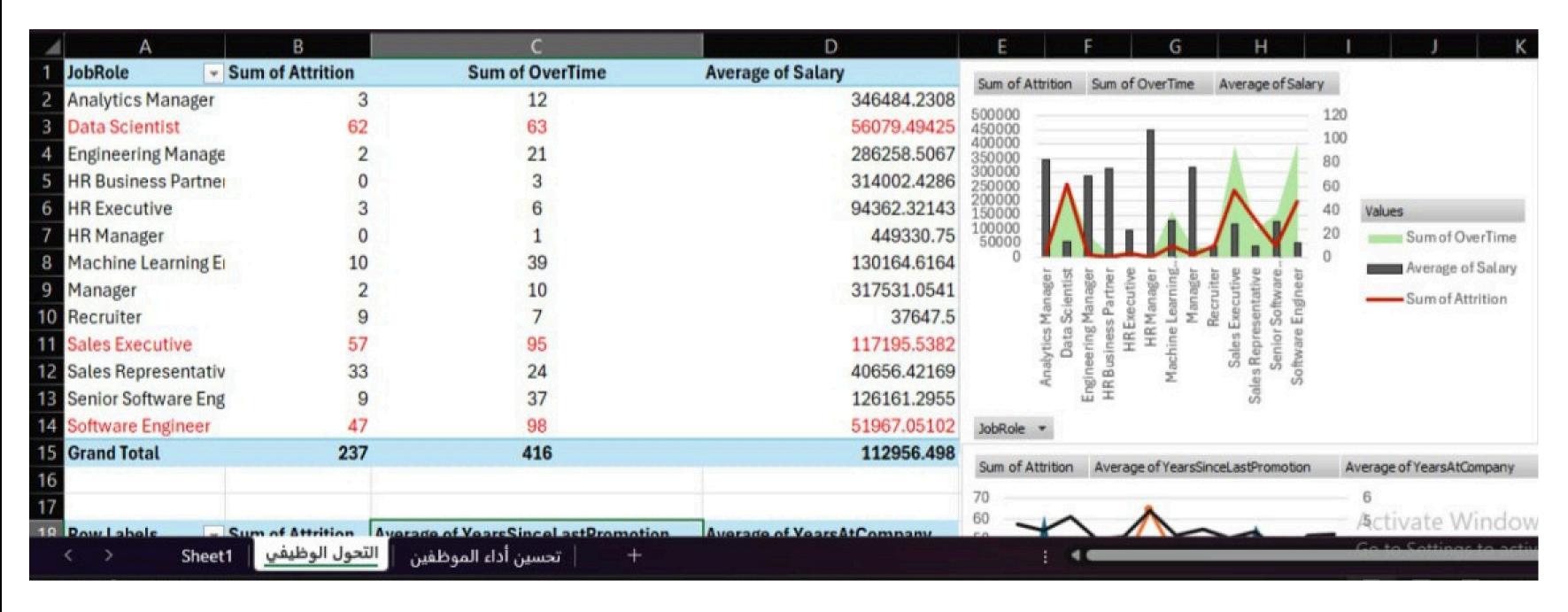


Transform Non-Binary Values:

