## 1. Artifact Handling in Jenkins

## What Are Artifacts?

Artifacts are files produced as a result of a build, such as:

- .war (Web Application Archive)
- . jar (Java Archive)
- .zip, .ear, .apk, etc.

#### Where Are They Stored?

When you build a Maven project in Jenkins, the output artifact is usually created in:

/var/lib/jenkins/workspace/<job\_name>/target/\*.war

### Archiving Artifacts in Jenkins:

Jenkins can store artifacts after a successful build.

#### Steps:

- 1. Go to Jenkins  $\rightarrow$  Your Job  $\rightarrow$  Configure.
- 2. Scroll to Post-build Actions.
- 3. Click Add post-build action  $\rightarrow$  Archive the artifacts.
- 4. In the field, enter: target/\*.war

#### Purpose:

- The archived artifacts appear in the "Build Artifacts" section of each Jenkins build.
- It enables manual download or integration with deployment tools.

# 2. Uploading Artifacts to JFrog Artifactory

## ★ Why Use JFrog?

JFrog Artifactory acts as a universal binary repository manager:

- Stores versioned builds (.war, .jar, etc.)
- Provides metadata and checksum verification
- Facilitates secure and traceable deployments

### Artifactory OSS 6.9.6 Installation on Ubuntu

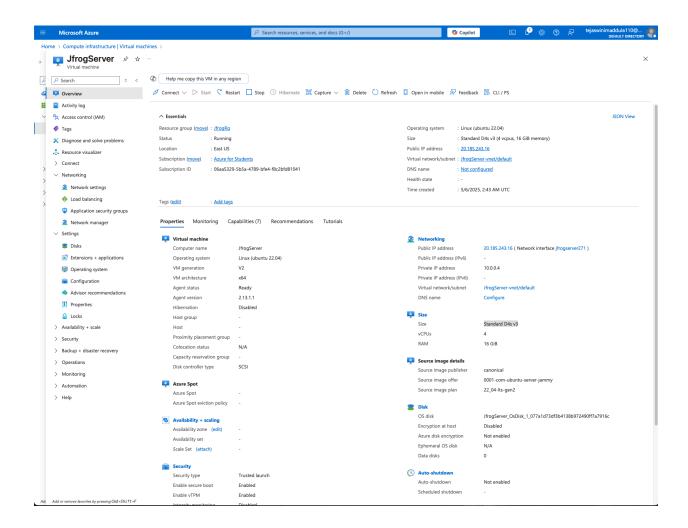
### ✓ Pre-Requisites:

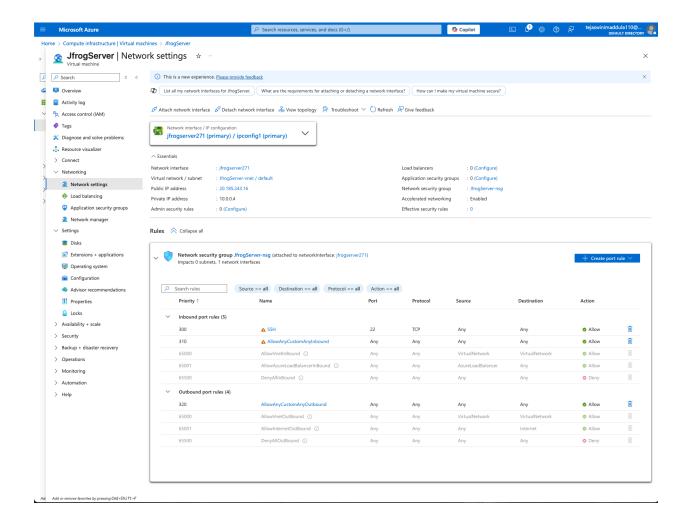
• OS: Linux (ubuntu 22.04)

• Size: Standard D4s v3

vCPUs: 4RAM: 16 GiB

• Ports Opened: 8081 (UI), 8082 (Optional), 22 (SSH)





Username: azureuser

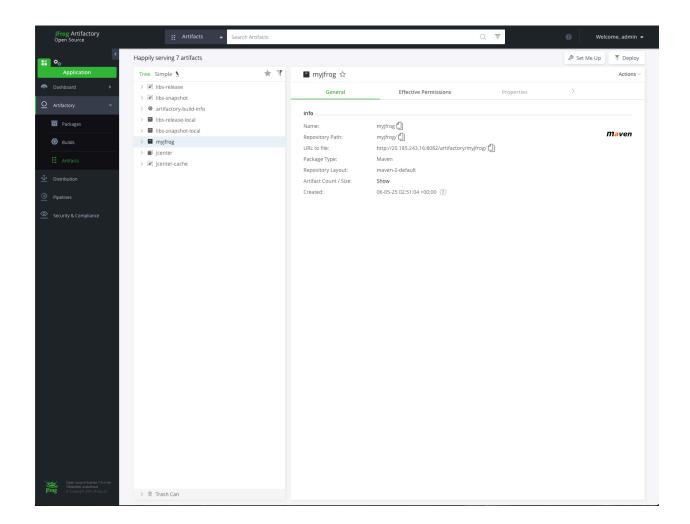
Password: 493Rehamansk.