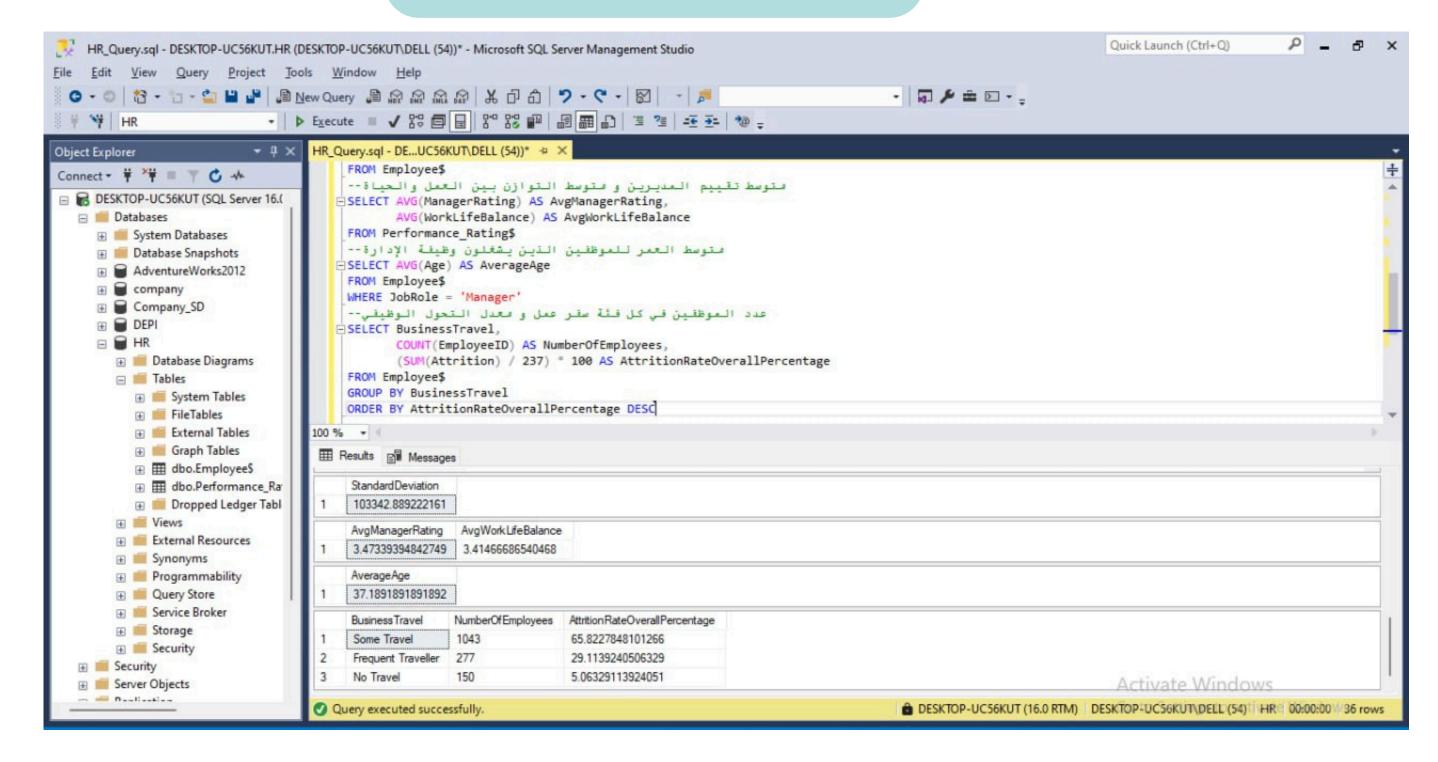
 To ensure inclusivity, all cells containing "nonbinary" or "not preferred to say" will be replaced with "NULL" This standardization helps maintain consistency in the dataset.



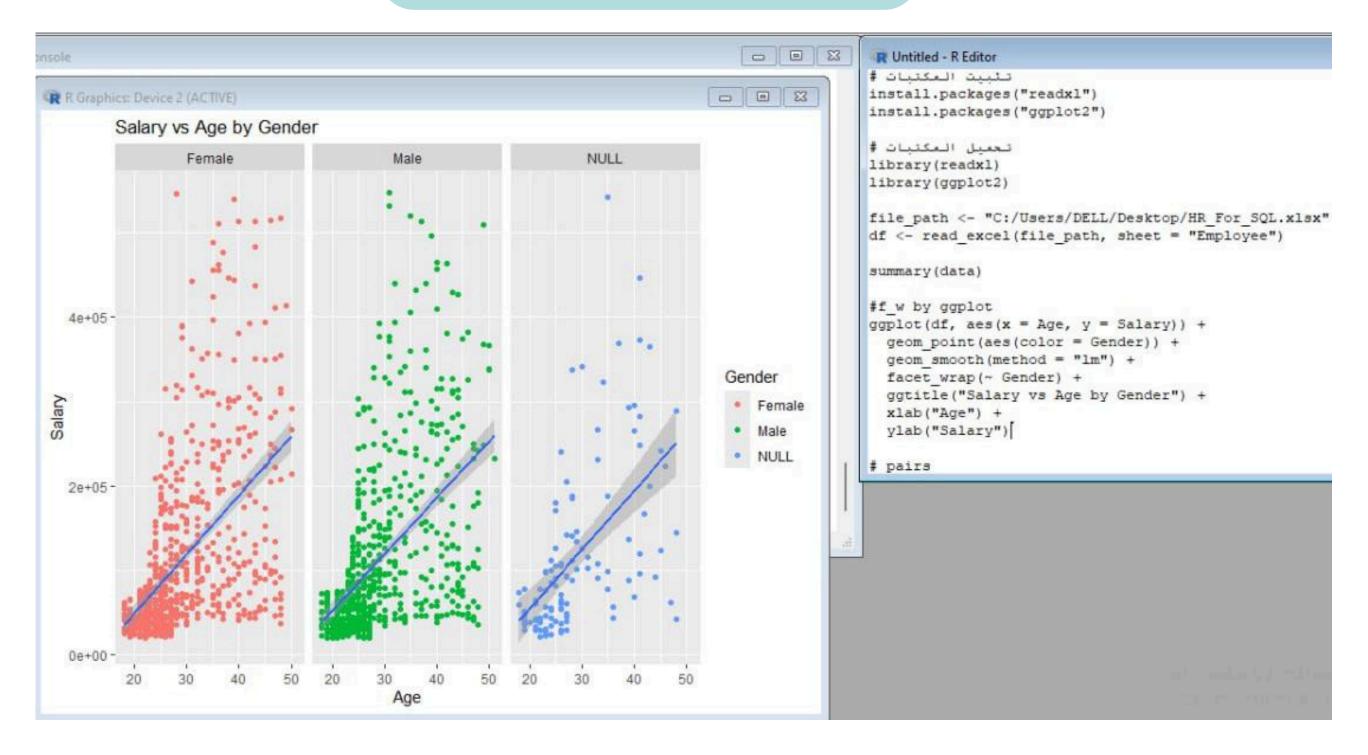
A database was created using an SQL server to analyze relationships such as number of employees for each racial groub to look for discrimination in employment opportunities or racism, also the relation between "average salaries" and "total overtime hours" for each job, as shown.



The same data was visualized in Excel, incorporating other factors analysis to explore the effect on Attrition, illustrated in the Figure.