### 🧱 Create Maven Repositories in JFrog

1. Go to: Admin → Repositories → Local

#### 2. Create:

- o myjfrog → Type: Maven  $\rightarrow$  For releases
- o myjfrog  $\rightarrow$  Type: Maven  $\rightarrow$  For snapshot builds



Repositories follow naming conventions and provide version control.

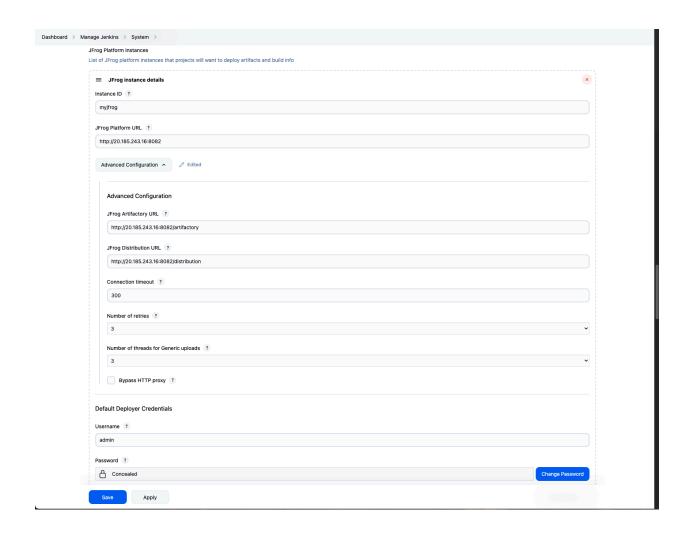
# 3. Integrating Jenkins with JFrog Artifactory

## X Install Plugin:

- Go to: Manage Jenkins → Manage Plugins
- Search for: Artifactory Plugin
- Install and restart Jenkins.

Steps:

- 1. Go to: Manage Jenkins  $\rightarrow$  Configure System
- 2. Scroll to JFrog Artifactory
- 3. Click Add Artifactory Server
  - Name: MyJFrog
  - URL: http://<your-ip>:8081/artifactory
  - Credentials: Add username/password or API key



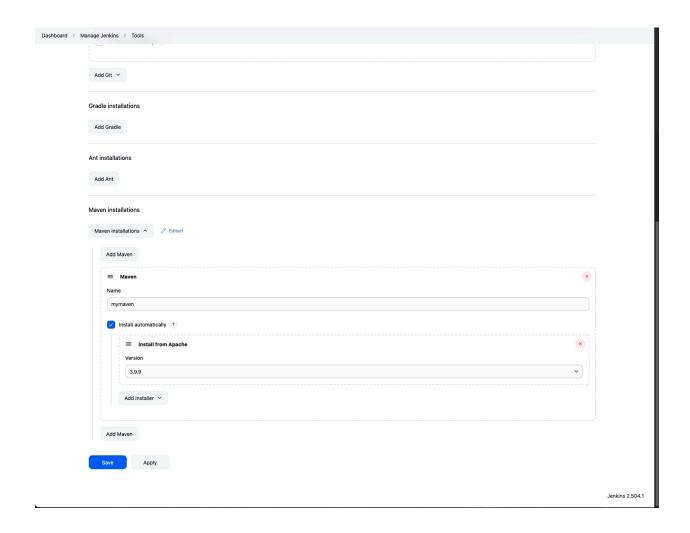
Configure Jenkins Job:

- 1. Source Code Management:
  - $\circ$  Git  $\rightarrow$  Provide Repository URL
- 2. Build Section:
  - Add Invoke top-level Maven targets
  - o Goals: install
- 3. Post-build Actions:
  - Add Deploy artifacts to Artifactory
  - Provide:
    - Artifact path: target/\*.war
    - o Target repository: mytestrepo or mytestrepo-snapshot
    - o Deployment patterns (if needed)

# \* 4. Maven Configuration in Jenkins

### Add Maven Globally:

1. Go to: Manage Jenkins  $\rightarrow$  Global Tool Configuration



#### 2. Under Maven:

- Click Add Maven
- Name: mymaven
- o Check Install automatically (or specify custom path)

Use in Job:

• In the build step, select mymaven under "Invoke Maven Targets"

5. DevOps CI/CD Flow Summary (End-to-End)

Stage	Tool	Description
Code Commit	GitHub	Developer commits code to the Git repo
Build Trigger	Jenkins	Triggered by webhook or Poll SCM
Build & Test	Maven	Jenkins uses Maven to build .war
Archive	Jenkins	Stores .war under Build Artifacts
Artifact Upload	JFrog	Jenkins uploads to JFrog (versioned)
Deployment	Ansible/K8s	Deployment tools pull artifact from JFrog