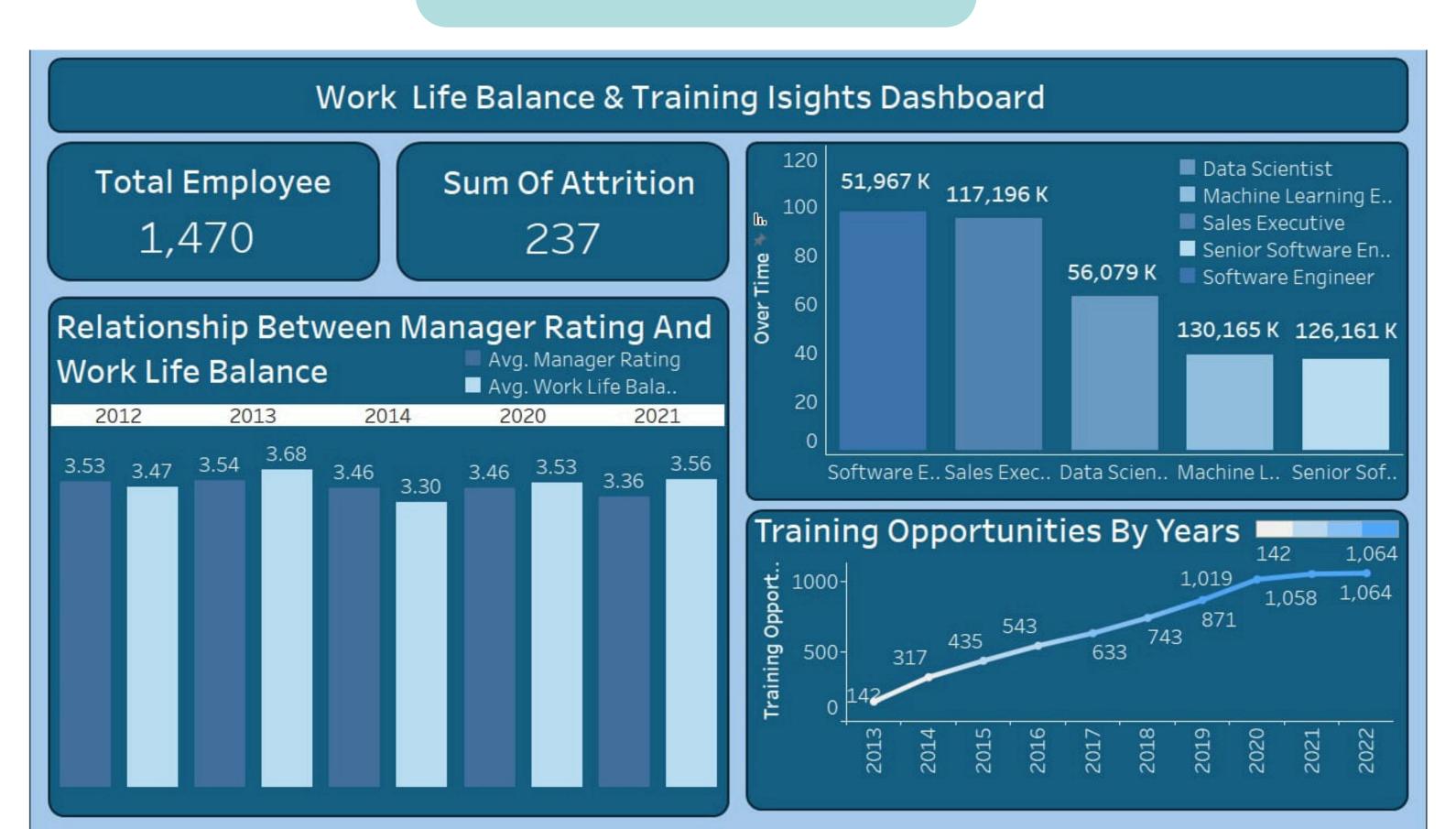


The average age of managers was calculated to assess the fairness of hiring criteria, as depicted in the Figure

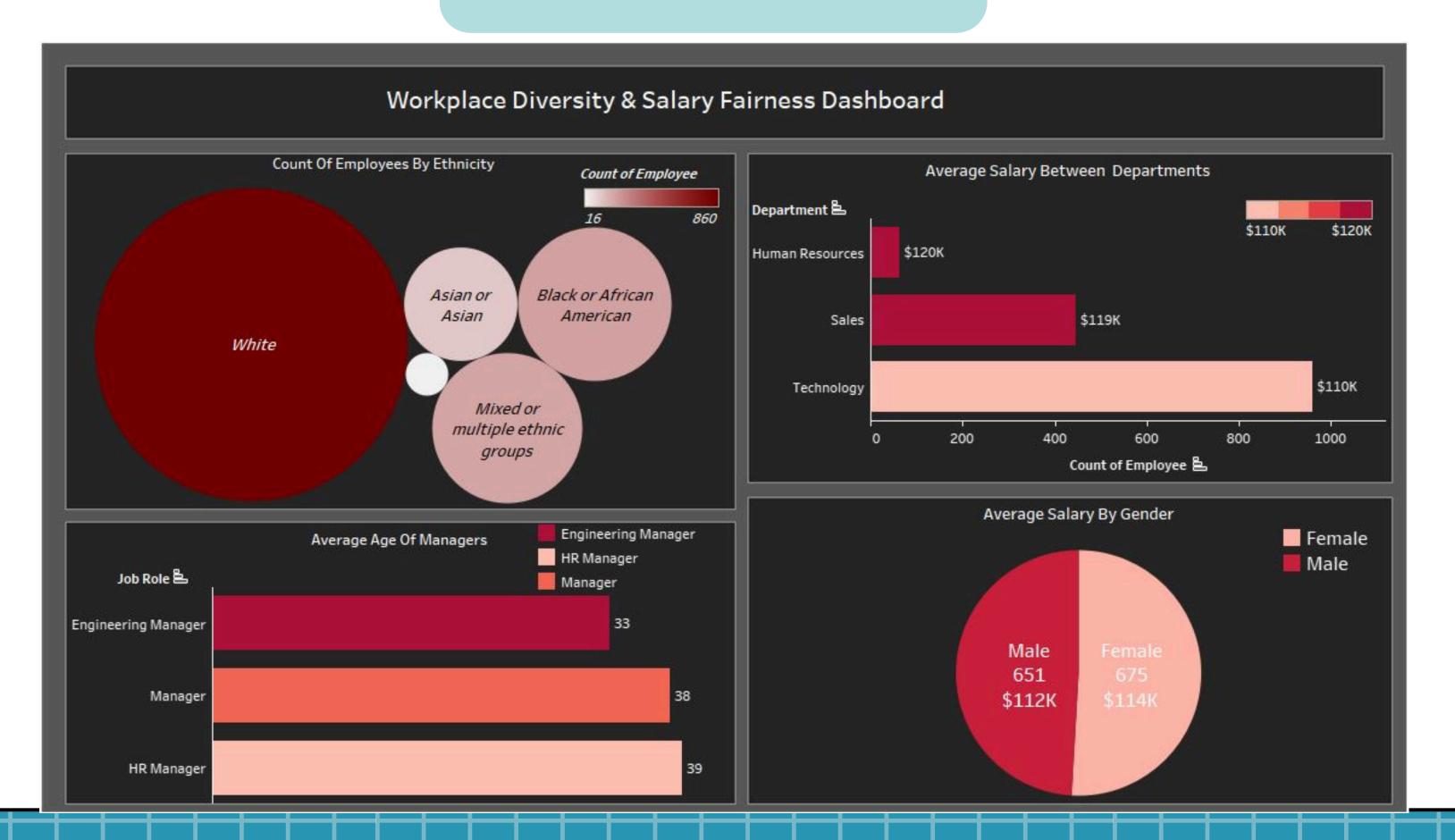


while gender inequality in salaries and job opportunities was assessed, as shown in the Figure

DASHBOARD



DASHBOARD



CONCLUSIONS

• Jobs requiring more overtime tend to offer lower average salaries.

• Better work-life balance improves employee productivity and manager evaluations.

• The company has increasingly focused on providing regular training opportunities.

• The company shows a hiring preference for white employees.



CONCLUSIONS

- No significant gender differences in job opportunities or salaries.
- Desk work combined with business travel influences career shifts.
- Younger managers are selected based on competence rather than years of service.



SUGGESTIONS

- Offer incentives for overtime work and provide targeted training for skill gaps.
- Increase flexible work policies and allow remote work when suitable.
- Align hiring and training departments to focus on relevant skill development.
- Implement anti-racism awareness programs and monitor recruitment practices.

